TIGRIS MTZ4F

A flowable herbicide for control of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds on alfalfa, asparagus, barley (spring and winter), carrots, field corn, garbanzo beans (chick peas), lentils, peas, potatoes, sainfoin, soybeans, sugarcane, tomatoes, winter wheat.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	(% by weight)
Metribuzin: 4-Amino-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-1, 2, 4-triazin-5(4H)-one	41%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	59%
TOTAL	100.0%
Contains 4 lbs of metribuzin per gallon	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside label booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

	FIRST AID
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
Have the I	product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

For Chemical Emergency Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

EPA Reg. No.: 92647-24



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful is swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- · Socks plus footwear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- · Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Do not contaminate feed or food. Keep out of reach of children. Obtain prompt medical aid if poisoning should occur.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Groundwater Advisory: Metribuzin is a chemical which can travel (seep or leach) through soil and can contaminate ground water which may be used as drinking water. Metribuzin had been found in ground water as a result of agricultural use. Users are advised not to apply Metribuzin where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface, and where the soils are very permeable, i.e. well drained soils such as loamy sands. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of ground water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labelling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Mixing: It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements on each product in the tank mixture.

When using this product, make sure the sprayer is completely clean, free of rust or corrosion which occurs from Winter storage. Examine strainers and screens to be sure the sprayer is clean from previously used pesticides.

Keep any tank mix containing this product agitated and sprayed out immediately. Do not allow tank mixes to stand for prolonged periods of time.



The proper mixing procedure for Tigris MTZ 4 F alone or in tank mix combinations with other herbicides is:

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/3 full with clean water.
- 2. Add specified rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F while recirculating and agitator running.
- 3. Follow the triple rinse procedure described under STORAGE AND DISPOSAL to ensure that all product is removed from the container.
- 4. Mix thoroughly and add clean water to fill spray tank to desired level.
- 5. Add the other herbicide to tank last and agitate thoroughly.
- 6. Continue agitation during application and until sprayer tank is empty.

Soil Texture: As used on this label "coarse soils" are loamy sand or sandy loam soils. "Medium soils" are loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, or sandy clay loam. "Fine soils" are silty clay, silty clay loam, clay, or clay loam. Silty clay soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

PRODUCT RESTRICTIONS

- Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.
- Do not allow sprays to drift on to adjacent desirable plants.
- Follow all directions and restrictions on labeling of all products used in mixtures.
- For all uses: Low pressure and high volume hand wand equipment is prohibited.

RESISTANCE-MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

For resistance management, Tigris MTZ 4 F is a Group 5 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Tigris MTZ 4 F and other Group 5 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Tigris MTZ 4 F or other Group 5 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weeds species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Fields should be scouted prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth stage to determine if the intended application will be effective. Fields should be scouted after application to verify that the treatment was effective.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:
 - Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
 - A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
 - Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance- management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.

Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Tigris, LLC representative. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemical means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.

CHEMIGATION

This product may be applied through sprinkler irrigation equipment to potatoes, soybeans, tomatoes, and asparagus as directed on this label. Refer to the crop sections of this label for rates, weeds controlled or suppressed, restrictions, and special precautions.

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, or solid set) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

Calibration: (Center Pivot and Self-Propelled Lateral Move Systems): Sprinkler irrigation systems must be accurately calibrated for application of this product. Greater accuracy in calibration (and distribution) will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture of product and water per hour. Follow the steps below to calibrate center pivot and lateral move systems:

- 1. Determine number of minutes required to make one complete revolution while applying to ¼ to ¼ inch of water per acre.
- 2. With the system at operating pressure determine the exact number of minutes required to inject 1.0 gallon of water.
- 3. Divide the time required for 1 revolution (step 1) by the time required to inject 1.0 gallon (step 2). This gives total gallons of product-water mixture to be added to nurse tank.
- 4. Add required amount of water to nurse tank and start the agitation system. Then add this product at the appropriate rate (See Broadcast Applications) to the nurse tank.

Example: If 20 hours (1200 minutes) were required for 1 revolution and if 2 minutes were required to inject 1.0 gallon, then a total of 600 gallons of product-water mixture are required (1200/2=600); to treat 135 acres at 1 pint/acre, 135 pints (16 gallons and 7 pints) of this product are required.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.



Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check value, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. Maintain continuous agitation in the injection nurse tanks during the herbicide application, sufficient to keep herbicide in suspension.

Apply specified dosage in ½ to ½ inch of water (½ to ½ inch of water on sandy soils) per acre as continuous injection in center pivot and lateral move systems or in the last 15 to 30 minutes of set in permanent solid set sprinkler systems. Application of more than the quantity of irrigation water directed on this label may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently unacceptable weed control may result. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To insure that lines are flushed and free of remaining pesticide, an indicator dye may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Use a minimum of 1 part water to 1 part herbicide for injection. The use of larger volume of water will ensure greater accuracy and more uniform distribution.

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applicators to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applicators, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¼ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.
- 3. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.
- 4. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

Information on Droplet Size: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size:

- · Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's directed pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the required practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than ¼ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce spray drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.



Temperature Inversions: Applications should not occur during temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas: This product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Application of This Product with Herbicide Spray Equipment

Use a standard low-pressure (20 to 40 psi.) herbicide boom sprayer equipped with suitable nozzles and screens no finer than 50-mesh in-nozzle and in-line strainers. Agitate thoroughly before and during application with bypass agitation. Low pressure and high volume hand wand equipment is prohibited.

Ground Application: Apply the proper rate of this product in a minimum of 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray mixture per acre broadcast.

Banded Application: Use proportionally less of this product per acre in a band versus a broadcast application. For band application use ¼ to 1.0 gallon of spray mix per inch of band width regardless of row spacing.

Examples: (1) To treat a 15-inch bad on rows 30 inches apart, use 1/2 of the broadcast rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F. (2) To treat a 14-inch band on rows 42 inches apart, use 1/3 of the broadcast rate of this product.

Aerial Application: Where permitted, apply specified rate in a minimum of 2.0 to 10.0 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Do not apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph.

For All Applications of Tigris MTZ 4 F: Sprayer must be accurately calibrated before applying this product. Check sprayer during application to be sure it is working properly and delivering a uniform spray pattern. As the volume of spray mixture decreases per acre, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Avoid over application, misapplication, and boom and spray swath overlapping that will increase spray dosage. (Crop injury may occur as result). Avoid spray skips and gaps which allow weeds to grow in untreated soil. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift and/or when sensitive or cool season crops, such as cole crops, onions, peas, or strawberries are present I adjacent fields or in areas where wheat is growing in coarse textured soils.

Sprayer Cleanup: Spray equipment must be thoroughly cleaned to remove remaining traces of herbicide that might injure other crops to be sprayed. Drain any remaining spray solution of this product from the spray tank and dispose of according to label disposal instructions. Rinse the spray tank and refill with water, adding a heavy-duty detergent at the rate of 1 cup per 20.0 gallons of water. Recycle this mixture through the equipment for 5 minutes and spray out. Repeat this procedure twice. Fill the spray tank with clean water, recycle for 5 minutes, and spray out. Clean pump and nozzle screens thoroughly. Wash away any spray mixture from the outside of spray tank, nozzles or spray rig. All rinse water must be disposed of in compliance with local, state, and Federal guidelines.

Application of Tigris MTZ 4 F in Fluid Fertilizers

This product may be applied in fluid fertilizer solutions to alfalfa and soybeans by following the appropriate mixing procedures and compatibility check. When using tank mix combinations, be sure all components are compatible.

Make compatibility checks of this product and tank mix combinations which include this product for each batch of fluid fertilizer because of the variability of these fertilizers.

Compatibility Check:

- 1. Pre-mix 2.0 teaspoonfuls of this product with 8.0 teaspoonfuls of water (1:4 ratio) in a quart jar by adding the water first and followed with this product. Mix thoroughly. If second herbicide is to be used, double the amount of water (1:8 ratio) and adds the second herbicide after mixing this product first.
- 2. Then pour 1.0 pint of fluid fertilizer into the quart jar and shake well.
- 3. Allow to stand for 5 minutes.

ONLY USE THIS COMPATIBILITY CHECK WHEN MIXING WITH FLUID FERTILIZERS.

Interpretation of Results: If the solution in the jar appears to be uniform without signs of agglomeration, or without separation of an oily film on top of the fertilizer, the mixture may be used. If not, repeat the compatibility check using twice the amount of water or add a compatibility agent to the water. If separation occurs, but the mixture can be resuspended by shaking, then application is possible with good agitation in the spray tank.

Tank Mixing Guidelines:

- 1. Add the required amount of water and compatibility agent (if required) to the tank. Start agitation system while adding this product and follow by adding the fluid fertilizer and agitate.
- 2. If a second herbicide is to be used, follow as above in 1, but use twice the amount of water. Start agitation and add this product and follow by adding the second herbicide, and then continue filling the tank with fluid fertilizer.
- 3. Maintain continuous agitation to assure uniform spray mixture until the tank is emptied.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements on each product in the tank mixture.

Commercial Impregnation and Application of Tigris MTZ 4 F on Dry Bulk Fertilizer

Dry bulk fertilizer may be impregnated or coated with this product for application to established alfalfa and to soybeans. All instructions, cautions, and special precautions and restrictions on this label must be followed along with state regulations relating to dry bulk fertilizer blending, impregnating and labeling.

Impregnation: To impregnate, use a system consisting of a belt, conveyor, or closed drum which is used for dry bulk fertilizer blending. Any commonly used fertilizer can be impregnated with this product except ammonium nitrate, or fertilizer containing ammonium nitrate, potassium nitrate, or sodium nitrate. Do not use on powder limestone.



Apply using a minimum of 200 lbs. dry bulk fertilizer per acre and up to a maximum of 450 lbs. per acre. To impregnate or coat dry bulk fertilizer, mix this product with sufficient water to form a sprayable slurry. The delivery nozzles must be directed to deliver a fine spray toward the fertilizer for through coverage while avoiding spray contact with mixing equipment. Uniform impregnation of this product to dry bulk fertilizer will vary and if the absorptivity is not adequate, an absorbent powder may be added to produce a dry, free-flowing mixture. Micro-Cel® is the recommended absorbent powder. When another herbicide is used with this product, mix and impregnate immediately.

Apply immediately after impregnation unless experience has shown that impregnated fertilizer can be stored without becoming lumpy and difficult to spread.

Rates: Select the specified rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre from the appropriate section of this label and refer to the formula below to determine the amount of Tigris MTZ 4 F which is to be impregnated on a ton of dry bulk fertilizer based on the amount of fertilizer which will be distributed on one acre.

 $\frac{\text{Pt Tigris MTZ 4 F}}{\text{Acre}} \qquad \qquad \chi \qquad \qquad \frac{2000 \text{lb Fertilizer}}{\text{Acre}} \qquad \qquad = \qquad \qquad \frac{\text{Pt Tigris MTZ 4 F}}{\text{Ton of Fertilizer}}$

Application: Uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control. Accurate calibration of fertilizer application equipment is essential for uniform distribution to the soil surface. The recommended method of application is to apply ½ the specified rate and over 50% or to double apply by splitting the middles to obtain the best distribution pattern.

If fertilizer materials are excessively dusty, use diesel oil or other suitable additive to reduce dust prior to impregnation as dusty fertilizer will result in poor distribution during application. Crop injury and/or poor weed control may occur where the impregnated fertilizer is not uniformly applied.

Incorporation and Combination Uses: When this product is to be used in combination with another herbicide, follow directions on this label for combinations, rates, crops, incorporation, and special precautions and use restrictions.

ALFALFA AND SAINFOIN

Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide may be used for use in alfalfa and sainfoin in the following areas:

- 1. Alfalfa, and sainfoin (Including mixed stands with grasses) (all areas except California).
- 2. Alfalfa and sainfoin (Including mixed stands with grasses) (California only).
- 3. Alfalfa Tank Mix Combination with Paraquat (Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, and the following California counties: Del Norte, Lassen, Modoc, Nevada, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, and Siskiyou).
- 4. Alfalfa Post Dormant Application of this product Impregnated on Dry Fertilizer Only (Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Wisconsin).

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used for use in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin for the control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds.

APPLICATION: Refer to Product Information in the front of this label for detailed information on the application of Tigris MTZ 4 F. For information on applying Tigris MTZ 4 F In Fluid Fertilizers or Commercial Impregnation and Application of Tigris MTZ 4 F On Dry Bulk Fertilizer under the Product Information section of this label.

Use Restrictions:

- · Use Tigris MTZ 4 F only on established alfalfa and sainfoin.
- Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F after growth begins in the spring or before growth ceases in the fall, except as specified on this label.
- Do not graze or harvest within 28 days after application.

Use Precautions:

- For best weed control, apply Tigris MTZ 4 F when weeds are less than 2 inches tall or before weed foliage is 2 inches in diameter.
- Reduced weed control may occur when extended dry conditions follow application of Tigris MTZ 4 F.
- · Crop injury may occur when:
 - 1. Crop is under stress conditions such as diseases, insect infestations, poorly drained soils, drought or winter injury at time of application;
 - 2. Crop is treated within 12 months after seeding;
 - 3. There is excessive irrigation or rainfall immediately after application. Do not apply more than 1/2 inch of water in the first irrigation after Tigris MTZ 4 F is applied.

ALFALFA and SAINFOIN (All Areas Except California) BROADCAST APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

CROP	Tigris MTZ 4 F			
Alfalfa and Sainfoin (Except California)	1/2 to 2			
Select the proper dosage according to weeds known to be and present in field to be treated. On loamy sand soils in Oregon				

FOR USE ON MIXED STANDS OF ALFALFA AND GRASSES:

Rates of 1 to 1-1/2 pt of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre will provide partial reduction of forage grass stands. These rates may be used to reduce forage grass stands to prevent crowding out of alfalfa. Higher rates will severely reduce forage grass stands. Tigris MTZ 4 F should not be used on sand soils. In areas, west of the Rocky Mountains, avoid using Tigris MTZ 4 F on soils with calcareous surface area, high levels of lime or sodium, or a pH greater than 8.2.



ALFALFA and SAINFOIN Weeds Controlled (Except California)

weeds Controlled (Except California)						
1/2 to 3/4 Pt Ti	gris MTZ 4 F/Acre					
Chickweed, common (stellaria media)						
3/4 to 1 Pt Tig	ris MTZ 4 F/Acre					
Cheat (Bromus secalinus)	Pennycress (Thlaspi arvense)					
Deadnettle, Purple (Lamium purpureum)	Rescuegrass (Bromus catharticus)					
Downy brome (Bromus tectorum)	Sheperdspurse (Capsella bursa pastoris)					
Japanese brome (Bromus japonicus)						
1 to 2 Pt Tigri	s MTZ 4 F/ Acre					
Broadleaves	Grasses					
Fleabane, Rough (<i>Erigeron strigosus</i>)	Foxtail, Green (Setaria viridis)					
Flixweed (Descurainia sophia)	Little Barley (Hordeum pusillum)					
Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule)	Smooth Brome (Bromus inermis)					
Kochia (Kochia scoparia)	Wild Oats (Avena fatua)					
Lambquarters, common (Chenopodium album)						
Marestail (Horseweed) (Hippuris vulgaris)						
Meadow Salsify (Tragopogon pratensis)						
Mustard, Blue (Chorispora tenella)						
Mustard, Jim Hill (tumble) (Sisymbrium altissimum)						
Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata)						
Pepperweed (Lepidium virginicum)						
Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus retroflexus)						
Prickly Lettuce (Lactuca serriola)						
White Cockle (Melandrium album)						
Wild Buckwheat (<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>)						
Yellow Rocket (Barbarea vulgaris)						
1 to 2 Pt Tigri	s MTZ 4 F/ Acre					
Broadleaves	Grasses					
Chickweed, Mousear (Cerastium vulgatum)	Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli)					
Dandelion (Taraxacum officinale)	Bluegrass (Poa annua)					
Ragweed, common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia)	Foxtail Barley (Horeum jubatum)					

Weeds Partially Controlled: At the rate of 2 pt/acre Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used to reduce the competition from curly dock (Rumex crispus). At 1 to 2 pt/acre, Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used to reduce the competition of German Moss or knawel (Scleanthus annus).

ALFALFA AND SAINFOIN (California Only) (Including Mixed Stands with Grasses)

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to dormant established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin.

