RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

(GROUND AND SURFACE WATER CONCERNS)

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification. This product is a restricted use herbicide due to ground and surface water concerns. Users must read and follow all precautionary statements and instructions for use in order to minimize potential for atrazine to reach ground and surface water.

ATRAZINE GROUP 5 HERBICIDE

For Season-Long Weed Control in Chemical fallow, Conifers, Corn, Fallowland, Guava, Lawns, Macadamia Nuts, Sorghum, and Sugarcane.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: WT. BY % Atrazine* TOTAL:

*CAS No. 1912-24-9

This product contains 0.9 lbs. of atrazine per 1 lb. of product

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION

FIRST AID			
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice		
HOTLINE NUMBERS			

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal), call: 1-800-222-1222. For Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident), call CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

There is no specific antidote for atrazine. If this product is ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. The use of an aqueous slurry of activated charcoal may be considered.

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

Manufactured For:

Generic Crop Science, LLC 1887 Whitney Mesa Dr., #9740 Henderson, NV 89014

NET CONTENTS: 25 Pounds

EPA Reg. No.: 94730-25

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear protective eyewear.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, cleaners of equipment or spills, and other handlers exposed to the concentrate must wear:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · Chemical-resistant apron
- Wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric
 particulate respirator with any N, R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters

Applicators using spray equipment mounted on their backs must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks

All other applicators and all other handlers exposed to the dilute must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride
- Shoes plus socks

Aerial application is prohibited.

See ENGINEERING CONTROLS for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When applicators use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(5)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- · Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- · Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly
 and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Atrazine can travel (seep or leach) through soil and can enter groundwater which may be used as drinking water. Atrazine has been found in groundwater. Users are advised not to apply atrazine to Sand and Loamy sand soils where the water table (groundwater) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well- drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of nontarget organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

This product must not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of intermittent streams and rivers, natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This product must not be applied aerially or by ground within 66 feet of the points where field surface water runoff enters perennial or intermittent streams and rivers or within 200 feet around natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. If this product is applied to highly erodible land, the 66-foot buffer or setback from runoff points must be planted to crop or seeded with grass or other suitable crop.

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. This product must not be mixed/loaded or used within 50 feet of all wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells and sinkholes. Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing or washing of this product into or

from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited, unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spill or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above-specified minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading sites. Additional State imposed requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational area containment must be observed.

Tile-Outletted Terraced Fields Containing Standpipes

One of the following restrictions must be used in applying atrazine to tile-outletted terraced fields containing standpipes:

- Do not apply this product within 66 feet of standpipes in tile-outletted terraced fields.
- Apply this product to the entire tile-outletted terraced field and immediately incorporate it to a depth of 2 3 inches in the entire field.
- Apply this product to the entire tile-outletted terraced field under a no-till practice only when a high crop residue management practice is practiced. High crop residue management is described as a crop management practice where little or no crop residue is removed from the field during and after crop harvest.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Any use of this product in an area where use is prohibited is a violation of Federal law. Before using this product, you must consult the Atrazine Watershed Information Center (AWIC) to determine whether the use of this product is prohibited in your watershed. AWIC can be accessed through [www.atrazine-watershed.info], or [1-866-365-3014]. If use of this product is prohibited in your watershed, you may return this product to your point of purchase or contact Generic Crop Science, LLC for a refund.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

AFRIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- · Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

GCS Atrazine 90DF will control most annual broadleaf and grass weeds in corn, sorghum, sugarcane, and certain other crops as specified on this label. This product may be applied before or after weeds emerge. In each case where a range of rates is given, the lower rate must be used on coarse-textured soil and soil low in organic matter and the higher rate must be used on fine-textured soil and soil high in organic matter.

Since this product acts mainly through root absorption, its effectiveness depends on rainfall or irrigation to move it into the root zone. Should weeds develop, a shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing will generally result in better weed control.

This product is non-corrosive to equipment and metal surfaces, nonflammable and has low electrical conductivity. Take care to avoid using this product near adjacent desirable plants or in greenhouses, or injury may occur.

To avoid spray drift, do not apply under windy conditions. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may result.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW ALL USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

Restriction: Do not use this product in combination with other herbicides or oils except as specifically described on the label or in literature published by the seller.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, GCS Atrazine 90DF is a Group 5 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to GCS Atrazine 90DF and other Group 5 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of GCS Atrazine 90DF or other Group 5 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species
 is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone
 partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone
 to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to
 herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates;
 precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and
 other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include:
 - failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
 - a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species;
 - surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production
 in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent
 movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and
 planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor, and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or IPM guidance for the specific site and resistant pest problems.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Ground Applications

Use conventional ground sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are uniformly spaced and are the same size. Calibrate sprayer before use and recalibrate at the start of each season and when changing carriers. Unless otherwise specified, use a minimum of 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre for all pre-plant incorporated, pre-plant surface, pre-emergence, and post-emergence applications (with or without oil or surfactant) with ground equipment.

Use a pump with capacity to (1) maintain 35 – 40 PSI at nozzles, (2) provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension, and (3) to provide a minimum of 20% bypass at all times. Use centrifugal pumps which provide propeller shear action for dispersing and mixing GCS Atrazine 90DF. The pump must provide a minimum of 10 gallons/minute/100 gallons tank size circulated through a correctly positioned sparger tube or jets.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump must be 16-mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's specifications.

For Band Applications

Calculate amount to be applied per acre as follows:

Band Width in Inches

X
Broadcast Rate per Acre
= Amount needed per Acre of Field

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Application in Water or Liquid Fertilizer

Nitrogen solutions or complete liquid fertilizers may replace all or part of the water as a carrier for pre-emergence and pre-plant applications of this product on corn and sorghum. Check the compatibility of this product with liquid fertilizer and/or nitrogen solution as shown below before use. Do not apply in nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer after corn or sorghum emerges, or crop injury may occur.

