**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator’s certification.

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**ZETA-CYPERMETHRIN GROUP 3A INSECTICIDE**

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**MUSTANG**

**INSECTICIDE**

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**EPA Reg. No. 279-3126**  
**EPA Est. 279-NY-1**

**Active Ingredient:**  
Zeta-Cypermethrin* S-Cyano (3-phenoxy-Phenyl)methyl (±) cis/trans 3-(2,2-dichloro-Ethenyl)-2,2 dimethylcyclopropane carboxylate ....17.1%

**Other Ingredients**................................................  82.9%

Contains 1.5 pounds active ingredient per gallon.  
*Cis/trans ratio: Max. 55% (±) cis and min. 45% (±) trans

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**WARNING**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

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**FIRST AID**

**If Inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**If on Skin or Clothing:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If in Eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If Swallowed:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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**HOTLINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

**Note to Physician:** Vomiting should be supervised by a physician or the professional staff because of the possible pulmonary damages by aspiration of the solvent.

**For Emergency Assistance Call (800) 331-3148.**

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)**

**WARNING**

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. The active ingredient may cause sensitization reaction in some individuals.

**Personal Protective Equipment:**

**Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear:** Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, made of Barrier Laminate or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

**Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application or other tasks must wear:** Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, made of Barrier Laminate or Viton, Shoes plus socks, and Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

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**User Safety Recommendations**

**Users should:**

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

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**Sold By**

**FMC Corporation**

2929 Walnut Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19104

**Net Contents:** 1 Gallon

SL-4267 060619 06-05-19
Environmental Hazards
This product is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are foraging the treatment area.

Physical/Chemical Hazards
Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Insect Resistance Management
For resistance management, MUSTANG® Insecticide contains a Group 3A insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to MUSTANG Insecticide and other Group 3A insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides is used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed. To delay insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

• Rotate the use of MUSTANG Insecticide or other Group 3A insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
• Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance issues (for the targeted pests) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
  o Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
  o Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
  o When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pests.
  o Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still provide pest management benefits.
  o The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticidal activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
• Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticides that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological, and other chemical control practices.
• Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
• Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:
• Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves, made of Barrier Laminate or Viton, and Shoes plus socks.

Chemigation Use Directions
Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect any irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional, interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

MUSTANG Insecticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. MUSTANG Insecticide should be diluted in sufficient volume to insure accurate application over the area to be treated. Use the appropriate amount of water to carry the product to the target pest. Agitation is not required when a suitable diluent is used.
**BUFFER ZONES**

**Vegetative Buffer Zones**

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing zeta-cypermethrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.


**Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airstream)** – Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application** - Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application** – Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Spray Drift Requirements**

**Wind Direction and Speed**

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

**Temperature Inversion**

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface. Smoke that layers and moves laterally indicates an inversion.

**Droplet Size**

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASABE (SS72.1) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

**Additional Requirements for Ground Applications**

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

**Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications**

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter.

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Use low rate under light to moderate infestation. Higher listed rates should be used under heavy insect pressure. The rate of application is variable according to insect pressure, timing of spray and field scouting. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.

Under hot and dry conditions, increase the spray volume and add appropriate spray adjuvant, but only to those crops which have previously demonstrated a tolerance to the adjuvant(s) under these conditions.

**Preventive Use**

For cutworm, armyworm, or stalk borer control, MUSTANG Insecticide may be applied before, during, or after planting. For soil-incorporated applications, use higher rates for improved control. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.

**Rotational Crops**

With the exception of the crops listed below, do not plant rotational crops within 30 days of last application.

**Tank-Mixture**

MUSTANG Insecticide may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on Alfalfa and Nongrass Animal Feeds; Artichoke, globe; Avocado; Barley; Berries; Black Sapote; Brassica Vegetables; Buckwheat; Bulb Vegetables; Canistel; Canola (Rapeseed); Corn; Cotton; Cucurbits Vegetables; Fruiting Vegetables; Grapes; Grass Forage; Fodder and Hay; and Grass Grown for Seed; Leafy Vegetables; Legume Vegetables; Mamre Sapote; Mango; Oats; Papaya; Peanut; Pistachios; Pome Fruits; Rice; Root and Tuber Vegetables; Rye; Sapodilla; Sorghum; Soybeans; Star Apple; Stone Fruits; Sugar Beet; Sugarcane; Sunflower; Tree Nuts; and Wheat. It is the pesticide user’s responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

**Maximum Usage When Applying Zeta-Cypermethrin, Alpha-Cypermethrin, or Cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop Within the Same Season.**

Do not apply more than the maximum seasonal total for an active ingredient when used alone. If applying other products to the same crop within the same season containing alpha-cypermethrin, zeta-cypermethrin, or cypermethrin, do not apply more than the combined maximum seasonal total of all active ingredients. The table below lists maximum totals for some uses. Consult product labels for full directions for use and rate restrictions.