APPLICATION: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to dormant established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin for control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds. Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F after growth begins in the spring or before growth ceases in the fall. Do not apply to either alfalfa or sainfoin during the first growing season after seeding.

For information on applying Tigris MTZ 4 F in fluid fertilizer solutions to alfalfa, refer to the appropriate section of this label.

For information on commercial impregnation and application of Tigris MTZ 4 F on dry bulk fertilizer, refer to the appropriate section of this label.



,	Weeds Controlled
3/4 to	o 1 Pt Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre
Cheatgrass (downy brome) (Bromus secalinus)	
1 to 2	Pt Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre
Broadleaves	Grasses
Chickweed, common (Stellaria media)	Smooth Brome (Stellaria media)
Flixweed (Descurainia Sophia)	Wild Oates (Avena fatua)
Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule)	
Kochia (Kochia scoparia)	
Meadow Salsify (Tragopogon pratensis)	
Mustard, Blue (Chlorispora tenella)	
Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata)	
Pepperwood, Virginia (Lepidium virginicum)	
Sheperdspurse (Caspella bursa-pastoris)	
White Cockle (Melandrium album)	
Wild Buckwheat (Polygonum convolulus)	
Yellow Rocket (Barbarea vulgaris)	
2 P	t Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre
Broadleaves	Grasses
Dandelion (Taraxacum officinale)	Barnyard (Echinolchla crus-galli)
	Bluegrass (Poa annua)
	Foxtail Barley (Horeum jubatum)

	TIONS INSTRUCTIONS		
CROP		Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre	
Alfalfa and Sainfoin (California Only)		3/4 to 2	

Select the proper dosage according to weeds known to be present in the field to be treated. Apply specified dosage in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment or 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment fitted with nozzles suitable for broadcast applications of herbicides. Treat only dormant established crops of alfalfa and sainfoin. Injury may occur to alfalfa if Tigris MTZ 4 F is applied earlier than 1.2 months after seeding. Do not apply after Spring growth begins or before growth ceases in the Fall. Do not graze or harvest within 28 days after application.

At the 2 pt/acre rate, Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used for suppression of curly dock.

FOR USE ON MIXED STANDS OF ALFALFA AND GRASSES: Rates of 1 to 1-1/2 pt of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre will provide partial reduction of forage grass stands. These rates may be used to reduce forage grass stands to prevent crowding out of alfalfa. Higher rates will severely reduce forage grass stands. Do not apply with aerial spray equipment when wind speed is greater than 10 mph. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift and/or when sensitive cool season crops, such as cole crops, onions, peas, or strawberries, are present in adjacent fields. Applications should not be made when weather conditions favor spray drift, especially in areas where wheat is growing on coarse textured soils in adjacent fields, or injury may occur.

ALFALFA Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS PARAQUAT TANK MIX

Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming and the following California counties:

Del Norte, Lassen, Modoc, Nevada, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, and Siskiyou.

APPLICATION: Tigris MTZ 4 F plus paraquat herbicide tank mix application may be used, during the dormant season, in aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast surface application to established alfalfa for the control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds. Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F/paraquat tank mix to growth that is more than 2 inches tall. Apply once per season. Do not apply following cuttings during growing season. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment and a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment. Add a non-ionic spreader at label rates to the spray solution.

Weeds Controlled: Tigris MTZ 4 F plus paraquat tank mix application will control established weeds. Paraquat controls weeds by contact activity. Refer to paraquat label for specific use rates.

1/2 to 3/4 Pt of Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre

Common Chickweed

3/4 to 1-1/2 of Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre

Bluegrass Field pennycress Rescuegras Cheat Henbit Sheperdspurse

Downy brome Japanese brome



Use Tigris MTZ 4 F at 1 to 1-1/2 Pt/Acre for Control of the following weeds:

Blue mustard Marestail (Horseweed) Sow thistle Common lambquarters Meadow salsify Tansy mustard Flixweed Pepperweed White cockle Green foxtail Prickly lettuce Wild oats Redroot pigweed Wild buckwheat Groundsel Jim Hill mustard Rough fleabane Yellow rocket

Kochia Ryegrass
Little barley Smooth brome

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

DOSAGE/ACRE

Tigris MTZ 4 F 1/2 TO 1-1/2

Plus

paraquat (refer to label for use rates)

Apply specified dosage of Tigris MTZ 4 F and paraquat in at least 20 gallons of water per acre with aerial equipment or at least 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment. Do not apply this tank mix to alfalfa growth if more than 2 inches tall. For best weed control, apply when broadleaf weeds and grasses are 1-6 inches tall and are actively growing. Care should be taken to avoid overlaps. Do not apply more than 1 pt of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre on loamy sand soils. Reduced weed control may occur when extended dry conditions follow application of Tigris MTZ 4 F Crop injury may occur if alfalfa is under stress conditions such as diseases, insect infestations, drought or winter injury or if Tigris MTZ 4 F is applied to alfalfa earlier than 12 months after seeding.

FOR USE ON MIXED STANDS OF ALFALFA AND GRASSES: Rates of 1 to 1 - 1/2 pt of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre will provide partial reduction of forage grass stands. These rates may be used to reduce forage grass stands to prevent crowding out of alfalfa.

Do not graze or harvest within 42 days after application.

In areas west of the Rockies, avoid the use of Tigris MTZ 4 F on soils with calcareous surface, soils with high levels of lime or sodium, and with a pH greater than 8.2. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. Aerial application should not be made when wind speed is greater than 10 mph. Do not use on sand soil. Refer to the paraguat label for additional directions, weed species controlled and precautions.

Post Dormant Application of this Product Impregnated on Dry Fertilizer Only

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied after dormancy has broken, but prior to three inches of new alfalfa shoot growth, only when impregnated on dry fertilizer in Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Wisconsin.

Apply at rates of 1-1/2 to 2 pt per acre as directed on this label for application during dormancy. Apply only when alfalfa foliage is dry or crop injury may occur. When using this application method, do not harvest or graze treated alfalfa for 60 days after application.

ASPARAGUS (Established)

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used in ground spray equipment or sprinkler irrigation (center pivot, lateral move, or solid set) systems as a single preemergence broadcast application or as a split application consisting of a preemergence broadcast application followed by a post harvest broadcast application.

Refer to the Product Information section of this label for directions.

Weeds Controlled: Tigris MTZ 4 F, applied to established asparagus according to directions, will effectively control:

Broadleaves

Chickweed, Common (Stellaria media) Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia)

Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium) Smartweed, Pennsylvania (Polygonum pensylvanicum)

Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album)

Sorrel, Red (Rumex acetosella)

Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus retroflexus)

Velevetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)

Grasses

Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.) Foxtails (Setaria spp.)

Sandbur, Field (Cenchrus pauciflorus)



BROADCAST APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS				
CROP	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre			
Asparagus	2 to 4			
	PREMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY			
	Make a single surface application in early Spring before asparagus spears or ferns emerge. If the field is to be disked, apply this product after disking but before the crop emerges. Use the lower rate for control of the broadleaf weeds listed above. Use the higher rate in fields with a history of severe infestations of grasses and for maximum residual control. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.			
	1 to 2 pre-emergence plus 2 to 3 post harvest			
	SPLIT APPLICATION PREEMERGENCE AND POST HARVEST			
	Preemergence Application: Apply before asparagus spears or ferns emerge. If the field is to be disked, apply after disking but prior to crop emergence. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Post Harvest Application: Apply after last harvest of the season but prior to emergence.			
	The lower combination rates may be used for control of common ragweed, lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, and red sorrel. Use the higher combination rates for other weeds listed or in fields with severe grass infestations or for maximum post harvest control of emerged weeds.			
IMPORTANT: The total amount of Tigris MTZ 4 F app	lied in one crop season may not exceed 4 pt per acre			

Use Restrictions (Asparagus):

- Do not use on newly seeded asparagus nor on young plants during the first growing season after setting crowns.
- DO NOT APPLY POST HARVEST APPLICATIONS UNTIL AFTER THE LAST HARVEST OF SPEARS.
- · Aerial application is prohibited.

CARROTS

Use on Carrot: The following directions for use were developed under the direction of IR-4 (government minor crops use program).

Apply Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide with ground equipment as specified below under Application Instructions. For effective control of broadleaf weeds with postemergence applications, apply Tigris MTZ 4 F before weeds are 1 inch in height or diameter. Thorough spray coverage is essential for adequate weed control.

Do not use air blast or other high pressure spray equipment to make postemergence applications of Tigris MTZ 4 F. Refer to the appropriate section of this label for additional information regarding spray equipment, dilution rates, mixing, sprayer cleanup, restrictions, container disposal and cautions.

Refer to **Mixing** under the **Product Information** section on the front of this label. For specific application information see Product Information and Application sections at the front of this label.

BROADCAST APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS			
CROP	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre		
Carrots	1/2		
	Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray over the tops of carrot plants. Application should be made after carrots have formed 5-6 true leaves but before weeds are 1 inch in height or diameter. If needed, a second application may be made after an interval of at least 3 weeks. Applications may be made up to 60 days of harvest.		

Use Restrictions:

- Do not apply to carrots grown for seed.
- Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet or cloudy weather or crop injury will occur.
- Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F within 3 days of any other chemical unless specified on this label.
- Do NOT apply on very hot days, when temperature exceed 100 F, or excessive crop injury will result.
- Do not apply until carrots have at least 5-6 true leaves. Earlier applications will result in excessive crop damage.

Use Precautions:

- Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from applications of Tigris MTZ 4 F if carrots are growing under stress conditions such as periods of drought or cool, wet and cloudy weather preceding application.
- Following an application of Tigris MTZ 4 F, chlorosis (yellowing) and burning of the least tissue may occur.
- For newly introduced varieties of carrots with unknown tolerance to Tigris MTZ 4 F, treat only a small area to determine if Tigris MTZ 4 F can be used without injury to the crop.



FIELD CORN

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used for control of selected broadleaf weeds when applied as a tank mix combination with certain broadleaf herbicides presently registered for postemergence use in field corn. Herbicides which may be tank mixed with Tigris MTZ 4 F include:

2,4-D Dicamba + atrazine

Atrazine Bromoxynil + atrazine (Premix)

Dicamba Clarity

Bentazon Imazethapyr* Bromoxynil

Flumiclorac

*Use only on Imazethapyr resistant/tolerant corn hybrids (IM-Corn).

APPLICATION: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to field corn after crop emergence until just prior to tasseling. Broadcast applications may be made with ground or aerial equipment. For optimum weed control, apply treatments when weeds are small and actively growing, but before reaching the maximum heights listed in the Weeds Controlled table.

POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST APPLICATION

Ground Application: Adjust nozzle height above crop and weed canopy to ensure uniform spray coverage. Gallonage should be increased with increasing weed size and population density.

For tank mixes of Tigris MTZ 4 F plus atrazine, bentazon, bromoxynil, bromoxynil + atrazine, imazethapyr, flumiclorac, or 2,4-D amine formulations, use flat fan nozzles spaced a maximum of 20 inches apart. Best results are achieved using a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre and spray pressure from 20 to 40 psi.

For Tigris MTZ 4 F tank mixes with dicamba, dicamba + atrazine, or 2,4-D low volatile ester formulations, use drift-reducing nozzles which are specifically designed to produce coarse sprays and reduce the amount of driftable fines. Additional measures which will help avoid potential drift to sensitive crops and plants include using a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre and keeping spray pressures at or

below 20 psi unless otherwise specified by the nozzle manufacturer.

For further precautions and additional instructions, consult the tank mix partner's label.

Aerial Application: Apply in a minimum spray volume of 3 gallons per acre. For optimum spray coverage and distribution, use a minimum of 5 gallons per acre and a maximum pressure of 40 psi. Use a boom and nozzle configuration which will provide a uniform deposition pattern and coverage with low drift potential. Avoid overlaps to prevent potential crop injury. Do not apply near sensitive crops or sensitive plants growing near the treated area. Do not apply when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or when winds are moving toward sensitive crops or plants. To avoid drift hazards, applicator must follow the most restrictive labeling of the products used in a tank mix. Refer to the appropriate tank mix partner's label for further precautions and instructions.

POST DIRECTED APPLICATION

Tigris MTZ 4 F in tank mix combinations with dicamba, 2,4-D or bromoxynil may be applied post directed to field corn. Use drop nozzles and appropriate spacing to direct spray below the corn whorl and upper leaves. The top of the target weed canopy must be sufficiently below the whorl and upper leaves of the crop to permit this application and provide adequate spray coverage. The height differential required between the crop and weed canopy will depend on the specific equipment used. Apply before tassel emergence. For further precautions and additional instructions, refer to the appropriate tank mix partner's label.

ADJUVANTS

The adjuvant types listed below may be utilized with certain Tigris MTZ 4 F tank mix combinations. Consult the tank mix instructions section for the appropriate adjuvant and rate. Use of non-recommended adjuvants or rates may result in severe leaf burn, crop stunting, and/or stand reduction. Use only adjuvants which are exempt from tolerance requirements under 40 CFR 180.1001.

UAN (urea ammonium nitrate) is commonly referred to as 28, 30, or 32% N.

Ammonium sulfate (spray grade) may be used as an alternative to UAN with certain tank mix combinations.

Non-ionic surfactants should contain at least 80% active ingredient.

DO NOT USE crop oil concentrate (COC) or any adjuvant containing vegetable or petroleum oils with any Tigris MTZ 4 F tank mixtures as severe leaf burn, crop stunting, and/or stand reduction may occur.

RAINFASTNESS

Tigris MTZ 4 F will not reduce rainfastness of the above tank mix partners. Refer to the individual product labels for rainfastness recommendations.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Refer to each tank mix partner's label and the Sprayer Cleanup section of the Tigris MTZ 4 F label for specific instructions on cleaning spray equipment. Special attention should be given to the required cleanup procedures for 2,4-D, dicamba, and dicamba + atrazine.



Use Restrictions:

- Do not use on corn grown for seed, sweet corn, popcorn, or white corn.
- Do not apply more than 0.25 pounds a.i. metribuzin (8 fl oz. Tigris MTZ 4 F) per acre per use season.
- Do not apply when field corn is under stress (see Stress statement below).
- Do not use aerial applications if sensitive crops or plants are growing in the vicinity of the area to be treated.
- Do not allow spray drift onto sensitive crops or plants.
- Do not use on sand, loamy sand or sandy loam soils that have less than 0.5% organic matter.
- Do not use on sand or loamy sand soils in Washington, Oregon or Idaho or crop injury may occur.
- Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in the tank mixtures.
- Do not graze or harvest Field corn treated with Tigris MTZ 4 F for silage or grain 60 days after treatment. Follow the most restrictive preharvest interval on the labels of the products used in the tank mixtures.

Stress is any condition or combination of conditions which impairs normal crop growth. Weather, disease, insect damage, fertility or other factors may cause stress. Applications made before or after the corn is under stress from these factors or from periods of prolonged cool, wet and cloudy weather or widely fluctuating day and nighttime temperatures, may result in temporary leaf burn, yellowing and/or stunting of the crop. Recovery from damage is generally rapid with no lasting effects on new growth. Under extreme stress, stand reductions may occur.

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS

The Tigris MTZ 4 F tank mixtures listed below can be utilized for control of certain annual broadleaf weeds.

	Tigris MTZ 4 F POST DIRECTED INSTRUCTIONS				
PRODUCT	RATE	DIRECTIONS AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS*			
A342.2 + 2, 4-D amine or 2,4-D LVE	3 to 4.5 fl oz/A + See reference ¹ or See reference ¹	For corn greater than 8-inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles before tassel emergence. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. 2,4-D may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops. For corn greater than 8-inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles before tassel emergence. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. 2,4-D may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops.			
Tigris MTZ 4 F + dicamba	3 to 4.5 fl oz/A + See reference ¹	For corn 8 to 36 inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles. Application may be made up to 15 days prior to corn tasseling. If growing conditions are dry and plants are stressed, addition of a non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may improve weed control. For corn grown on coarse textured soils, apply dicamba as per specific label rates, regardless of application method. Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plant			
Tigris MTZ 4 F + bromoxynil	3 to 4.5 fl oz/A + See reference ¹	Apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles before tassel emergence. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. Occasional temporary corn leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage application should be made to dry corn foliage when weather conditions are not extreme.			