Compatibility Test

Since liquid fertilizers can vary, even within the same analysis, always check compatibility with herbicide(s) each time before use. Be especially careful when using complete suspension or fluid fertilizers, as serious compatibility problems are more likely to occur. Commercial application equipment may improve compatibility in some instances. The following test assumes a spray volume of 25 gallons per acre. For other spray volumes, make appropriate changes in the amounts of ingredients.

Check compatibility using this procedure:

- 1. Add 1 pint of fertilizer to each of two (2) one-quart jars with tight lids.
- To one of the jars, add 0.25 teaspoon or 1.2 milliliters of a compatibility agent approved for this use, including Mix™, Compex®, or Unite® (0.25 teaspoon is equivalent to 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray). Shake or stir gently to mix.
- 3. To both jars add the appropriate amount of herbicide(s). If more than one herbicide is used, add them separately with dry herbicides first, flowables next and emulsifiable concentrates last. After each addition, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix. The appropriate amount of herbicides for this test follows:

Dry Herbicides: For each pound to be applied per acre, add 1.5 level teaspoons to each jar.

Liquid Herbicides: For each pint to be applied per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon or 2.5 milliliters to each jar.

4. After adding all ingredients, put lids on and tighten and invert each jar 10 times to mix. Let the mixtures stand 15 minutes and then look for separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels, heavy oily film on the jar or other signs of incompatibility. Determine if the compatibility agent is needed in the spray mixture by comparing the 2 jars. If either mixture separates, but can be remixed readily, the mixture can be sprayed as long as good agitation is used. If the mixtures are incompatible, test the following methods of improving compatibility: A) Slurry the dry herbicide(s) in water before addition, or B) Add half of the compatibility agent to the fertilizer and the other half of the emulsifiable concentrate or flowable herbicide before addition to the mixture. If incompatibility is still observed, do not use the mixture.

Application in Water plus Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate

Adding emulsifiable oil (petroleum-derived, petroleum-derived oil concentrate or single or mixed crop-derived oil concentrate) to postemergence water-based sprays in corn and sorghum may improve weed control. However, under certain conditions, the use of either type of oil may seriously injure the crop. To minimize this possibility, observe the following directions. Use one of the following properly emulsified:

- 1. A suitable oil concentrate containing at least 1% but not more than 20% suitable emulsifier or surfactant blend.
- 2. Petroleum-derived oil containing at least 1% suitable emulsifier.

Note: In the event of a compatibility problem when mixing oil with this product and water, a compatibility agent such as MIX, Compex or Unite should be used. Any of the above oils contaminated with water or other materials can cause compatibility problems and/or crop injury.

Mixing Procedures - All Uses

- 1. Be sure sprayer is clean and not contaminated with any other materials or crop injury or sprayer clogging may result.
- 2. Fill tank one-fourth full with clean water, nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer.
- Start agitation
- 4. Be certain that the agitation system is working properly and creates a rippling or rolling action on the liquid surface.
- 5. Add this product directly into tank.
- 6. Continue filling tank until 90% full. Increase agitation, if necessary, to maintain surface action.
- 7. Add emulsifiable oil, oil concentrate or tank mix herbicide(s) after this product is thoroughly suspended.
- Finish filling tank.
- Empty tank as completely as possible before refilling to prevent buildup of oil or emulsifiable concentrate residue. Maintain agitation to avoid separation of materials.
- 10. If an oil or emulsifiable concentrate film starts to build up in tank, drain it and clean with strong detergent solution or solvent.
- 11. Clean sprayer thoroughly immediately after use by flushing system with water containing a detergent.

ROTATIONAL CROPS - All Uses

- · Land treated with this product must not be planted to any crop except corn or sorghum until the following year, or injury may occur.
- If this product is applied after June 10th, do not rotate with crops other than corn or sorghum the next year, or injury may occur.
- In the High Plains and Intermountain areas of the West where rainfall is sparse and erratic or where irrigation is required, use only when corn
 or sorghum is to follow corn or sorghum, or when a crop of untreated corn or sorghum is to precede other rotational crops.
- In Western Minnesota and Eastern parts of the Dakotas, Kansas, corn treated with this product must not be followed with soybeans if the broadcast rate applied was more than 2.2 lbs, per acre (2 lbs, a.i.), or comparable rate in a band, or injury to soybeans may occur.

- · Injury may occur to soybeans planted the year following an application on soils having a calcareous surface layer.
- Do not plant sugar beets, tobacco, vegetables (including dry beans), spring-seeded small grains or small-seeded legumes and grasses the
 year following application of this product, or injury may occur.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
 Applicators are required to select a nozzle and pressure that deliver coarse or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- . Do not apply during temperature inversions.
- User must maintain a 15 foot (4.6 meter) in-field downwind buffer (in the direction in which the wind is blowing) from the edge of streams
 and rivers, as well as high-tide line for all estuarine/marine environments.

Boomless Ground Applications:

- Applicators are required to use a coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572) for all applications.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- · Do not apply during temperature inversions.
- User must maintain a 15 foot (4.6 meter) in-field downwind buffer (in the direction in which the wind is blowing) from the edge of streams and rivers, as well as high-tide line for all estuarine/marine environments.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

GCS ATRAZINE 90DF APPLIED ALONE - CORN OR GRAIN SORGHUM

Pre-Plant Surface-Applied Pre-Plant Incorporated or Pre-Emergence

TABLE 1

		re-Plant Incorporated, or Pre-Eme		
(or Post-Emergence at 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre with Oil)				
Broadleaf and Grass Weeds Controlled				
Barnyardgrass (Watergrass)*	Foxtail (Yellow)*	Morningglory (Annual)	Ragweed	
Cocklebur**	Groundcherry	Mustards	Sicklepod**	
Crabgrass, Large (Hairy)**	Jimsonweed	Nightshade	Velvetleaf (Buttonweeed)*	
Foxtail (Giant)**	Kochia	Pigweed	Wild Oats	
Foxtail (Green)*	Lambsquarters	Purslane	Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)**	
Post-Emergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water				
(1.3 lbs. (1.2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre)				
Broadleaf Weeds Controlled				
Cocklebur	Morningglory (Annual)	Ragweed	Velvetleaf (Buttonweeed)*	
Jimsonweed	Mustards	Smartweed	Wild Buckwheat	
Lambsquarters	Pigweed			
Note: Where there are State/le	ad requirements recording etres	ing use (including lower maximum	ratas and/ar arastar asthacks) which ara	

Note: Where there are State/local requirements regarding atrazine use (including lower maximum rates and/or greater setbacks) which are different from this label, the more restrictive/protective requirements must be followed. Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your State Lead Pesticide Control Agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from State regulations.

