INSECTICIDE



RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO TOXICITY TO NON-TARGET INVERTEBRATES, MAMMALS, AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS. FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION. AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

AMAVI SC

Active Ingredient:
Abamectin¹:

Abamectin²

Abamectin³

Abamectin⁴

Abamectin⁵

Abamectin⁵

Abamectin⁶

BOUP 6 INSECTICIDE

TOTAL

¹CAS No. 71751-41-2 **AMAVI SC** is formulated as a suspension concentrate and contains 0.7 lb abamectin per gallon.

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See below inside label booklet for additional First Aid, and Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No.: 89167-123-89391





FIRST AID				
lf swallowed:	Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
lf on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Early signs of intoxication include dilation of pupils, muscular incoordination, and muscular tremors. Toxicity following accidental ingestion of this product can be minimized by early administration of chemical adsorbents (e.g., activated charcoal).

If toxicity from exposure has progressed to cause severe vomiting, the extent of resultant fluid and electrolyte imbalance should be gauged. Appropriate supportive parenteral fluid replacement therapy should be given, along with other required supportive measures (such as maintenance of blood pressure levels and proper respiratory functionality) as indicated by clinical signs, symptoms, and measurements.

In severe cases, observations should continue for at least several days until clinical condition is stable and normal. Since abamectin is believed to enhance GABA activity in animals, it is probably wise to avoid drugs that enhance GABA activity (barbiturates, benzodiazepines, valproic acid) in patients with potentially toxic abamectin exposure.

HOTI INF NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact CHEMTREC at **1-800-424-9300** for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals WARNING/AVISO

May be fatal if swallowed. May be fatal if inhaled. **DO NOT** breathe vapor or spray mist. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

All applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils, or Viton® ≥ 14 mils
- · Shoes plus socks
- Wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.

User Safety Requirements

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment break-down.

User Safety Recommendations Users should:

- ers should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put-on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and wildlife. For terrestrial uses: **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from target areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. **DO NOT** apply product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

Use of this product may pose a risk to threatened and endangered species of fish, amphibians, crustaceans (including fresh water shrimp), and insects. All use of this product in the state of California should comply with the recommendations of the California Endangered Species Project. Before using this product in California, consult with your county agriculture commissioner to determine use limitations that apply in your area.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining solls and solls with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a medium potential for reaching both surface water and aquatic sediment via runoff for several weeks to months after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of abamectin from runoff water and sediment.

Runoff Prevention: To protect the environment, **D0 NOT** allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will hele ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

Attention: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

DO NOT mix or allow coming in contact with Oxidizing agents. Hazardous Chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

AMAVI SC Insecticide must be used only in accordance with instructions on this label, in a supplemental label or in state-specific 24C labeling. Always read the entire label, including the Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers are allowed in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR WEED CONTROL, AND/OR II I FGAI RESIDIES.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS). (cont'd next column)

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS (cont'd)

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: For grape girdling, cane turning, and tying in grapes, DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 days.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls over short pants and short-sleeved shirt
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils or Viton® > 14 mils

Shoes plus socks Product Information

AMAVI SC is a suspension concentrate that will control specified pests on the crops listed on this label when the product is applied as directed by this label. Thorough coverage of foliage is essential for good mite and insect control.

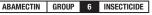
AMAVI SC has been tested for phytotoxicity and has a wide margin of safety on a variety of crops. For tank mix safety refer to **Tank Mix**

AMAVI SC must always be used with an adjuvant.

Seed Treatment: Unless specifically restricted in the individual Crop Use Directions on this label, AMAVI SC may be used in the same year abamectin is used as an at-plant seed treatment.

Suppression can mean either inconsistent control (good to poor) or consistent control at a level below that generally considered acceptable for commercial control.

Resistance Management



For resistance management, **AMAVI SC** contains a Group 6 miticide/insecticide. Any insect or mite population may contain individuals that are naturally resistant to **AMAVI SC** and other Group 6 miticide/insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect or mite population if this group of miticides/insecticides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed. To delay miticide/insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of AMAVI SC or other Group 6 insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally
 effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Do NOT rely on
 the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any
 known cross-resistance issues (for the targeted pests) between the individual
 components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations
 provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
 - Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly
 effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually
 registered for use against the target species.
 - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
 - When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
 - Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one
 or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management
 benefits.
 - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological, and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level
 of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local
 university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact INNVICTIS CROP CARE at 855-466-8428.

Maintaining Susceptibility To These Classes Of Chemistry

- Avoid using Group 6 miticides/insecticides exclusively for season long control
 of insect or mite species with more than one generation per crop season.
- For insect or mite species with successive or overlapping generations, apply AMAVI SC or other Group 6 miticides/insecticides using a "treatment window" approach. A treatment window is a period of time as defined by the stage of crop development and/or the biology of the pests of concern. Within the treatment window, depending on the length of residual activity, there may either be single or consecutive applications (seed treatment, soil, foliar, unless otherwise stated) of the Group 6 miticides/insecticides. DO NOT exceed the maximum AMAVI SC allowed per year.
- Following a treatment window of Group 6 miticides/insecticides, rotate to a treatment window of effective products with a different mode of action before making additional applications of Group 6 miticides/insecticides.
- A treatment window rotation, along with other IPM practices for the crop and use area, is considered an effective strategy for preventing or delaying a pest's ability to develop resistance to these classes of chemistry.
- If resistance is suspected, DO NOT reapply AMAVI SC or other Group 6 miticides/insecticides.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Methods of Application

- Foliar applications of AMAVI SC are permitted by ground, by air or via chemigation as specified in Crop Use Directions, unless otherwise restricted in the Use Restrictions section.
- Refer to Application through Irrigation Systems(Chemigation) for details of application by chemigation.

Application Equipment

- Spray equipment configuration should be arranged to provide accurate, uniform, and thorough coverage of the target crop and minimize potential for sorav drift.
- To ensure accuracy, calibrate sprayer before each use.
- For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult spray equipment manufacturers and/or state recommendations.
- All ground/aerial/chemigation application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

Application Volume and Spray Coverage

See Crop-specific Use Directions for additional application volume information.

• Thorough spray coverage is essential for good insect and mite control.

- Use sufficient water carrier to obtain thorough, uniform coverage.
- The highest labeled rate for a specified pest may be needed when aerial

Mixing Directions

applications are made.

- 1. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product.
- 2. Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation.
- 3. Keep product container tightly closed when not in use.
- 4. Agitate the spray solution before and during application.
- DO NOT let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank.
- Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously-treated area.

