

# Safety Data Sheet

29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# **MicroSync Complete**

Version number: 1.0

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name <u>MicroSync Complete</u>

CAS number Not relevant (mixture)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Fertilizer

Industrial and commercial applications

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Verdesian Life Sciences, U.S., LLC. 1001 Winstead Drive, Suite 480

Cary, NC 27513 United States Telephone: (800) 868-6446 Telefax: (919) 535-3652

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison center		
Country	Name	Telephone
United States	INFOTRAC (North America)	1-800-535-5053

As above or nearest toxicological information centre.

# **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classifica	ation			
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
A.6	carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350i
A.7	reproductive toxicity	1B	Repr. 1B	H360FD

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#### Classification

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated expos- ure	1	STOT RE 1	H372

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

#### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word Danger

**Pictograms** 

**GHS05, GHS08** 



#### **Hazard statements**

**H315** Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.

**H360FD** May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if in-

haled).

# **Precautionary statements**

**P201** Obtain special instructions before use.

**P260** Do not breathe dust.

**P280** Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**P302+P352** IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

**P305+P351+P338** If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**P308+P313** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**P310** Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

**P362** Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

**P501** Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

**Hazardous ingredients for labelling** disodium tetraborate pentahydrate

quartz

zinc sulphate, mono hydrate Crystalline silica (cristobalite)

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# 2.3 Other hazards

# Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture).

# 3.2 Mixtures

# Description of the mixture

# **Hazardous ingredients**

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Calcium sulfate di- hydrate	CAS No 10101-41-4	10-<25	-	-	-
Iron(II) sulfate mono- hydrate	CAS No 17375-41-6	10-<25	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	1	-
Disodium tetrabor- ate pentahydrate	CAS No 12179-04-3	5 – < 10	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Repr. 1B / H360FD	<b>(!)</b>	-
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	CAS No 7446-19-7	5 – < 10	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		-
Manganese oxide	CAS No 1344-43-0	5 – < 10	-	-	-
Manganese sulphate monohydrate	CAS No 10034-96-5	5 – < 10	STOT RE 2 / H373	<b>\$</b>	-
Zinc oxide	CAS No 1314-13-2	3-<5	-	-	-
Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes	CAS No 8002-74-2 RTECS No RV0350000	3-<5	CD / OSHA003	-	-
Quartz	CAS No 14808-60-7	1-<3	Carc. 1A / H350i STOT RE 1 / H372	<b>&amp;</b>	IARC: 1
Copper (II) oxide	CAS No 1317-38-0 RTECS No GL7900000	1-<3	-	-	-

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## **Hazardous ingredients**

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Citric acid	CAS No 77-92-9	0.3 - < 1	Eye Irrit. 2A / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335 CD / OSHA003	<b>(1)</b>	-
Copper sulphate	CAS No 7758-99-8	0.3 - < 1	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		-
Starch	CAS No 9005-25-8	0.3 - < 1	CD / OSHA003	-	-
Crystalline silica (cris- tobalite)	CAS No 14464-46-1	0.3 - < 1	Carc. 1A / H350i STOT RE 1 / H372	<b>\$</b>	IARC: 1 RoC "Known"
Zinc chloride	CAS No 7646-85-7	0.1 - < 0.3	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335		-

#### Notes

IARC: 1: IARC group 1: carcinogenic to humans (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

RoC NTP-RoC: Known To Be A Human Carcinogen

"Known

":

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

# **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a doctor.

# **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

#### Notes for the doctor

None.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following eye contact: Risk of blindness.

Repeated uptake or uptake of large quantities may lead to chronic effects (see section 11). The product contains crystalline silicic acids in the form of cristobalite and quartz which, if inhaled, are harmful to health. However, the evaluation of scientific findings is controversial. Recent diagnostic possibilities have provided the certainty that silicosis (pneumoconiosis) is a consequence of heavy exposure to quartz dust. There is also evidence that silicotic people have an increased lung cancer risk. Long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause cancer and adverse effects on the lungs, immune system, and kidneys.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products: Section 10.

# **Hazardous combustion products**

nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulfur oxides (SOx), oxides of boron, metal oxide smoke

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses.

Collect contaminated firefighting water separately.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

# Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus

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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

Ventilate affected area.

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Collect spillage.

## Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Ventilate affected area.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Personal protective equipment: see section 8.

Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific notes/details

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room.

# Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

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# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.

Wash hands after use.

Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Flammability hazards

None.

# **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

## Protect against external exposure, such as

high temperatures, humidity

#### **Consideration of other advice**

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### **Packaging compatibilities**

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, a TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

# Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	Copper salts	-	PEL (CA)	-	1	-	-	Dm, Cu	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Iron, soluble salts	-	REL	-	1 (10 h)	-	-	Fe	NIOSH REL
US	Iron salts, soluble	-	PEL (CA)	-	1	-	-	Fe	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Iron salts, soluble	-	TLV®	-	1	-	-	Fe	ACGIH® 2023

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# Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	Copper com- pounds	-	REL	-	1 (10 h)	-	-	Dm, Cu	NIOSH REL
US	Manganese, inorganic compounds	1	TLV®	-	0.1	1	-	I, Mn	ACGIH® 2023
US	Manganese, inor- ganic compounds	-	TLV®	-	0.02	-	-	R, Mn	ACGIH® 2023
US	Manganese com- pounds	1	PEL (CA)	-	0.2	1	-	Mn	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Manganese com- pounds	-	REL	-	1 (10 h)	-	3	Mn	NIOSH REL
US	Manganese com- pounds	-	PEL	-	-	-	-	Mn	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Particulates not otherwise regu- lated	-	PEL (CA)	-	10	-	-	Dust	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Particulates not otherwise regu- lated	-	PEL (CA)	-	5	-	-	R	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Particulates not otherwise classi- fied	-	REL	-	-	ı	-	Appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	Particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)	-	PEL	1,766	15	-	-	Partml, i, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)	-	PEL	529.5	5	-	-	Partml, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Calcium sulfate dihydrate	10101- 41-4	TLV®	-	10	-	-	I	ACGIH® 2023
US	Disodium tetrab- orate pentahy- drate	12179- 04-3	PEL (CA)	-	5	-	-	-	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Disodium tetrab- orate pentahy- drate	12179- 04-3	REL	-	1 (10 h)	-	-	-	NIOSH REL
US	Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate	12179- 04-3	TLV®	-	2	-	6	I	ACGIH® 2023
US	Zinc oxide	1314-13- 2	REL	-	5 (10 h)	-	-	Dust	NIOSH REL

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# Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	Zinc oxide	1314-13- 2	PEL (CA)	-	5	-	10	Fume	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Zinc oxide	1314-13- 2	REL	-	5 (10 h)	-	10	Fume	NIOSH REL
US	Zinc oxide	1314-13- 2	PEL	-	5	-	-	Fume	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Zinc oxide	1314-13- 2	PEL	-	15	-	ı	I, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Zinc oxide	1314-13- 2	TLV®	-	2	-	10	R	ACGIH® 2023
US	Zinc oxide	1314-13- 2	PEL	-	5	-	1	R, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Copper oxide	1317-38- 0	REL	-	0.1 (10 h)	-	-	Fume, Cu	NIOSH REL
US	Calcium sulfate monohydrate	13397- 24-5	TLV®	-	10	-	-	I	ACGIH® 2023
US	Gypsum	13397- 24-5	REL	-	10 (10 h)	-	ı	I	NIOSH REL
US	Gypsum	13397- 24-5	PEL	-	15	-	-	I, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Gypsum	13397- 24-5	REL	-	5 (10 h)	-	-	R	NIOSH REL
US	Gypsum	13397- 24-5	PEL	-	5	-	-	R, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Cristobalite	14464- 46-1	PEL (CA)	-	0.05	-	-	R	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Silica, crystalline - cristobalite	14464- 46-1	PEL	-	0.05	-	-	R	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Quartz	14808- 60-7	PEL (CA)	-	0.05	-	-	R	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Silica, crystalline - quartz	14808- 60-7	PEL	-	0.05	-	-	R	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Silica, crystalline - quartz	14808- 60-7	REL	-	0.05 (10 h)	-	-	R, ap- px-A	NIOSH REL
US	Zinc chloride	7646-85- 7	PEL (CA)	-	1	-	2	Fume	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Zinc chloride	7646-85- 7	REL	-	1 (10 h)	-	2	Fume	NIOSH REL