*Partial control only on medium- and fine-textured soils.
**Partial control only.

CORN

GCS Atrazine 90DF may be applied either before planting, at-planting or after planting as indicated.

Restrictions - For All Applications to Corn:

- To avoid crop injury and illegal residues, do not apply more than 2.7 lbs. (2.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per calendar year.
- Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 60 days for field corn, and 45 days for sweet corn, following application or illegal residues
 may result.
- When tank-mixing or sequentially applying atrazine or products containing atrazine to corn, do not exceed an application rate of 2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) per acre for any single application, and the total pounds of atrazine applied must not exceed 2.5 lbs. a.i. per acre per year.

- When tank mixing or sequentially applying atrazine or products containing atrazine to crops other than corn or sorghum, the total pounds
 of atrazine must not exceed the specific seasonal rate limits as noted in the use directions.
- Do not apply with by mechanically pressurized handgun to sweet corn.

Precautions - For All Applications to Corn:

- For best control of velvetleaf and cocklebur, the application rate cannot be less than 2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre, either alone or in tank mix combinations.
- Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used.

Pre-Plant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Use on medium- and fine-textured soil with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. Apply the rate of GCS Atrazine 90DF shown in TABLE 2 up to 45 days prior to planting. On coarse-textured soils, do not apply more than 2 weeks prior to planting. If an unsatisfactory length of weed control results from adverse environmental conditions following early treatment, a follow-up application of an appropriately labeled herbicide may be used. If the follow-up treatment includes atrazine, do not exceed the labeled rate for corn indicated in TABLE 2.

If weeds are present at the time of treatment, apply in tank mixture combination with a contact herbicide (for example, paraquat or glyphosate). It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Pre-Plant Incorporated (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate in **TABLE 2**. Apply to the soil and incorporate before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. Avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within 2 weeks prior to planting.

Pre-Emergence or At-Planting (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Apply during or shortly after planting before weed emergence at rate in TABLE 2.

Post-Emergence (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Apply before weeds exceed 1.5" in height, and before corn exceeds 12" in height at rate in TABLE 2.

TABLE 2 - Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control on Corn*

For All Soil Applications Prior to Crop Emergence - Maximum broadcast application rates for corn must be as follows:

- On Highly Erodible Soils (as defined by Natural Resources Conservation Service {NRCS}): If conservation tillage is practiced, leaving
 at least 30% of the soil covered with plant residues at-planting, apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per
 acre as a single application. If the soil coverage with plant residue is less than 30% at-planting, a maximum of 1.7 lbs. (1.5 lbs. a.i.) of
 GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre may be applied.
- On Soils Not Highly Erodible (as defined by NRCS): Apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre as a single
 pre-emergence application.

For Post-Emergence Application: If no atrazine was applied prior to corn emergence, apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre broadcast. If a post-emergence treatment is required following an earlier herbicide application, the total atrazine applied may not exceed 2.7 lbs. (2.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per calendar year.

*Broadleaf Control (Eastern Colorado, Western Kansas, Western Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma Panhandle, West Texas, and Eastern Wyoming): On sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, mild to strongly alkaline soil, and all recently leveled soil, apply no more than 1.3 lbs. (1.2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre, either pre-plant or pre-emergence. On other soils in these areas, apply rate in TABLE 2 for broadleaf and grass control.

Where there are State/local requirements regarding atrazine use (including lower maximum rates and/or higher set-backs) which are different from the label, the more restrictive/protective requirements apply. Certain states may have established rate limitation within specific geographical areas. Consult your State lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from State use regulations.

POST-EMERGENCE WITH EMULSIFIABLE OIL OR OIL CONCENTRATE IN WATER

Add the following volume of 1 of the type oils indicated for ground application unless the oil label specifies otherwise:

Oil Type	Ground Application per Acre
Oil Concentrate (Crop or Petroleum-derived)	1 qt.
Petroleum-derived oil	1 gal.

Note: Crop-derived or petroleum-derived oil concentrates should contain at least 1%, but not more than 20%, suitable emulsifier or surfactant blend. Petroleum-derived oils should contain at least 1% suitable emulsifier.

Broadleaf and Grass Control

For post-emergence control of those weeds listed in TABLE 1 under Pre-Plant Surface-Applied, Pre-Plant Incorporated, or Pre-Emergence, broadcast 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate after weed emergence, but before weeds reach 1.5" in height and before corn exceeds 12" in height.

Broadleaf Control

For post-emergence control of those weeds listed in TABLE 1 under Post-Emergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water, broadcast 1.3 lbs. (1.2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate before lambsquarters and pigweed reach 6" in height and before all other weeds reach 4" in height. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

Restrictions - For Applications with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water:

- Do not apply more than 2.7 lbs. (2.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per calendar year.
- Post-emergence applications to corn must be made before crop reaches 12" in height.

Precautions - For Applications with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water:

- Inbred lines or any breeding stock may be severely injured by applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate.
- Adding other insecticides, herbicides, liquid fertilizers, or other materials is not recommended, because they may cause compatibility problems or crop injury.
- Store and handle emulsifiable oil and oil concentrate carefully. Oil contaminated with even a small amount of water may not emulsify properly when added to the tank.
- To avoid crop injury, do not apply when crop in under stress from prolonged cold, wet weather, poor fertility, or other factors, or when crop
 is wet and succulent from recent rainfall.