AMAVI SC Alone

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/4 1/2 full of water.
- 2. Add AMAVI SC directly to the spray tank.
- Mix thoroughly to fully disperse the insecticide/miticide. Once dispersed, continuous agitation is required.
- 4. Use mechanical or hydraulic means: **DO NOT** use air aditation.

Tank-Mix Precautions

- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.
- The safety of all potential tank mixes on all crops may not have been tested.
 Before applying any tank mixture not specifically recommended on this label, the safety to the tarcet crop should be confirmed.
- Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are labeled.
- Tank mixes of AMAVI SC with other pesticides, fertilizers, or any other
 additives not specifically labelled for use with AMAVI SC may result in tank
 mix incompatibility or unsatisfactory performance. In such cases, always
 check tank mix compatibility by conducting a jar test according to guidance in
 the Tank-Mix Compatibility section before actual tank mixing.

Agricultural products formulated with binder or sticker-type components may reduce performance of *AMAVI SC*.

Tank-Mix Compatibility

- Conduct a jar test using a 1 pt to 1 qt container with lid by adding water or other intended carrier such as a liquid fertilizer to the jar.
- Next, add the appropriate amount of pesticides(s) or tank mix partner(s) in their relative proportions based on recommended label rates. Add tank mix components separately in the order described in the tank-mixing section. After each addition, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix.
- After all ingredients have been added, put the lid on the jar, tighten and invert the jar 10 times to mix.
- After mixing, let the mixture stand 15 30 minutes and then examine for signs of incompatibility such as obvious separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels or heavy oily film on the jar.
- If the mixture remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible and can be used.
- If the mixture is incompatible, repeat the test using a compatibility agent at the recommended rate. Or, if applicable, slurry dry formulations in water before adding to the jar. If incompatibility is still observed after following these procedures, DO NOT use the mixture.
- After compatibility testing is complete, dispose of any pesticide wastes in accordance with the Storage and Disposal section of this label.

AMAVI SC In Tank Mixtures

- Fill the tank with 1/2 2/3 volume of the mixing diluent.
- Start the agitator running before adding any tank-mix partners.
- Add all products in water-soluble packaging to the tank before any other tank-mix partner. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.
- 4. In general, add tank-mix partners in this order:
 - a) products packaged in water-soluble packaging
 - b) wettable powders
 - c) wettable granules (dry flowables)
 - d) liquid flowables
 - e) liquids
 - f) emulsifiable concentrates
- Make sure all other products are fully dispersed in the mixing diluent before adding the recommended rate of this product to the tank.

- 6. Add the remainder of the mixing diluent volume.
- 7. Use continuous agitation in mixing and spraying equipment for best results.
- 8. Follow the precautions and limitations of the most restricted product in the tank mixture.

Spray Additives

- To avoid illegal crop residues. AMAVI SC must always be mixed with a nonphytotoxic, non-ionic activator type wetting, spreading and/or penetrating spray adjuvant or horticultural oil (not a dormant oil) unless otherwise indicated in Crop Use Directions.
- · Non-ionic activator type wetting, spreading and/or penetrating spray adjuvants include:
 - Non-ionic surfactants (NIS) with at least 75% surface active agent
 - Crop oil concentrates (COC)
 - Vegetable oil concentrates (VOC)
 - Methylated seed/vegetable oils (MSO)
 - Organosilicones (OS) with at least 15% emulsifiers/surfactants
 - · Blends of these non-ionic activator type spray adjuvants.
- Spray adjuvants must be compatible with AMAVI SC and must be used at concentrations specified on the spray adjuvant product label directions for use for the targeted crop unless more specific directions are provided in the Crop Use Directions for individual crops on this label.
- . DO NOT use binder or sticker-type adjuvants because these type adjuvants may reduce translaminar movement of the active ingredient into the plant which could result in reduced performance.
- . Innvictis Crop Care recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) certified spray adjuvant.

Application through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)

Chemigation Restrictions

- Application by sprinkler irrigation (chemigation) may only be used for onions, bulb onions, green onions, and tuberous and corm vegetables (suppression of thrips).
- · Sprinkler Irrigation Application Only.
- Apply AMAVI SC at rates and timing described elsewhere in this label. As local recommendations differ, consult your local State Extension Service or other local experts for recommendations on adjuvant or diluent types, rates, and mixing instructions. These recommendations should be proven, through university and extension field trials, to be effective with AMAVI SC applied by chemigation.

- · Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water
- · If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- DO NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system, unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Operating Instructions For Chemication

- 1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check- valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection dump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid- operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment or non- uniform distribution of treated water

Specific Instructions For Public Water Systems

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back-flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Application Directions For Irrigation Systems

- Application by sprinkler irrigation (chemigation) may be used for onions, bulb onions, green onions, and tuberous and corm vegetables (suppression of thrips).
- 2. Apply AMAVI SC at rates and timing described elsewhere in this label. As local recommendations differ, consult your local State Extension Service or other local experts for recommendations on adjuvant or diluent types, rates, and mixing instructions. These recommendations should be proven, through university and extension field trials, to be effective with AMAVI SC applied by chemigation.

- Check the irrigation system to insure uniform application of water to all areas. Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control. Good agitation in the pesticide supply tank should be maintained prior to and during the entire application period.
- 4. Apply by injecting the recommended rate of AMAVI SC into the irrigation system using a metering device that will introduce a constant flow and by distributing the product to the target area in 0.1 acre-inch of water. In general, use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage. It is recommended that the product be injected into the main irrigation line ahead of a right angle turn in the line to insure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Once the application is completed, flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water before stooping the system.
- 5. In addition to the above recommendations, if application is being made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, the recommended rate of AMAIV SC for the area covered should be injected into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for sufficient time to provide adequate coverace and product distribution.

Rotational Crop Restrictions

There are no rotational (plant-back) restrictions with **AMAVI SC.** Treated areas may be replanted with any crop as soon as practical following the last application.

Restrictions

See below for crop-specific restrictions.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT treat plants grown for transplanting. AMAWI SC is not for use in nurseries, plant propagation houses, or greenhouses by commercial transplant producers on plants being grown for transplanting.
- DO NOT use on crops grown to harvest in greenhouses unless specified in the crop use section of this label.
- DO NOT use in residential areas or residential landscapes.
- DO NOT apply AMAVI SC with aircraft in New York State.
- AMAVI SC must always be used with an adjuvant. To avoid illegal crop residues, AMAVI SC must always be mixed with a non-phytotoxic, non-ionic activator type wetting, spreading and/or penetrating spray adjuvant or horticultural oil (not a dormant oil). Refer to Spray Additives section for details.