^{*} Consult the appropriate tank mix partner's label for additional instructions or restrictions. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements on each product in the tank mixture.

1 Refer to specific 2,4-D, dicamba, or bromoxynil labels for use rates.

	Tigris MTZ 4 F POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST INSTRUCTIONS				
PRODUCT	RATE	DIRECTIONS AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS*			
A342.2 + 2, 4-D Amine or 2,4-D LVE	3 fl oz/A + See reference ¹ or See reference ¹	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 8 inches tall. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. 2,4-D may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops. 2,4-D applications may result in brittle corn stalks, and winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage. To reduce damage, delay cultivation 8 to 10 days after application.			
Tigris MTZ 4 F + dicamba	3 fl oz + See reference	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 12 inches tall. A non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may be added to improve weed control. Atrazine is a restricted use herbicide. Follow all state and federal label instructions and restrictions pertaining to atrazine applications.			
Tigris MTZ 4 F + dicamba	3 fl oz + See reference ¹	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence through the five leaf stage or when corn is 8 inches tall, whichever occurs first. Consult the dicamba label for use rates and restrictions. If growing conditions are dry and plants are stressed, addition of a non-ionic surfactant (1 pt/100 gal of spray solution) may improve weed control. For corn grown on coarse textured soils, consult the dicamba label for use rates, regardless of application method. Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application may result in temporary leaning of corn plants. Delay cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage.			
Tigris MTZ 4 F + bentazon	3 fl oz/A + See reference 1	Apply as a broadcast spray after corn emergence but before corn exceeds 30 inches in height and the crop canopy closes the row. Adjuvants such as UAN (0.5 to 1 gal/A), ammonium sulfate (17 lbs/100 gal of spray solution), or non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may improve weed control.			



	Tigris MTZ 4 F POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST INSTRUCTIONS - continued					
PRODUCT	RATE	DIRECTIONS AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS*				
Tigris MTZ 4 F + bromoxynil	2.4 to 3 fl oz/A + See reference ¹	Apply as a broadcast spray when corn is in the fourth true leaf stage or later but before the crop canopy closes the row. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. Occasional temporary corn leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry corn foliage when weather conditions are not extreme.				
Tigris MTZ 4 F + bromoxynil + atrazine (Premix)	2.4 to 3 fl oz/A + See reference ¹	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 12 inches tall. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS . Occasional temporary corn leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry corn foliage when weather conditions are not extreme.				
Tigris MTZ 4 F + dicamba + atrazine	3 fl oz + See reference ¹	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence through five-leaf stage or when corn is 8 inches tall, whichever occurs first. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS . Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application may result in temporary leaning of corn plants. Delay cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage. Atrazine is a restricted use product. Follow all state and federal label instructions and restrictions pertaining to atrazine.				
Tigris MTZ 4 F + imazethapyr	3 fl oz/A + See reference ¹	Use only on designated IMI-Corn hybrids (hybrids which are resistant/tolerant to Imazethapyr. Consult the imazethapyr label for use rates if grasses are present or broadleaf weeds are near the maximum heights shown. Apply in combination with a non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) and UAN (1 to 2 qt/A).				
Tigris MTZ 4 F + flumiclorac	3 fl oz/A + See reference ¹	Apply as a broadcast spray to field corn from 2-leaf through 10-leaf (visible leaf collars) stage. Adjuvants such as nonionic surfactant (0.25% v/v), UAN (2% v/v) or ammonium sulfate (2.5 lbs/A) may improve weed control.				

*Consult the appropriate tank mix partner's label for additional instructions or restrictions. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements on each product in the tank mixture.

WEEDS CONTROLLED-POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST APPLICATION These tank mixtures with Tigris MTZ 4 F will control the following annual weeds up to the maximum weed heights listed:

	Tigris MTZ 4							
соммон	Atrazine	Dicamba	Bentazon	Bromoynil/ Bromoxynil	2,4-D	Dicamba +	Imazethapyr	Flumiclorac
WEED NAME				MAXIMUM WEE	D HEIGHT IN	CHES*	,	,
Amaranth, Palmer	4 °	4	2 °	4 °	4	4	8 ^b	4
Buckwheat, wild	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	4
Buffalobur	4	4		4		4	1	
Burcucumber		4		4	2	4		
Carpetweed	2	2	2	2	2	2		3
Cocklebur, common	8	8	8	8	8	8	8 ^b	3
Eclipta	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Henbit	3	3	2	2	2	4	3	
Horseweed/marestail	3	4	1	1	3	6		
Jimsonweed	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	3
Knotweed	6	6	6	4	2	6	4	6
Kochia	2 °	2	1 º	2 °	2 °	2	2	2 °
Ladysthumb	6	6	6	6	4	6	4	4
Lambquarters, common	6°	6	1	6	6	6	4	4
Lettuce, prickly	4	4		3	4	5		
Mallow, Venice	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mallow, Morningglory entire leaf	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	
Morningglory, ivyleaf	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	



Refer to specific 2,4-D, atrazine, dicamba, bentazon, bromoxynil, bromoxynil + atrazine, dicamba + atrazine, imazethapyr, and flumiclorac labels for use rates.

WEEDS CONTROLLED-POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST APPLICATION - continued These tank mixtures with Tigris MTZ 4 F will control the following annual weeds up to the maximum weed heights listed:

		Tigris MTZ 4								
COMMON WEED NAME	Atrazine	Dicamba	Bentazon	Bromoynil/ Bromoxynil	2,4-D	Dicamba +	Imazethapyr	Flumiclorac		
		•		MAXIMUM WEE	D HEIGHT IN	CHES*				
Morningglory, pitted	3	3	1	3	3	3	2			
Morningglory, tall	3	3	1	3	3	3	2			
Mustard, tansy	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Mustard, wild	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Nightshade, black	6	6		6	1	6	3			
Nightshade, eastern black	6	6		6	1	6	3			
Pigweed, redroot	6°	6	2°	6°	6	6	8ь	4		
Pigweed, smooth	6°	6	2°	6°	6	6	8ь	4		
Poorjoe	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Purslane, common	1	3				4	1			
Pusley, Florida	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		
Ragweed, common	5	5	3	5	5	6	3	3		
Ragweed, giant	4	5	2	4	3	6	4			
Sicklepod	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Sida, prickly	1	1	3	_ 1	1	2	1	2		
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	6	6	6	6	4	6	4	4		
Sunflower, common	6	6	6	6	6	6	5			
Thistle, Russian	1	3		3	1	3	1			
Velevetleaf	6°	6	6	6	4	6	5	6		
Waterhemp, spp.	5°	5	2°	5°	5	5	4 ^b	4		

When weeds are approaching the maximum height listed or found in high densities, use the higher rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F and the selected tank mix partners.

WEEDS CONTROLLED-POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST APPLICATION

These tank mixtures with Tigris MTZ 4 F will control the following annual weeds up to the maximum weed heights listed:

		Tigris MTZ 4 F +	
	2, 4-D Dicamba		Bromoxynil
COMMON WEED		MAXIMUM WEED HEIGHT INCHES*	
Amaranth, Palmer	12	12	6
Cocklebur, common	12	12	12
Jimsonweed	12	10	10
Ladysthumb	6	8	6
Lambquarters, common	12	12	10
Morningglory entire leaf	18	18	6
Morningglory, ivyleaf	18	18	6
Morningglory, pitted	18	18	6
Morningglory, tall	18	18	6
Nightshade, black	10	8	8
Nightshade, eastern black	10	8	8
Pigweed, redroot	12	12	6



^a These treatments will not control triazine resistant biotypes.

^b These treatments will not control ALS resistant biotypes.

WEEDS CONTROLLED-POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST APPLICATION - continued These tank mixtures with Tigris MTZ 4 F will control the following annual weeds up to the maximum weed heights listed:

	Tigris MTZ 4 F +							
	2, 4-D	Dicamba	Bromoxynil					
COMMON WEED	MAXIMUM WEED HEIGHT INCHES*							
Pigweed, smooth	12	12	6					
Ragweed, common	8	8	8					
Ragweed, giant	12	12	8					
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	6	8	6					
Sunflower, common	12	12	12					
Velevetleaf	10	8	8					
Waterhemp, tall	12	12	6					

^{*} When weeds are approaching the maximum height listed or found in high densities, use the higher rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F and the selected tank mix partners

PERENNIAL WEED SUPPRESSION

The following a 342.02 tank mixtures will provide top growth burndown and in season suppression of the following perennial weeds; however, regrowth may occur. For the best performance on these weeds, use the maximum rates of this product, dicamba, bromoxynil, bromoxynil + atrazine, dicamba + atrazine, 2,4-D LVE or imazethapyr specified for these tank mixtures.

Tigris MTZ 4 F + dicamba

Bindweed, field; Dandelion, common; Dock, curly; Smartweed, swamp; Thistle, Canada.

Tigris MTZ 4F + bromoxynil or bromoxynil + atrazine

Thistle, Canada.

Tigris MTZ 4 F + 2.4-D LVE

Bindweed, field; Dandelion, common; Dock, curly; Smartweed, swamp; Thistle, Canada.

Tigris MTZ 4 F + dicamba + atrazine

Bindweed, field; Dandelion, common; Dock, curly; Smartweed, swamp; Thistle, Canada.

Tigris MTZ 4 F + imazethapyr

Thistle, Canada

PREPLANT AND PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS:

(Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin) Tigris MTZ 4 F applied as a tank mix combination with both grass and broadleaf herbicides registered for use in field corn. Tigris MTZ 4 F can be tank mixed with specified rates of the following herbicides:

Acetochlor Dimethenamid Imazethapyr*+ pendimethalin

 Acetochlor
 Dimethenamid + atrazine
 Linuron

 Acetochlor + atrazine
 Flumetsulam + clopyralid
 Metolachlor

 Atrazine
 Flumetsulam + metolachlor
 Pendimethalin

 Atrazine + S-metolachlor
 Hydrogen peroxide + ethaneperoxoic acid
 Simazine

 Dicamba
 Imazethapyr*
 S-metolachlor

Dicamba + atrazine

Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to field corn preplant without incorporation up to 30 days prior to planting or preemergence. Applications may be made by either ground or aerial equipment. For tank mixes, follow the most restrictive application methods of all products used.

Use Restrictions:

Ladysthumb

- Do not apply more than 8 fluid ounces of this product (0.25 pound active ingredient) per acre per growing season.
- Do not apply on soils having pH 7.0 or greater.
- Corn seed should be planted a minimum of 1-1/2 inches deep.
- · Tigris MTZ 4 F may only be used in hybrid seed corn production fields if both inbred parents are known to be tolerant to Tigris MTZ 4 F.
- Do not use on muck soils as reduced weed control may result.
- · Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in tank mixes.

Feeding restrictions: Corn treated with Tigris MTZ 4 F may be harvested for silage or grain 60 days after treatment. For tank mixes, follow the most restrictive preharvest interval of all products used.

Weeds Controlled*: Tigris MTZ 4 F will aid in the residual preemergence control of the following weed species when tank mixed with other registered grass and/or broadleaf corn herbicides:

Horseweed/marestail Lambsquarters, common Ra

Pigweed spp

Ragweed, common Sunflower Velvetleaf Smartweed, Pennsylvania Waterhemp, Tall

^{*} For control of emerged weeds refer to the "Burndown Weed Control" section of this product label.



^{*} Use only on Imazethapyr resistant/tolerant corn hybrids (IMI corn).

Tigris MTZ 4 F FIELD CORN RATE INSTRUCTIONS							
STATES	APPLICATION TIMING	Tigris MTZ 4 F fl ozs/A					
lowa Kansas Missouri Nebraska South Dakota	Preplant (0 to 30 days) Preemergence	3 to 8					
Illinois Indiana Kentucky Michigan Minnesota Ohio Wisconsin	Preplant (10 to 30 days) Preplant (0 to 9 days) Preemergence	3 to 8 3 to 6					

REMARKS: Apply as a broadcast spray prior to corn emergence from the soil. Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F on coarse textured soils with less than 1.5% organic matter. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre on soils with less than 2.0% organic matter. For heavy weed infestations and/or early preplant applications, use the higher rates of Tigris MTZ 4 F. Consult the label of herbicide tank mix partners to determine proper use rates for the other product(s).

BURNDOWN WEED CONTROL - FIELD CORN See BURNDOWN WEED CONTROL - FIELD CORN AND SOYBEANS section below.

GARBANZO BEANS (Chickpegs)

(California, Idaho, and Washington)

Use on Garbanzo Beans (Chickpeas): The following directions for use were developed under the direction of IR-4 (government minor crops use program).

Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide may be used as a preemergence application for the suppression of certain broadleaf weeds in garbanzo beans.

Weeds Suppressed*:

Common Chickweed Henbit Wild Mustard
Dog Fennel (Mayweed) Common Lambsquarters Pigweed

Field Pennycress Shepherdspurse

^{*}Suppression is a reduction in weed size and growth compared to a non-treated area in the same field. Tigris MTZ 4 F used alone will not control triazine-resistant weed species.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS							
CROP	Tigris MTZ 4 F						
Garbanzo beans	1/2 to 3/4 Apply specified dosage in a single preemergence application using 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment. Apply before or after planting but before crop emergence. Thorough incorporation, either by rainfall or by mechanical means, is essential for weed suppression. Under dry conditions, incorporate Tigris MTZ 4 F into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil with spike harrows, or similar shallow incorporation equipment, then cross harrow to insure uniform soil incorporation. Where soil surface is moist at the time of application and rain follows before weed emergence, a broadcast application should provide adequate weed suppression. Use on coarse-textured soils, sandy soils or any soil with less than 1.5% organic matter will likely cause crop injury. Use the higher rate on fine textured soils (high in clay or organic matter) and in fields with a history of high weed populations.						

Use Restrictions:

- Do not use on clay knobs or poorly covered subsoils.
- Do not apply preemergence on shallow seedings less than 2 inches deep.
- Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock within 40 days after application.

Use Precautions:

- · Crop injury may result if crop is under stress conditions caused by cold weather, poor soil fertility, disease or insect damage.
- Crop injury may result if application is followed by heavy rain. Avoid application of more than 1/2 inch of irrigation within one month after application of Tigris MTZ 4 F, or crop injury may occur.
- Maintain continuous spray tank agitation to keep material in suspension. Avoid overlapping of spray swaths and shut off spray booms while turning, slowing or stopping, or crop injury will occur.

NOTE: This treatment may cause some chlorosis or minor necrosis. Because garbanzo bean varieties may vary in their susceptibility to Tigris MTZ 4 F, determine crop tolerance prior to adoption as a field scale practice to prevent possible injury.



LENTILS AND PEAS

(Idaho, Oregon, and Washington)

This product herbicide may be used as a preemergence and postemergence application for the suppression of certain broadleaf weeds in lentils and peas.

Weeds Suppressed*

Common Chickweed**

Lambquarters

Redroot Pigweed

Corn Spurry

Pennsylvania

Shepherdspurse**

Dog Fennel

Smartweed

Wild Mustard

Field Pennycress Pineapple Weed
Henbit** Prostrate Knotweed

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION: Make a single preemergence application of Tigris MTZ 4 F at 3/8 to 3/4 pint per acre per crop year. Apply in 10 or more gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment or 5 or more gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment. Apply Tigris MTZ 4 F before or after planting. Thorough incorporation, either by rainfall or by mechanical means, is essential for weed suppression. Under dry conditions, incorporate Tigris MTZ 4 F into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil with spike harrows, or similar shallow incorporation equipment, then cross harrow to ensure uniform soil incorporation. Where soil surface is moist at the time of application and rain follows before weed emergence, a broadcast application should provide adequate weed suppression. Use the higher rate on fine-textured soils (high in clay or organic matter) and in fields with a history of high weed populations. Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied pre- or post plant incorporated as a tank mix combination with FARGO 4EC. Follow the Directions for Use statements on both product labels.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION: One postemergence application may be made per season. Use 1/4 lo 1/2 pint of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre on lentils and spring peas. On winter peas, use 3/8 to 1/2 pint of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre. For suppression of dog fennel, use 1/2 pint Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre. Apply specified dosage in 20 or more gallons of water per acre with ground spray equipment or 5 or more gallons of water per acre with aerial spray equipment. Do not exceed 40 psi with ground spray equipment. Apply as a broadcast spray when weeds are small (less than 2 inches in height or diameter) and before crop is 6 inches tall.