TANK MIXTURES FOR CORN

GCS Atrazine 90DF may be tank mixed with products containing the following herbicides for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in corn:

Alachlor	Metolachlor + Glyphosate	Paraquat
Alachlor + Glyphosate	Metolachlor + Paraquat	Propachlor
Alachlor + Paraquat	Metolachlor + Simazine	Simazine
Butylate	Metolachlor + Simazine + Glyphosate	Simazine + Glyphosate
Glyphosate	Metolachlor + Simazine + Paraquat	Simazine + Paraquat
Metolachlor		

Use tank mix directions appearing on the labels of the above herbicides when tank mixing with GCS Atrazine 90DF. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

When tank mixing or sequentially applying atrazine or products containing atrazine to Corn, do not exceed an application rate of 2 lbs. atrazine active ingredient per acre for any single application, and the total pounds of atrazine applied must not exceed 2.5 lbs. per acre per year. When tank mixing or sequentially applying atrazine or products containing atrazine to crops other than Corn or Sorghum, the total pounds of atrazine must not exceed the specific seasonal rate limits as noted in the use directions.

Note: When the labels of the above herbicides refer to Atrazine 80W, use equivalent rates of this product. 1 lb. of Atrazine 80W equals 0.9 lb. of GCS Atrazine 90DF.

GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Simazine

In addition to the weeds listed in **TABLE 1**, this combination also controls carpetweed, crabgrass, and Fall panicum. Broadcast tank mix before planting, at-planting, or after planting, but before crop and weeds emerge, at rates in **TABLE 3**. Use the low ratio for control of most weeds. Use the high ratio for expected heavy infestations of crabgrass and Fall panicum. Cultivate shallowly if weeds develop.

Pre-Plant Surface-Applied

Use on medium- and fine-textured soils with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. Apply the rate of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** and

simazine shown in TABLE 3 up to 45 days prior to planting. Refer to the GCS Atrazine 90DF APPLIED ALONE section for information if weeds should develop following the early treatment. On coarse-textured soils, do not apply more than 2 weeks prior to planting. Refer to the **Pre-Plant** Surface-Applied information within the CORN section for additional details.

If weeds are present at time of treatment, apply in a tank mix combination with a contact herbicide (for example, paraguat or glyphosate). Observe directions for use, precautions, and restrictions on the label of the contact herbicide.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Pre-Plant Incorporated

Apply to the soil and incorporate in the spring before, during or after final seedbed preparation. Avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within 2 weeks prior to planting.

Pre-Emergence

Apply during or shortly after planting, but before crop and weeds emerge.

TABLE 3 - Tank Mixtures of GCS Atrazine 90DE plus Simazine on Corn

Broadcast Rate per Acre			
Low Ratio*		High Ratio**	
GCS Atrazine 90DF	Simazine	GCS Atrazine 90DF	Simazine
1.1 lbs.	Refer to product label.	0.75 lb.	Refer to product label.
1.3 lbs.	Refer to product label.	0.9 lb.	Refer to product label.
1.6 lbs.	Refer to product label.	1.1 lbs.	Refer to product label.
	GCS Atrazine 90DF 1.1 lbs. 1.3 lbs.	Low Ratio* GCS Atrazine 90DF Simazine 1.1 lbs. Refer to product label. 1.3 lbs. Refer to product label. Refer to product label. Refer to product label.	Low Ratio* High Rat GCS Atrazine 90DF Simazine GCS Atrazine 90DF 1.1 lbs. Refer to product label. 0.75 lb. 1.3 lbs. Refer to product label. 0.9 lb.

**For control of expected heavy infestations of craborass and Fall panicum.

GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Simazine plus Paraguat

For kill of existing vegetation and residual weed control where corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residues, apply 1.2 - 2.2 lbs. (1.08 - 2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF plus the label specified rate of Simazine, or label specified rate of Simazine plus the label specified amount of paraguat per sprayed acre prior to, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. Use the lower rates of atrazine and simazine on Light soils and the higher rates on Heavy clay soils. Use 20 - 60 gals. of diluted spray per sprayed acre. Add Surf-Ac® 820 or another nonionic surfactant at the rate of 8 fl. oz. per 100 gals, of diluted spray, Add GCS Atrazine 90DF to the spray tank while agitating, then add the simazine, paraguat, and Surf-Ac® 820. Continue agitation during application. Use the higher rate of paraguat if existing vegetation is 4" - 6" tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6".

Refer to further limitations and precautions on labels for this product, simazine, and paraquat products. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Simazine plus Glyphosate

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this tank mixture controls many emerged weeds, and gives pre-emergence control of many annual weeds when corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established or in previous crop residues.

Apply this tank mixture in 20 - 60 gals. of water per acre immediately before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. As density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, increase spray gallonage and rate within the specified ranges to ensure complete coverage.

Annual Weeds: Apply atrazine and simazine to actively growing grasses and broadleaf weeds that are 6" tall at the rates given in TABLE 4 plus the label specified rate of glyphosate per acre. If the weeds are over 8" tall, increase the rate of glyphosate, Refer to the glyphosate label for specified rate.

Perennial Weeds: At normal application rates in minimum-tillage systems, perennial weeds may not be at the proper stage of growth for control. Refer to the alvohosate label for the proper stage of growth for perennial weeds. This combination will provide top kill and reduce competition from many emerged perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds.

Restrictions:

- . Do not use this tank mix on sand or loamy sand soils.
- Do not exceed the label specified maximum rate of glyphosate per acre in this tank mixture.
- Do not use for control of bermudagrass or johnsongrass in minimum-tillage systems.

TABLE 4 - Tank Mixtures of GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Simazine plus Glyphosate

Soil Texture	GCS Atrazine 90DF*	Simazine
COARSE: Sandy loam soil	1.1 lbs.	Refer to product label.
MEDIUM: Loam, Silt loam, Silt, Sandy clay loam	1.1 - 1.6 lbs.	Refer to product label.
FINE: Silty clay, Loam, Clay loam, Sandy clay, Silty clay, Clay 1.3 - 1.7 lbs. Refer to product I		
*Use the higher rate of atrazine and simazine in the specified range in soil with greater than 3% organic matter.		