![Maximum Usage Table](Link to Table)

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**Crop** | **Maximum Seasonal Total for Either Active Ingredient Used Alone (pounds active ingredient/acre)** | **Maximum Seasonal Total When Applying Both Active Ingredients to the Same Crop (pounds active ingredient/acre)**
---
Cotton | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.6
Head and Stem Brassicas | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.6
Leafy Brassicas | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4
Head Lettuce | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5
Bulb Vegetables | 0.25 | 0.6 | 0.6
Pecans | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.6
The REI (Restricted Entry Interval) is 12 hours for all labeled crops. Refer to the crop specific use directions for detailed information on application timing and any use restrictions.

### Maximum Seasonal Usage and PHI (Pre-Harvest Interval) for MUSTANG Insecticide Labeled Crops

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Maximum Seasonal Total/Acre for MUSTANG Insecticide</th>
<th>PHI (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</table>

**Alfalfa**
- 0.1/cutting with maximum of 3 cuttings per season
- 8.6/cutting with a maximum of 25.8 per season
- 3 (cutting or grazing) 7 (harvesting seed)

**Alfalfa and Nongrass Animal Feeds (Forage, Fodder, Straw and Hay) Group**
- 0.05/cutting with a maximum of 3 cuttings per season
- 4.3/cutting with a maximum of 12.8 per season
- 3 (cutting or grazing) 7 (harvesting seed)

**Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mammy Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Barley**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 14

**Berries**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Brassica Vegetables**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Buckwheat**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 14

**Citrus**
- 0.2
- 17.2
- 1

**Corn, sweet**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 3

**Corn, field, seed, pop**
- 0.2
- 17.2
- 7 (grain, stover, forage)

**Cotton**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 14

**Cucurbit Vegetables**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Fruiting Vegetables**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Grapes**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Grass Forage, Fodder, and Hay Group and Grass Grown for Seed**
- 0.05/cutting with 4.3/cutting Hay 0.20/season 17.2 0 (Forage and Hay) 21.5 7 (Straw and Seed Screenings)

**Leafy Vegetables**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Legume Vegetables**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1 (succulent shelled or edible-podded) 21 (dried shelled)

**Oats**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 14

**Canola (Rapeseed)**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 7

**Pistachio**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 7

**Safflower**
- 0.15
- 12.9
- 14

**Sunflower**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 30

**Pome Fruits**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 7

**Rice and Wild Rice**
- 0.2
- 17.2
- 14

**Root and Tubber Vegetables (except Sugar Beet)**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 1

**Rye**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 14

**Sod Farms**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 0

**Sorghum**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 14 (grain & fodder) 45 (forage (silage))

**Soybeans**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 21

**Stone Fruits**
- 0.3
- 25.8
- 14

**Sugar Beet**
- 0.15
- 12.9
- 50

**Sugarcane**
- 0.20
- 17.2
- 21

**Tree Nuts**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 7

**Wheat**
- 0.25
- 21.5
- 14

The REI (Restricted Entry Interval) is 12 hours for all labeled crops. Refer to the crop specific use directions for detailed information on application timing and any use restrictions.

### Nongrass Animal Feeds (Forage, Fodder, Straw and Hay) Group – Except Alfalfa and Alfalfa grown for seed including: Velvet Bean; Clover; Kudzu; Lespedeza; Lupin; Sainfoin; Trefoil; Vetch; Crown Vetch; and Milk Vetch.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa Caterpillar</td>
<td>2.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A</td>
<td>Apply as insects appear in sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Use higher listed dosage for increased pest pressure or for increased residual pest control. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aerial equipment or 10 gallons per acre by ground equipment. ULV oil spray application is prohibited. Higher volumes of finished spray may improve insect control under high temperatures, when foliage is dense and/or when insect pressure is high.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa Looper</td>
<td>(0.026 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa Weevil</td>
<td>Cutworms</td>
<td>(0.035 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil (larvae &amp; adult)</td>
<td>Flea Beetles</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green Cloverworm</td>
<td>Hornworms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meadow Spittlebug</td>
<td>Potato Leafhopper</td>
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<tr>
<td>Velveteen Caterpillar</td>
<td>Webworms</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blue Alfalfa Aphid</td>
<td>Green Peach Aphid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pea Aphid</td>
<td>Spotted Alfalfa Aphid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spotted</td>
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<td>Armyworms</td>
<td>2.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A</td>
<td>Apply as insects appear in sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Use higher listed dosage for increased pest pressure or for increased residual pest control. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aerial equipment or 10 gallons per acre by ground equipment. ULV oil spray application is prohibited. Higher volumes of finished spray may improve insect control under high temperatures, when foliage is dense and/or when insect pressure is high.</td>
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<td>Grasshoppers</td>
<td>(0.026 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plant Bugs including: Lygus spp. &amp; Stink Bugs</td>
<td>(0.035 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td></td>
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**Alfalfa; Alfalfa grown for seed**: includes lucerne, sainfoin, holy clover, esparscot, bird’sfoot trefoil and varieties and/or hybrids of these