Temporary chlorosis of the crop may occur. There is an added risk of crop injury if a postemergence application is made following a previous preemergence or post plant incorporated Tigris MTZ 4 F application.

Do not apply over very moist soils or wet crop foliage. Do not apply postemergence within 3 days after periods of cool, wet, or cloudy weather or crop injury may occur. Do not apply within 24 hours of treatment with other pesticides.

Use Restrictions (all applications):

- Do not apply more than 1 pint of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre per year.
- Do not use on coarse-textured soils, sandy soils or soils with less than 1.5% organic matter.
- Do not apply to "Estin" lentils.
- Do not use on clay knobs or poorly covered subsoils.
- · Do not apply on shallow seedlings less than 2 inches deep (preemergence only).
- Pre-harvest interval: Do not apply within 50 days of harvest of peas, or within 75 days of harvest of lentils.
- Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock within 40 days after application.

Use Precautions:

- · Crop injury may result if crop is under stress conditions caused by cold weather, low fertility, disease or insect damage.
- Crop injury may also result if application is followed by heavy rain. Maintain continuous spray tank agitation to keep material in suspension. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while turning, slowing or stopping, or crop injury will occur.

NOTE: This treatment may cause some chlorosis or minor necrosis. Because lentil and pea varieties may vary in their susceptibility to Tigris MTZ 4 F, determining crop tolerance prior to adoption as a field scale practice is suggested to prevent possible injury.

For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean-up information refer to the appropriate sections of this label.

POTATOES

Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide may be used for use in ground, aircraft or specified chemigation equipment as a preemergence and/or postemergence application to potatoes. Early maturing smooth skinned white and all red skinned varieties may be injured with postemergence applications. The varieties Atlantic, Bellchip, Centennial, Chipbelle and Shepody are sensitive to a 342.02. Avoid postemergence applications on these varieties. Preemergence applications on these varieties may cause crop injury under adverse weather conditions, on coarse soils, under high soil pH, with higher rates per acre and with mechanical incorporation.

Ground Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used for use with ground spray equipment applied as a preemergence and/or postemergence application for control of the listed grass and broadleaf weeds in potatoes. Apply as a uniform broadcast spray at 20 or more gallons per acre.

Aerial Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied in aerial spray equipment as a preemergence and/or postemergence application at 5 or more gallons per acre.

Chemigation: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied preemergence and/or early postemergence to potatoes using center pivot, solid set and lateral roll systems. Apply specified dosage in 1/4 to 3/4 inch of water per acre (1/4 to 1/2 inch on sandy soil) as a continuous injection in self-propelled systems or apply in the last 15 to 30 minutes of the set in other systems. Be sure all the Tigris MTZ 4 F has been flushed from the lines before shutting down the system.



^{*}Suppression is a reduction in weed size and growth compared to a non-treated area in the same field.

^{**}Preemergence application only.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Tigris MTZ 4 F applied to potatoes according to directions, will provide economic control of the following weeds. For optimum control, applications should be made before weeds are 1 inch tall. (See **NOTE**)

BROADLEAVES							
Carpetweed common ¹	Mustard, tansy ¹	Shepherdpurse ¹					
Cocklebur, common ^{1,2}	Mustard, tumble ¹	Sicklepod ¹					
Jimsonweed ¹	Mustard, wild ¹	Smartweed, Pennsylvania ^{1,2}					
Kochia ³	Pennycress, field ^{1,2}	Sunflower, common ³					
Lambquarters, common ^{1,2}	Pigweed, redroot ^{1,2}	Thistle, Russian ²					
Mustard, Indian ¹	Pigweed, smooth ^{1,2}	·					
·	Ragweed, common ^{1,2}						
	GRASSES						
Baryardgrass ³	Foxtail, green ¹	Panicum, fall ¹					
Crabgrass, large ¹	Foxtail, yellow ¹	Singalgrass, broadleaf					
Crabgrass, smooth ¹	Johnsongrass, seedling ¹						
Foxtail, giant ¹							

¹Weeds controlled with preemergence applications.

HARD TO CONTROL WEEDS

Although Tigris MTZ 4 F may not provide commercially acceptable control in every instance, it will suppress growth of the following weeds and reduce their competition with potato plants.

BROADLEAVES							
Kochia	Purslane, common						
Nightshade, hairy	Sunflower, common						
GRA	SSES						
Baryardgrass ³	Nutsedge, yellow						

NOTE: Where triazine-resistant weeds are present, This product alone may not provide adequate control.

		BROADCAST APPLICATIONS INSTRUCTIONS
CROP	Tigris MTZ 4 F	
Potatoes	1/2 to 2	

PRE-EMERGENCE: Apply specified dosage as a broadcast spray. Do not mechanically incorporate into soil. Use the 1/2 to 1 pint/acre rate for control of wild mustard (*Brassica* sp.) only. On sand soils or sensitive varieties, do not exceed 1 pint/acre.

Potatoes (Except early maturing smooth skinned, red skinned, and other specified varieties.)	1/2 to 1

POST-EMERGENCE: Apply specified dosage as a broadcast spray over the tops of potato plants." Use rates of 1/2 to 1 pint/acre for control of redroot pigweed and common lambsquarters only. Apply the 1 pint/acre rate for control of other weeds listed on this label.

SPLIT APPLICATIONS: This product may be applied once preemergence and once postemergence as directed above. * Do not exceed 2 pint total per acre per season.

IDAHO, OREGON AND WASHINGTON ONLY: Two postemergence applications can be made as broadcast sprays over the tops of potato plants if Tigris MTZ 4 F is not applied preemergence. Use 1/2 to 1 pint/acre for control of redroot pigweed and lambsquarters only. On coarse (sandy) soils with low organic matter do not exceed 3/4 pint/acre per application. On medium and heavy soils only, use 1 pint/acre per application for control of other weeds listed on this label and for suppression of hairy nightshade. Make the first application early in the season while weeds are still small. Allow at least 14 days before the second application. Do not apply after June 30 if treated land is to be planted to crops other than potatoes.

*Refer to Use Restrictions - Potatoes below

TANK MIXES: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be tankmixed with the following herbicide active ingredients: Metolachlor/S-metolachlor, S-ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate, pendimethalin and rimsulfuron. In addition, three-way tank mix combinations may be used for Tigris MTZ 4 F plus metolachlor/S-metolachlor, S-ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate, or pendimethalin plus rimsulfuron when applied preemergence. Refer to each product's label for precautionary statements, restrictions, application information and weeds controlled.

Metolachlor/S-metolachlor: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied in a tank mix combination with metolachlor/S- metolachlor as a preemergence broadcast application. Apply Tigris MTZ 4 F at 3/4 to 2 pints per acre. Refer to the metolachlor/S-metolachlor label for use rates per acre alone on potatoes.

S-ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be tank mixed with S-ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate at rates and uses permitted on each product's label.

Pendimethalin: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied in tank mix combination with pendimethalin as a preemergence or early postemergence broadcast application. As a preemergence mix, apply Tigris MTZ 4 F at 1 to 2 pints per acre and refer to use rates as permitted on the pendimethalin label. As an early postemergence spray, apply Tigris MTZ 4 F at 1/2 to 1 pint per acre before the crop is in the 6-inch growth stage. Refer to the pendimethalin label for use rates per acre.



² Weeds controlled with postemergence applications.

³ Weeds requiring two applications for control.

Rimsulfuron: (except the following counties in Colorado: Almosa, Conejos, Costilla, Rio Grande and Saguache): Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied in tankmix combination with rimsulfuron as a preemergence and/or early postemergence application for improved control on weeds such as Russian thistle, kochia and common lambsquarters. As a preemergence mix, apply Tigris MTZ 4 F at 1/2 to 1.125 pints per acre and refer to the rimsulfuron label for use rates. As an early postemergence spray, apply this product at 1/2 to 1 pint per acre and refer to the rimsulfuron label for use rates.

Use a nonionic surfactant at a rate of 0.125% v/v (1 pt./100 gallon of water). Apply /before the crop exceeds 14 inches in height. Postemergence applications of rimsulfuron treatments should be made prior to June 30.

Use Restrictions (Potatoes):

- Do not use Tigris MTZ 4 F on potatoes in Kern County, California.
- Do not apply more than a total of 2 pints Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre in a single crop season regardless of the method of application.
- Do not make postemergence applications prior to rainfall or irrigation on recently cultivated potatoes, nor within 3 days after periods of cool, wet cloudy weather or injury may occur.
- Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F within 60 days of harvest.
- · Do not use air blast sprayers.
- Do not apply to sweet potatoes or yams.
- Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application of Tigris MTZ 4 F.

Use Precautions:

- Postemergence applications may cause some chlorosis or minor necrosis. These symptoms may be more severe if seed-piece decay is occurring or if growing conditions favor crop stress.
- · Postemergence applications may be made only on russet or white skinned varieties that are not early maturing.
- Potato varieties may vary in their response to herbicide application. When using Tigris MTZ 4 F for the first time on a variety, always determine crop tolerance before using on a field scale.

Certain varieties of wheat and barley are sensitive to Tigris MTZ 4 F (see the wheat and barley section of this label for sensitive varieties) and should not be planted during the next growing season unless the following cultural practices occur:

- 1. Potato vines left in rows as a result of harvest must be uniformly distributed over the soil surface prior to plowing and,
- 2. Plow with a moldboard plow to a depth sufficient to mix the upper 8 inches of soil.

SOYBEANS

(Except California)

Tigris MTZ 4 F tank mix combinations may be used for preplant incorporated applications, preemergence surface applications, split-shot application and extended split-shot application. This product may also be used as an overlay application following a preplant incorporated application of a grass herbicide and alone as a preemergence surface application of a surface application. All these applications can be applied with ground equipment, and some can be applied with aerial spray equipment. In addition, this product can be applied as a post emergence directed spray to soybeans in certain states.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements on each product in the tank mixture.

Restrictions (Soybeans):

- x Do not graze or feed treated vines until 40 days after application when this product is applied alone or with trifluralin, metolachlor, or pendimethalin.
- x Do not use treated vines for feed or forage when this product is applied with ethalfluralin, or linuron plus metolachlor.

Precautions (Soybeans): Injury to soybeans may occur when this product is used under the following conditions:

- When the soils have a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.
- Due to the sensitivity of certain soybean varieties, do not use this product on Altona, AP 55, AP71, Asgrow 6520, Burlison, Coker 102, Coker 156, Dassal, GL 3202, Govan, Maple Amber, NB 3665, NKS 1884, Paloma 350, Portage, Regal, Semmes, Terra-Vig 505, Terra Vig 606, Tracy, Vansoy, and Vinton 81. Consult your seed supplier for information on the tolerance of newly released soybean varieties, prior to use of this product.
- · When applied in conjunction with soil-applied organic phosphate pesticides.
- · Overapplication or boom overlapping may result in stand loss and soil residues.
- · Uneven application or improper incorporation can decrease the level of weed control and/or increase the level of injury.
- When applied to any soil with less than ½ organic matter.
- · Soil incorporation deeper than directed.
- · When sprayers are not calibrated accurately.
- · When heavy rains occur soon after application, especially in poorly drained areas where water may stand for several days.
- When soybeans are planted less than 1-1/2 inches deep, particularly in preemergence application.

Activation: A minimum amount of soil moisture is required to activate this product. In areas of low rainfall, preemergence applications to dry soil should be followed with light irrigation of ½ acre-inch of water. Do not apply heavy irrigation immediately after application. As with many surface applied herbicides, weed control and crop tolerance may vary with rainfall and/or soil texture.

Rate Ranges: Where the rate range is shown, use a lower rate on soils that are coarse textured or low in organic matter. Use a higher rate on soils that are relatively fine textured or high in organic matter.

Replanting: If replanting is necessary in fields treated with this product as directed on this label, the field may be replanted to soybeans. When replanting use a minimum of tillage. Do not apply a second treatment as injury to soybeans may occur.



WEEDS CONTROLLED BY Ti									
C= Control S= Suppression or Erratic Control		oor or No Cor	ntrol	O= No Information (Control may range from poor to excellent)					
•	· ·				Extended Spl				
· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					plus ethalflu			
3 = Tigris MTZ 4 F plus trifluralin		T	I	Î	T	plus linuron	I	Ì	
ANNUAL BROADLEAF WEEDS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Florida Pusley (<i>Richardia scabra</i>)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Galinsoga (Galinsoaa spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Horseweed, Marestail (Conyza canadensis)	0	0	0	0	0	С	0	0	
Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	S	
Knotweed (Potvcionum spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Kochia (Polvgonum spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Lambsquarters (Chenopodium spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Morningglory, Ivyleaf (Ipomoea hederacea)	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	
Morningglory, Pitted (Ipomoea lacunosa)	Р	P	S	Р	Р	P	P	Р	
Morningglory, Smallflower (Jacquemontia tamnifolia)	Р	P	С	Р	P	P	Р	Р	
Morningglory, Tall (Ipomoea purpurea)	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Prickly Sida/ Teaweed (Sida spinosa)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia artemisiffolia)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Redweed (Melochia corchorifolia)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Russian Thistle (Salsola kali)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Sesbania (Sesbania spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Shepherdspurse (Capsella bursa-pastoris)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Sicklepod (Cassia obtusifolia)	С	С	S	С	S	С	S	S	
Smartweeds (<i>Polygonum</i> spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	S	
Spotted Spurge (Euphorbia maculata)	С	С	Р	С	Р	С	Р	0	
Spurred Anoda (Anoda cristata)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0	
Sunflower (Helianthus spp.)	С	С	S	S	S	С	S	Р	
Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Venice Mallow (Hibiscus trionum)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Wild Mustards (Brassica spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	



WEEDS CONTROLLED BY Tigr	is MTZ 4 F AN	ID Tigris MTZ	4 F HERBICIE	DE TANK-MIX	COMBINATIO	DNS		
C= Control S= Suppression or Erratic Control	trol S= Suppression or Erratic Control P= Poor or No Control			O= No Information (Control may range from poor to excellent)				
1 = Tigris MTZ 4 F Alone 4 = Tigris MT	Tigris MTZ 4 F Alone 4 = Tigris MTZ 4 F plus metolachlor			6=	Extended Spl	it-Shot		
2 = Tigris MTZ 4 F Split-Shot 5 = Tigris MT	is MTZ 4 F Split-Shot 5 = Tigris MTZ 4 F plus pendimethalin				•	plus ethalflu		
3 = Tigris MTZ 4 F plus trifluralin				8 =	Tigris MTZ 4 I	plus linuron	plus metolac	hlor
ANNUAL GRASSES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-qalli)	S	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Bluegrass (Poa annua)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Broadleaf Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0
Browntop Millet (Panicum ramosum)	С	С	С	Р	С	С	0	0
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria</i> spp.)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium)	С	С	С	С	С	С	0	0
Cupgrass (Eriochloa gracilis)	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	С	0	0
Foxtails (Setaria spp.)	S	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Johnsongrass, Seedling (Sorghum halepense)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0
Junglerice (Echinochloa colonum)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	0
Nutsedge, Yellow (Cvperus esculentus)	Р	P	Р	С	Р	С	Р	0
Panicum, Fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum)	Р	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Panicum, Texas (Panicum texanum)	Р	С	С	Р	С	S	С	0
Red Rice (Orvza sativa)	Р	С	С	С	P	С	0	0
Sandbur (Cenchrus spp.)	Р	С	С	Р	С	S	0	0
Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor)	P	С	С	P	Р	Р	С	0
Sorghum, Volunteer (Sorghum spp.)	Р	С	С	Р	Р	Р	0	Р
Sprangletop (Leotochloa spp.)	Р	С	С	Р	Р	Р	0	Р
Stinkgrass (<i>Eragrostis</i> spp.)	Р	С	С	Р	P	Р	0	Р
Wheat, Volunteer (Triticum spp.)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	0	Р
Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)	Р	С	С	С	С	С	С	0

Tigris MTZ 4 F Alone

Tigris MTZ 4 F (Alone) Preemergence Application: The following rates of this product may be applied preemergence to soybeans through center pivot or lateral move sprinkler irrigation systems that apply water in a uniform manner. Refer to the Chemigation section of this label for directions.