For All Soil Applications Prior to Crop Emergence -

- On Highly Erodible Soils (as defined by NRCS): If conservation tillage is practiced, leaving at least 30% of the soil covered with plant
 residues at-planting, apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre as a single broadcast spray. If the soil coverage
 with plant residue is less than 30% at-planting, a maximum of 1.7 lbs. (1.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre may be applied.
- On Soils Not Highly Erodible (as defined by NRCS): Apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre as a single broadcast spray.

SORGHUM AND SORGHUM-SUDAN HYBRIDS (GRAIN AND FORAGE TYPES)

Apply before planting, at-planting or after planting. See CORN section for weeds controlled.

Restrictions - For All Applications to Sorghum:

- Do not apply more than 2.7 lbs. (2.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per calendar year.
- Do not harvest for forage within 60 days of a pre-emergence application and 45 days of a post-emergent application.
- Do not apply atrazine and propazine products to the same sorghum acre.

Precautions - For All Applications to Sorghum:

- Heavy rain immediately following application tends to cause excessive concentrations of herbicide in the seed furrow, resulting in possible crop injury. Do not apply to furrow-planted sorghum until furrows are leveled (plowed in). Level deep planter marks or seed furrows before application.
- Application to sorghum growing under stress caused by minor element deficiency or to sorghum growing on highly calcareous soil may result in crop injury.
- Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used.
- Injury may occur if both this herbicide, pre-plant surface, pre-plant incorporated, or pre-emergence, and an at-planting systemic insecticide
 applied in-furrow are used.
- For all soil applications prior to crop emergence (except for pre-emergence use on bedded sorghum in Arizona and California), do not apply
 to coarse-textured soils, i.e., sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, or to medium- and fine-textured soils having less than 1% organic matter, or
 injury may occur.
- For applications to furrow-irrigated bedded sorghum in Arizona and California and for post-emergence applications plus emulsifiable oil, see additional precautions under these sections of this label.
- For post-emergence applications, do not apply to sand or loamy sand, or injury may occur.

Pre-Plant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Use on medium- and fine-textured soil with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. Apply the rate of GCS Atrazine 90DF shown in TABLE 5 up to 45 days prior to planting. If an unsatisfactory length of weed control results from adverse environmental conditions following early treatment, a follow-up application of an appropriately labeled herbicide may be used. If the follow-up treatment includes atrazine, do not exceed the labeled rate for corn indicated in TABLE 2. Under dry conditions, irrigate after application to move atrazine into the soil.

If weeds are present at time of treatment, apply in a tank mix combination with a contact herbicide (for example, paraquat or glyphosate). It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Pre-Plant Incorporated (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate shown in **TABLE 5**. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within 2 weeks prior to planting.

Pre-Emergence or At-Planting (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Apply during or shortly after planting but prior to weed or crop emergence at rate shown in TABLE 5.

Post-Emergence (Broadleaf and Grass Control)

Apply at rate shown in **TABLE 5** before weeds exceed 1.5" in height and before sorghum reaches 12" in height. If no atrazine was applied prior to sorghum emergence, apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre broadcast. If a postemergence treatment is required following an earlier herbicide application, the total atrazine applied may not exceed 2.7 lbs. (2.5 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre per calendar year.

TABLE 5 - Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control in Sorghum

Pre-Plant Surface, Pre-Plant Incorporated and Pre-Emergence or At-Planting Applications*

- On Highly Erodible Soils (as defined by NRCS): If conservation tillage is practiced, leaving at least 30% of the soil covered with
 plant residues at-planting, apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre as a single broadcast spray.
 If the soil coverage with plant residue is less than 30% at planting, a maximum of 1.7 lbs. (1.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre
 may be applied.
- On Soils Not Highly Erodible(as defined by NRCS): Apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre as a single broadcast spray.

*Do not apply pre-plant surface or pre-plant incorporated in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, or Texas. Do not apply pre-emergence in New Mexico, Oklahoma, or Texas, except in Northeast Oklahoma and the Texas Gulf Coast and the Blacklands areas.

Where there are State/local requirements regarding atrazine use (including lower maximum rates and/or greater setbacks) which are different from the label, the more restrictive/protective requirements must be followed. Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your State lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from State use regulations.

In case of planting failure, sorghum or corn may be replanted. Do not make a second broadcast application, or injury may occur. If originally applied in a band and sorghum or corn is replanted in untreated row middles, GCS Atrazine 90DF may be applied in a band to the second planting. The repeat application must not exceed 2.7 lbs. (2.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per calendar year.

Pre-Emergence (Broadleaf Weed Control) in Furrow-Irrigated Bedded Sorghum (Arizona and California Only)

For pre-emergence control of broadleaf weeds, broadcast 0.9 - 1.3 lbs. (0.8 - 1.2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre. Make application after bed preparation, during or after planting, but before sorghum and weeds emerge and before the first furrow irrigation. Several irrigations should follow the application, making sure that all soil is thoroughly wet.

Use Restrictions - Pre-Emergence Applications to Furrow-Irrigated Bedded Sorghum Grown in Arizona and California:

- Do not use on sand or loamy sand soils or on sorghum planted in the furrow.
- In case of crop failure, so not replant sorghum for 8 months following application. Corn may be planted immediately.

Use Precautions - Pre-Emergence Applications to Furrow-Irrigated Bedded Sorghum Grown in Arizona and California:

Applications made to sorghum growing on alkali soils or where cutes, fills or erosions have exposed calcareous or alkali subsoils may
result in crop injury.

Post-Emergence (Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control)

Apply before weeds exceed 1" in height at the rate indicated in TABLE 6. Application may be made to sorghum reaching up to 12" in height.