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**Armyworms**
- Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
- A maximum of 4.3 fluid ounces of product or 0.05 pounds active ingredient/acre may be applied per cutting and a maximum of 12.9 fluid ounces of product or 0.15 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.
- Applications may be made up to 3 days of cutting or grazing or up to 7 days of harvesting seed.

**Alphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.**
### Tropical Fruits including:
(Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple)

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<tr>
<td>Aphis 1</td>
<td>4.3 fl oz/A (0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Do not apply more than 17.2 fluid ounces of product or 0.20 pounds active ingredient per acre season.
- Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
- Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

1 Aphis in control.
2 See resistance statement under Directions For Use section.

### Berries Crop Group including: blackberry; Loganberry, red and black raspberry; blueberry, highbush and lowbush; currant; elderberry; gooseberry; huckleberry; and cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

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<td>Leafrollers</td>
<td>4.3 fl oz/A (0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by ground and air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 20 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). Avoid applications when honey bees are actively foraging by applyingDuring the early morning or evening hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Do not apply more than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.30 pounds active ingredient per acre season.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

### Barley (including malt barley), Buckwheat, Oats, and Rye

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<td>Aphis 1, 2</td>
<td>4.3 fl oz/A (0.04 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds. Apply sufficient spray volume to penetrate the soil/stem interface, leaf collars, and sheaths.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

- Do not apply more than 21.5 fluid ounces of product or 0.25 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.
- Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest for grain, straw, and hay.

1 Aphis in control.
2 See resistance statement under Directions For Use section.
Bulb Vegetables (*Allium* spp.) including: Garlic; Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant); Green Escalots; Japanese Bunching Onions; Leeks; Onion, Dry Bulb and Green; Onion, Welch; Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green; Spring Onion or Scallions

Citrus Fruits Crop Group including: Calamondin (*Citrus mitis*; *Citrofortunella mitis*); Citrus *citrus* (*Citrus medica*); Citrus hybrids (*Citrus* spp.) (includes chironja, tangelo, tangor); Grapefruit (*Citrus paradisi*); Kumquat (*Fortunella* spp.); Lemon (*Citrus × limon*); Lime (*Citrus × aurantiifolia*); Mandarin (tangerine) (*Citrus reticulata*); Orange, sour (*Citrus × aurantium*); Orange, sweet (*Citrus sinensis*); Pummelo (*Citrus grandis*, *Citrus maxima*); and Satsuma mandarin (*Citrus unshiu*).

**Insects Controlled** | **Rate of Application** | **Method of Application**
--- | --- | ---
Armyworms Cutworms Leafminers (adults) Onion Maggot Adults Stink Bugs Aphids
2.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.028 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre with ground equipment or in a minimum of 3 gallons per acre by aircraft. Begin applications when pests appear and repeat as necessary to maintain control. |

**Insects Controlled** | **Rate of Application** | **Method of Application**
--- | --- | ---
Onion Thrips
3.2 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.035 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | To control Onion Thrips: Use higher listed rates as population increases and avoid rescue situations. Use of a crop oil concentrate at 16 fluid ounces per acre is recommended. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. |

• Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
• Do not apply more than 21.5 fluid ounces of product or 0.25 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.
• Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.
• Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

**Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.**

### Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn (At Plant Use)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cutworms</td>
<td>0.16 fl oz per 1,000 linear feet of row (0.002 lb ai per 1,000 linear feet of row)</td>
<td>Apply as an in-furrow, band or T-band treatment using a minimum 4&quot; band. Use table below to determine the MUSTANG Insecticide needs for each acre.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Row Spacings (inches)</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUSTANG (pounds ai per acre)</td>
<td>0.024</td>
<td>0.036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUSTANG (formulated ounces per acre)</td>
<td>2.05</td>
<td>3.08</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Do not apply more than 17.2 fluid ounces of product or 0.20 pounds active ingredient per acre per season including at-plant plus foliar applications of MUSTANG Insecticide.
• Do not apply within 7 days of harvest for grain, stover and forage.

### Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cutworms</td>
<td>1.4 to 3.0 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.035 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Make applications when insect populations reach economic threshold levels. Refer to local Cooperative Extension Pest Management Guidelines and/or scouting results. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by air or by ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air and 10 gallons per acre by ground). For chinch bug control, scout corn fields and make applications when bugs migrate from small grains or wild grasses to small corn. Direct spray to the base of plant. Repeat applications at 3- to 5-day intervals if needed. MUSTANG Insecticide may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bean Leaf Beetle Cereal Leaf Beetle Corn Borer, European Corn Rootworm Beetle Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Hop Vine Borer Hornworms Japanese Beetle (adult) Sap Beetle (adult) Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Stalk Borer Stink Bug Spp. Tobacco Budworms' Webworms Aphids'</td>
<td>2.9 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.034 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armyworms (including Fall Armyworms) Chinch Bug</td>
<td>3.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.04 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Do not apply more than 17.2 fluid ounces of product or 0.20 pounds active ingredient per acre per season including at-plant plus foliar applications of MUSTANG Insecticide.
• Do not apply within 7 days of harvest for grain, stover, and forage.

1For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or ear.
2See resistance statement under Directions for Use section.
3Control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

### Corn, Sweet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chinch Bug Corn Rootworm (Adult) Corn Silk Cutworms Flea Beetle Leafhoppers Japanese Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (adults) Tamished Plant Bug</td>
<td>2.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.028 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to insure thorough coverage of foliage. Apply in water using a minimum of 20 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Apply at minimum 3- to 5-day intervals or as needed for control.**

• A maximum of 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per acre per season may be applied.
• Do not apply within 3 days of harvest of ears or forage or livestock grazing.

**Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Preemergent/Use: Cutworms</strong></td>
<td>1.4 to 2.0 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.024 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Use MUSTANG Insecticide in the time period from 14 days prior to planting up to emergence of the crop. Apply as a broadcast spray by ground or air, banded (including T-band) or in-furrow spray using sufficient spray volume to achieve adequate coverage. Reduced volumes of water may be used with specialized equipment. Use the higher listed rates of MUSTANG Insecticide when incorporating it into the soil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cutworms Tobacco Thrips Soybean (banded Thrips)</strong></td>
<td>1.4 to 2.0 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.024 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>MUSTANG Insecticide may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil. When water is used, apply a minimum of one gallon of finished spray per acre by air or five gallons of finished spray with ground equipment. When applying in water by air, one quart of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray. When using oil, use a minimum of one quart per acre in the finished spray. Control of lepidopteran eggs may be achieved with proper timing of applications. For boll weevil control, apply MUSTANG Insecticide at a 3- to 4-day interval until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels. For control of grasshoppers, applications should be made based on careful field scouting. Treatment decisions should be made based on evidence of feeding damage and presence of grasshoppers in cotton. Loss of cotyledon leaves in seedling cotton should be considered more important than leaf loss in older cotton. Applications should be made on a broadcast basis since grasshoppers are highly mobile. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Adjust rates based on populations of grasshopper found in fields. Applications should be made on a 3- to 5-day schedule until grasshopper populations are under control or until foliage loss subsides. Increase application rates as grasshopper size and population density increases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Armyworm, Beet1 Cotton Aphid2 Lygus Bugs Whirligig</strong></td>
<td>3.0 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.035 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>A maximum of 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient may be applied per acre per season. Do not graze or feed cotton forage. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. See resistance statement under Directions for Use section. For control of beet armyworms only in the high plains of Texas, Arizona, and California. Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Grape

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian Lady Bird Beetle</td>
<td>2.15 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.025 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lady Bird Beetle Cutworm species</td>
<td>4.3 fl oz/A (0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Do not apply more than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.30 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.
- Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

Grass Forage, Fodder, and Hay Group and Grass Grown for Seed and Pasture and Rangeland including: bahiagrass, barnyardgrass, bentgrass, Bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, big bluestem, redtop, Italian ryegrass, St. Augustine grass, sprangletop, napiergrass, oatgrass, orchardgrass, pangolagrass, paspalum, smooth broomegrass, buffalo grass, reed canarygrass, centipedegrass, crabgrass, cupgrass, dallisgrass, sand dropseed, Kentucky leescutage, foxtail, eastern gamagrass, side-oats grama, guinea grass, Indian grass, Johnsongrass, lovegrass, napiergrass, oatgrass, orchardgrass, pangolagrass, paspalum, redtop, Italian ryegrass, St. Augustine grass, sprangletop, squarrell tailgrass, stargrass, switchgrass, timothy, crested wheatgrass, wildrye grass and zoysia grass. Also included are sudangrass and sorghum forages and their hybrids.

