



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

**SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION** 

Product name : Dermacor® X-100

Manufacturer or supplier's details

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

Manufacturer/importer : CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE LLC

9330 ZIONSVILLE RD

INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46268-1053

**UNITED STATES** 

**Customer Information** 

Number

: 1-800-258-3033

E-mail address : customerinformation@corteva.com

**Emergency telephone** : INFOTRAC (CONTRACT 84224).

+1 800-992-5994 or +1 317-337-6009

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Insecticide

Restrictions on use : Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified

uses.

**SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION** 

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

1910.1200)

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H332 Harmful if inhaled.

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Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response:

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

doctor if you feel unwell.

Other hazards

None known.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

## Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
Chlorantraniliprole	500008-45-7	50	
Propanediol	57-55-6	>= 3 - < 10	
Glycerol	56-81-5	>= 3 - < 10	
Palygorskite	12174-11-7	>= 0.3 - < 1	
Balance	Not Assigned	> 20	

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : Have the product container or label with you when calling a

poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For medical emergencies involving this product, call toll free 1-

888-226-8832. See Label for Additional Precautions and Di-

rections for Use.

Information presented in Section 4 conforms to the requirements of theOccupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard of 2012. See Section 15 for applicable information conforming to the requirements of the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as required by the US Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA), or by state Regulatory Agencies.

For medical emergencies involving this product, call toll free 1-888-226-8832. See Label for Additional Precautions and Di-

rections for Use.

If inhaled : No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not

likely to be hazardous.

Consult a physician if necessary.

In case of skin contact : The material is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but

cleaning the skin after use is advisable.

Consult a physician if necessary.

In case of eye contact : No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not

likely to be hazardous.

If in eyes, rinse with water for 15 minutes.





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Consult a physician if necessary.

If swallowed No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not

likely to be hazardous.

Consult a physician if necessary.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

No cases of human intoxication are known and the symptoms

of experimental intoxication are not known.

Treat symptomatically. Notes to physician

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

None known.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi-

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

Equipment should conform to EN 12942

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essarv.

Use personal protective equipment.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform **Environmental precautions** 

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.





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Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

ant

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

be pumped,

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in a closed container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.





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### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Propanediol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	US WEEL
Glycerol	56-81-5	TWA (mist, respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (mist, total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Mist - total dust)	10 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (Mist - respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA P0

**Engineering measures** 

Information presented in Section 8 conforms to the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard of 2012. See Section 15 for applicable information conforming to the requirements of the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as required by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), or by state Regulatory

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Hand protection

See skin and body protection

Remarks : See skin and body protection Eye protection : See skin and body protection

Skin and body protection : Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants

Shoes plus socks

Applicators and other handlers of the diluted material must

wear: shirt, pants, socks and shoes.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted underthe Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anythingthat has been treated, such as plants, soil,

or water, is:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants

Shoes plus socks

Protective measures : Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining

PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from

other laundry.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling

and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or

using the toilet.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if material gets inside.





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Wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : viscous liquid

Color : white

Odor : Slight pungent odor

Odor Threshold : not determined

pH : 4-9

Concentration: 10 g/L

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : No flash up to boiling point.

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : The product is not flammable.

Self-ignition :  $> 1112 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, / > 600 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1.2573 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Density : 1.23 - 1.27 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : dispersible

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : not determined

Viscosity, kinematic : Method: OECD 114

not determined The product is not an Ultra low volume Prepa-

ration.

Explosive properties : Not explosive





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Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Stable under recommended storage conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned. May form explosive dust-air mixture.

Conditions to avoid : None known. Incompatible materials : Strong acids

Strong bases None.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply

and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Acute toxicity**

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

**Components:** 

Chlorantraniliprole:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402





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Propanediol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l

Exposure time: 2 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract

(nose and throat).

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Glycerol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 11,500 mg/kg

Remarks: Excessive exposure may cause:

Central nervous system effects. Observations in humans include: Altered blood sugar levels.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.75 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred following exposure to a satu-

rated atmosphere.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Guinea pig): >= 56,750 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 72 h

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

**Components:** 

Chlorantraniliprole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Propanediol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation



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Glycerol:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Components:** 

Chlorantraniliprole:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Propanediol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Glycerol:

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Product:** 

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

**Components:** 

**Chlorantraniliprole:** 

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429 Remarks : For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Propanediol:

Species : human

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.