Important: When states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Spray Drift Management

Aerial Applications:

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE \$572.1).
- D0 N0T apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
 If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must not
 exceed 65% of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft or 75% of the rotor
 diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must not exceed 75%
 of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft or 90% of the rotor diameter for
 helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field
- . **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Air Blast Applications:

- . Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- . DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at the row end and when spraying outer row.
- . DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 ft above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE \$572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Spray Drift Advisories

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

Vegetative Buffer Strip

DO NOT apply with ground application equipment within 25 ft of or with aircraft
within 150 ft of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, pot holes,
natural ponds, estuaries, or commercial fish farm ponds. DO NOT cultivate within
25 ft of the aquatic area to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

Importance of Droplet Size

 An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperty or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

• Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

• Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

 Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

Ground and Aerial Application Advisories

- WIND Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS WHEN WIND SPEEDS EXCEED 15 MPH AT THE APPLICATION SITE. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.
- TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY To compensate for evaporation when applying AMAVI SC in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets. When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation. Evaporation of droplets is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.
- TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS Drift potential is high during a temperature
 inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing
 temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud
 cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by
 ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft
 smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated
 cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that
 moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid
 applications during temperatures inversions.

- DO NOT allow this product to drift onto non-target areas. Drift may result in illegal residues or injury to non-target species. Risk of exposure to sensitive areas can be reduced by applying this product when the wind direction is away from the sensitive area.
- DO NOT apply when the weather conditions may cause drift.
 - Avoid application when the temperature is high and/or the humidity is low. These conditions increase the evaporation of spray droplets and the likelihood of drift to aguatic areas.

Aerial Application Spray Drift Advisories The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target

movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

• Nazzle Direction - Nazzles must always point backward parallel with the air

- Nozzle Direction Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel
 to the air stream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the
 recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce
 droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Type Üse a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application.
 With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets.
 Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid-stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.
- Boom Length- For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length
 to less than 75% of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift
 without reducing swath width.

- Swath Adjustment When applications are made with a cross wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.
- RÉLEASE HÉIGHT Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

Ground Application Spray Drift Advisories

- Observe the following precautions when using ground application to spray tree crops or hops in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, permanent streams, marshes, potholes, natural ponds, estuaries, or commercial fishboonds:
 - DO NOT apply AMAVI SC when weather conditions favor drift to aquatic areas.
 - DO NOT apply within 110 ft upwind of aquatic areas or when wind speed is above 8 mph.
 - Spray last 3 rows windward of aquatic areas using nozzles on one side only, with spray directed away from the aquatic areas.
 - Avoid spray going over tops of trees by adjusting or turning off top nozzles. Shut off nozzles on the side away from the grove/orchard when spraying the outside row. Shut off nozzles when turning at ends of row and passing tree gaps in rows.
- BOOM HEIGHT For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.
- SHIELDED SPRAYERS Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

Choose lower rate for light infestations and the higher rate for heavy infestations.

Arugula

Crops (including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Arugula				
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
Carmine spider mite Liriomyza leafminers Twospotted spider mite		Apply when spider mites or adult leafminer flies are first observed and repeat application if needed to maintain control.		
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.	

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Avocado

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)						
Avocado						
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing		Use Di	rections	
Avocado Thrips¹ (Sciriothrips perseae) Persea mite (Oligonychus perseae)	2.25 - 4.25 (0.012 - 0.023 lb ai)	first observed but before numbers exceed 5 immature thrips per leaf/ fruit.	re DO NOT use a rate less than 2.25 fl oz/A (0.012 lb ai). s Adjust gallons of spray per acre based on size and number of treat and density of foliage. In any case, thorough coverage is essent mite and insect control. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 100 gal/A by		d on size and number of trees per ad horough coverage is essential for go um volume of 100 gal/A by ground g level and duration of control of application. olume is greater than 400 gal/A, ap	boc
			[¹ Thrips Infestation Level	Number of immature thrips per leaf/fruit	
				Low	1-2	
				Moderate	3-4	
			L	Severe	More than 5	

Precautions:

To prevent crop injury when using horticultural spray oil, observe all precautions and restrictions on the horticultural spray oil label. When using horticultural spray
oil concentrations above 2.0%, treat a small test area before making a large-scale application.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 30 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 8.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
- DO NOT exceed 0.046 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT apply more than 2 applications of **AMAVI SC** or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product per year.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated orchards.
- . Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

Caneberry, Crop Subgroup 13-07A

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Blackberry Loganberry		Raspberry, black and red	Wild raspberry	
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
Spider mites	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 - 0.019 lb ai)	repeat application, if needed, to maintain	Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control.	
Broad mite	3.5 (0.019 lb ai)	control.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 10 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.	
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.	

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of AMANI SC or any other foliar-applied abamectin-containing product.
- **DO NOT** apply from onset of flowering until petal fall is complete.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Celeriac

Crops (including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Celeriac (Apium graveolens)

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Twospotted spider mite		repeat if necessary to maintain	Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate crop coverage can result in reduced control. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A.

USE RESTRICTIONS

Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)

Crons (including all cultivars variaties and/or hybrids of those)

- . Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate (After Transplanting Celeriac): 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year.
 - · DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin-containing product.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Celtuce

oropo (molading dir oditavaro, variodos, dira/or riyarido or dioso/					
Celtuce	Celtuce				
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions		
Carmine spider mite Liriomyza leafminers Twospotted spider mite	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 - 0.019 lb ai)	Apply when spider mites or adult leafminer flies are first observed and repeat application if needed to maintain control.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum olume of 20 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air. With aerial application, the resulting level and duration of control could be less than with ground application. Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.		