Leafy Vegetables (except Brassica) - Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette); Cardoon; Celery; Celery, Chinese; Celtuce; Chervil; Chrysanthemum, edible-leaved and garland; Cilantro (not for use on cilantro grown for seed or coriander); Corn salad; Cress, garden; Cress, upland (yellow rocket, winter cress); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Endive (escarole); Fennel; Florence (finocchio); Lettuce, head and leaf; Orach; Parsley; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Radicchio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian spinach); Swiss chard.

Legume Vegetables - Dried (Except Soybeans) (At-plant Application)

Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean) including: Dried cultivars of bean (Lupinus spp.) includes Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Lupin, and White Sweet Lupin; Phaseolus spp. includes Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Lima Bean (dry), Navy Bean, Pinto Bean, Tepary Bean; Bean (Vigna spp.) includes Azuki Bean, Blackeyed Pea, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowned Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Southern Pea, Urd Bean; Broad Bean (dry); Chickpea; Guar; Lablab Bean; Lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.) includes Field Pea; Pigeon Pea.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corn Earworm</td>
<td>2.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.028 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gallons per acre by air. Lower rates of MUSTANG insecticide should be used under light to moderate insect pressure. Use higher listed rates to control heavy to extremely heavy insect populations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cucumber Beetles</td>
<td>3.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.04 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>In areas where arid climatic conditions persist, such as California and Arizona, higher listed rates may be required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa Caterpillar</td>
<td>2.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.028 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as insects appear in sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Use higher listed dosage for increased pest pressure or for increased residual pest control. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aerial equipment or 10 gallons per acre by ground equipment. ULV oil spray application is prohibited. Higher volumes of finished spray may improve insect control under high temperatures; when foliage is dense and/or when insect pressure is high.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Alfalfa Looper |
- Alfalfa Weevil |
- Cutworms |
- Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil (larvae & adult) |
- Flea Beetles |
- Green Cloverworm |
- Hornt Worms |
- Meadow Spittlebug |
- Potato Leafhopper |
- Velvet Bean Caterpillar |
- Webworms |
- Blue Alfalfa Aphid |
- Green Peach Aphid |
- Pea Aphid |
- Spotted Alfalfa Aphid |
- Three cornered Alfalfa Hopper |

- Army worms |
- Cereal Leaf Beetle |
- Chinch Bug |
- Grass Meal Bug |
- Grasshoppers |
- Plant Bugs (including Lygus spp. & Stink Bugs) |

- Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. |
- Do not apply w ithin 21 days of harvest for dried shelled peas or beans. |
- Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. |
- Do not apply m ore than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. |
- Do not make applications w ithin 1 day of harvest. |
- Aids in control |
- See resistance statement under Directions for Use section |
- Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships. |

**PHI:** Do not apply within 21 days of harvest for dried shelled peas or beans. Maximum Amount per Application: Do not apply more than 4.3 fluid ounces of product or 0.05 pounds active ingredient per acre. Maximum Amount per Season: Do not apply more than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per acre per season including at-plant plus foliar applications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Row spacing (inches)</th>
<th>ft oz 1000 linear feet</th>
<th>lb at 1000 linear feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.247</td>
<td>0.00287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.164</td>
<td>0.0019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>0.123</td>
<td>0.0014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Legume Vegetables (Foliar Use)

Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Peas (Pisum spp.) including:
- Dwarf Pea
- Edible-pod Pea
- Snow Pea
- Sugar Snap Pea
- Pigeon pea
- Shelled Peas (Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans including: Running Bean, Snap Bean, Wax Bean, Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Moth Bean, Yardlong Bean, Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed), Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Black-eyed Pea, Southern Pea, Grains Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Navy Bean, Pinto Bean, Tepary Bean, Adzuki Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Urd Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guan, Lablab bean.

### Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Cutworm spp., Thistle Caterpillar (Painted Lady) | 1.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air).

Aphid spp. | 3.0 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.035 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air).

### Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Codling Moth | 1.4-4.3 fl oz/A (0.016-0.05 lb ai/A) | Begin applications at delayed dormant through first cover as common to the production areas and the target pest species. Apply in a full season spray program. Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (for ground application use a minimum of 20 gallons for concentrate spray or a minimum of 100 gallons for dilute spray; for air application use a minimum of 10 gallons). Do not make applications less than 7 days apart. Avoid applications when honey bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or evening hours.

### Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Apple Maggot | 1.4-4.3 fl oz/A (0.016-0.05 lb ai/A) | Do not apply more than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. Do not allow livestock to graze on cover crops from treated orchards. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

**Peanut**

### Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Cutworm spp., Green Cloverworm, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Red-necked Peanut Worm | 1.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air).

Bean Leaf Beetle, Leathopper spp., Southern Corn Rootworm (adult), Vegetable Weevil, Whiteringed Beetle (adult) | 1.9 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.022 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.