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Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects, In vitro genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Propanediol:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Glycerol:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

**Components:** 

**Chlorantraniliprole:** 

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Propanediol:** 

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Glycerol:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For the major component(s):, Did not cause cancer in labora-

tory animals.

Palygorskite:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Contains component(s) which have caused cancer in some

laboratory animals.

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Palygorskite 12174-11-7

**OSHA** No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

**Chlorantraniliprole:** 

Reproductive toxicity - As-

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

sessment Development effects were not observed in laboratory animals.





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**Propanediol:** 

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

Glycerol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Reproductive effects seen in female animals are believed to be due to altered nutritional states resulting from extremely high doses of glycerine given in the diet. Similar effects have

been seen in animals fed synthetic diets.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

STOT-single exposure

**Product:** 

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Components:** 

**Chlorantraniliprole:** 

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Propanediol:** 

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Glycerol:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Palygorskite:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

STOT-repeated exposure

**Product:** 

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.

**Components:** 

**Chlorantraniliprole:** 

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.





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## Repeated dose toxicity

## **Components:**

## **Chlorantraniliprole:**

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 28 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : No toxicologically significant effects were found.

**Propanediol:** 

Remarks : In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene gly-

col may cause central nervous system effects.

Glycerol:

Remarks : Excessive exposure to glycerine may cause increased fat

levels in blood.

Palygorskite:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Lung.

## **Aspiration toxicity**

## **Product:**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

## **Components:**

## Chlorantraniliprole:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## **Propanediol:**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## Glycerol:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

# Palygorskite:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.





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### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Ecotoxicity**

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 3.26 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 7.74 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00717 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.54

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 2538

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

GLP: yes Remarks: Oral

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 2068

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

GLP: yes

Remarks: contact LD50

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,000

mg/kg

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

## **Components:**

**Chlorantraniliprole:** 

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 13.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

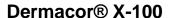
LC50 (Ictalurus catus (catfish)): > 13.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 15.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0116 mg/l





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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

city)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

**Propanediol:** 

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aguatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

19,000 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 7 d Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Glycerol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): >= 885 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,955 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Other): 2,900 mg/l

End point: Growth inhibition (cell density reduction)

Exposure time: 192 h Test Type: static test

Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD 209 Test





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Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

**Chlorantraniliprole:** 

Biodegradability : Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

Remarks: Not readily biodegradable.

Propanediol:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 81 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: 96 % Exposure time: 64 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Biochemical Oxygen De-

mand (BOD)

69.000 %

Incubation time: 5 d

70.000 %

Incubation time: 10 d

86.000 %

Incubation time: 20 d

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

1.53 kg/kg

ThOD : 1.68 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 1.28E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Glycerol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Biodegradation: 63 % Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

ThOD : 1.22 kg/kg





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Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

Chlorantraniliprole:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.76 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Propanediol:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09

Method: Estimated.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.07

Method: Measured

Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Glycerol:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: -1.76 (68 °F / 20 °C)

octanol/water

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Palygorskite:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Balance:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

Chlorantraniliprole:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

**Propanediol:** 

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: < 1

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be

an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

Glycerol:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 1

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural





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bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an im-

portant fate process.

Palygorskite:

Distribution among environmental compartments Remarks: No relevant data found.

Balance:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Other adverse effects

**Components:** 

Chlorantraniliprole:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: No relevant data found.

**Propanediol:** 

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Glycerol:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is readily biodegrada-

ble and thus is not considered persistent or very persistent (P

or vP).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Palygorskite:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Balance:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.





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### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regu-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Chlorantraniliprole)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Chlorantraniliprole)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

: 964

964

ger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Chlorantraniliprole)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Marine pollutant : yes(Chlorantraniliprole)
Remarks : Stowage category A





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### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **Domestic regulation**

### **49 CFR**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### **Further information**

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

## Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### **US State Regulations**

## Pennsylvania Right To Know

Propanediol 57-55-6 Glycerol 56-81-5

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Palygorskite, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and

ethanediol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

### **TSCA list**

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

## Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

EPA Registration Number : 352-820





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This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

This product has no known adverse effect on human health.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

### Full text of other abbreviations

OSHA P0 : USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated

values)

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

OSHA P0 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials: bw - Body weight: CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Sub-



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stance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 07/05/2023

Product code: GF-4063

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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