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin-containing product.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Citrus Fruit, Crop Group 10-10

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Australian desert lime		Lemon	Satsuma mandarin	
Australian finger lime		Lime	Sweet lime	
Australian round lime		Mediterranean ma	andarin Tachibana orange	
Brown River finger lime		Mount White lime	Tahiti lime	
Calamondin		New Guinea wild I	ime Tangelo	
Citron		Orange, sour	Tangerine (mandarin)	
Citrus hybrids		Orange, sweet	Tangor	
Grapefruit		Pummelo	Trifoliate orange	
Japanese Summer Grape	fruit	Russell River lime	Uniq fruit	
Kumquat				
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
Citrus leafminer	1.0 - 4.25		Aerial application is permitted only for control of citrus leafminer and	

largerrest	nate (II UZ/A)	Application mining	USE DIFECTIONS
Citrus leafminer Citrus rust mite	1.0 - 4.25 (0.005 – 0.023 lb ai)	apply to protect newly expanding	Aerial application is permitted only for control of citrus leafminer and Asian citrus psyllid . For all other pests, apply only by ground application.
		foliage flush during the spring, summer or fall.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 25 gal/A by ground or 10 galA by air.
		For broad mite control, apply when mites first appear during spring, summer, or fall.	With aerial application, the resulting level and duration of control of Asian citrus psyllid and citrus leafminer could be reduced compared to ground application. When applying by air, use the higher end of the rate range
		For citrus bud mite control, time	
		the spray at "bud swell" for best results.	Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of
Asian citrus psyllid Broad mite Citrus bud mite	2.25 - 4.25 (0.012 – 0.023 lb ai)	For citrus leafminer control, apply to protect new growth during spring, summer, or fall.	water to ensure adequate coverage
Citrus thrips Twospotted spider mite		For citrus thrips control,	
Iwospotted spider filite		application will only control the current generation and must	
		be correctly timed. Apply when	
		economic thresholds have been	
		reached (after egg hatch has begun – preferably early to mid-hatch).	

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USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 30 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 8.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar vear
 - DO NOT exceed 0.046 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT make more than 3 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product per year.
- Application of this product is prohibited from the onset of flowering until the end of the flowering period. Observe defined flowering periods as established by local
 university extension offices, County Agricultural Commissioners, or other state/tribal lead agencies. In areas where these authorities do not provide a declaration
 or definition of flowering onset and end, applications are prohibited from onset of flowering until flowering is complete.
- . DO NOT apply from onset of flowering until after petal fall is complete.
- DO NOT apply by air except to control citrus leafminer and Asian citrus psyllid.
- . DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated citrus groves.
- DO NOT use in citrus nurseries
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Corn (sweet)

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Sweet Corn

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Spider mites (Tetranychid species including Banks Grass Mite)	1.75 – 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)		Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 10 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air. With aerial application, the resulting control of spider mites could be less than with ground application. Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 7.0 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.038 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any foliar-applied abamectin- containing products.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days (forage, ears or stover)

Cotton

Crops (Including cultiv	Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Cotton	Cotton				
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions		
Carmine spider mite Pacific spider mite Strawberry spider mite Twospotted spider mite	1.0 - 1.25 (0.005 - 0.007 lb ai) Early- Season Cotton 1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 - 0.019 lb ai)	Apply when mites first appear. Repeat application, if needed, to maintain control.	Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 5 gal/A by ground or air. With aerial application, spray coverage and the resulting level and duration of control of mites may be less than with ground application.		
			West of the Rocky Mountains – the lower use rates may only be used on cotton less than 10 inches in height and applied only with ground equipment.		

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 21 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 7.0 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
- DO NOT exceed 0.038 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT feed or allow livestock to graze treated cotton.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 20 days

Cress, Garden & Upland

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Cress, garden

oress, uplanu				
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
Carmine spider mite Liriomyza leafminers Twospotted spider mite	1.75 – 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	leafminer flies are first observed	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air. With aerial application, the resulting level and duration of control could be less than with ground application.	
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.	

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of **AMAVI SC** or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Cucurbit Vegetables, Crop Group 9

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)					
Chayote (fruit)	Muskmelon (Cucumis melo)	Pumpkin			
Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon)	Cantaloupe	Squash, summer			
Citron melon	Casaba	Crookneck squash			
Cucumber	Crenshaw melon	Scallop squash			
Gherkin	Golden pershaw melon	Straightneck squash			
Gourd, edible	Honeydew melon	Vegetable marrow			
Hyotan	Honey balls	Zucchini			
Cucuzza	Mango melon	Squash, winter			
Hechima	Persian melon	Acorn squash			
Chinese okra	Pineapple melon	Butternut squash			
Momordica spp.	Santa Claus melon	Calabaza			
Balsam apple	Snake melon	Hubbard squash			
Balsam pear	True cantaloupe	Spaghetti squash			
Bitter melon		Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)			
Chinese cucumber					

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Liriomyza leafminers Spider mites	1.75 – 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)		Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.
			With aerial application, the resulting level and duration of control could be less than with ground application.
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - o DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean) Crop Subgroup 6C

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Broad bean (dry)	Phaseolus spp.	Vigna spp.		
Chickpea	Field bean*	Adzuki bean*		
Guar*	Kidney bean	Blackeyed pea		
Lablab bean (hyacinth bean) *	Lima bean (dry)	Catjang*		
Lentil*	Navy bean	Cowpea		
	Pinto bean	Crowder pea		
Lupinus spp.	Tepary bean*	Moth bean*		
Grain lupin		Mung bean		
Sweet lupin	Pigeon pea*	Rice bean*		
White lupin		Southern pea		
White sweet lupin	Diaumann	Urd bean*		
	Pisum spp.			
I	Field pea *			

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Liriomyza leafminers spider Mites	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	spider mites are first observed and	Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control.
		repeat application, if needed, to maintain control.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 10 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.
			With aerial application, the resulting control of leafminers and spider mites could be less than with ground application.
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 6 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.057 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze pea or bean forage.
- . DO NOT harvest pea or bean forage or hay for use as livestock feed. For use on cowpeas that are grown only for dry seed.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

*Not for Use in Hawaii

Edible-Podded Legume Vegetables Crop Subgroup6A

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Jackbean*	Pisum spp.	Sword bean*
Phaseolus spp.	Dwarf pea*	Vigna spp.
Runner bean*	Edible-podded pea *	Asparagus bean
Snap bean	Snow pea*	Chinese longbean*
Waxbean	Sugar snap pea*	Moth bean*
	Pigeon pea*	Yardlong bean*
	Sovbean (immature seed) *	-

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Liriomyza leafminers Spider Mites	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)		Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 10 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.
			With aerial application, the resulting control of leafminers and spider mites could be less than with ground application.
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 6 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.057 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin-containing product.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze pea or bean forage.
- DO NOT harvest pea or bean forage or hay for use as livestock feed.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

*Not for Use in Hawaii

Fennel, Florence

		Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Fennel, Florence						
Target Pest Rate (fl oz/A) Application Timing Use Directions						
Carmine spider mite Liriomyza leafminers Twospotted spider mite (0	0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	leafminer flies are first observed				