**Pome Fruit Group including: Apple; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Pear; Oriental Pear; and Quince.**

### Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Apple Maggot | 1.4-4.3 fl oz/A (0.016-0.05 lb ai/A) | Do not apply more than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per acre per season. Do not allow livestock to graze on cover crops from treated orchards. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
**Rice and Wild Rice**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Armyworm, Fall</td>
<td>3.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A</td>
<td>Apply as needed based on pest thresholds determined by scouting practices. Refer to Extension Scouting guidelines for scouting techniques, pest thresholds and treatment timing and treatment intervals. Determine the need for repeat applications, usually at intervals of 7 days, by scouting. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. MUSTANG Insecticide can be safely applied in conjunction with approved rice herbicides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armyworm, True</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armyworm, Yellow Striped</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grasshoppers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhopper spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice Water Weevil (adult)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oat Birdcherry Aphid</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild Rice Worm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinch Bug</td>
<td>2.8 to 4.3 fl oz/A</td>
<td>Apply by air or ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per Acre. For increased control, crop oil concentrate at 16 fluid ounces per acre may be used. For control of rice water weevil in dry seeded rice, make a foliar application as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually within a time-frame of 0-5 days after permanent flood establishment. Do not exceed 10 days from starting permanent flood until insecticide application unless scouting indicates adult weevils are not present. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations. For control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, make the first application after flooding when scouting indicates the presence of adults and/or feeding scars. Application should usually begin when rice has emerged 0.5 inch above the waterline. Under conditions of prolonged migration into the field, start field scouting for rice water weevil adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial treatment and, if needed, apply a second application within 7-10 days of the first application. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations. Green bug is known to have many biotypes. MUSTANG Insecticide may only provide suppression. If satisfactory control is not achieved with the first application of MUSTANG Insecticide, a resistant biotype may be present. Use alternate chemistry for control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice Stink Bug</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
* Do not release floodwater within 7 days of an application.
* A maximum of 17.2 fluid ounces of product or 0.20 pounds active ingredient (1.1 pints) may be applied per acre per season.
* Do not use treated rice field for the aquaculture of edible fish and crustacea.
* Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.
* Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

**Root and Tuber Vegetables Group 1 (except Sugar Beet) including:**

- Arracacha; Arrowroot; Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem); Garden Beet; Edible Burdock; Edible Canna; Carrot; Cassava (Bitter and Sweet); Celeriac (Celery Root); Chayote (Root); Turnip-Rooted Chervil; Chicory; Chufa; Dasheen (Taro); Ginger; Ginseng; Horseradish; Leren; Turnip-Rooted Parsley; Parsnip; Potato; Oriental Radish (Daikon); Radish; Rutabaga; Salsify (Oyster Plant); Black Salsify; Spanish Salsify; Skirret; Sweet Potato; Tanier (Cocoyam); Turmeric; Turnip; Yam Bean; and Yam (True).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cutworms Lygus spp.</td>
<td>4.3 fl oz/A (0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as needed based on pest thresholds determined by scouting practices. Refer to Extension Scouting guidelines for scouting techniques, pest thresholds and treatment timing and treatment intervals. Determine the need for repeat applications, at a minimum of 14-day intervals, by scouting. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to insure thorough coverage of foliage. Apply in water using a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Do not apply more than 12.9 fluid ounces of product or 0.15 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.
* Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

**Safflower**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
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<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cucumber Beetle</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>European Corn Borer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flea beetle spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhopper spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Rootworm</td>
<td>1.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). Do not make applications less than 4 days apart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable Weevil</td>
<td>1.9 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.032 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitefringed Beetle (adult)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aphid spp.</td>
<td>3.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.04 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armyworm, Beet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado potato Beetle*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grasshopper spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imported Cabbage worm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato Leeperher</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tarnished Plant Bug</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Do not make applications less than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.
* Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables (except Sugar Beet tops) cannot be used for food or feed.
* Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
* Aids in control.
* See resistance statement under Directions For Use section.

**Cutworms Lygus spp.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cutworms Lygus spp.</td>
<td>4.3 fl oz/A (0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as needed based on pest thresholds determined by scouting practices. Refer to Extension Scouting guidelines for scouting techniques, pest thresholds and treatment timing and treatment intervals. Determine the need for repeat applications, at a minimum of 14-day intervals, by scouting. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to insure thorough coverage of foliage. Apply in water using a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray per acre.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.
* Do not release floodwater within 7 days of an application.
* A maximum of 17.2 fluid ounces of product or 0.20 pounds active ingredient (1.1 pints) may be applied per acre per season.
Sorghum (Grain) and Millet

gram agrass, side-oats grama, guinea grass, Indian grass, Johnsongrass, lovegrass, napiergrass, oatgrass, orchardgrass, pangola grass, paspalum, redtop, Italian ryegrass, St. Augustine grass, sprangletop, squireltaiggrass, stargrass, switchgrass, timothy, crested wheatgrass, wildrye grass and zoysia grass. Also included are sudangrass and sorghum forages and their hybrids.