This product can be applied broadcast or banded. This application may be made during planting or as a separate operation after planting but before crop emergence. See the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Do not apply to sand soils, or to sandy loam or loamy sand soils containing less than 2% organic matter. Do not incorporate into soil or apply more than once per season.

PINTS OF Tigris MTZ 4 F PER ACRE

	ORGANIC MATTER						
SOIL TEXTURE	Less than 2%	2 to 4%	Over 4%				
COARSE SOILS (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	DO NOT USE ³	3/4	1				
MEDIUM SOILS¹ (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	3/4 to 1	1 to 1-1/4	1-1/4 to 1-1/2				
FINE SOILS¹ (Silty clay, silty clay loam, clay loam)	1 to 1-1/4	1-1/4 to 1-1/2	1-1/2 to 1-3/4				
Mississippi Delta Only	1 to 1/2	1-3/4	2				

¹ For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed and wild mustard, and for suppression of green, yellow and giant foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Nebraska, Minnesota, South Dakota and North Dakota only, apply this product at rates of 1/2 pt/acre on medium soils and 1/2 to 3/4 pt/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use 3/4 pt only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/2 pt/acre rate of this product alone can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds listed on this label use this product at full rates specified in the table above, but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

³ Refer to the appropriate section of this label for use of this product on soybeans in coarse soils with 0.5% or more organic matter in certain slates.



Uses of Tigris MTZ 4 F Herbicide in Combination with Other Herbicides

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements on each product in the tank mixture.

Sequential Application of Imazaquin Following Tigris MTZ 4 F

If needed, application of this product alone or in a registered tank mix according to directions on this label, may be followed by an early postemergence application of imazaguin herbicide.

Refer to the imazaquin label for precautions, restrictions, directions, limitations, and information on environmental hazards and planting of rotational crops.

Split-Shot Application

A preplant incorporated application of this product tank mixed with either trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin and followed by a preemergence surface application of this product alone after planting but prior to soybean emergence, will control more broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans than when either herbicide is used alone.

Refer to the trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin labels, and to appropriate sections of this label for directions on soil preparation, herbicide application, incorporation techniques, herbicide rates, weed species controlled, and restrictions for using tank mix combinations of this product. Carefully observe the "Precautions" section concerning the use of this product in tank mix combinations on soybeans.

When a Split-Shot application of this product with pendimethalin, trifluralin, or ethalfluralin is used, the preplant incorporated tank mix may be applied up to 21 days prior to planting soybeans; with metolachlor, the preplant incorporated tank mix may be applied up to 14 days prior to planting.

On medium and fine textured soils with greater than 2% organic matter, a rate range is specified for the preemergence overlay application. Use the higher rate (a) in fields with a history of severe broadleaf weed pressure, (b) when the time between preplant incorporated tank mix and preemergence overlay applications approaches the maximum stated above, and/or (c) when the organic matter content of the soil is at the upper end of the indicated range.

For black nightshade control, refer to the appropriate sections of the metolachlor or ethalfluralin labels for specific instructions.

SPLIT-SHOT APPLICATION

Preplant Incorporated Tank-Mix Application – Followed By – Preemergence Overlay Application							
Soil Texture ¹	Combination	Plus	Rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A	Rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A Organic			
Soil lexture	Product Rate	oduct Rate Pius	Rate of figris M124 F Pt/A	Less than 2.0%	2.0% to 4.0%	Over 4.0%	
Coarse (Light) sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	See reference ⁴	plus	1/2 – Followed By	1/4	1/4	1/4 to 1/2	
Medium loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, silt,	See reference ⁴	plus	3/4 – Followed By or	1/4	1/4 to 1/2	1/2 to 3/4	
sandy clay			1/22 – Followed By	1/2	1/2 to 3/4	(3/4 to 1)3	
Fine (Heavy) silty clay loam*, clay loam,	See reference ⁴	plus	1.0 – Followed By or	1/4	1/4 to 1/2	1/2 to 3/4	
silty clay, clay			3/42 – Followed By	1/2	1/2 to 3/4	(3/4 to 1)3	

^{*} Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Extended Split-Shot Application

(Includes No-Till, Reduced-Till, Ridge-Till, Strip-Till, Mulch-Till)

An early preplant (surface-applied or shallow incorporated) application of this product tank mixed with metolachlor, followed by a preemergence surface application of this product tank mixed with metolachlor after planting but prior to soybean emergence, will control more broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans than either herbicide used alone. An Extended Split-Shot application will decrease the need for tillage and/or contact herbicides for control of existing vegetation prior to planting, while providing residual control of weeds after planting.

When an Extended Split-Shot application of this product with metolachlor is used, the preplant tank mix combination may be applied 15 to 30 days prior to planting soybeans. Follow directions on the label accompanying the product for Split-Shot applications from 0 to 14 days before planting.

Where a rate range is specified, use the higher rate (a) in fields with a history of severe weed pressure, (b) when the time between early preplant tank mix and preemergence overlay applications approaches the maximum 30 days, (c) when the organic matter content of the soil is at the upper end of the indicated range, (d) when heavy crop residues are present on the soil surface, and/or (e) when the early preplant tank mix application is shallow incorporated (e.g. use 2 to 2-1/2 at Lasso in the early preplant tank mix when surface applied and use 2-1/2 to 3 at Lasso when the tank mix is to be lightly incorporated).



On coarse textured soils, do not use on sand soils with less than 1% organic matter, or on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 0.5% organic matter. However, on coarse textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on sand soils with less than 2% organic matter, or on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

² Use this lower rate of this product in the preplant incorporated tank mix **on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher**, and in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

³ Reduce this preemergence overlay rate of this product by 1/4 pt/acre when using Split-Shot application **on soils with over 4% organic matter and which have a** calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher.

⁴ Refer to specific trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin, or ethalfluralin product label instructions.

When weeds exceed 1 to 1-1/2 inches in height or diameter at application, use a contact herbicide, such as glyphosate or paraguat.

Refer to the metolachlor label, and to appropriate sections of this label for additional information on soil preparation, herbicide application, weeds controlled, precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean up.

EXTENDED SPLIT-SHOT APPLICATION

Early Preplant Tank Mix Application (Surface-Applied or Shallow Incorporated)		Followed Preemergence C	Overlay Application						
Soil Texture ¹			Rate of		Combination		Rate of Ti	gris MTZ 4 F Pt/A	Organic
	Combination Product Rate	Plus	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A		Product Rate	Plus	Less than 2.0%	2.0% to 4.0%	Over 4%
Coarse (Light) sand, loamy sand,	See reference ³	plus	1/2 to 3/4	metolachlor	See reference ³	plus	1/4	1/4 to 1/2	1/2
Medium loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, silt, sandy clay	See reference ³	plus	² 3/4 to 1	metolachlor	See reference ³	plus	1/2	1/2 to 3/4	3/4 to 1
Fine (Heavy) silty clay loam*, clay loam, silty clay, clay	See reference ³	plus	² 1 to 1-1/4	metolachlor	See reference ³	plus	1/2	1/2 to 3/4	3/4 to 1

^{*} Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Ethalfluralin

Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Ethalfluralin Overlay Application: This product may be applied as a preemergence overlay application following a preplant incorporated application of ethalfluralin. Consult the ethalfluralin label for specific directions on use, instructions, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Ethalfluralin Tank Mix Application: Incorporate the tank mixture into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil within 21 days before planting according to label directions for ethalfluralin.

Apply this product plus ethafluralin preplant incorporated if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If soybeans are planted on beds, apply and incorporate the tank mixture after bed formation.

Mixing: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: Ethafluralin should be uniformly applied and thoroughly mixed into the soil within 2 days after application. For specific application information, refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Precautions (Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Ethafluralin):

x For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, incorporation, and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the ethalfluralin label. x For black nightshade control, refer to the ethalfluralin label for specific rates and application instructions.

BROADCAST RATES

Soil Texture	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A	Ethalfluralin
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/2	See reference ⁴
Medium³ (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	3/4	See reference ⁴
Fine ³ (Silty clay, silty clay loam ² , clay, clay loam)	1	See reference⁴

¹ Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.



On coarse textured soils, do not use on sand soil with less than 1% organic matter. However, on coarse textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on sand soils with less than 2% organic matter, or on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

² Use the lower rate of this product in the early preplant tank mix on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, and in those rare situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

³ Refer to specific metolachlor product label instructions.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

³ For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, wild mustard, and green and yellow foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Minnesota, Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota only, apply this product at rates of 1/2 pt/acre on medium soils and 1/2 to 3/4 pt/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use 3/4 pt only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/2 pt rate of this product in tank mix combination with ethalfluralin can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds not listed on the label, use this product at full rates specified in the table above, **but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher**.

⁴ Refer to specific ethalfluralin product label instructions.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Trifluralin

Restrictions

- x Do not plant soybeans deeper than 2 inches.
- x Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months after the tank-mix application.
- x Do not use this tank mix combination on soils containing charcoal in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi.

Precautions

x Seedling disease, cold weather, excessive moisture, high salt concentration or drought may weaken soybean seedlings and increase possibility of damage from the tank mix. For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean-up information refer to the appropriate section of this label.

Tigris MTZ 4 F and Trifluralin Overlay Application: This product may be applied as a preemergence broadcast or band overlay application following a pre-plant incorporated treatment of trifluralin. Consult the trifluralin label for specific directions for use, instructions, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Trifluralin Tank Mix Application: A single application of a tank mix combination of this product and trifluralin will control more broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans than when either herbicide is used alone.

Prepare the soil surface by deep plowing, offset disking or tandem disking prior to the application of the herbicide combination. The soil surface should be well prepared and free of clods and trash.

This product plus trifluralin tank mix combination may be applied and incorporated into the soil up to 10 days before planting.

Mixing: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific information refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Apply this product plus trifluralin to the soil surface and incorporate in the same operation, if possible. Variable weed control may result from delayed incorporation if this product plus trifluralin are applied to a wet, warm soil surface or if the wind velocity is 10 mph or higher. Use machinery that mixes this product plus trifluralin thoroughly with the soil. Incorporation may be delayed up to 24 hours after application. Shallow incorporation with implements set to cut less than 2 inches deep may result in erratic weed control. Do not use spike or spring-tooth harrows alone for incorporation.

BROADCAST RATES

Soil Texture	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A	Trifluralin
Coarse ¹ (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/2	See reference ⁴
Medium³ (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	3/4	See reference ⁴
Fine ³ (Silty clay, silty clay loam ² , clay, clay loam)		See reference⁴

¹ Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Incorporation Equipment:

Set PTO driven equipment (tillers, cultivators, hoes) to cut 2 to 3 inches deep and space rotors to provide a clean sweep of the soil. PTO equipment should not be operated at a speed greater than 4 miles per hour.

Set disk to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate twice in different directions at 4 to 6 miles per hour.

Set mulch treader and other similar disk-type implements to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operate twice in different directions at 5 to 8 miles per hour.

For Coarse and Medium Textured Soils Only:

Set rolling cultivator to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operate twice at 6 to 8 miles per hour. Set bed conditioner (Do-All) to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 miles per hour.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Metolachlor Tank Mix Applications

Preplant Incorporated Application: Incorporate the tank mixture into the top 2 inches of soil within 14 days before planting using a disk, harrow, rolling cultivator or similar implement.

Apply this product plus metolachlor preplant incorporated if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected. If soybeans are planted on beds, apply and incorporate the tank mixture after bed formation.

Preemergence Application: Dry weather following preemergence application of this product plus metolachlor tank mixture may reduce effectiveness. If weeds develop, cultivate uniformly with shallow tillage equipment such as a rotary hoe that will not damage soybeans.

Mixing Instruction: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

For information on applying this product in fluid or dry fertilizer refer to the "Application of Tigris MTZ 4 F in Fluid Fertilizers or Commercial Impregnation and Application of Tigris MTZ 4 F on Dry Bulk Fertilizer" under the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.



² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

³ For control of lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, wild mustard, and green and yellow foxtails on alkaline (calcareous) soils in Minnesota, Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota only, apply this product at rates of 1/2 pt/acre on medium soils and 1/2 to 3/4 pt/acre on fine soils regardless of soil organic matter percentage (use 3/4 pt only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and weed pressure is heavy). The 1/2 pt rate of this product in tank mix combination with trifluralin can be applied regardless of soil pH. For control of other weeds listed on the label use this product at full rates specified in the table above, **but note that crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher**.

⁴ Refer to specific trifluralin product label instructions.

BROADCAST RATES Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Metolachlor Tank Mix Preemergence Applications

0.5% to 3% Organic Matter

0.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.0000.0000					
Soil Texture	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A	Metolachlor			
Coarse¹ (Loamy sand, sandy loam)	1/2	See reference ³			
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt)	3/4	See reference ³			
Fine (Silty clay loam2, sandy clay loam, silty clay, sandy clay, clay loam, clay)	1	See reference ³			
Mississippi Delta Only (Silty clay, clay)	1-1/2	See reference ³			
Over 3% Organic					
Coarse¹ (Loamy sand, sandy loam)	3/4	See reference ³			
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt)	1	See reference ³			
Fine (Silty clay loam², sandy clay loam, silty clay, sandy clay, clay loam, clay)	1 to 1-/4	See reference ³			
Mississippi Delta Only (Silty clay, clay)	1-1/2	See reference ³			

Do not use on sand soils. Do not apply this product and metolachlor overlay or tank mix preemergence on loamy sand with less than 2% organic matter.

³ Refer to specific metolachlor product label instructions.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Metolaa Tank Mix Preplant Incorporated A						
0.5% to Less than 3% Organia	: Matter					
Soil Texture	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A	Metolachlor				
Coarse ¹ (Loamy sand, sandy loam)	1/2	See reference ³				
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt)	3/4	See reference ³				
Fine (Silty clay loam2, sandy clay loam, silty clay, sandy clay, clay loam, clay)	1	See reference ³				
Mississippi Delta Only (Silty clay, clay)	1-1/4	See reference ³				
3% or Greater Organic						
Coarse¹ (Loamy sand, sandy loam)	1/2	See reference ³				

BROADCAST RATES

3/4

1

1 to 1-/4

Fine (Silty clay loam², sandy clay loam, silty clay, sandy clay, clay loam, clay)

Precautions (Tigris MTZ 4 F and metolachlor):

Mississippi Delta Only (Silty clay, clay)

• For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean up information refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the metolachlor label.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Pendimethalin

Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt)

Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Pendimethalin Overlay Application:

Apply a preplant incorporated treatment of pendimethalin as directed on that product label for use on soybeans. Follow with a preemergence treatment of this product as directed on this label for use on soybeans.

Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Pendimethalin Tank Mix Application

Preplant Incorporated Application: Prepare the soil by plowing or disking to mix previous crop residues into the soil to a depth of 4 to 6 inches.

For specific application information refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Incorporate the tank mixture into the top 1 or 2 inches of soil within 7 days after application according to label directions for pendimethalin. Mechanical incorporation is not required if a rain of 1/4-inch or more occurs within 7 days after application. Soybeans must be planted no later than 7 days after application of the tank mixture.

Preemergence Application: Except for the minimum and no-tillage system, the seed bed should and free of trash and clods.

For specific application information refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label. Do not apply pendimethalin preemergence north of Interstate 80. This application must be made after planting and before crop emergence. Do not incorporate. If cultivation is necessary because of soil crusting, soil compaction or weed germination before rain or irrigation, use shallow tilling equipment such as a rotary hoe that does not damage soybeans



See reference³

See reference³

See reference³

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

Do not use on sand soils. Do not apply this product plus metolachlor tank mix pre plant incorporated on sand or loamy sand with less than 2% organic matter or crop injury may occur.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

³ Refer to specific metolachlor product label instructions.

Mixing Instructions: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

For information on applying this product in fluid or dry fertilizer refer to the "Application of Tigris MTZ 4 F In Fluid Fertilizers or Commercial Impregnation and Application of Tigris MTZ 4 F On Dry Bulk Fertilizer" under the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Southern States and Eastern Coastal Plains

For use only in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Southeastern Missouri "Bootheel" Region and Coastal Plains of Delaware*, Maryland*, New Jersey* and Virginia*.

*Do not use Tigris MTZ 4 F/pendimethalin on soils with less than 2% organic matter in the coastal plain of New Jersey of the Delmarva Peninsula.