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
- DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin containing product.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Fruiting Vegetables, Crop Group 8-10

Crops (Including culti-	crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
African eggplant Bush tomato Bell pepper Cocona Currant tomato Eggplant Garden huckleberry		Goji berry Groundcherry Martynia Naranjilla Okra Pea eggplant Pepino	Nonbell Pepper Roselle Scarlet eggplant Sunberry Tomatillo Tomato Tree tomato		
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions		
Broad mite	1.75 - 3.5	For broad, russet and spider	All crops except commercially grown greenhouse tomato:		
Colorado potato beetle Liriomyza leafminers Spider mites	(0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	mite control, apply when mites first appear.	Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control.		
Thrips palmi Tomato psyllid Tomato russet mite		For Thrips palmi control, apply when thrips first appear.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.		
Tomato pinworm	3.5 (0.019 lb ai)	For tomato pinworm control, application can be made from the			
	,	time moth activity is detected up to, but no later than, the time when newly emerged larvae are present.	Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.		
Commercially grown greenhouse tomato only: Liriomyza leafminers Spider mites	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	For thrips , if populations are above threshold, use an effective thrips knockdown product before spraying AMAVI SC. Commercially grown greenhouse tomato only: Apply by ground only. Thorough coverage is essential for optimum results. Select a spray vc appropriate for the size of plants and density of foliage, but apply product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A.			
Thrips palmi Tomato psyllid Tomato russet mite			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.		
Commercially grown greenhouse tomato only: Tomato pinworm	3.5 (0.019 lb ai)		mater to orion a acceptante converger		

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USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar vear
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- Not for use on commercially grown greenhouse tomatoes in New York State.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI):
 - · Commercially grown greenhouse tomatoes: 1 day
 - · All other crops: 7 days

Grapes and Small Fruit Climbing Subgroup (Except Fuzzy Kiwifruit), Crop Subgroup 13-07F

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Amur River Grape	Grape	Маурор		
Gooseberry	Kiwifruit, hardy	Schisandra Berry		

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Pacific spider mite Twospotted spider mite Variegated leafhopper	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)		Thorough coverage is essential for spider mite and insect control. AMAVI SC must be applied to both sides of each row for maximum coverage. DO NOT spray alternate rows.
Western grape leafhopper Western grapeleaf skeletonizer Willamette spider mite		Apply when larvae are first	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 50 gal/A with conventional ground application equipment. Less than 50 gal/A can be used with an electro-static sprayer; however, ${\bf D0~N0T}$ use less than 5 gal/A.
		Leafhoppers: AMAVI SC provides contact knock-down only.	

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 21 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 7.0 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.038 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - . DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin- containing product per year.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- . DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated vineyards.
- . DO NOT apply from onset of flowering until after petal fall is complete.
- . Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 28 days

Guava

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)					
Acerola	Jaboticaba	Starfruit			
Feijoa	Passionfruit	Wax Jambu			
Guava					

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
Twospotted spider mite		spring, summer, and/or fall.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 50 gal/A with conventional ground application equipment. Less than 50 gal/A can be used with an electro-static sprayer; however, DO NOT use less than 5 gal/A.	

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 14 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 12.75 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.07 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 3 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin-containing product per year.
- DO NOT apply by air.

Pre-Harvest Interval	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days						
Herb, Crop Subgroup	Herb, Crop Subgroup 19A						
Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)							
Angelica Clary		tro (leaf) (leaf) eed ound	Lavender Lemongrass Lovage (leaf) Marigold Marjoram (<i>Origanum</i> species) sweet or annual wild or oregan pot Nasturtium Parsley (dried) Pennyroyal Rosemary	Rue Sage Summer savory Winter savory Sweet bay Tansy Tarragon Thyme Wintergreen Woodruff Wormwood			
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use	Directions			
Liriomyza leafminers Spider Mites	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	Apply when adult leafminer flies or spider mites are first observed and repeat application, if necessary, to maintain control.	Apply this product diluted in conventional ground application (a minimum volume of 20 gal/A with equipment.			
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USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar vear
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin- containing product per single harvest and cutting.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- DO NOT apply from onset of flowering until after petal fall is complete.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI):
 - · Chives: 7 days
 - · All other: 14 days

Hops Crops

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Hops			
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Twospotted spider mite	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)		Thorough coverage of the upper and lower leaves is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control. For applications at ½ trellis growth (6-8 ft height), apply 1.75-3.5 fl oz/A diluted in a minimum of 40 gal /A.
			For applications beyond ½ trellis growth, apply 3.5 fl oz/gal/A diluted in a minimum of 100 gal/A.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 21 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 7.0 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.038 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin- containing product per year.
- . DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated hops yards.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 28 days

Leaf Petiole Vegetables, Crop Subgroup 22B

Crops (Including culti	Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Cardoon Fuki* Celery Rhubarb Celery, Chinese			Udo* Zuiki*	
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
Carmine spider mite		Apply when spider mites or adult leafminer flies are first observed	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.	

largerrest	Hate (H 02/A)	Application mining	USC DIFCCUOIS
Carmine spider mite Liriomyza leafminers Twospotted spider mite		leafminer flies are first observed and repeat application if needed to maintain control	
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.
LIGE DECEDICATIONS			

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

*Not for use in Hawaii

Leafy Greens, Crop Subgroup 4-16A

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrid	rops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)		
Amaranth, Chinese spinach	Dang-gwi, leaves*	Lettuce, leaf	
Amaranth, leafy	Dillweed *	Orach	
Aster, Indian*	Dock	Parsley, fresh leaves	
Blackjack*	Dol-nam-mul*	Plantain, buckhorn*	
Cat's whiskers*	Ebolo*	Primrose, English*	
Cham-chwi*	Endive	Purslane, garden	
Cham-na-mul*	Escarole	Purslane, winter	
Chervil, fresh leaves	Fameflower*	Radicchio	
Chipilin*	Feather cockscomb*	Spinach	
Chrysanthenum, garland	Good King Henry*	Spinach, Malabar*	
Cilantro, fresh leaves*	Huauzontle*	Spinach, New Zealand	
Corn salad	Jute, leaves*	Spinach, tanier*	
Cosmos*	Lettuce, bitter*	Swiss chard	
Dandelion, leaves	Lettuce, head	Violet, Chinese, leaves*	

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Carmine spider mite Liriomyza leafminers Twospotted spider mite		leafminer flies are first observed	

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz **AMAVI SC**/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz **AMAVI SC**/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb al/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

