DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: FIRSTRATE™ Herbicide

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Identified uses: End use herbicide product

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC
9330 ZIONSVILLE RD
INDIANAPOLIS IN  46268-1053
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-992-5994
info@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: 800-992-5994
Local Emergency Contact: 352-323-3500

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification
This material is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Other hazards
no data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cloransulam-methyl</td>
<td>147150-35-4</td>
<td>84.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

Eye contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

Ingestion: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: no data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation.

**Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Consider feasibility of a controlled burn to minimize environment damage. Foam fire extinguishing system is preferred because uncontrolled water can spread possible contamination. Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent re-ignition. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the “Accidental Release Measures” and the “Ecological Information” sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

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**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

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**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters
Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Type of listing</th>
<th>Value/Notation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cloransulam-methyl</td>
<td>Dow IHG</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td>TWA total dust</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td>TWA respirable</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA P0</td>
<td>TWA Total</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA P0</td>
<td>TWA Respirable</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dichloromethane (methylene</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chloride)</td>
<td>OSHA Z-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>BEI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA CARC</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA CARC</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>125 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Exposure controls
Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures
Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Skin protection
Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride (“PVC” or “vinyl”), Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber (“nitrile” or “NBR”). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, in dusty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Particulate filter.
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Granules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Sweet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pH</strong></td>
<td>7.05 10.0% pH Electrode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/range</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>closed cup Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative Density (water = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic Viscosity</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kinematic Viscosity</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulk density</td>
<td>0.549 g/cm³ Loose Volumetric (Room Temperature)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Chemical stability:** Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Product decomposes above melting temperature. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems. Avoid direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity
Very low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

As product:
LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg  No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity
Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product:
LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg  No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute inhalation toxicity
No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to dust. Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

For the active ingredient(s): Maximum attainable concentration.
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 3.77 mg/l  No deaths occurred following exposure to a saturated atmosphere.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.
Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Repeated exposure did not produce systemic toxicity when applied to the skin of rabbits.

For the active ingredient(s):
In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:
Kidney.
Liver.
Testes.
Thyroid.

Carcinogenicity
Active ingredient did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Teratogenicity
For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

Reproductive toxicity
In animal studies, active ingredient did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity
For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>List</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)</td>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>US NTP</td>
<td>Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA CARC</td>
<td>OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

**Acute toxicity to fish**
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 45.8 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).
Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 0.0066 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms
Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 2662mg/kg bodyweight.
oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 Hour, > 221µg/bee
contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 Hour, > 200µg/bee

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms
LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), mortality, > 2,000 mg/kg

Persistence and degradability

Cloransulam-methyl
Biodegradability: Surface photodegradation is expected with exposure to sunlight. Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines. Biodegradation rate may increase in soil and/or water with acclimation.

Stability in Water (1/2-life)
Hydrolysis, half-life, 335.34 d, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, Estimated.

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 11.86 Hour
Method: Estimated.

Starch
Biodegradability: Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)
Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Pass
Biodegradation: 68 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 66 %
Exposure time: 50 Hour
Method: Simulation study

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0.38 mg/mg

Photodegradation
**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)
**Sensitizer:** OH radicals
**Atmospheric half-life:** 79 - 110 d
**Method:** Estimated.

**Balance**

**Biodegradability:** No relevant data found.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Cloransulam-methyl**
- **Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
- **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water (log Pow): 1.12 Measured
- **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 23.97 Estimated.

**Starch**
- **Bioaccumulation:** No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW greater than 1000).

**Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)**
- **Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
- **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water (log Pow): 1.25 at 20 °C Measured
- **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 2 - 40 Fish. Measured

**Balance**
- **Bioaccumulation:** No relevant data found.

**Mobility in soil**

**Cloransulam-methyl**
- Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
- **Partition coefficient (Koc):** 12 - 262 Measured

**Starch**
- No relevant data found.

**Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)**
- Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
- **Partition coefficient (Koc):** 46.8 Estimated.

**Balance**
- No relevant data found.

13. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods:** If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal.
methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT**

Not regulated for transport

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

- **Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Cloransulam-methyl)
- **UN number:** UN 3077
- **Class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III
- **Marine pollutant:** Cloransulam-methyl
- **Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code:** Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

- **Proper shipping name:** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Cloransulam-methyl)
- **UN number:** UN 3077
- **Class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**OSHA Hazard Communication Standard**

This product is not a “Hazardous Chemical” as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312**

Chronic Health Hazard

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313**
Components | CASRN
---|---
Dichloromethane (methylene chloride) | 75-09-2

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)
WARNING: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-KnowAct): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:
The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List and/or the Pennsylvania Environmental Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-KnowAct): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:
The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)</td>
<td>75-09-2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)
This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) requirements.

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
EPA Registration Number: 62719-275
This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

CAUTION
Causes eye irritation.
Harmful if absorbed through skin

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NFPA</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Fire</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Revision
Identification Number: 101199108 / A211 / Issue Date: 05/15/2015 / Version: 4.0
DAS Code: GF-170
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.
Legend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEI</td>
<td>Biological Exposure Indices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dow IHG</td>
<td>Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA CARC</td>
<td>OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA P0</td>
<td>USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSHA Z-2</td>
<td>USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>Permissible exposure limit (PEL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>Excursion limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>8-hour, time-weighted average</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer’s/user’s responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer’s/user’s duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.