Do not apply more than 21.5 fluid ounces of product or 0.25 pounds active ingredient per acre.

Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

Applications may be made up to harvest.

Ant spp.

Blue alfalfa aphid

Cutworm spp.

Egyptian alfalfa weevil

Flea beetle spp.

Green cloverworm

Green peach aphid

Hornworm spp.

Meadow spittlebug

Pea aphid

Potato leafhopper

Spotted alfalfa aphid

Veldtbean caterpillar

Webworm spp.

Armyworm, southern

Armyworm, true

Armyworm, yellow-striped

Cereal leaf beetle

Chinch bug

Grass mealybug

Grasshopper spp.

Plant bug spp.

Stinkbug spp.

Armyworm, fall

Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Armyworm, fall | 3.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.04 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply as insects appear in sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Use higher listed dosage for increased pest pressure or for increased residual pest control. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by aerial equipment or 10 gallons per acre by ground equipment. ULV oil spray application is prohibited. Higher volumes of finished spray may improve insect control under high temperatures, when foliage is dense and/or when insect pressure is high.

* A maximum of 4.3 fluid ounces of product or 0.05 pounds active ingredient per acre may be applied per application. Do not apply more than 21.5 fluid ounces of product or 0.25 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.

* Applications may be made up to harvest.

1 Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Sorghum (Grain) and Millet

Sod Farms including: bahiagrass, barnyardgrass, bentgrass, Bermuda grass, Kentucky bluegrass, big bluestem, smooth bromegrass, buffalograss, reed canarygrass, centpedegrass, crabgrass, cupgrass, dallisgrass, sand dropseed, Kentucky lespedeza, meadow foxtail, eastern gamagrass, side-oats grama, guinea grass, Indian grass, Johnsongrass, lovegrass, napiergrass, oatgrass, orchardgrass, pangola grass, paspalum, redtop, Italian ryegrass, St. Augustine grass, sprangletop, squireltaiggrass, stargrass, switchgrass, timothy, crested wheatgrass, wildrye grass and zoysia grass. Also included are sudangrass and sorghum forages and their hybrids.

Do not apply more than 21.5 fluid ounces of product or 0.25 pounds active ingredient per acre.

Do not make applications less than 10 days apart.

Applications may be made up to harvest.

Psychodidae spp.

Blue alfalfa aphid

Cutworm spp.

Egyptian alfalfa weevil

Flea beetle spp.

Green cloverworm

Green peach aphid

Hornworm spp.

Meadow spittlebug

Pea aphid

Potato leafhopper

Spotted alfalfa aphid

Veldtbean caterpillar

Webworm spp.

Armyworm, southern

Armyworm, true

Armyworm, yellow-striped

Cereal leaf beetle

Chinch bug

Grass mealybug

Grasshopper spp.

Plant bug spp.

Stinkbug spp.

Armyworm, fall

Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Cutworm spp. | 1.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.

Do not apply as a ULV spray.

Do not feed or allow livestock to graze on cover crops from treated orchards.

Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Stone Fruit Group including: Apricot; Cherry (Sweet and Tart); Nectarine; Peach; Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum); Plumcot; and Prune (fresh)

American Plum Borer

Black Cherry Aphid

Cherry Fruit Fly

Green Fruitworm

Leafrollers

Lesser Peach Tree Borer

Peach Fruit Borer

Peach Twig Borer

Plum Curculio

Oriental Fruit Moth

Rose Chafer

Stink Bugs

Tarnished Plant Bug

Turfed Apple Budmoth

Western Cherry Fruit Fly

Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
American Plum Borer | 1.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.

Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of the plant and foliage. Use a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by ground. The addition of one to two quarts of emulsified oil per acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposition and insect control.

**Soybeans**

Cutworm spp.

Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar

Saltmarsh Caterpillar

Silverspotted Skipper

Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Cutworm spp. | 1.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.

Apply with either aerial or ground equipment using sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the plant and foliage. Use a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons of finished spray per acre by ground. The addition of one to two quarts of emulsified oil per acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposition and insect control.

* Aids in control

1 Use higher listed dosage for increased pest pressure, increased residual pest control, or later-season applications. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.

2 See resistance statement under Directions For Use section

3 Do not make applications less than 7 days apart.

4 Do not graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw, or hay for livestock feed.

5 Do not apply more than 25.8 ounces of active ingredient or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per season.