BROADCAST RATES Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Pendimethalin Tank Mix Applications					
Soil Texture Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A Pendimethalin					
Coarse¹ (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/2	See reference ³			
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	3/4	See reference ³			
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay loam2, clay, clay loam)	1	See reference ³			

¹ Do not use on sand soils. Do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam containing less than 1 % organic matter.

Do not use on muck or peat soils.

Northeastern and North Central States

For use only in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Missouri (except the 'Bootheel' Region).

BROADCAST RATES Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Pendimethalin Tank Mix Applications					
1/2 to 3% Organi	c Matter				
Soil Texture	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/A	Pendimethalin			
Coarse¹ (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/2	See reference ³			
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	3/4	See reference ³			
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay loam2, clay, clay loam)	1	See reference ³			
Over 3% Organi	c Matter				
Coarse¹ (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	3/4	See reference ³			
Medium (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	3/4 to 1	See reference ³			
Fine (Silty clay, silty clay loam2, clay, clay loam)	1 to 1-/4	See reference ³			

Do not use on sand soils. Do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam containing less than 1% organic matter. Where a range of rates is shown for medium and fine soils, use the higher rate if heavy weed infestations are anticipated.

Precautions (Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Pendimethalin):

- · Soil incorporation deeper than directed will reduce weed control and can result in crop injury.
- For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the pendimethalin label.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Clomazone

This product may be applied in combination with clomazone as a preplant or shallow incorporated application for the control of certain weeds in soybeans. Consult the clomazone label for specific directions on use, instructions, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Use Restrictions (Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Clomazone):

- Do not rotate to wheat, barley, alfalfa or seed corn in the fall of the year of application or in the spring of the following year as crop injury may occur.
- Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift.
- Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.
- Do not apply aerially or through irrigation equipment.

Application: This product plus clomazone may only be applied with ground equipment as a preplant or shallow incorporated application. This product plus clomazone should be immediately incorporated into the top 1 to 3 inches after application unless surface is dry. On dry soils, incorporate into the top 1 to 3 inches within 3 hours of tank mix application.

Do not apply this tank mix within 1000 feet of towns and subdivisions, commercial vegetable, fruit, nurseries or greenhouse operations.



² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in certain regions of the U.S.

³ Refer to specific pendimethalin product label instructions.

² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in certain areas of the U.S. Do not use on muck or peat soils

³ Refer to specific pendimethalin product label instructions.

A minimum of 15 gallons spray volume per acre is required with appropriate nozzle types and sizes to produce a coarse spray droplet. The use of an approved agricultural drift reducing additive is recommended for application volumes of 15 to 40 gallons per acre. The use of an approved agricultural drift reducing additive is required at spray volumes of 10 to 15 gallons per acre.

NOTE: Off-site movement of clomazone spray drift or vapors can cause foliar whitening or yellowing of some vegetation. Prior to application of clomazone, read and strictly follow all precautions, restrictions and application instructions as set forth in that label.

For additional information on application, refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label and the clomazone label.

Weeds Controlled: Bristly Starbur, Carpetweed, Copperleaf, Florida Beggarweed, Florida Pusley, Galinsoga, Jimsonweed, Knotweed, Lambsquarters, Pigweeds, Prickly Sida/Teaweed, Purslane, Common Ragweed, Redweed, Sesbania, Smartweeds, Spurred Anoda, Velvetleaf, Venice Mallow, Wild Mustards, Barnyardgrass*, Bluegrass, Broadleaf Signalgrass, Crabgrass*, Foxtails (Green, Giant, Yellow*, Robust Purple), Goosegrass, Johnsongrass (seedling)*, Fall Panicum*, Texas Panicum, and witchgrass.

*Refer to clomazone label for use rates on coarse and medium textured soils with high populations of these weeds.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Clomazone Tank Mix Preplant Incorporated Application (Broadcast Rates)

0.5% to 3% ORGANIC MATTER							
SOIL TEXTURE ¹	Tigris MTZ 4 F (Pt/Acre)	Clomazone					
COARSE ² (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/2	See reference ⁴					
MEDIUM (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	1/2 to 3/4	See reference ⁴					
FINE (Silty clay, silty clay loam³, clay, clay loam)	1/2 to 3/4	See reference⁴					
Over 3% ORG	Over 3% ORGANIC MATTER						
COARSE ² (Sandy loam, loamy sand)	1/2	See reference ⁴					
MEDIUM (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	1/2 to 3/4	See reference ⁴					
FINE (Silty clay, silty clay loam³, clay, clay loam)	3/4 to 1	See reference ⁴					

¹Crop injury may occur on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.1 or higher.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Metribuzin + Chlorimuron Plus a Grass Herbicide Use Restriction

· Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.

Use Precaution:

· For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of the labels for this product and the metribuzin + chlorimuron label.

A tank combination of this product plus metribuzin + chlorimuron plus a registered grass herbicide (metolachlor, pendimethalin, ethalfluralin or trifluralin) may be used for control of the following weeds in soybeans:

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Annual Grasses

BarnyardgrassCrowfootgrassPanicum, FallBluegrassFoxtailsPanicum, TexasBroadleaf SignalgrassGoosegrassSandburBrowntop Milletohnsongrass (Seedling)SprangletopCrabgrassJunglerice Stinkgrass

Annual Broadleaves

Bristly Starbur Knotweed Sesbania Carpetweed Kochia Shepherdspurse Cocklebur Lambquarters Smartweed Copperleaf Pigweed Spurred Anoda Hophornbeam Prickly Sida/Teaweed Velevetleaf Venice Mallow Florida Beggarweed Purslane Wild Mustard Florida Pusley Ragweed, Common Galinsonga Redweed Russian Thistle Jimsonweed



² Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

³ Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

⁴ Refer to specific clomazone product label instructions.

Tank mix combinations which include metolachlor or pendimethalin can be applied preemergence broadcast or preplant incorporated broadcast. When ethalfluralin or trifluralin are used in the tank mix, apply preplant incorporated broadcast. Refer to the label below for rates of each product to be used in tank mix combinations:

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Metribuzin + Chlorimuron Plus a Grass Herbicide (Broadcast Rates)

SOIL TEXTURE ¹					
PRODUCT	COARSE ²	MEDIUM	FINE		
Tigris MTZ 4 F (Pt/Acre)	1/2	1/2 to 3/4 ³	3/4 to 1 ³		
Metribuzin + Chlorimuron	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Trifluralin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Metolachlor	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Pendimethalin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Ethalfluralin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference⁴		

¹Do not use on soils with a pH greater than 7.0.

Refer to the "Product Information" section of this label for mixing and application directions.

IMPORTANT: If weeds escape in fields treated with these tank mix combinations, postemergence application of a registered herbicide will be needed for control.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Clomazone Plus a Grass Herbicide

This product may be applied with clomazone and a grass herbicide (trifluralon, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin) for the control of certain broadleaf weeds and grasses in soybeans. This combination will provide improved control of heavy infestations of velvetleaf, Jimsonweed and common ragweed. This product and clomazone plus a grass herbicide may be applied preplant incorporated broadcast. Consult the clomazone, trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin labels for specific directions for use, instructions, restrictions and additional weeds controlled not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific application information, refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Annual Grasses

Barnyardgrass Crabgrass Johnsongrass (seedling)
Bluegrass Crowfootgrass Panicum, Fall
Broadleaf signalgrass Foxtails Witchgrass

Browntop millet Goosegrass

Annual Broadleaves

Bristly Starbur Kochia Sicklepod Carpetweed Lambsquarters Shepherdspurse Copperleaf **Pigweeds** Smartweeds Hophornbeam Prickly Sida/Teaweed Spotted spurge Florida Beggarweed **Purslane** Spurred Anoda Florida Pusley Ragweed, Common Velvetleaf Galinsoga Redweed Venice mallow Jimsonweed Russian Thistle Wild Mustards

Knotweed Sesbania

This product and clomazone plus trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin will provide suppression (reduce the competition) of cocklebur and sunflower.



² Refer to "Soil Texture" paragraph on this label for specific soil classification.

³ Use the lower rate of this product in preplant incorporated tank-mix as in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

⁴ Refer to specific metribuzin + chlorimuron, trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin, or ethalfluralin product label instructions.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Clomazone plus Grass Herbicide (Broadcast Rates)

SOIL TEXTURE ¹					
PRODUCT	COARSE ²	MEDIUM	FINE		
Tigris MTZ 4 F (Pt/Acre)	1/2	1/2 to 3/4 ²	3/4 to 1 ²		
Clomazone	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference⁴		
Trifluralin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Metolachlor	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Pendimethalin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Ethalfluralin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference⁴		

Refer to "Soil Texture" paragraph on this label for specific soil classification. On coarse textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Imazaquin Plus A Grass Herbicide

This product may be applied with imazaquin herbicide and a grass herbicide (trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin) for the control of certain broadleaf weeds and grasses in soybeans. This product and imazaquin plus trifluralin or ethalfluralin may be applied preplant incorporated broadcast. This product and imazaquin plus metolachlor or pendimethalin may be applied preplant incorporated, preemergence broadcast or in a band application.

Consult the imazaquin, trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin labels for specific directions for use, instructions, restrictions and additional weeds controlled not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific application information, refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Weeds Controlled: This product plus Imazaquin plus trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin will control the following broadleaf weeds and grasses:

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Annual Grasses

Barnyardgrass Crabgrass Johnson grass (seedling)
Bluegrass Crowfootgrass Panicum, Fall
Broadleaf signalgrass Foxtails Witchgrass
Browntop Millet Goosegrass

Annual Broadleaves

Jimsonweed

Sesbania **Bristly Starbur** Knotweed Buffalobur Kochia Shepherdspurse Carpetweed Lambsquarters Sicklepod Cocklebur Morningglory, pitted Smartweeds Coffee Senna Morningglory, small-flower Spotted spurge Copperleaf **Pigweeds** Spurred Anoda Prickly Sida/Teaweed Sunflower Hophornbeam **Purslane** Velvetleaf Florida Beggarweed Venice mallow Florida Pusley Ragweed, Common Wild mustards Galinsoga Redweed

Russian Thistle

This product and imazaquin plus trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin or ethalfluralin will suppress (reduce the competition of) ivyleaf and tall morningglory, and red rice.



² The higher rate of this product should be used for the control of sicklepod and hemp sesbania. Use the lower rate of this product in the preplant incorporated tank mix on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, and in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

³ Higher rate should be used under moderate to heavy weed infestations.

⁴ Refer to clomazone, trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin, or ethalfluralin product label instructions.

Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS IMAZAQUIN PLUS A GRASS HERBICIDE (BROADCAST RATES)

SOIL TEXTURE ¹					
PRODUCT	COARSE ²	MEDIUM	FINE		
Tigris MTZ 4 F (Pt/Acre)	1/2	1/2 to 3/4 ²	3/4 to 1 ²		
lmazaquin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Trifluralin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Metolachlor	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Pendimethalin	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴	See reference ⁴		
Ethalfluralin	See reference ⁴	See reference⁴	See reference⁴		

¹ Refer to "Soil Texture" paragraph on this label for specific soil classification. On coarse textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS IMAZETHAPYR AND A GRASS HERBICIDE

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be tank mixed with an imazethapyr herbicide and a registered grass herbicide (metolachlor, pendimethalin, ethalfluralin or trifluralin) for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans. Refer to the product labels for imazethapyr, metolachlor, pendimethalin, ethalfluralin or trifluralin tor additional directions for use, instructions, restrictions and limitations not included on this label.

Tank mix combinations of Tigris MTZ 4 F, imazethapyr and metolachlor, or pendimethalin can be applied broadcast preemergence or preplant incorporated. When the grass herbicide used is ethalfluralin or trifluralin, apply the tank mix broadcast preplant incorporated.

Mixing and Application: Refer to the Product Information section of this label for directions on mixing and application of Tigris MTZ 4 F.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Imazethapyr and a Grass Herbicide*

Soil Texture	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre	Imazethapyr
COARSE	1/2	See reference ¹
MEDIUM	3/5 to 3/4	See reference ¹
FINE	3/4 to 1	See reference ¹

 $^{^*}$ For control of grass weeds include metolachlor, pendimethalin, ethalfluralin or trifluralin at label rates in the tank mix with Tigris MTZ 4 F and imazethapyr herbicides.

Restrictions and Limitations: Do not apply this tank mix with aerial or irrigation equipment. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift, or allow sprays to drift on to adjacent desirable plants. Do not use treated vines for feed or forage. Refer to appropriate sections of the Imazethapyr herbicide label for restrictions on use area and rotational crops.

Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS IMAZETHAPYR PLUS HERBICIDE

Mixing and Application: Refer to the Product Information section of this label for directions on mixing and application of Tigris MTZ 4 F.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Imazethapyr (Broadcast Rates)

Soil Texture	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre	Imazethapyr
COARSE	1/2	See reference ¹
MEDIUM	3/5 to 3/4	See reference ¹
FINE	3/4 to 1	See reference ¹

¹ Refer to specific imazethapyr label instructions.

Restrictions and Limitations:

- Do not apply this tank mix with aerial or irrigation equipment. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift, or allow sprays to drift on to desirable plants.
- Do not use treated vines for feed or forage.
- · Refer to appropriate sections of the imazethapyr label for restrictions on use area and rotational crops.



² The higher rate of this product should be used for preemergence tank mix application and for the control of sicklepod and hemp sesbania. Use the lower rate of Tigris MTZ 4 F in the preplant incorporated tank mix on soils having a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, and in those situations where soils within a field vary extremely in texture or organic matter content.

³ Higher rate should be used under moderate to heavy weed infestations.

⁴ Refer to specific imazaquin, trifluralin, metolachlor, pendimethalin, or ethalfluralin product label instructions.

¹Refer to specific imazethapyr label instructions.

Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS LINURON PLUS METOLACHLOR

Tank Mix Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied in combination with linuron and metolachlor as a preemergence application for the control of certain weeds in soybeans. Consult the linuron or metolachlor labels for specific directions for use, instructions, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: Applications can be made only with ground spray equipment in accordance with specified soil types and dosage rates. For specific application information, refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Tigris MTZ 4 F Plus Linuron Plus Metolachlor Broadcast Rates (0.5 to 3% Organic Matter Only)

SOIL TEXTURE					
PRODUCT	COARSE ¹ (Sandy, loamy sand, sandy loam) MEDIUM (Loam, silt loam, silt, sandy) FINE (Silty clay, sandy clay loam, clay, silty clay loam2, clay, clay loam)				
A343.02 (Pt/Acre)	1/4 to 3/8	3/8 to 1/2	1/2 to 3/4		
Linuron	See reference ³	See reference ³	See reference ³		
Metolachlor	See reference ³	See reference ³	See reference ³		

¹Do not use Tigris MTZ 4 F plus linuron plus (Lasso or Metolachlor) on sand soils with less than 1% organic matter.

PRECAUTIONS (Tigris MTZ 4 F plus Linuron plus Metolachlor: For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations, and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the linuron label and the metolachlor labels.

FOR USE IN COARSE (LIGHT) SOILS IN Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia.

Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide may be used alone or in combination with trifluralin or metolachlor for use in coarse-textured, low organic matter soils in the states listed above for the control of certain weeds in soybeans. Refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the trifluralin or metolachlor labels for specific directions for use, instructions, restrictions and any additional weeds not specified on this label.

Mixing: Refer to the "Product Information" section in the front of this label.

Application: For specific application information, refer to the Product Information section in the front of this label.

A342.03 (Alone) Preemergence Application (Broadcast Rates)

SOIL TEXTURE	ORGANIC MATTER	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre
COARSE (LIGHT) SOILS Sand ¹ Loamy Sand, Sandy Loam	0.5% or Above	1/2 to 3/42

¹ Do not use on sand with less than 1% organic matter.

Tigris MTZ 4 F in Combination with Other Herbicides: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used in a tank mix combination with trifluralin as a preplant incorporated application or as a preemergence overlay application following a preplant incorporated application of trifluralin. Tigris MTZ 4 F may also be used as a preemergence application in combination with metolachlor.

Use Restrictions:

- Do not use on sand soils with less than 1% organic matter, or on sandy loam or loamy sand soils with less than 0.5% organic matter.
- For additional precautions, restrictions, limitations and sprayer clean-up information, refer to the appropriate sections of this label and the labels of any tank mix partners.