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# **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	Zinc chloride	7646-85- 7	TLV®	-	1	-	2	Fume	ACGIH® 2023
US	Zinc chloride	7646-85- 7	PEL	-	1	-	-	Fume	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Paraffin wax	8002-74- 2	PEL (CA)	-	2	-	-	Fume	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Paraffin wax	8002-74- 2	REL	-	2 (10 h)	-	-	Fume	NIOSH REL
US	Paraffin wax	8002-74- 2	TLV®	-	2	-	-	Fume	ACGIH® 2023
US	Starch	9005-25- 8	TLV®	-	10	-	-	-	ACGIH® 2023
US	Starch	9005-25- 8	REL	-	10 (10 h)	-	-	I	NIOSH REL
US	Starch	9005-25- 8	PEL	-	15	-	-	I, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Starch	9005-25- 8	REL	-	5 (10 h)	-	-	R	NIOSH REL
US	Starch	9005-25- 8	PEL	-	5	-	-	R, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000

#### Notation

appx-A NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen (Appendix A)appx-D see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs

Cu calculated as Cu (copper) dm as dusts and mists

dust as dust

Fe calculated as Fe (iron)

fume as fume

inhalable fraction

Mn calculated as Mn (manganese)

partml particles/ml r respirable fraction

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of

8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Appropriate engineering controls**

Use local and general ventilation.

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# **Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)**

# **Eye/face protection**

Wear eye/face protection.

#### **Hand protection**

## **Protective gloves**

Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material
NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber	≥ 0,4 mm	>30 minutes (permeation: level 2)

Wear suitable gloves.

Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Solid

## **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Particle filter device (DIN EN 143).

# **Environmental exposure controls**

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

# **Appearance**

**Physical state** 

Color	Grey
Odor	Characteristic

Odor threshold Not determined

Other safety parameters

pH (value) Not applicableMelting point/freezing point Not determinedBoiling point or initial boiling point and boilingNot determined

range

Flash pointNot applicableEvaporation rateNot determinedFlammability (solid, gas)Non-combustible

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**Explosive limits** 

Not determined

Explosion limits of dust clouds Not determined

Vapor pressure Not determined

Density Not determined

Relative vapour density Not applicable

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility Not determined

**Partition coefficient** 

n-octanol/water (log KOW) Not determined

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined

**Decomposition temperature** Not relevant

**Viscosity** Not relevant

(solid)

Explosive properties None

Oxidizing properties None

**Information for relevant hazard classes**Hazard classes acc. to GHS (Physical hazards):

according to GHS Not relevant

**9.2 Other information** There is no additional information

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

See below "Conditions to avoid".

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

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# 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known.

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Classification procedure**

If not otherwise specified the classification is based on:

Ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

# **Acute toxicity**

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

# Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Expos- ure route	End- point	Value	Species	Method	Source
Calcium sulfate di- hydrate	10101-41-4	Oral	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat, fe- male	OECD Guideline 420	ЕСНА
Calcium sulfate di- hydrate	10101-41-4	Inhala- tion: dust/ mist	LC0	>3.26 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	Rat	OECD Guideline 403	ECHA
Iron(II) sulfate mono- hydrate	17375-41-6	Oral	LD50	319 <sup>mg</sup> /	Rat	-	GESTIS
Iron(II) sulfate mono- hydrate	17375-41-6	Dermal	LD0	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA
Disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	12179-04-3	Oral	LD50	>2,500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat, male	OECD Guideline 401	ECHA
Disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	12179-04-3	Inhala- tion: dust/ mist	LC50	>2.04 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	Rat	OECD Guideline 403	ECHA
Disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	12179-04-3	Dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rabbit	-	ECHA

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Name of substance	CAS No	Expos- ure route	End- point	Value	Species	Method	Source
Zinc sulphate, mono hy- drate	7446-19-7	Oral	LD50	1,260 – 2, 330 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	Rat, male	OECD Guideline 401	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hy- drate	7446-19-7	Dermal	LD0	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA
Manganese oxide	1344-43-0	Oral	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 420	ECHA
Manganese oxide	1344-43-0	Inhala- tion: dust/ mist	LC50	>5.35 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	Rat	OECD Guideline 403	ECHA
Manganese sulphate monohydrate	10034-96-5	Oral	LD50	2,150 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Inhala- tion: dust/ mist	LC50	>5,700 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub> /4h	Rat	OECD Guideline 403	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Oral	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 423	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA
Paraffin waxes and hy- drocarbon waxes	8002-74-2	Oral	LD0	>5,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 401	ECHA
Paraffin waxes and hy- drocarbon waxes	8002-74-2	Dermal	LD0	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA
Copper (II) oxide	1317-38-0	Oral	LD50	>2,500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat, male	OECD Guideline 423	ECHA
Copper (II) oxide	1317-38-0	Dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA
Citric acid	77-92-9	Oral	LD50	5,400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Mouse	OECD Guideline 401	ECHA
Citric acid	77-92-9	Dermal	LD0	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA

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Name of substance	CAS No	Expos- ure route	End- point	Value	Species	Method	Source
Copper sulphate	7758-99-8	Oral	LD50	481 <sup>mg</sup> /	Rat	OECD Guideline 401	ECHA
Copper sulphate	7758-99-8	Dermal	LD0	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ЕСНА
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	Oral	LD50	1,100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat, male	OECD Guideline 401	ЕСНА
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	Dermal	LD0	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	OECD Guideline 402	ЕСНА

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization Skin sensitization

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

# **Respiratory sensitization**

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

# Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer by inhalation.

# **IARC Monographs**

# IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans Name of substance CAS No Classification Number Quartz 14808-60-7 1 Crystalline silica (cristobalite) 14808-60-7 1

# Legend

1 Carcinogenic to humans

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# **National Toxicology Program (United States)**

# National Toxicology Program (United States): Report on Carcinogens

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
Crystalline silica (cristobalite)		Known to be a hu- man carcinogen	6th Report on Carcinogens

#### **OSHA Carcinogens**

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

# Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

May damage fertility.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	Lung	If inhaled

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### 11.2 Other information

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

# **Aquatic toxicity (acute)**

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
Calcium sulfate dihydrate	10101-41-4	LC50	96 h	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>i</sub>	Japanese rice- fish/medaka (Oryzias latipes)	OECD Guideline 203	ECHA

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Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
Calcium sulfate dihydrate	10101-41-4	LC50	48 h	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ECHA
Calcium sulfate dihydrate	10101-41-4	EC50	72 h	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	Algae (pseudokirch- neriella subcap- itata)	OECD Guideline 201	ECHA
Disodium tet- raborate pen- tahydrate	12179-04-3	LC50	96 h	537 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Fathead min- now (pimephales promelas)	EPA OPPTS 850.1075	ECHA
Disodium tet- raborate pen- tahydrate	12179-04-3	EC50	48 h	896 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	·	-
Disodium tet- raborate pen- tahydrate	12179-04-3	EC50	72 h	270 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (pseudokirch- neriella subcap- itata)		-
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	LC50	48 h	0.9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	(Top) predators	-	-
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	LC50	48 h	95 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)	-	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	LC50	96 h	330 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Fathead min- now (pimephales promelas)	-	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	EC50	48 h	1.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ECHA
Manganese ox- ide	1344-43-0	EC50	48 h	>4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ЕСНА
Manganese ox- ide	1344-43-0	LC50	96 h	>1.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	OECD Guideline 203	ЕСНА
Manganese sulphate mono- hydrate	10034-96-5	ErC50	72 h	61 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (Scene- desmus sub- spicatus)	OECD Guideline 201	ЕСНА
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	EC50	48 h	135 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	_	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	EC50	24 h	7.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Tetrahymena sp.	-	ЕСНА

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Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	LC50	96 h	102 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	ЕСНА
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	LC50	48 h	100 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	ErC50	72 h	185 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	Algae (raphido- celis subcapit- ata)	OECD Guideline 201	ЕСНА
Paraffin waxes and hydrocar- bon waxes	8002-74-2	LL50	96 h	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Fathead min- now (Pimephales promelas)	OECD Guideline 203	ЕСНА
Paraffin waxes and hydrocar- bon waxes	8002-74-2	LL50	48 h	>10,000 <sup>mg</sup> /	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ЕСНА
Paraffin waxes and hydrocar- bon waxes	8002-74-2	EL50	48 h	>10,000 <sup>mg</sup> /	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ECHA
Copper sulph- ate	7758-99-8	LC50	96 h	38.4 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	Fathead min- now (Pimephales promelas)	-	ЕСНА
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	LC50	96 h	112 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Thymallus arc- ticus	-	ECHA
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	LC50	48 h	100 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	-	ECHA
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	EC50	48 h	670 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)	-	ЕСНА
	coppe	er(II) oxide: Acu	ite referenc	e L(E)C50 34.4	μg Cu/l (across pH	s)	