TABLE 6 - Post-Emergence Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control in Sorghum

Soil Texture	Minimum Height of Sorghum At Treatment	Maximum Broadcast Rate of GCS Atrazine 90DF per Acre (lbs. a.i.)	
Sand or Loamy sand	DO NOT USE.		
Sandy loam	See directions for Broadleaf and Weed control below.		
Silt loam to Sandy clay loams	Completely emerged.	2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.)	
Olton and Pullman clay soils	At least 6" high.	2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.)	
Silty clay loams and heavier soils	Completely emerged.	2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.)	

If no atrazine was applied prior to sorghum emergence, apply a maximum of 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre broadcast. If a post-emergence treatment is required following an earlier herbicide application, the total atrazine applied may not exceed 2.7 lbs. (2.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per calendar year.

Post-Emergence Broadleaf Weed Control with GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water

Broadcast 1.3 lbs. (1.2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for control of many broadleaf weeds. Apply before pigweed and lambsquarters reach 6" in height and before all other weeds reach 4" in height. In Colorado, Western Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas and desert

regions of Arizona and California, apply when sorghum is 6" - 12" in height, but before it reaches boot stage. In all other areas, apply after sorghum reaches the 3-leaf stage, but before it exceeds 12" in height. Add emulsifiable oil at the rate of 1 gal. per acre or add 1 qt. per of oil concentrate for ground application. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

For the list of weeds controlled, see the Post-Emergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water section in TABLE 1.

Precautions for applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water: Refer to the **Precautions - For Applications with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water** in the **CORN** section.

Post-Emergence Broadleaf Weed Control with GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Surfactant (Colorado, western Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and Desert regions of Arizona and California Only)

Broadcast 1.3 lbs. (1.2 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre plus 0.75 - 1.5 pts. of surfactant after sorghum reaches 6" in height, but before weeds exceed 1.5" in height. Apply only on sandy loam and fine-textured soil.

TANK MIXTURES FOR GRAIN SORGHUM

GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Metolachlor on Grain Sorghum (Cyometrinil-Treated Seed)

GCS Atrazine 90DF plus metolachlor tank mixture provides control of weeds listed on the metolachlor label and this label. Refer to the metolachlor product label for all directions, precautions, and limitations. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

When tank-mixing or sequentially applying atrazine or products containing atrazine to sorghum, do not exceed an application rate of 2 lbs. atrazine active ingredient for any single application, and the total lbs. of atrazine applied (lbs. a.i./A) must not exceed 2.5 lbs. per acre per year.

When tank-mixing or sequentially applying atrazine or products containing atrazine to crops other than corn or sorghum, the total lbs. of atrazine applied (lbs a.i./A) must not exceed the specific seasonal rate limits as noted in the use directions.

WINTER WEED CONTROL IN TEXAS

For post-emergence control of winter weeds only, including henbit, seedling dock and annual thistle on fall-bedded land in the Gulf Coast and Blacklands of Texas. Apply 0.9 - 1.1 lbs. (0.8 - 1 lb. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre post-emergence to the weeds in November or December to land that will be planted to corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum the following spring. For best results, add a suitable surfactant, including Surf-Ac 820, at the rate of 0.5% of the spray volume, an emulsifiable oil at the rate of 1 % of the spray volume, or an oil concentrate at the rate of 1 gt. per acre. Normal weed control programs may be used in corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum crop.

Restriction - Winter Weed Control in Texas:

. Do not plant any crops, except corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum, the spring following this treatment or illegal residues may result.

GCS ATRAZINE 90DF ALONE - CHEMICAL FALLOW

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow

To control annual broadleaf and grass weeds following wheat harvest and in the following sorghum crop when grown under minimum tillage. Apply 2.5 lbs. (2.25 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre to wheat stubble immediately following wheat harvest. If weeds are present at application, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable implement after application, or use an approved contact herbicide before or after the application of GCS Atrazine 90DF. Plant sorghum into wheat stubble the following spring with minimum soil disturbance. Use a surface planter or a planter leaving a shallow furrow. If weeds are present at planting, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable implement before planting.

For the list of weeds controlled, see the Pre-Plant Surface-Applied, Pre-Plant Incorporated, or Pre-Emergence section within TABLE 1.

Restrictions:

- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH greater than 7.5: Do not apply more than 1.6 lbs. (1.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH of less than 7.5: Do not apply more than 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- For All Other Locations: Do not apply more than 2.5 lbs. (2.25 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application and do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- · Wheat-Sorghum-fallow cropping sequence must be followed.
- Do not apply following sorghum harvest.
- To avoid illegal residues, do not graze or feed forage from treated area to livestock.
- To avoid illegal residues, do not plant any crop other than those on this label within 18 months following treatment.

Precaution:

• Use only on silt loam or fine-textured soil, or crop injury may result.

Wheat-Corn-Fallow (Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming)

GCS Atrazine 90DF controls cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), kochia, mustards, pigweed, Russian thistle, wild lettuce, wild sunflower, and volunteer wheat during the period after wheat harvest. Weed control may extend into the following corn crop grown under minimum tillage.

Restrictions:

- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH greater than 7.5: Do not apply more than 1.6 lbs. (1.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH of less than 7.5: Do not apply more than 1.1 2.2 lbs. (1 2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year. Use the higher rate on fine-textured soils and where heavy weed infestations are expected. Use the lower rate on coarse-textured soils and where light weed infestations are expected. Do not apply more than 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application.
- For All Other Locations: Do not apply more than 2.5 lbs. (2.25 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. In the event grasses are present in the following spring, use a grass herbicide registered for use on corn. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.

Follow directions for use, notes, and precautions in the Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow section above, substituting corn for references to sorghum.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming)

For pre-emergence control of cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), common lambsquarters, field pennycress, kochia, mustard, Russian thistle, wild lettuce, and suppression of volunteer wheat during fallow period of a wheat-fallow-wheat rotation, broadcast 0.5 - 1.1 lbs. (0.45 - 1 lb. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre on all soils except those listed under Restrictions. For control of pigweed and wild sunflower, use the higher rate. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period.

Restrictions:

- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH greater than 7.5: Do not apply more than 1.6 lbs. (1.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH of less than 7.5: Do not apply more than 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- For All Other Locations: Do not apply more 2.5 lbs. (2.25 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.