BURNDOWN WEED CONTROL - FIELD CORN AND SOYBEANS

Tigris MTZ 4 F can be used as part of an herbicide program for burndown of existing vegetation prior to crop emergence in conservation tillage systems. Tigris MTZ 4 F may be tank mixed with 2,4-D low volatile ester (LVE), paraquat, or glyphosate for control of emerged weeds prior to field corn or soybean emergence.

Tigris MTZ 4 F tank mixes with 2,4-D, fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl, sethoxydim or clethodim may also be used in soybeans for control of emerged weeds prior to crop emergence. Tigris MTZ 4 F burndown tank mixes can be applied before planting or prior to crop emergence in the following areas:

Field Corn:

Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin

Soybeans

All areas for all products except fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl tank mixes - see fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl section of this label for specified states.



² Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium textured soils in some regions of the U.S.

³ Refer to specific linuron or metolachlor product label instructions.

² Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressures and/or on soils higher in organic matter.

Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied up to 30 days prior to planting or preemergence. Apply only by ground equipment when Tigris MTZ 4 F is used for burndown of existing vegetation in conservation tillage systems. Tigris MTZ 4 F and tank mix partner burndown rates are listed in the following three tables.

Tigris MTZ 4 F BURNDOWN RATES-FIELD CORN AND SOYBEANS

CROPS	APPLICATION TIMING	Tigris MTZ 4 F RATE (Pt/A)
Field corn	Preplant (0 to 30 days)	3 to 8
lowa	Preemergence	
Kansas		
Missouri		
Nebraska		
South Dakota		
Field corn	Preplant (10 to 30 days)	3 to 8
Illinois	Preplant (0 to 9 days)	3 to 6
Indiana	Preemergence	
Kentucky		
Michigan		
Minnesota		
Ohio		
Wisconsin		
Soybeans	Preplant (0 to 30 days)	3 to 8
	Preemergence	

Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS TANK MIX PARTNER BURNDOWN RATES-FIELD CORN OR SOYBEANS

PRODUCT	RATE	DIRECTIONS AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Tigris MTZ 4 F + 2,4-D	3 to 8 fl oz/A* + See reference ¹	In soybeans, apply as per specific 2,4-D label instructions. Include crop oil concentrate (COC) at the rate of 1 gal/100 gal of spray solution (1% v/v). In corn, apply at least 7 days preplant or at least 3 days after planting but before corn emergence.
Tigris MTZ 4 F + Paraquat	3 to 8 fl oz/A* + See reference ¹	Must be applied prior to crop emergence. Refer to specific paraquat label for use rates. Apply in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre. Include either nonionic surfactant at 1 quart per 100 gallons (0.25% v/v) or crop oil concentrate at 1 gallon per 100 gallons (1% v/v) of spray solution.
Tigris MTZ 4 F + Paraquat + 2, 4-D	3 to 8 fl oz/A* + See reference + See reference	For this tank mix follow the Directions and Remarks Sections above for Tigris MTZ 4 F + 2.4-D and Tigris MTZ 4 F + paraquat, paying special attention to crop planting restrictions with 2, 4-D. Include either nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate in this tank mix.
Tigris MTZ 4 F + Glyphosate	3 to 8 fl oz/A* + See reference	Must be applied prior to crop emergence. Use the higher rates as weeds approach the maximum weed heights listed in the Weeds Controlled section below. Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. With glyphosate, include nonionic surfactant at 2 quarts per 100 gallons (0.5% v/v) and ammonium sulfate (spray grade) at 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray solution. With glyphosate, include ammonium sulfate (spray grade) at 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray solution. Any glyphosate formulation registered and labeled for sue in field corn or soybeans may be tank mixed with Tigris MTZ 4 F
Tigris MTZ 4 F + Glyphosate + 2, 4-D	3 to 8 fl oz/A* + See reference ¹ + See reference ¹	For this tank mix follow the Directions and Remarks Sections above for Tigris MTZ 4 F + 2, 4-D and Tigris MTZ 4 F + Glyphosate, paying special attention to planting restrictions with 2, 4-D. Use the adjuvant recommendations under the Tigris MTZ 4 F + Glyphosate tank mix. Do not use crop oil concentrate.

^{*} If applied to field corn grown in Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio and Wisconsin, refer to Table 1 for correct this product rate based on application timing.



¹ Refer to specific 2,4-D, paraquat, or glyphosate product label instructions.

Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS TANK MIX PARTNER BURNDOWN RATES-FIELD CORN OR SOYBEANS

PRODUCT	RATE	DIRECTIONS AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Tigris MTZ 4 F	3 to 8 fl oz/A*	Apply preplant or before soybean emergence.
+	+	Include nonionic surfactant at 2 quarts per 100 gallons (0.5% v/v) of spray solution.
2,4-D	See reference ¹	
Tigris MTZ 4 F	3 to 8 fl oz/A*	For use in Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska,
+	+	North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. For this tank mix follow
Fluazifop-P-butyl+	See reference ¹	the planting restrictions under the Directions and Remarks Section above for Tigris MTZ 4 F + 2, 4-D. Refer to
fenoxaprop-P- ethyl	+	fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl label for rates and control. Include either crop oil concentrate at 1 gallon
+	See reference ¹	per 100 gallons (1.0% v/v) or nonionic surfactant at 1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons (0.25 – 0.5% v/v) of spray solution.
2, 4-D		Refer to the fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl label for additional information.
Tigris MTZ 4 F	3 to 8 fl oz/A*	For this tank mix follow the Directions and Remarks Sections above for Tigris MTZ 4 F + 2, 4-D and Tigris MTZ 4 F
+	+	+ Glyphosate, paying special attention to planting restrictions with 2, 4-D. Use the adjuvant recommendations
Glyphosate	See reference ¹	under the Tigris MTZ 4 F + Glyphosate tank mix. Do not use crop oil concentrate.
+	+	
2, 4-D	See reference ¹	
Tigris MTZ 4 F	3 to 8 fl oz/A*	For this tank mix follow the planting restrictions under the Directions and Remarks Section above for Tigris MTZ
+	+	4F+2,4-D. Refer to the clethodim label for specific rates and control. Include crop oil concentrate at the rate
Clethodim	See reference ¹	of 1 quart per acre and 28% UAN (area ammonium nitrate) at a rate of 1–2 quarts per acre. Refer to the clethodim
+	+	label for additional information.
2, 4-D	See reference ¹	

¹Refer to specific 2,4-D, Fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl, glyphosate, or clethodim product label instructions.

Use Restrictions: Do not apply these treatments after crop emergence. Observe all precautions and limitations on the labeling of all products used in tank mixtures. Refer to the Product Information section of this label for additional information, restrictions, and limitations. Do not feed hay, forage, fodder or graze 2,4–D, clethodim, or fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl treated vegetation. Follow the most restrictive preharvest interval of all products used in a tank mixture.

Field Corn:

- Do not apply on coarse textured soils with less than 1.5% organic matter.
- Do not apply more than 6 fl oz of Tigris MTZ 4 F per acre on soils with less than 2% organic matter.
- Do not apply on soils having pH 7.0 or greater.
- Do not apply more than 8 fl oz Tigris MTZ 4 F (0.25 pound active ingredient) per acre per growing season.
- Corn seed should be planted a minimum of 1-1/2 inches deep.
- Tigris MTZ 4 F may only be used in hybrid seed corn production fields if both inbred parents are known to be tolerant to Tigris MTZ 4 F.
- Pre-harvest interval: Do not harvest corn treated with Tigris MTZ 4 F for silage or grain for 60 days after treatment.

Soybeans

- \cdot Apply only 2,4-D low volatile ester formulations which are registered for preplant or burndown use in soybeans.
- Do not apply tank mixtures containing 2,4-D if wind is blowing toward desired susceptible plants (i.e. cotton, tobacco, tomato, etc.) or when wind speeds exceed 6 miles per hour.
- Do not graze or feed livestock soybean vines or hay treated with Tigris MTZ 4 F for 40 days after application.



Weeds controlled: Tigris MTZ 4 F in tank mixtures with the above herbicides will provide burndown control of the weeds listed below.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY BURNDOWN RATES OF Tigris MTZ 4 F

		Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS						
WEEDS CONTROLLED	2, 4-D Sethoxydim + 2, 4-D Clethodim + 2, 4-D fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P-ethyl + 2,4-D	Glyphosate	Glyphosate + 2, 4-D	Paraquat	Paraquat + 2, 4-D	2,4-D		
BROADLEAVES		MAXIMUM	BURNDOWN HEIG	HT (INCHES)	1			
Buffalobur	-	6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	-		
Chickweed, common	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Cocklebur, common	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	6		
Dandelion, common	6 dia°	2 dia ^b	6 dia°	4 dia ^d	6 dia°	2 dia		
Henbit	4	4	4	4 to 6	4 to 6	-		
Horseweed/marestail	6 ^{ac}	4 ^b	6	3	6°	2°		
Jimsonweed	6	6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Kochia*	4ac	-	4	4	4	-		
Ladysthumb	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3		
Lambquarters, common	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Lettuce, prickly	6	6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Mallow, Venice	6	6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	-		
Morningglory spp.	6	2	4	2	4	4		
Mustard spp.	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Pennycress, field	6	6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Pigweed, spp. (annual)	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Ragweed, common	6	6 ^b	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	2		
Ragweed, giant	6 ^{ac}	4 ^b	6	4	6	2		
Shepherdspurse	6	6	6	4 to 6	4 to 6	-		
Sida, prickly	6	4	4	4	4	1		
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3		
Sunflower, common	6	6	6	4	4 to 6	4		
Thistle, Russian	4 ^{ac}	2 to 4 ^{bc}	8	4	4 to 6	3°		
Velvetleaf	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3		
Waterhemp spp.	6	6	8	4 to 6	4 to 6	3		



^a Refer to 2,4-D label for application rate per acre. ^b Refer to glyphosate label for application rate per acre.

^c Use Tigris MTZ 4 F at 6 fl oz/A for optimum control.

^d Suppression only.

^{*} Does not control triazine resistant biotypes.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY BURNDOWN RATES OF Tigris MTZ 4 F

				Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS			
WEEDS CONTROLLED	2, 4-D	Sethoxydim + 2, 4-D	Clethodim + 2, 4-D	Fluazifop-P-butyl + fenoxaprop-P- ethyl + 2, 4-D	Glyphosate Glyphosate + 2, 4-D	Paraquat Paraquat + 2,4-D	2, 4-D
ANNUAL GRASSES							
Barley		-	-	-	8	4 to 6	
Barnyardgrass	Does	2 to 3	3 to 4	-	6	4 to 6	Does
Crabgrass spp.	Does	2 to 3	-	-	6	4 to 6	Does
Foxtail spp.	not	2 to 3	3 to 4	2 to 6	8	4 to 6	not
Johnsongrass, seeding	control	2 to 3	-	-	8	4 to 6	control
Panicum, fall	these	2 to 3	3	2 to 6	6	4 to 6	these
Sandbur, field	species	-	-	-	8	4 to 6	species
Shattercane	species	2 to 3	-	-	8	4 to 6	species
Wheat, volunteer		-	-	-	6	4 to 6	
Witchgrass		2 to 3	-	-	6	4 to 6]

RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL

Tigris MTZ 4 F burndown programs can be used as part of a full season weed control program in both field corn and soybeans when, 1) applied as a tank mixture with residual herbicides, or 2) followed with a postemergence weed control program, which is registered for use on that crop.

S-metolachlor

S-metolachlor

For residual control, this product burndown programs may include tank mixes with the following herbicides or combination of herbicides:

Field Corn

Acetochlor Dimethenamid Imazethapyr + Pendimethalin^a

Acetochlor + AtrazineDimethenamid + AtrazineLinuronAtrazineFlumetsulam + MetolachlorMetolachlorAtrazine + S-metolachlorFlumetsulam + ClopyralidPendimethalinDicambaHydrogen peroxide + ethaneperoxoic acidSimazine

Imazethapyr^a

^a Use only imazethapyr resistant/tolerant corn hybrids.

Soybeans

Dicamba + Atrazine

Clomazone Imazethapyr + pendimethalin Metribuzin^b Pendimethalin
Dimethenamid Linuron Pendimethalin + Imazaquin

Flumetsulam + Metolachlor Metolachlor Imazaquin Metribuzin + Chlorimuron Imazethapyr Metribuzin + Metolachlor

Refer to the individual product labels for additional information, restrictions, and limitations.

SOUTHERN AND SOUTHEASTERN STATES ONLY POSTEMERGENCE DIRECTED SPRAY APPLICATIONS

Tigris MTZ 4 F can be applied in postemergence directed sprays to soybeans for control of certain weeds which escape preplant or preemergence herbicide applications and for control of additional flushes of weeds that may occur after soybeans have emerged. Postemergence directed sprays of Tigris MTZ 4 F can be applied to soybeans in addition to a preemergence or preplant application of Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide according to label directions.

Weeds Controlled: Tigris MTZ 4 F, applied postemergence to soybeans as a directed spray according to directions on this label, will control the following at rates shown (broadcast basis) when grasses and common ragweed are less than 1-inch tall and other broadleaves are less than 3-inches tall:

1/2 Pt/Acre	Florida beggarweed (Desmodium tortuosum)	Mexicanweed (Caperonia castaniifolia)
	Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)	Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)
	Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillate)	Sicklepod (Cassia obtusifolia)
	Cocklebur (Xanthium pensylvanicum) Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)	
	Dayflower (commelina spp.)	Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.)
1/2 to 1 Pt/Acre	Sesbania (<i>Sesbania</i> spp.)	Prickly sida/Teawood (Sida spinose)
1Pt/Acre	Ragweed, common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia)	

At the rate of 1/2 pt/acre morningglory species, (Ipomoea spp.) horsenettle, (Solanum spp.) Florida pusley, (Richardia scabra) spotted spurge (Euphorbia maculata) and wild poinsettia (Euphorbia heterophylla) are suppressed when Tigris MTZ 4 F is applied before these weeds are 3 inches tall. The 1 pt/acre rate will suppress broadleaf signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla) up to 1 inch tall.



b Tigris MTZ 4 F used (alone and in tank-mixes) on soybeans at higher labeled rates than those listed burndown weed control will also provide residual control of those listed for burndown weed control will also provide residual control of those weeds listed in the Weeds Controlled by Tigris MTZ 4 F and Tigris MTZ 4 F Tank Mix Combinations section of the Tigris MTZ 4 F label.

Tigris MTZ 4 F POSTEMERGENCE DIRECTED SPRAY APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

CROP	Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre
Soybeans	1/2 to 1
(Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri,	(Broadcast Basis)
North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas)	

Apply proper dosage using 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a directed spray in a 6 to 8 inch band on each side of the row after soybeans are 8 inches tall and before broadleaf weeds are 3 inches tall and before grasses and common ragweed are 1 inch tall. For best results, the spray must cover weed foliage with minimum or no contact with soybean foliage. Add a nonionic surfactant such as Ortho X-77 to the spray mixture to obtain better wetting of weed leaf surfaces. To determine the correct dosage of Tigris MTZ 4 F for a band application see "Banded Application" under the Product Information section in the front of this label.

If necessary, a second postemergence directed spray application can be made after 7 days.

Do not feed or graze green soybean vines. Do not harvest soybeans or use dry soybean vines for feed or forage within 70 days of last application.

Use Restrictions (Directed Postemergence): Do not apply directly to soybeans or serious crop injury will occur. Do not allow spray to contact more than the lower 1/4 to 1/3 of soybean plants. Soybean leaves contacted by the spray will be killed.

Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F postemergence to sensitive soybean varieties. See "Special Precautions" in the front of this label.

To avoid injury to other crops or desirable plants from spray drift, sprayer pressure must not exceed 30 psi and the sprayer must be fitted with nozzles no smaller than 8002 T-Jet (or equivalent). Do not apply under weather conditions which favor drift.

SUGARCANE

Use Restrictions:

- For aerial and chemigation application methods on sugarcane the maximum application rate is 4 pts Tigris MTZ 4 F/acre (2.0 lbs ai/A).
- To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply this product by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.
- Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application of Tigris MTZ 4 F. Refer to the Crop Rotation Restrictions section of this label for more information.
- Do not use treated foliage for feed or forage.