6 Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

1 Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

2 Do not apply more than 25.8 fluid ounces of product or 0.3 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.

3 Do not apply as a ULV spray.

4 Do not feed or allow livestock to graze on cover crops from treated orchards.

5 Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
Sugar Beet

Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Foliar Application: | 2.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.029 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Make applications when insect populations reach economic threshold levels. Refer to local Cooperative Extension Pest Management Guidelines and/or scouting results. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by air or by ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air and 10 gallons per acre by ground).

- Armyworms
- Blister Beetles
- Click Beetles
- Cutworms
- Flea Beetles
- Grasshoppers
- Heliothis spp.
- Leafhoppers
- Leafminer (adults)
- Loopers
- Lygus Bugs
- Sugar Beet Root Maggot (adult)
- Sugar Beet Crown Borer
- Thistle Caterpillar
- Webworms
- Zebra Caterpillar
- Aphis

At Plant Application: | 4.3 fl oz/A (0.05 lb ai/A) | Apply in-furrow or in a 3- to 4-inch T-Band (band over the open furrow) at planting in a minimum of 3 to 5 gallons per acre.

- White Grub
- Wireworm
- Cutworm species

- Do not apply more than 12.9 fluid ounces of product or 0.15 pounds active ingredient per acre per season including at-plant plus foliar applications of MUSTANG Insecticide.
- Do not apply within 50 days of harvest for tops or roots.
- Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.
- Suppression only.

Sugarcane

Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Sugarcane Borer Mexican Rice Borer | 3.2 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.0375 to 0.05 lb ai/A) | Make applications when insect populations reach economic thresholds. Refer to local Cooperative Extension Pest Management Guidelines and/or scouting results. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate. Apply by air or ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air and 10 gallons per acre by ground).

- Do not make applications less than 21 days apart.
- Do not apply more than 17.2 fluid ounces of product (0.20 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

Sunflower, Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia (At-Plant Application)

Insects Controlled | Rate of Application | Method of Application
--- | --- | ---
Cutworm spp. White Grub Wireworm | 4.3 fl oz/A (0.05 lbs ai/A) | For White grubs and Wireworms: Apply in-furrow or in a 3- to 4-inch T-Band (band over the open furrow) at planting in a minimum of 3 to 5 gallons per acre.

- For Cutworm spp: Apply at planting on the soil surface in a 5- to 7-inch band or broadcast in a minimum of 3 to 5 gallons per acre.

- Do not make more than five applications at the maximum rate per season.
- Grazing: Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.
- PH: Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Maximum Amount per Season: Do not apply more than 21.5 fluid ounces of product or 0.25 pounds active ingredient per acre per season including at-plant plus foliar applications.
- Do not make more than five applications at the maximum application rate per season.
- Grazing: Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed.
- Avoid applications when honey bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or evening hours.
**Wheat and Triticale**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Insects Controlled</th>
<th>Rate of Application</th>
<th>Method of Application</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cutworm spp., including Army</td>
<td>1.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.016 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Do not exceed maximum allowable rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutworm</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Painted Lady (Thistle)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Caterpillar</td>
<td>1.9 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.022 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gallons by ground and 2 gallons by air). For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds. Apply sufficient spray volume to penetrate the soil/stem interface, leaf collars, and sheaths.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armyworm, Southern</td>
<td>3.4 to 4.3 fl oz/A (0.04 to 0.05 lb ai/A)</td>
<td>For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds. Apply sufficient spray volume to penetrate the soil/stem interface, leaf collars, and sheaths.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armyworm, True</td>
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<tr>
<td>Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cereal Leaf Beetle</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flea Beetle spp.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pale Western Cutworm</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plant Bug spp.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spittlebug</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wheatworm spp.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aphid spp. 1,2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Armyworm, Beet 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Armyworm, Fall</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Chinch Bug</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grass Sawfly</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grasshopper spp.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Greenbug 1,2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Slant Bug spp.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thrips spp. 1,2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wheat Stem Sawfly (adult) 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Whitefly spp. 1</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

- Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.
- Do not apply more than 21.5 fluid ounces of product or 0.25 pounds active ingredient per acre per season.
- Do not apply with 14 days of harvest for grain, forage, and hay.
1 Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.
2 See resistance statement under Directions For Use section
3 Aids in Control

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**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed, or other pesticides or fertilizers by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage**

Do not freeze. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call CHEMTREC (Transportation and Spills): (800) 424-9300. To confine spill: Dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter, or commercial clay. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

**Pesticide Disposal**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling - Nonrefillable Container**

Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows:

- For containers equal to 5 gallons or less: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

- For containers greater than 5 gallons: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Refillable/Returnable Container**

Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions beyond the control of FMC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and, to the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the Directions for Use when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE, OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) Seller or FMC, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, FMC or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF FMC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF FMC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

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