*Not for Use in Hawaii

Low Growing Berry, Crop Subgroup 13-07G

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)		
	Cloudberry Muntries Cranberry Partridgeberry Lingonberry Strawberry	
Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
3.5 (0.019 lb ai)	Make 2 applications 7-10 days apart when mites first appear. Repeat this application sequence, if needed, to maintain control.	Thorough coverage of the upper and lower leaves is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control. Adjust spray volume and nozzle placement to ensure maximum coverage of toos and undersides of leaves.
		Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 50 gal/A with conventional ground application equipment. When using an electro-static sprayer DO NOT use in less than 10 gal/A. Cyclamen mite: Apply in sufficient water to obtain good coverage into the
		crown of the plant.
	Rate (fl oz/A)	Cloudberry Cranberry Lingonberry Rate (ff oz/A) 3.5 (0.019 lb ai) Application Timing Make 2 applications 7-10 days apart when mites first appear. Repeat this application sequence, if

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 21 days after second application
- Maximum Annual Rate: 14 fl oz **AMAVI SC**/A/calendar year
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.076 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- . DO NOT use in strawberry nurseries.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 days

Mint

Crops (Including cultiv	Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)		
Peppermint Spe	armint		
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Twospotted spider mite	1.75 - 2.5 (0.01 – 0.014 lb ai)	Treat when spider mites first appear.	Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control.
			Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.
			With aerial application, the resulting level and duration of control of spider mites could be less than with ground application.
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions such as high temperatures, use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 2.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.014 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 7.75 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.042 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliar-applied abamectin-containing product.
- DO NOT apply more than 3 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliar-applied abamectin- containing product per year.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze or feed treated foliage to livestock.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 28 days

Onion, Bulb, Crop Subgroup 3-07A

	Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
l	Daylily, bulb Garlic, bulb Garlic, great-headed, bulb Garlic, servent, bulb	Lily, bulb Onion, bulb Onion, Chinese, bulb	Onion, pearl Onion, potato, bulb Shallot, bulb	

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Liriomyza leafminers Thrips	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	adult leafminer flies are first	
		observed and repeat application as needed.	with aerial application and chemigation, the resulting level and duration of control could be less than with ground application.
		For thrips control, apply when thrips are at economic threshold. Repeat application, if needed, to maintain control.	Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage. **AMAVI SC** may be applied through overhead sprinkler chemigation for
			suppression of thrips.

Resistance Management:

- Make 2 consecutive applications of **AMAVI SC**, then rotate to a chemistry with a different mode of action.
- Make at least 2 applications of a chemistry with a different mode of action before making additional AMAVI SC applications.

Precaution:

• Insect control can be reduced if **AMAVI SC** is used in combination with a sticker or binder type product.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar vear
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliar-applied abamectin-containing product.
- DO NOT use AMAVI SC as a rescue treatment for thrips control.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days

Onion, Green, Crop Subgroup 3-07B

Crops (Including culti	vars, varieties, and/or l	nybrids of these)	
Chive, fresh leaves Chive, Chinese, fresh lea Elegans hosta Fritillaria, leaves Kurrat	ives	Lady's leek Leek Leek, wild Onion, Beltsville bunching Onion, fresh	Onion, green Onion, macrostem Onion, tree, tops Onion, Welsh, tops Shallot, fresh leaves
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<i>Liriomyza</i> leafminers Thrips	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	For leafminer control, apply when adult leafminer files are first observed and repeat application if needed. For thrips control, apply as part of a thrips management program. Begin making applications when populations are low (1-3 thrips/plant). Repeat application if needed. If populations are high, use arefective thrips knockdown product	With aerial application and chemigation, the resulting level and duration of control could be less than with ground application. Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage. AMANI SC may be applied through overhead sprinkler chemigation for suppression of thrips.

Resistance Management:

- Make 2 consecutive applications of AMAVI SC then rotate to a chemistry with a different mode of action.
- Make at least 2 applications of a chemistry with a different mode of action before making additional AMAVI SC applications.

before spraving AMAVI SC.

Precaution:

• Insect control can be reduced if **AMAVI SC** is used in combination with a sticker or binder-type product.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 14 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.076 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- DO NOT apply by air in New York State or California.
- DO NOT use AMAVI SC as a rescue treatment for thrips control.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Papaya

Crops (Including all cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)			
Black sapote Canistel		Mamey sapote Papaya	Star apple Sapodilla
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Twospotted spider mite		first appear during spring, summer,	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 50 gal/A with conventional ground application equipment. When using an electro-static sprayer, less than 50 gal/A may be used; however, DO NOT use less than 5 gal/A.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 14 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 12.75 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.070 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 DO NOT make more than 3 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin- containing product per year.
- . DO NOT apply to mango.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Pineapple

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Pineapple

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Twospotted spider mite	2.25 - 4.25 (0.012 – 0.023 lb ai)	observed.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 50 gal/A with conventional ground application equipment. When using an electro-static sprayer, less than 50 gal/A may be used; however, DO NOT use less than 5 gal/A.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 8.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.046 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin- containing product per year.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 16 weeks

Pome Fruit, Crop Group 11-10

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Apple Azarole	Mayhaw	Quince		
	Medlar	Quince, Chinese		
Crabapple	Pear	Quince, Japanese		
Loquat	Pear, Asian	Teiocote		

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
European red mite McDaniel spider mite Pear psylla Pear rust mite Twospotted spider mite Yellow mite Tentiform leafminer White apple leafhopper	,		Thorough coverage is essential to obtain best results. Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of trees and density of foliage. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 40 gal/A.

Precaution:

 Applying the combination of AMAVISC and horticultural spray oil fewer than 14 days before or after applying sulfur-containing products can result in phytotoxicity and crop loss.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 21 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 8.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - o DO NOT exceed 0.046 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product per year.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- . DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated orchards.
- . DO NOT apply from onset of flowering until after petal fall is complete.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 28 days

Soybean

Crops (Including cultiv	Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)					
Soybeans						
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions			
Spider Mites (Tetranychid species)	1.75 – 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	observed and repeat application, if	Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results. Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control.			
		needed, to maintain control.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 10 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.			
			With aerial application, the resulting control of spider mites could be less than with ground application.			
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.			