TANK MIXTURES FOR CHEMICAL FALLOW

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow or Wheat-Corn-Fallow (Kansas and Nebraska)

GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Paraquat

If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with a product containing paraquat may be used. Broadcast 2.5 lbs. (2.25 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF plus the labeled rate of paraquat in 20 - 60 gals. of water per acre by ground equipment. Add 0.5 - 1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, including Surf-Ac 820, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Add GCS Atrazine 90DF to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add paraquat, followed by surfactant. Use the higher rate of paraquat specified on the label if weeds are 4* - 6* tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6*. Apply to stubble ground. Refer to paraquat product label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming)

GCS Atrazine 90DF plus Paraquat

If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with a product containing paraquat may be used. Broadcast 0.5 - 1.1 lbs. (0.45 - 1 lb. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF plus the labeled rate of paraquat in 20 - 60 gals. of water per acre by ground equipment. Add 0.5 - 1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, including Surf-Ac 820, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Add GCS Atrazine 90DF to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add paraquat, followed by surfactant. Use the high rate of paraquat if weeds are 4" - 6" tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6". Apply to stubble ground. Refer to paraquat label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

If weeds are present at application and GCS Atrazine 90DF is used alone, use either an approved contact herbicide before or after treatment, or tillage after treatment.

Use tillage to control weeds which escape during fallow period. Till before planting. For **GCS Atrazine 90DF** applied alone or in tank mixture with paraquat, plant at least 2" deep and 12 months or more after application.

Restrictions:

- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH greater than 7.5: Do not apply more than 1.6 lbs. (1.5 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- For soils in North Dakota and South Dakota with a pH of less than 7.5: Do not apply more than 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- For All Other Locations: Do not apply more than 2.5 lbs. (2.25 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application. Do not apply more than 1 application per year.

- Do not graze treated areas within 6 months after application or illegal residues may result.
- Do not use on sandy soil.
- · Do not treat eroded hillsides, caliche and rocky outcroppings, or exposed calcareous subsoil.
- Do not treat soils of the Rosebud and Canyon Series in Western Nebraska and adjoining counties in Colorado and Wyoming.
- . Do not treat soils with calcareous surface lavers .

Precaution:

Avoid spray overlap.

SUGARCANE

ALL STATES

For control of many broadleaf and grass weeds, including amaranths, crabgrass, fireweed, Flora's paintbrush, foxtails, junglerice and wiregrass, broadcast 2.2 - 4.4 lbs. (2 - 4 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre at time of planting or ratooning, but before sugarcane emerges. Broadcast or band by ground equipment in a minimum of 20 gals. per acre, unless indicated otherwise. One additional application may be made over the sugarcane as it emerges, and 2 additional applications may be made interline after emergence as directed sprays. Repeat treatments, where needed, may be applied broadcast, band, or interline as suggested with the final application being prior to close-in. Do not exceed the rate of herbicide specified for any 1 crop of sugarcane.

Note: Where high rates of GCS Atrazine 90DF are used, apply in a minimum of 1 gal. of water for each 1 lb. of GCS Atrazine 90DF applied per acre.

Restrictions - All States and Uses:

- Do not apply after close-in.
- Do not apply more than 4.4 lbs. (4 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application.
- Do not apply more than 11.1 lbs. (10 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per crop.

Precaution - All States and Uses:

• Injury to sugarcane may occur when under moisture stress, when soil is of low adsorptive capacity, or when land is first cropped to sugarcane.

For specific weed problems, the following State specific sections may be used. Other rate and application timings may be used for other weed spectrums and cultural practices, provided they are within the above **ALL STATES** section and are consistent with the **Restrictions** and **Precautions** for all States and Uses.

FLORIDA

For Control of Emerged Pellitory Weeds (Artillery Weed): Apply 0.4 - 0.6 lb. (0.36 - 0.54 lb. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre in 40 gals. of water as a directed spray by ground equipment prior to close-in. Add 2 qts. of surfactant for each 50 gals. of spray. Thoroughly cover weed foliage.

For Control of Alexandergrass, Large Crabgrass, Pellitory Weed (Artillery Weed), and Spiny Amaranth, Use 1 of the Following Methods At-Planting or Ratooning:

- Apply 4.4 lbs. (4 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre pre-emergence. Follow with 1 or 2 applications, as needed, postemergence to sugarcane and weeds, at 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre. Treat before weeds exceed 1.5" in height.
- Apply 1 3 times, as needed, at 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre post-emergence to sugarcane and weeds. Treat before
 weeds exceed 1.5" in height.

The total lbs. of active ingredient applied by pre-emergent PLUS post-emergent applications cannot exceed 11.1 lbs. (10 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per crop.

LOUISIANA

For control of annual weeds during the summer fallow period, apply 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre to weed-free beds immediately after bed formation. Follow normal weed control after planting.

Restrictions - Louisiana (to avoid crop injury):

- Do not apply more than 11.1 lbs. (10 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre to any 1 crop of sugarcane.
- If making 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre application during summer fallow period, do not exceed 8.8 lbs. (8 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre during the remainder of the growing season.

TEXAS

Use GCS Atrazine 90DF for control of barnyardgrass, pigweed, purslane and sunflower, in plant or ratoon sugarcane.

Apply 4.4 lbs. (4 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre pre-emergence. Follow with 1 or 2 applications, as needed, at 3.3 lbs. (3 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre post-emergence to sugarcane and weeds.

For best results when weeds are emerged, add a nonionic surfactant, such as Surf-Ac 820, at a concentration of 2 qts. per 100 gals. to the spray and apply before weeds exceed 1.5" in height.

MACADAMIA NUTS

For pre-emergence control of many broadleaf and grass weeds, including crabgrass, foxtail, wiregrass, Flora's paintbrush, Spanish needles, and fireweed, broadcast 2.2 - 4.4 lbs. (2 - 4 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre before harvest and before weeds emerge. Repeat, as necessary.

