

FIFRA Section 24(c) Special Local Need

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN THE STATE OF OREGON

FLUMIOXAZIN GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

SureGuard® SC HERBICIDE

EPA REG. No. 71368-114 EPA SLN No. OR-210003

For Control of Annual Weeds in Native Restoration Habitats

This label is valid until December 31, 2026 or until otherwise amended, withdrawn, cancelled or suspended.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Flumioxazin*	41.4%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>58.6%</u>
TOTAL:	100.0%

^{*2-[7-}fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione SureGuard SC Herbicide contains 4 pounds flumioxazin per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA-registered label for SureGuard SC Herbicide, EPA Reg. No. 71368-114.

This Special Local Need (SLN) label, and the EPA-registered product container label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

The purpose of this label is to facilitate the control of non-native grass and broadleaf weeds, in order to enhance the populations of native woody tree and shrub species in riparian areas. It is intended for use in conservation, restoration and related research projects, and not for general weed control.

NATIVE WOODY PLANT SPECIES	PESTS	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Cottonwood (Populus spp.) Red osier dogwood (Cornus stolonifera) Ash (Fraxinus spp.) Snowberry (Symphoricarpos albus) Ninebark (Physocarpus capitatus)	Annual Grass and Broadleaf Weeds Including: Barnyardgrass Chickweed Common Groundsel Foxtails Henbit Lambsquarters Marestail Nightshade (except Silverleaf) Pigweeds Poa annua Purslane Shepherd's Purse Wild Mustard	 Make application as a directed spray to the base of the plants. Avoid contact with green tissue. Do not apply directly to foliage of actively growing desirable woody plants. Plants must be at least one year from seedling at application. Newly transplanted plants must be watered prior to application with a volume sufficient to settle the soil around the new transplant. Application Rate Apply 12 fl. oz. (0.38 lb. ai) of this product per broadcast acre. While research has been conducted in the State of Oregon to ensure tolerance to the listed plants when applied as directed, users are encouraged to test this use pattern on a small number of plants as growing conditions, plant varieties, and localized conditions may cause differences in plant responses.

USE PRECAUTIONS:

- Only apply this product to healthy, established, fully dormant woody plant species.
- Care should be taken to ensure the desirable woody plants are tolerant to application of this product. Plants not listed on this label may tolerate an application of this product, but this product must be applied to each species in limited areas prior to an operational application.

USE RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.38 lb. ai) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 24 fl. oz. (0.75 lb. ai) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 fl. oz. (0.38 lb. ai) per acre or 3 applications at 8 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply this product within 30 days.
- Do not apply SureGuard SC Herbicide when desirable woody plant species are under stress from insects, diseases, animals or any other stresses.
- Do not apply SureGuard SC Herbicide directly to foliage of actively growing (non-dormant) desirable woody plants.
- Do not apply SureGuard SC Herbicide to moist or wet desirable plant foliage.
- Do not apply SureGuard SC Herbicide when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not mechanically incorporate SureGuard SC Herbicide into soil after application.
- Do not apply SureGuard SC Herbicide by aerial application or through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply SureGuard SC Herbicide within 300 feet of non-dormant pome or stone fruit crops.
- Treatment of powdery, dry soil or light sandy soil when there is little to no likelihood of rainfall soon after may
 result in off-target movement and possible damage to actively growing susceptible crops when soil particles
 are moved by wind or water. Do not apply when these soil and environmental conditions are present.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Sprayer Preparation

Before applying this product, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. The spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms, must be cleaned to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to, the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. The spray equipment must be cleaned according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply this product.

Mixing Instructions

- 1. Fill clean spray tank with 1/3 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- 2. To ensure a uniform spray mixture, pre-slurry the required amount of this product with water prior toaddition to the spray tank. Use a minimum of 1 gallon of water per 20 fl. oz. of this product.
- 3. While agitating, slowly add this product to the spray tank. Agitation should create a rippling or rollingaction on the water surface.
- 4. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation should continue until all spray solution has beenapplied.
- 5. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. This product should be applied within 6 hours of mixing.

Sprayer Cleanup

Sprayer equipment must be cleaned each day following application of this product. After this product is applied, the following steps must be used to clean the spray equipment:

- 1. Completely drain the spray tank and rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- 2. Fill the tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles.
- 3. Top off tank with clean water and household ammonia. Use 1 gallon of 3% household ammonia for every 100 gallons of water.
- 4. Circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes.
- 5. Then flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- Loosen any diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm.
- 7. Drain tank completely.
- 8. Add enough clean water to the spray tank to flush hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for 2 minutes.
- 9. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them with clean water.

FIFRA §24(c) registrant:

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