



SAFETY DATA SHEET

DREXEL KOP™ -5 ALGAECIDE/BACTERICIDE/FUNGICIDE

Section 1: Material Identification

Product Name: Drexel KOP™ -5 Algaecide/Bactericide/Fungicide

EPA Reg No.: 19713-695

CAS NO: 7758-99-8

Formula: CuO₄S.5H₂O

Company: Drexel Chemical Company
1700 Channel Avenue
Memphis, TN 38106

Synonyms: Copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate

Identifiers:

EINECS: 231-847-6

RTECS: GL8900000

DOT information: See Section 14 for Transportation Information

Emergency Telephone Number:

CHEMTREC Drexel Chemical Co.
Tel: 1-800-424-9300 901-774-4370

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some of the classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see **Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION** for explanation.

Section 2: Hazard Identification
(As defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29)

GHS classification:

Health hazards:	Acute toxicity - oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity - inhalation	Category 4
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Category 2
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2

Environmental hazards:	Hazardous to Aquatic Environment- Acute Hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to Aquatic Environment- Long-Term Hazard	Category 2

GHS label elements:

Signal word:

Warning



Hazard statements:

Harmful if swallowed.
Harmful if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes eye irritation.
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. **Immediately call poison center or doctor/physician.**
If on skin (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.
Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities.

Section 3: Composition Information

<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS No.:</u>	<u>% By Wt.:</u>	<u>OSHA PEL:</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV:</u>
Active ingredient:				
Copper sulfate pentahydrate	7758-99-8	20.0%	N/Av	1 mg/m ³
Other ingredients:	N/A	80.0%	N/A	N/A

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Have product label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

Eye Contact: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Rinse mouth with water then have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin Contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center for treatment advice.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Fire Hazards: Negligible fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Thermal decomposition during a fire can produce fumes and irritating gases.

Flammability classification (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200): Non-combustible

Flash point: >200°F

Lower flammable limit (% by volume): N/Av

Upper flammable limit (% by volume): N/Av

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Evacuate the area and fight the fire from upwind at a safe distance to avoid hazardous vapors or decomposition products. Dike and collect fire-extinguishing water to prevent environmental damage and excessive waste runoff.

Firefighting media: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water fog when fighting fires involving this product. Do not use water jet, as this may spread burning material. Minimize the use of water to avoid environmental contamination. Contain all runoff.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Use full face shield and operate in positive pressure mode. Avoid contact with this material during firefighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant firefighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Irritating and highly toxic gases.

NFPA: Health: Flammability: Reactivity:

2 0 0

(Rating: 4-Extreme, 3-High, 2-Moderate, 1-Slight, 0-Insignificant)

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Steps to be taken if Material is Released or Spilled:

- Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: absorb with suitable absorbent. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Drexel Chemical Co. for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

Personal Precautions:

- Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Ventilate area of spill and minimize exposure to dust. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Handling: **General Handling:** Follow label instructions. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants plus shoes and socks when handling. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. See Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, ventilated and secure area designated specifically for pesticides and away from heat sources. Keep in original containers and keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store in excessive heat. Do not store near children, food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits: TLV Copper Sulfate Pentahydrate 1.0 mg/m³ (as copper dust/mist)

Personal Protection:

Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or chemical splash goggles to prevent dust from entering the eyes. If using a full-face shield, always use safety glasses or goggles along with the face shield to ensure adequate protection of the eyes.

Skin Protection: Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants with shoes plus socks. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task. Safety shower should be located in immediate work area. Remove contaminated clothing immediately, wash skin area with soap and water, and launder clothing before reuse or dispose of properly. Items which cannot be decontaminated, such as shoes, belts and watchbands, should be removed and disposed of properly.

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR") or Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl").

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. When handling in enclosed areas, when large quantities of dust are generated or prolonged exposure is possible in excess of the TLV, use a respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a pre-filter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C) or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

Ingestion: Avoid ingestion of even very small amounts; do not consume or store food or tobacco in the work area; wash hands and face before smoking or eating.

Engineering Controls:

Ventilation: When handling this product proper ventilation is required to maintain exposure below the TLV. Ventilate all transport vehicles prior to unloading. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and safety shower.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State:	Liquid
Color:	Clear blue
Odor:	Slight ammonia
Flash Point:	>200°F
Vapor Pressure (mmHg):	N/Av
Boiling Point:	N/Av
Vapor Density (air = 1):	N/Av
Density (H₂O = 1):	1.176 g/cc
Freezing/Melting Point:	N/Av
Solubility in water (wt. %):	N/A
pH:	7.8
Viscosity:	7.5 cP @ 21°C
% Volatiles:	N/Av

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Instability: Stable under normal conditions

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures, incompatible materials and direct sunlight

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with reducing agents, magnesium, dusts, highly alkaline pesticides, hydroxylamine, powdered metals

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition: Oxides of sulfur, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, oxides of copper

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Information for copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate:

Acute Toxicity:

Ingestion:

- Acute, Oral, LD50 (rat): >1030 mg/kg

Dermal:

- Acute, Dermal, LD50 (rabbit): >5050 mg/kg

Inhalation:

- Acute, Inhalation, LC50 (rat): >2.31 mg/L (4hr)

Eye Irritation (rabbit):

- Corrosive to eyes. Direct contact with eyes can cause irreversible damage.

Skin Irritation (rabbit):

- Irritating to the skin

Sensitization Skin:

- N/Av

Chronic Toxicity:

- Repeated ingestion of copper salts may result in anemia, liver and kidney damage. Chronic inhalation exposure may cause a metallic taste in the mouth, irritation of the upper respiratory tract such a nasal mucosa that may progress to perforation of the nasal septum. Chronic cough may also occur.

Carcinogenicity:

- Not likely to be carcinogenic in humans

Teratogenicity, mutagenicity, and other reproductive effects: None known

Section 12: Ecological Information

Data is presented for copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate:

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:

- This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms.

Persistence and Degradability:

- This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. The degree of mobility of copper in the environment depends upon the pH of ambient soils and waters. The higher the acidity, the more soluble copper salts are and, hence, more mobile.

Aquatic Toxicity:

- Rainbow Trout, LC50: 0.032 mg/l - 1.2 mg/l
- Bluegill Sunfish, LC50: 0.892 mg/l - 1.3 mg/l
- Daphnia magna, EC50: 0.18 mg/l

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT:

- **Containers ≤5 gallons:** Not regulated
- **Containers >5 gallons:** UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., (Cupric Sulfate), 9, PG-III, Marine pollutant

IMDG: UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., (Cupric Sulfate), 9, PG-III, Marine pollutant

IATA: UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., (Cupric Sulfate), 9, PG-III, Marine pollutant

Freight Description: Agricultural algaeicide/bactericide/fungicide, liquid, n.o.s.

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This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard:

- This product is a “Hazardous Chemical” as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
- **EPA FIFRA INFORMATION:** This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemical. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is listed out below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.
- **EPA/CERCLA Reportable Quantity: 10 Lbs.**

SARA/TITLE III:

- **Sec. 302. Extremely Hazardous Substance Notification:** This material is not known to contain any Extremely Hazardous Substances.
- **Sec. 311/312. Hazard Categories:** Immediate health hazard; Chronic health hazard
- **Sec. 313. Toxic Chemical(s):** Copper Sulfate Pentahydrate 20.0% (CAS 7758-99-8)

- **RCRA Waste Code:** Not applicable

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986):

- This product is not listed.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

- All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

Section 16: Other Information

Drexel Chemical Company recommends that each customer or recipient of this SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown below. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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