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
Disodium tet- raborate pen- tahydrate	12179-04-3	NOEC	3 d	118 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (pseudokirch- neriella subcap- itata)	OECD Guideline 201	ECHA

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Name of sub-	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos-	Value	Species	Method	Source
stance	CAS NO	Enapoint	ure time	value	Species	Metriou	Source
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	EC50	3 h	5.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	NOEC	D	0.9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	(Top) predators	1	-
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	NOEC	25 d	25 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	NOEC	3 d	20 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (Scelet- onema cost- atum)	-	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	NOEC	3 d	0.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	DIN EN ISO 9509	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	NOEC	10 d	10 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Haliotis rufes- cens, Red Aba- lone, Haliotidae	1	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	LOEC	30 d	51 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Flagfish (Jord- anella floridae)	-	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	LOEC	3 d	20 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Alge (Chaeto- ceros compres- sum, Diatom, Chaetocerota- ceae)	-	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	Growth rate (ErCx) 10%	48 h	5.9 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Alge (Chlorella pyrenoidosa)	-	ECHA
Zinc sulphate, mono hydrate	7446-19-7	Growth rate (ErCx) 26%	72 h	20 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Alge (Asterion- ella japonica, Diatom, Fragil- ariaceae)	٠	ECHA
Manganese ox- ide	1344-43-0	EC50	8 d	2.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)	OECD Guideline 211	ECHA
Manganese ox- ide	1344-43-0	NOEC	8 d	1.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)	OECD Guideline 211	ECHA
Manganese ox- ide	1344-43-0	LOEC	8 d	4.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)	OECD Guideline 211	ECHA

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Name of sub-	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos-	Value	Species	Method	Source
stance			ure time				
Manganese sulphate mono- hydrate	10034-96-5	EC50	3 h	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209	ECHA
Manganese sulphate mono- hydrate	10034-96-5	NOEC	20 d	20 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Invertebrate marine organ- isms	•	ECHA
Manganese sulphate mono- hydrate	10034-96-5	NOEC	72 h	1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (Scene- desmus sub- spicatus)	OECD Guideline 201	ECHA
Manganese sulphate mono- hydrate	10034-96-5	NOEC	3 h	560 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209	ЕСНА
Manganese sulphate mono- hydrate	10034-96-5	LOEC	72 h	3.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (Scene- desmus sub- spicatus)	OECD Guideline 201	ЕСНА
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	LC50	30 d	32 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Cottus bairdi	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	LC50	14 d	44.6 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia lum- holtzi	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	EC50	7 d	22 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	EC50	28 d	75 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	Cottus bairdi	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	EC50	3 h	5.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	ErC50	10 d	410 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Alge (Phaeo- cystis antarc- tica)	-	ЕСНА
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	NOEC	24 d	7.1 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Holmesimysis costata, Mysid shrimp, Mysid- ae		ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	NOEC	72 h	7.4 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	Algae (raphido- celis subcapit- ata)	OECD Guideline 201	ЕСНА
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	NOEC	30 d	26 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Jordanella flor- idae	-	ECHA

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Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	NOEC	4 h	0.1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	DIN EN ISO 9509	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	LOEC	30 d	51 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Jordanella flor- idae	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	LOEC	28 d	87 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Lampsilis sili- quoidea	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Growth rate (ErCx) 10%	72 h	4.9 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (raphido- celis subcapit- ata)	OECD Guideline 201	ЕСНА
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Growth rate (ErCx) 10%	21 d	0.014 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211	ЕСНА
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Growth rate (ErCx) 10%	53 d	53 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Acipenser transmontanus	-	ECHA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Growth rate (ErCx) 10%	180 min	720 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209	ECHA
Citric acid	77-92-9	NOEC	8 d	425 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Alge (Scenedes- mus quadri- cauda)	-	ЕСНА
Copper sulph- ate	7758-99-8	NOEC	60 d	2.2 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	OECD Guideline 204	ЕСНА
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	LOEC	3 d	20 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Algae (Scelet- onema cost- atum)	-	ЕСНА
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	LOEC	27 d	50 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Herring (Clu- pea harengus)	-	ECHA
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	NOEC	30 d	39 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	OECD Guideline 215	ЕСНА
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	NOEC	35 d	33.3 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	Ophryotrocha diadema, An- nelida, Poly- chaeta, Dorvil- leidae	-	ECHA
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	Growth (Eb- Cx) 10%	23 d	80 <sub>hā</sub> /l	Sterechinus neumayeri, Antarctic Sea Urchin, Echinid- ae	-	ECHA