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 7.0 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.038 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
- . DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated soybean forage, straw or hay as feed for meat or dairy animals.
- . DO NOT feed treated soybean fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHÍ): 28 days

Stone Fruit, Crop Group 12-12

Crops (Including cult	Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)					
Apricot	Jujube, Chinese	Plum, cherry				
Apricot, Japanese	Nectarine	Plum, Chickasaw				
Capulin	Peach	Plum, Damson				
Cherry, black	Plum	Plum, Japanese				
Cherry, Nanking	Plum, American	Plum, Klamath				
Cherry, sweet	Plum, beach	Plum, Prune (fresh)				
Cherry, tart	Plum, Canada	Plumcot				
		Sloe				
T D4	Data (file-(A)	Han Dissantiana				

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
European red mite	2.25 - 4.25		Select a spray volume appropriate for the size and number of trees and	
Pacific spider mite Twospotted spider mite		appear. Make a second application, if needed, to maintain control.	density of foliage to ensure thorough coverage.	
TWOSPOLLEG SPIGOT TITLE		ii riccucu, to maintain condoi.	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 40 gal of carrier/A.	

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 21 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 8.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.046 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin- containing product per year.
- DO NOT apply by air.
- . DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated orchards.
- **DO NOT** apply from onset of flowering until after petal fall is complete.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days

Succulent Shelled Pea & Bean Crop Subgroup 6B (except cowpea)

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Phaseolus spp. Lima bean (green) Broad bean (succulen	t)	Vigna spp. Blackeyed pea Southern pea	Pisum spp. English pea* Garden pea* Green pea* Pigeon pea*
Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
<i>Liriomyza</i> leafminers Spider Mites	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)	Apply when adult leafminer flies or spider mites are first observed and repeat application, if needed, to maintain control.	Inadequate coverage can result in reduced control. Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 10 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air. With aerial application, the resulting control of leafminers and spider mites could be less than with ground application.
			Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high temperatures), use a greater volume of

water to ensure adequate coverage.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 6 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.057 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin-containing product.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze pea or bean forage.
- DO NOT harvest pea or bean forage or hay for use as livestock feed.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days
- *Not for Use in Hawaii

Tree Nuts, Crop Group 14-12

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties,	and/or hybrids of these)		
African nut-tree Almond Beech nut Brazil nut Brazilian pine Bunya Bur oak Butternut Cajou nut Candlenut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin	Coconut Coquito nut Dika nut Ginkqo Guiana chestnut Hazelnut (filbert) Heartnut Hickory nut Japanese horse-chestnut Macadamia nut Mongongo nut Monkey-pot Monkey-pot	Okari nut Pachira nut Pachira nut Peach palm nut Peach Pequi Pili nut Pine nut Pistachio Sapucaia nut Tropical almond Walnut, black Walnut, English Yellowhorn	

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions	
European red mite Pacific spider mite Strawberry spider mite Twospotted spider mite	,	spider mites first appear. Residual spider mite control is greater from	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 40 gal/A.	

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 21 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 8.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar vear
 - DO NOT exceed 0.046 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly applied abamectin-containing product per year.
- . DO NOT apply by air.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze in treated groves/orchards.
- . DO NOT apply from onset of flowering until after petal fall is complete.
- · Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days

Tropical and Subtropical, Small Fruit, Inedible Peel, Crop Subgroup 24A

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)				
Aisen* Bael fruit* Burmese grape *	Madras-thorn* Mandruro* Matisia*	Satinleaf* Sierra Leone-tamarind* Spanish lime		
Cat's eyes Inga* Longan	Mesquite* Mongongo, fruit* Pawpaw, small-flower*	Velvet tamarind* Wampi* White apple star*		
Lychee				

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Twospotted spider mite Liriomyza leafminers Thrips	2.25 – 4.25 (0.012 – 0.023 lb ai)		

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 4.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.023 lb ai/A)
- . Minimum Application Interval: 30 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 8.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.046 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
 - DO NOT make more than 2 applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product per year.
- DO NOT apply by air.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

*Not for Use in Hawaii

Crops (Including cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these) Arracacha Chufa Tanier Arrowroot Artichoke, Chinese Dasheen Turmeric Artichoke, Jerusalem Ginger Yam bean Canna, edible Leren Yam, true Cassava, bitter and sweet Potato Chayote (root) Sweet potato

Target Pest	Rate (fl oz/A)	Application Timing	Use Directions
Colorado potato beetle Liriomyza leafminers	1.75 - 3.5 (0.01 – 0.019 lb ai)		Thorough coverage of the crop canopy is essential for optimum results.
Potato psyllid Spider mites		approximately 50% of the egg masses have hatched and early instar larvae are present. If two applications are needed, limit them to a single	Apply this product diluted in a minimum volume of 20 gal/A by ground or 5 gal/A by air.
		Colorado potato beetle generation per crop. For <i>Liriomyza</i> leafminer control, make the first application when adult flies	With aerial application and chemigation, the resulting level and duration of control of insects and spider mites could be less than with ground application.
		are first observed. Repeat applications as needed to maintain control.	Under conditions such as high pest populations, dense foliage, or adverse application conditions (such as high
		For spider mite control, make the first application when mites first appear. Repeat application as	temperatures), use a greater volume of water to ensure adequate coverage.
Suppression:	3.5	needed to maintain control. For Thrips suppression, apply in a thrips	May be applied through overhead sprinkler chemigation for suppression of thrips.
Thrips Nematodes **	(0.019 lb ai)	management program and when thrips are at economic threshold. Repeat application as needed to maintain control.	May be applied through overhead sprinkler chemigation for suppression of nematodes in potatoes.
**Not for use in California		For nematodes suppression in potatoes , apply as a nematode management program. For best results make 2 applications 7 to 14 days apart through overhead sprinkler chemigation.	

Resistance Management:

- · Colorado Potato Beetle:
 - · Application(s) to the following generation of Colorado potato beetle must be with an effective product with a different mode of action.

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Tuberous and Corm Vegetables, Crop Subgroup 1C (cont'd)

Precaution:

• Insect control can be reduced if **AMAVI SC** is used in combination with a sticker or binder-type product.

- Maximum Single Application Rate: 3.5 fl oz AMAVI SC/A (0.019 lb ai/A)
- Minimum Application Interval: 7 days
- Maximum Annual Rate: 10.25 fl oz AMAVI SC/A/calendar year
 - DO NOT exceed 0.056 lb ai/A/calendar year of abamectin-containing products including all application types (seed treatment, soil, foliar).
- DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of AMAVI SC or any other foliarly-applied abamectin-containing product.
 DO NOT feed or allow livestock to graze treated foliage.
- DO NOT apply AMAVI SC more than twice to a generation of Colorado potato beetle or within any 30- day period.
- DO NOT use AMAVI SC as a rescue treatment for thrips control.
- DO NOT apply by air in New York State.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

APPENDIX

AMAVI SC Use Summary Table

IMPORTANT: The table below is a summary of the Crop Use Directions for AMAVI SC. However, it is important for the user to read and follow the complete instructions contained within this label.

