

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

May Injure (Phytotoxic) Susceptible, Non-Target Plants. For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Commercial certified applicators must also ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

Supplemental Labeling



9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

MezaVue™

EPA Reg. No. 62719-717

For Distribution and Use Only in the Following States: NM, OK, TX

**For Use on Grass Harvested for Hay
Intended for Distribution or Sale Off the Farm or Ranch**

**For Use On Grass Harvested for Silage, Haylage, Baylage, or Green Chop
Intended for Use On the Farm or Ranch**

This supplemental label expires on May 30, 2023, and must not be used or distributed after this date.

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for MezaVue herbicide before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of MezaVue according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the container for MezaVue.

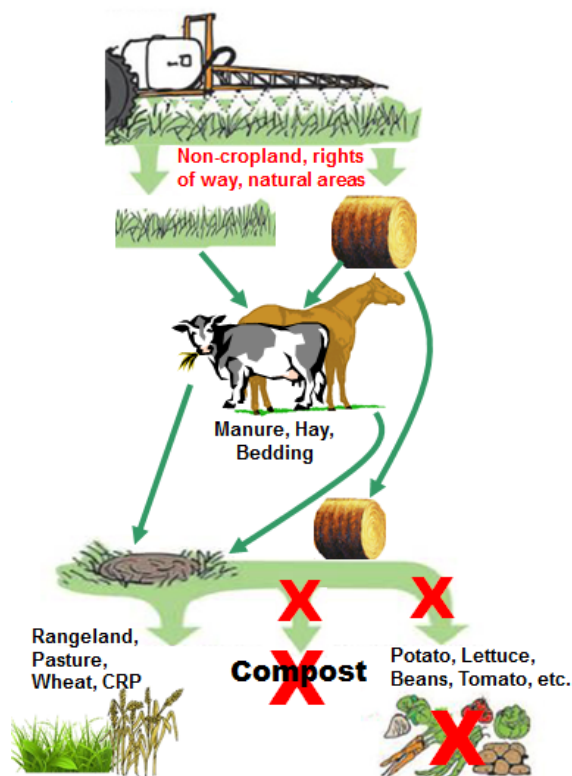
Use Precautions and Restrictions

Consult with a Dow AgroSciences representative if you do not understand the Use Precautions and Restrictions. Call 800-258-3033 for more information.

IMPORTANT USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS

- It is mandatory to follow the **Use Precautions and Restrictions** section of this product label.
- Manure and urine from animals consuming treated grass or forage may contain enough aminopyralid to cause injury to sensitive broadleaf plants.
- The Applicator must provide the land manager with a copy of the Dow AgroSciences Stewardship instructions regarding uses of forage from areas treated with MezaVue.

Forage and Manure Management



- **Do not use grasses treated with MezaVue in the preceding 18 months for hay intended for export outside the United States.**
- **Do not use hay or straw from areas treated with MezaVue within the preceding 18 months, or manure from animals feeding on hay treated with MezaVue, in compost.**
- **Do not use grasses treated within the preceding 18 months for seed production.**
- **Do not use on Timothy hay or other cool-season grasses grown for hay.**
- Do not overseed ryegrass for 4 months after treatment.
- **MezaVue is highly active against many broadleaf plant species.** Do not use this product on areas where loss of desirable broadleaf forage plants, including legumes, cannot be tolerated.
- **Seeding Legumes:** Do not plant forage legumes until a soil bioassay has been conducted to determine if MezaVue concentration remaining in the soil will adversely affect the legume establishment.
- **Grazing and Haying Restrictions:** There are no restrictions on grazing or grass hay harvest following application of MezaVue at labeled rates for non-lactating dairy animals or other livestock. Cutting hay too soon after spraying weeds will reduce weed control. For optimum uptake and translocation of MezaVue, wait 14 days after herbicide application to cut grass hay to allow herbicide to work. Do not transfer grazing animals from areas treated with MezaVue to areas where sensitive broadleaf crops occur without first allowing 3 days of grazing on an untreated pasture. Otherwise, urine and manure may contain enough MezaVue to cause injury to sensitive broadleaf plants.

- **Grazing Poisonous Plants:** Herbicide application may increase palatability of certain poisonous plants. Do not graze treated areas until poisonous plants are dry and no longer palatable to livestock.
- **Transfer of Animals Feeding on MezaVue-Treated Forage:** Do not transfer animals grazing or feeding on hay from areas treated with MezaVue to areas where sensitive broadleaf crops occur without first allowing 3 days of grazing on an untreated pasture. Otherwise, urine and manure may contain enough MezaVue to cause injury to sensitive broadleaf plants.
- **Restrictions in Hay or Manure Use:**
 - Do not use treated plant residues, including hay or straw from areas treated within the preceding 18 months in compost, mulch, or mushroom spawn.
 - Do not use manure from animals that have grazed forage or eaten hay harvested from treated areas within the previous 3 days, in compost, mulch, or mushroom spawn.
 - Do not spread manure from animals that have grazed or consumed forage or hay from treated areas within the previous 3 days on land used for growing broadleaf crops.
 - Manure from animals that have grazed forage or eaten hay harvested from MezaVue-treated areas within the previous 3 days may only be used on pasture grasses, grass grown for seed, and wheat.
 - Do not plant a broadleaf crop in fields treated in the previous year with manure from animals that have grazed forage or eaten hay harvested from MezaVue-treated areas until an adequately sensitive field bioassay is conducted to determine that the MezaVue residues in the soil is at level that is not injurious to the crop to be planted.
 - To promote herbicide decomposition, plant residues should be evenly incorporated in the surface soil or burned. Breakdown of MezaVue in plant residues or manure is more rapid under warm, moist soil conditions and may be accelerated by supplemental irrigation.
- **Crop Rotation:** Do not rotate to cropland for one year following an application of MezaVue. Do not plant a broadleaf crop until an adequately sensitive field bioassay shows that the level of MezaVue present in the soil will not adversely affect that broadleaf crop.
- **Field Bioassay Instructions:** In fields previously treated with this product, plant short test rows of the intended rotational crop across the original direction of application in a manner to sample variability in field conditions such as soil texture, soil organic matter, soil pH, rainfall pattern or drainage. The field bioassay can be initiated at any time between harvest of the treated crop and the planting of the intended rotational crop. Observe the test crop for symptoms of herbicidal activity, such as poor stand (effect on seed germination), chlorosis (yellowing), and necrosis (dead leaves or shoots), or stunting (reduced growth). If herbicidal symptoms do not occur, the test crop can be grown. If there is apparent herbicidal activity, do not plant the field to the intended rotational crop; plant only to wheat, forage grasses, native grasses or grasses grown for hay.
- Trees adjacent to or in a treated area can occasionally be affected by root uptake of MezaVue through movement into the soil. Do not apply MezaVue within the root zone of desirable trees unless such injury can be tolerated. Use special caution near roses, and leguminous trees such as locusts, redbud, mimosa, and caragana.

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R429-002

EPA accepted 03/25/2020

Replaces R429-001