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Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source		
Zinc chloride	7646-85-7	Growth (Eb- Cx) 10%	10 d	488 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	Alge (Fucus ser- ratus, Toothed wrack, Brown Macroalga, Fucaceae)	-	ECHA		
	copper(II) oxide: Chronic reference NOEC 14.9 μg Cu/l (across pHs)								

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# Biodegradation

The study does not need to be conducted, the relevant substances in the mixture are inorganic.

# Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
Citric acid	77-92-9	Carbon diox- ide generation	97 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 B	ECHA
Citric acid	77-92-9	DOC removal	85 %	14 d	OECD Guideline 302B	ECHA
Citric acid	77-92-9	DOC removal	100 %	19 d	OECD Guideline 301 E	ECHA

# **Persistence**

No data available.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

# Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW
Disodium tetraborate pen- tahydrate	12179-04-3	-	-1.53 (pH value: 7.5, 22 °C)
Zinc sulphate, mono hy- drate	7446-19-7	69.48	-
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1,050	-
Paraffin waxes and hydro- carbon waxes	8002-74-2	-	>6
Citric acid	77-92-9	-	-1.55

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# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties Other adverse effects

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### **Remarks**

None.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

## Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

## **Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# 14.1 UN number

DOT UN3077
IMDG-Code UN3077
ICAO-TI UN3077

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

**DOT** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid,

n.o.s.

IMDG-Code ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

SOLID, N.O.S.

**ICAO-TI** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid,

n.o.s.

**Technical name (hazardous ingredients)** copper(II) oxide, zinc oxide

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**DOT** 9

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IMDG-Code 9

ICAO-TI 9

14.4 Packing group

DOT

IMDG-Code III

ICAO-TI III

**14.5 Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic copper(II) oxide, zinc oxide

environment)

14.6 Special precautions for user -

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO -

instruments

# 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) Additional information

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3077, Environmentally hazardous substance,

solid, n.o.s., (copper(II) oxide, zinc oxide), 9, III

Reportable quantity (RQ) 2,000 lbs

(908 kg)

(copper sulphate) (zinc sulfate)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Environmental hazards Yes

(hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 8, 146, 335, 384, 441, A112, B54, B120, IB8, IP3,

N20, N91, T1, TP33

ERG No 171

# International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) Additional information

Marine pollutant Yes

(hazardous to the aquatic environment)

(zinc sulfate)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree



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Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 966, 967, 969

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

EmS F-A, S-F

Stowage category A

# International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) Additional information

Environmental hazards Yes

(hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Special provisions (SP) A97, A158, A179, A197, A215

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 30 kg

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**National regulations (United States)** 

## **Clean Air Act**

None of the ingredients are listed

Drug precursors, Chemicals designated within the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 802, paragraphs 34 (list I) and 35 (list II)

None of the ingredients are listed

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

# SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Date of preparation: 2023-03-27

# **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazard- ous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations		
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity		
BCF	Bioconcentration factor		
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)		
Carc.	Carcinogenicity		
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)		
CD	Combustible dust		
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)		
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)		
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval		
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms		
EmS	Emergency Schedule		
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control		
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number		
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye		
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye		
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations		
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer		
IARC Mono- graphs	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans		
IATA	International Air Transport Association		
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization		
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air		
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code		
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code		
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval		
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval		
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality		

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
LOEC	Lowest Observed Effect Concentration	
Log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	
NTP-RoC	National Toxicology Program (United States): Report on Carcinogens	
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PEL	Permissible exposure limit	
Ppm	Parts per million	
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity	
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)	
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin	
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
VPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

# Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT).

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).

Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties.

Health hazards.

Environmental hazards.

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

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# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).
H373	May cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).
OSHA003	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

# Responsible for the safety data sheet

Telephone: +1 (630) 410-1660 Chemical Regulatory Compliance Company e-Mail: GHS@crc-us.com Jasper, GA USA

Website: www.crc-us.com

#### Disclaimer

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