Crop or Crop Group or Subgroup, with Examples	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (fl oz/A)	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (lb ai)	Minimum Application Interval (days)	Pre-Harvest Interval - PHI (days)	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Year (fl oz/A)	Maximum rate per year AMAVI SC/other Abamectin containing product rate per year (Ib ai/A)
Arugula	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Avocado	4.25	0.023	30	14	8.5	0.046
Caneberry, Crop Subgroup 13-07A, blackberry	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Celeriac	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Celtuce	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Citrus Fruit, Crop Group 10-10, orange, lemon, grapefruit	4.25	0.023	30	7	8.5	0.046
Corn (sweet)	3.5	0.019	7	7	7.0	0.038
Cotton	3.5	0.019	21	20	7.0	0.038
Cress, Garden & Upland	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Cucurbit Vegetables, Crop Group 9, cucumber, squash	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except soybean) Crop Subgroup 6C, lima bean (dry)	3.5	0.019	6	7	10.5	0.057

(cont'd next page)

Crop or Crop Group or Subgroup, with Examples	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (fl oz/A)	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (lb ai)	Minimum Application Interval (days)	Pre-Harvest Interval - PHI (days)	Maximum <i>AMAVI</i> SC Rate per Year (fl oz/A)	Maximum rate per year AMAVI SC/other Abamectin containing product rate per year (Ib ai/A)
Edible-podded Legume Vegetables Crop Subgroup 6A, Snap bean, sugar snap pea	3.5	0.019	6	7	10.5	0.057
Fennel, Florence	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Fruiting Vegetables, Crop Group 8-10, Tomato, bell pepper	3.5	0.019	7	Greenhouse tomatoes – 1 all other crops - 7	10.25	0.056
Grapes and Small Fruit Vine, Crop Subgroup 13-07F, Grapes	3.5	0.019	21	28	7.0	0.038
Guava	4.25	0.023	14	7	12.75	0.070
Herbs, Crop Subgroup 19A, Basil, chives	3.5	0.019	7	Chive- 7 All other crops – 14	10.25	0.056
Hops	3.5	0.019	21	28	7.0	0.038
Leaf Petiole Vegetable Crop Subgroup 22B, Celery	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Leafy Greens, Crop Subgroup 4-16A, Lettuce, Spinach	3.5	0.019	7	7	10.25	0.056
Low Growing Berry, Crop Subgroup 13-07G, Strawberry	3.5	0.019	21	3	14.0	0.076

Crop or Crop Group or Subgroup, with Examples	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (fl oz/A)	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (lb ai)	Minimum Application Interval (days)	Pre-Harvest Interval - PHI (days)	Maximum <i>AMAVI</i> SC Rate per Year (fl oz/A)	Maximum rate per year AMAVI SC/other Abamectin containing product rate per year (Ib ai/A)
Mint, peppermint, spearmint	2.5	0.014	7	28	7.75	0.042
Onion, Bulb, Crop Subgroup 3-07A, garlic, shallot	3.5	0.019	7	30	10.25	0.056
Onion, Green, Crop Subgroup 3-07B, chive, leek	3.5	0.019	7	7	14.0	0.076
Papaya	4.25	0.023	14	7	12.75	0.070
Pineapple	4.25	0.023	7	16 weeks	8.5	0.046
Pome Fruit, Crop Group 11-10, apple, pear	4.25	0.023	21	28	8.5	0.046
Soybean	3.5	0.019	7	28	7.0	0.038
Stone Fruit, Crop Group 12-12, apricot, peach	4.25	0.023	21	21	8.5	0.046
Succulent Shelled Pea, and Bean Crop Subgroup 6B (except cowpea) Lima bean (green), garden pea	3.5	0.019	6	7	10.5	0.057
Tree Nuts, Crop Group 14-12, almond, pecan	4.25	0.023	21	21	8.5	0.046 (cont'd next page

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Crop or Crop Group or Subgroup, with Examples	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (fl oz/A)	Maximum AMAVI SC Rate per Application (lb ai)	Minimum Application Interval (days)	Pre-Harvest Interval - PHI (days)	Maximum <i>AMAVI</i> SC Rate per Year (fl oz/A)	Maximum rate per year AMAVI SC/other Abamectin containing product rate per year (Ib ai/A)
Tropical and Subtropical, Small fruit, inedible peel, Crop Sub-Group 24A, Lychee	4.25	0.023	30	14	8.5	0.046
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables, Crop Subgroup 1C, potato, ginger	3.5	0.019	7	14	10.25	0.056

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide syray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable Container: D0 NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its ont and and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold INNVICTIS CROP CARE. ILC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLICENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

INNVICTIS CROP CARE, LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the forecoincy conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

AMAVI SC

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Abamectin ¹	8.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	92.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%
1CAS No. 71751-41-2	

AMAVI SC is formulated as a suspension concentrate and contains 0.7 lb abamectin per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique usted en detalle. (If you DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.) See inside label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

FIRST AID: If swallowed: . Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled:

Move person to fresh air.

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible,

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. If on skin or clothing: • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eve. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Early signs of intoxication include dilation of pupils, muscular incoordination, and muscular tremors. Toxicity following accidental ingestion of this product can be minimized by early administration of chemical adsorbents (e.g., activated charcoal). If toxicity from exposure has progressed to cause severe vomiting, the extent of resultant fluid and electrolyte imbalance should be gauged.

Appropriate supportive parenteral fluid replacement therapy should be given, along with other required supportive measures (such as maintenance of blood pressure levels and proper respiratory functionality) as indicated by clinical signs, symptoms, and measurements. In severe cases, observations should continue for at least several days until clinical condition is stable and normal. Since abamectin is believed to enhance GABA activity in animals, it is probably wise to avoid drugs that enhance GABA activity (barbiturates, benzodiazepines, valproic acid) in patients with potentially toxic abamectin exposure. HOT LINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment, You may also contact CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency: Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed. May be fatal if inhaled, **DO NOT** breathe vapor or spray mist. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eve irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eves, or clothing.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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EPA Reg. No.: 89167-123-89391

EPA Est. No.: 67545-AZ-001

Net Contents: 1 Gal (3.78 L)