Restrictions - Macadamia Nuts:

- Do not apply more than 4.4 lbs. (4 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application.
- Do not apply more than 8.8 lbs. (8 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per year.
- Do not spray when nuts are on ground during harvest period.
- Do not apply with a mechanically pressurized handgun.

GUAVA

GCS Atrazine 90DF controls many annual broadleaf and grass weeds, including fireweed, purslane, scarlet pimpernel, Spanish needles, and sowthistle. Use only on established plantings which are at least 18 months old.

Apply as directed spray at 2.2 - 4.4 lbs. (2 - 4 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre in 20 - 50 gals. of spray mix pre-emergence or early post-emergence to weeds. When applying post-emergence, the use of a surfactant and great spray volume (80 - 100 gals. of spray mix per acre) may enhance weed control.

Restrictions - Guava:

- Do not apply more than 4.4 lbs. (4 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application.
- Do not apply more than 8.8 lbs. (8 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per year.
- · Do not allow spray to contact foliage or fruit.
- Do not apply more frequently than at 4-month intervals.
- · Do not apply with a mechanically pressurized handgun.

CONIFERS

For control of annual broadleaf and grass weeds prior to transplanting, after transplanting, or in established conifers (including Austrian pine, Bishop pine, blue spruce, Douglas-fir, grand fir, Jeffrey pine, knobcone pine, loblolly pine, lodgepole pine (shore pine), Monterey pine, noble fir, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine, Sitka spruce, slash pine, and white fir).

Broadcast 2.2 - 4.4 lbs. (2 - 4 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** in a minimum of 10 gals. of water by ground before weeds are 1.5" tall. Apply to established trees between fall and early spring while trees are dormant. For new transplants, apply during or soon after transplanting. For applications prior to transplanting, allow sufficient precipitation to activate **GCS Atrazine 90DF** before transplanting. In areas where spring and summer rainfall is inadequate to activate **GCS Atrazine 90DF**, apply during fall prior to spring transplanting.

For the list of weeds controlled, see TABLE 1.

Quackgrass Control

Broadcast 4.4 lbs. (4 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** in a minimum of 10 gals. of water by ground between fall and early spring while trees are dormant and before quackgrass is more than 1.5" tall.

Restrictions - Conifers:

- Do not apply more than the maximum single application rate and the maximum yearly rate of 4.4 lbs. (4 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre per year for any application.
- In areas west of the Rocky Mountains (except the Great Basin), grazing may begin 7 months after a fall application, or 3 months after a
 winter or spring application.
- Do not graze treated areas of the Great Basin, or areas east of the Rocky Mountains to prevent illegal residues.
- . Do not apply more than once per year.

Precautions - Conifers:

- Temporary injury to trees may occur following use of atrazine on coarse-textured soil.
- . To avoid crop injury, do not apply to seedbeds.

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP) (Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, and Texas)

For control or suppression of the following weeds: annual ragweeds, barnyardgrass, black nightshade, cheat, cocklebur, downy brome, fall panicum, field pennycress, giant foxtail, yellow foxtail, Japanese brome, Kentucky bluegrass, kochia, lambsquarders, little barley, marestail, piqweed, prickly lettuce, smooth brome, and sunflower, refer to the directions, notes, restrictions, and precautions below.

Pure Stands of Newly Seeded Big Bluestem, Switchgrass, and Eastern Gramagrass

Use only on loam, silt loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, and silty clay soils with at least 1% organic matter.

Establishment

Broadcast 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre pre-plant incorporated or pre-emergence at time of seeding and prior to emergence of weeds. Prepare a good firm seedbed. Plant 0.5" deep with a grassland drill (preferred method) or a conventional drill. If a conventional drill is used on prepared seedbeds, remove all tension from the disk openers. For best results, cultipack or roll after planting.

Renovation of Existing Stands of Big Bluestem and Switchgrass Planted on CRP Acres

Broadcast 1.1 - 2.2 lbs. (1 - 2 lbs. a.i.) of **GCS Atrazine 90DF** per acre to existing stands of big bluestem and switchgrass prior to the emergence of weeds. Use the low rate on soils containing from 1 - 2% organic matter. Use the high rate on soils with 2% or more organic matter.

Renovation of Existing Stands of the Following Perennial Range Grasses Planted on CRP Acres

Blue grama, Indiangrass, little bluestem, sand lovegrass, sideoats grama, and western wheatgrass. Broadcast 0.6 - 1.1 lbs. (0.54 - 1 lb. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre in the spring prior to weed emergence, or in the fall before the ground freezes and prior to weed emergence after these species have been established for at least 1 growing season for control or partial control of the weeds listed above. Use the low rate for weeds controlled or suppressed easily. Use the higher rate on other weeds claimed in an earlier section of this label.

Restrictions - Conservation Reserve Program (CRP):

- . Do not cut or feed grass hay to livestock.
- . Do not graze treated areas.
- · Do not use seeds for bird food.
- · Do not dump or spill product or dispose of containers within reach of livestock.
- Follow all applicable restrictions for the Conservation Reserve Program.
- . Do not make more than 1 application per year.
- Do not apply more than 2.2 lbs. (2 lbs. a.i.) of GCS Atrazine 90DF per acre for any application.

Precautions - Conservation Reserve Program (CRP):

- Slight discoloration of desirable grasses may occur following treatment.
- Injury may be enhanced when used on neutral or alkaline soils.

SEVERE DROUGHT CONDITIONS

Do not graze forage or cut forage for hay. Under severe drought conditions, the Conservation Reserve Program allows grazing and making of hay from CRP acres, as so specified by the local ASCS (Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation Service) office. This label **does not** allow grazing or making of hay from CRP acres that have been treated with atrazine under any circumstance.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Storage should be in a cool, dry area away from any heat or ignition source. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not allow bags to become wet or store in a damp, humid area. Keep away from any puncture source. Store in original container only. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable Container (flexible-bag-all weights): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment, then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid 50 lbs. or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid-greater than 50 lbs.): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least ocmplete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with this product only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

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