SUGARCANE (Hawaii Only)

Tigris MTZ 4 F, a selective herbicide, is effective as a preemergence and an early postemergence broadcast application for control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds. When applied as a spot treatment, it also provides excellent control of perennial grasses and broadleaves.

Ground Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F should be mixed by filling the spray tank half full of clean water. Then add the specified amount of this product to suit the total tank capacity and the rate of application per acre (preferably 25 to 35 gallons per acre). Complete filling the tank and maintain sufficient agitation during mixing and spraying to insure a uniform spray mixture.

Aerial Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used for use in aerial spray equipment as a preemergence or postemergence application to irrigated sugarcane. Aerial spray equipment should be calibrated to apply the proper amount of Tigris MTZ 4 F in 7 to 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre.

Tigris MTZ 4 F applied preemergence or postemergence to the sugarcane as a broadcast spray or spot treatment will effectively control the following when weeds are less than 3 inches in height.

Weeds Controlled in Irrigated and Non-irrigated Sugarcane

Broadleaves

Amaranth, Spleen (Amaranthus dubius) Hiahila (Mimosa pudica)

Haole Koa (*Leucaena leucocephala*)
Purslane, Common (*Portulaca oleracea*)
Hialoa (*Waltheria americana*)
Rattlepod (*Crotalaria spectabilis*)

Grasses

Alexandergrass (Brachiaria plantaginea) Bristly foxtail (Setaria verticillate)

Weeds Controlled in-irrigated Sugarcane Only Broadleaves

Ageratum (ageratum conyzoides) Richardia (Richardia brasiliensis) Tarweed (Cuphea carthagensis)



SUGARCANE (HAWAII ONLY)					
BROADCAST APPLICATIO	BROADCAST APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS				
Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS				
4 to 8 (1/2 to 1 gal) (non-irrigated)	PREEMERGENCE (Irrigated and non-irrigated sugarcane): Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray to the soil surface. Applications should be made within two weeks after planting prior to cane emergence or shortly after emergence (spike stage).				
8 to 12 (1 to 1-1/2 gal) (irrigated)	OR EARLY POSTEMERGENCE (Irrigated and non-irrigated sugarcane): Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray over the cane. Application may be delayed as long as 4 to 6 weeks after planting provided weeds are less than 3 inches in height.				
4 to 8 (1/2 to 1 gal)	OR POSTEMERGENCE: Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray to control weeds prior to "close in" time when cane shades out the weed growth.				
5 to 10 (1-1/8 to 1-1/4 gal)	SPOT TREATMENT: Apply specified dosage in 30 to 50 gallons of finished spray acre. Spot treatments may be used to control weeds in missed areas, corners of fields, or areas of hard to control weeds.				

NOTE: Do not apply more than 16 pt (2 gal) of Tigris MTZ 4 F (8 lb active ingredient)/acre per year regardless of the method of application. The last application may be made up to 17 months of harvest.

SUGARCANE (Louisiana and Texas Only)

Preemergence and postemergence applications of Tigris MTZ 4 F with aerial or ground spray equipment may be used for control of the following weeds in sugarcane in Louisiana and Texas:

Broadleaves

Amaranth, Spiny (Amaranthus spinosus) Bindweed, Field (Convolvulus arvensis) Chickweed (Cerastium vulgatum) Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule) Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) London rocket (Sisymbrium irio)

Marestail (Conyza canadensis) Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber) Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea) Sowthistle (Sonchus spp.)

Broadleaf Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla) Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.) Foxtails (Setaria spp.)

Johnsongrass, Seedling (Sorghum halepense)

Oats, Winter (Avena spp.)

SUGARCANE (LOUSIANA AND TEXAS ONLY) BROADCAST APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS				
Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS			
3 to 6	BROADCAST: Apply specified dosage per acre using 20 to 30 gallons of water with ground equipment or 5 gallons of water with aircraft spray equipment. Apply as a broadcast spray during the Fall after planting or to the stubble after harvest. Make a second application early in the Spring.			
1-1/2 to 3	BAND: Apply specified dosage in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre in a 30 to 36 inch band over the row during the Fall after planting or to the stubble after harvest. Make a second application early in the Spring.			

Use Restrictions (Louisiana and Texas only):

- Do not use treated foliage for feed or forage.
- · Use the higher rate on heavy clay soil and soil with a high percentage of organic matter. If necessary, a third application may be made in late Spring at layby.
- Pre-harvest interval: Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- For aerial and chemigation application methods on sugarcane the maximum application rate is 4 pts Tigris MTZ 4 F/acre.
- · To assure that spray will not adversely, affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply this product by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.



SUGARCANE (Florida Only)

Postemergence over-the-top or directed spray applications of metribuzin may be used for the control of the following weeds in sugarcane in Florida.

Broadleaves

Amaranth, Spiny (seedling) (Amaranthus spinosus)

Butterweed (Cressleaf groundsel) (Senecio glabellus)

Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)

Grasses

*Crabgrass, large (Digitaris sanguinalis)
Panicum, broadcast (Panicum adspersum)
Foxtail, bristlegrass (Setaria magna)
Signalgrass, Broadcast (Brachiaria platyphylla)

Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)

^{*} Best control is achieved when applications are made when this weed is less than 4" in diameter.

SUGARCANE (FLORIDA ONLY)		
APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS		
Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS	
2 to 4	GROUND APPLICATION: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used in one or two applications with a minimum of 14 days between each application. Apply when weeds are less than 6 inches tall in 10 to 40 gallons of spray mixture per acre. POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST OR BAND: Apply over the top of stubble or plant cane while sugarcane is less than 14 inches tall. POSTEMERGENCE DIRECTED SPRAY: Apply to sugar cane that is a minimum of 14 inches tall and before row closing.	
2 to 3	AERIAL APPLICATION: Apply when weeds are less than 4 inches tall in 5 to 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre. Apply to stubble or plant cane while the sugarcane is less than 14 inches tall.	

Tigris MTZ 4 F PLUS ATRAZINE TANK MIX: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be used with atrazine as a preemergence or postemergence (before row closing) application to sugarcane. Rates for Tigris MTZ 4 F are 1-1/2 to 4 pt/acre. Consult specific atrazine label for use rates. For additional information on precautions, instructions, limitations, application, and weeds controlled, refer to this label and the atrazine label.

Use Restrictions (Florida only):

- Do not use more than 4 pt per acre in a single growing season.
- Do not use on sand soils.
- Pre-harvest interval: Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not use treated crop for feed or forage.
- · Avoid spray overlaps or variations in application speed that may result in insufficient or excessive rates of application.
- To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply this product by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.

Use Precaution (Florida only):

· Spray contact with sugarcane foliage may result in minor leaf margin chlorosis and/or necrosis.

TOMATOES

Apply Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide with ground equipment to seeded and transplanted tomatoes as specified below under Application Instructions.

For effective control of grasses and broadleaf weeds with postemergence applications, apply Tigris MTZ 4 F before weeds are 1-inch tall. Thorough spray coverage on weed foliage is essential for adequate control with postemergence applications. Do not use air blast or other high pressure spray equipment to make postemergence applications of Tigris MTZ 4 F Refer to the appropriate section of this label for additional information regarding spray equipment, dilution rates, mixing, sprayer cleanup, restrictions, container disposal and cautions.

For specific application information see the Product Information section in the front of this label.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATIONS TRANSPLANT TOMATOES ONLY Broadcast Sprays- 1/2 to 1 Pt Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre

Broadleaves

Galinsoga (*Galinsoga* spp.)

*Pigweed, Redroot (*Amaranthus retroflexus*)

*Purslane, Common (*Portulaca oleracea*)

Grasses

*Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)

Preplant incorporated applications applied as directed will suppress foxtails, panicums and barnyardgrass.

Tigris MTZ 4 F/Trifluralin Tank Mix: This tank mix combination applied preplant incorporated as directed on this label will control the weeds listed above plus those weeds listed on the trifluralin label.

*For optimum control of these weeds, use the highest rate specified on the label for the type of application to be made. Repeat postemergence applications may be needed for best control.



WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS ESTABLISHED TOMATOES

For effective control of weeds with postemergence applications, apply this product before weeds are 1-inch tall.

Broadcast Sprays -1/2 to 1 Pt Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre

Broadleaves

Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)
Fumitory (Fumaria officinalis) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)

Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp.) *Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia artemisiifolia)

Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium) *Smartweed, Pennsylvania (Polygonum pensylvanicum)

Ladysthumb (Potygonum persicaria)

Toadflax (Linaria spp.)

Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album)

Velevetleaf (Abutilon thephrasti)

Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber)

Directed Sprays -1 to 2 Pt Tigris MTZ 4 F/Acre

Grasses Plus Weeds Listed Under Broadcast Sprays

*Foxtail, Yellow (Setaria glauca) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)

* For optimum control of these weeds, use the highest rate specified on the label for the type of application to be made. Repeat postemergence applications may be needed for best control. Postemergence applications as directed on this label will suppress barnyardgrass and crabgrass when these weeds are less than 1-inch tall.

BROADCAST APPLICATIONS INSTRUCTIONS FOR TOMATOES		
Tigris MTZ 4 F Pt/Acre	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS	
1/2 to 1	PREPLANT INCORPORATED - TRANSPLANT TOMATOES ONLY: Apply specified dosage in 10 or more gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray to the soil surface immediately before transplanting. Incorporate to a depth of 2 to 4 inches with equipment capable of uniformly mixing the chemical into the soil. This application may be made alone or in a tank mix combination with Trifluralin E.G. When transplanting tomatoes, place the root system of the plants below the herbicide incorporation zone or injury may occur. Refer to the Trifluralin label for specific rate of application and for additional precautions and restrictions for tomatoes.	
1/2 to 1	POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST SPRAY - ESTABLISHED TOMATOES: Apply specified dosage in 20 or more gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray, or apply in 1/4 to 3/4 inch of water (use 1/4 to 1/2 inch of water on sandy soils) per acre as a continuous injection in center pivot and lateral move systems or apply in the last 15 to 30 minutes of set in permanent solid set sprinkler systems. One or more applications may be applied per use season. Allow at least 14 days between applications or severe crop injury may occur. For transplanted tomatoes, do not apply until transplants have recovered from transplant shock and new growth is evident. Do not apply to tomatoes within 24 hours of application of other pesticides. Do not tank mix with other pesticides. (See "Use Restrictions" below.)	
1 to 2	POSTEMERGENCE DIRECTED SPRAY - ESTABLISHED TOMATOES: Apply specified dosage in 20 or more gallons of water per acre as a directed spray. One or more applications may be applied per use season. Allow at least 14 days between applications or severe crop injury may occur. Avoid contacting tomato foliage with spray. This method of treatment can be used in fields with a history of severe weed pressure or in fields infested with hard-to-control weeds. For transplanted tomatoes, do not apply until transplants have recovered from transplant shock and new growth is evident. Do not apply to tomatoes within 24 hours of application of other pesticides. (See "Use Restrictions" below.) When banding see the appropriate section in the front of this label.	

^{*}Use the higher rate in fields with a history of severe weed pressure and for maximum residual weed control.

Use Restrictions (Tomatoes):

- Do not apply more than a total of 2 pts. Tigris MTZ 4 F per crop season.
- Do not apply the total amount of 2 pt Tigris MTZ 4 F within a time span of less than 35 days, except in the case of directed sprays.
- · Allow at least 14 days between applications, regardless of dosage or method of application or severe crop injury may occur.
- Pre-harvest interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet or cloudy weather, or crop injury will occur.
- Do not use hot caps on tomatoes within 7 days before or at any time after application of Tigris MTZ 4 F.
- Do not treat seeded tomatoes until plants have reached the 5 to 6 leaf stage or severe crop injury may occur.
- · Aerial application is prohibited.

Use Precautions:

- Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from broadcast or directed spray applications if tomatoes are growing under stress conditions such as periods of drought or cool, wet and cloudy weather preceding application.
- $\cdot \text{For newly introduced tomato varieties with unknown tolerance to Tigris MTZ} \, 4\,F, treat \, only \, a \, small \, area \, to \, determine \, if \, Tigris \, MTZ} \, 4\,F, can \, be \, used \, without injury \, to \, the \, crop. \\$

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON TOMATOES IN KERN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.



SPRING AND WINTER BARLEY AND WINTER WHEAT

Tigris MTZ 4 F herbicide may be used for control or suppression of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied postemergence to spring and winter barley or winter wheat. Tigris MTZ 4 F alone and several tank mixture treatments may be used in the following states: AR, GA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MS, MO, MT, NV, OH, OK, OR, TN, TX, UT, WA.

Mixing: See the "Product Information" section of this label for specific mixing procedures. When tank mixing, carefully follow the instructions on this label. Refer to the other product labels registered for use on barley and winter wheat for additional use directions, rates, weeds controlled and restrictions.

Application: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment. Use a minimum spray volume of 2 gpa by air and 10 gpa by ground. Uniform spray coverage is necessary to obtain optimum weed control and to minimize potential for crop injury. Do not exceed rates specified on this label. Do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F through any type of irrigation equipment. Apply Tigris MTZ 4 F when the crop is healthy and actively growing. Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied more than once per crop season. Allow a minimum of 21 days between applications if wheat is actively growing or allow 45 days between applications if wheat is growing in adverse conditions, has entered dormancy or is stressed due to frost damage, disease, drought or excessive moisture. Do not use on soils containing less than 0.75% organic matter. Do not apply more than a total of 16 fluid ounces Tigris MTZ 4 F (8 ounces active ingredient) per acre per year. On irrigated wheat and barley, do not apply more than 0.5 inch of water for the first irrigation, the maximum amount for each additional irrigation should not exceed 1 inch. Allow a minimum of 14 days between the first irrigation and subsequent irrigations.

Performance Factors: Weed control may not be observed for 2 to 4 weeks under normal growth conditions and for 4 to 6 weeks under very dry conditions. Moisture (at least 1/2 inch) is required within 2 to 3 weeks after application to move Tigris MTZ 4 F into the weed root zone. Lack of adequate moisture after application may result in poor or erratic weed control. Control or suppression of listed weeds is dependent on weed size at time of application. Control or suppression may be reduced if broadleaf weeds are taller than 1 inch or grasses have more than 2 leaves.

Tank Mixtures: Tigris MTZ 4 F may be tank mixed with metsulfuron methyl, trisulfuron, chlorsulfuron + metsulfuron, acetoclor + atrazine, 2,4-D, MCPA, terbutryn, dicamba, or bromoxynil herbicides. Additional pesticides may also be tank mixed with Tigris MTZ 4 F unless specifically prohibited on the mix product's label. A nonionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient may be used in Tigris MTZ 4 F tank mixes with sulfonylurea herbicides (metsulfuron methyl, triasulfuron, chlorsulfuron, chlorsulfuron and acetoclor + atrazine). Do not use a crop oil concentrate or any adjuvant containing vegetable or petroleum oils with any Tigris MTZ 4 F mix as crop injury may result. In some instances, combinations with organophosphate insecticides may cause temporary leaf yellowing and/or crop injury, especially when widely fluctuating day/night temperatures occur near application. Always refer to the other product labels registered for use on wheat and barley for additional directions, rates and weed species controlled. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Restrictions: Do not graze wheat within 14 days of Tigris MTZ 4 F application. Preharvest Interval: Do not harvest grain within 21 days after last application. Do not graze or harvest barley before crop maturity. For tank mix combinations, follow the most restrictive label.

Special Precautions: Wheat and Barley Injury - Crop injury may occur if Tigris MTZ 4 F is applied:

- · When the crop is under stress such as winter kill, frost damage, disease, drought or excessive moisture, severe grazing, or when these conditions follow the application.
- In combination with fluid fertilizer especially with the addition of surfactant,
- Prior to the growth stage specified on this label.
- · To soils high in lime or sodium, a pH greater than 7.7, calcareous, gravelly, thinly covered or exposed subsoil areas.
- To fields where wheat and barley seeds have been planted less than 1 inch deep.
- · To a non-winter hardy wheat or barley variety.
- To a sensitive wheat or barley variety as listed below.
- To frozen soil or crop still in winter dormancy.

Wheat and Barley Rotations Following Potatoes Treated with Tigris MTZ 4 F: If planting a sensitive wheat and barley variety (listed under the wheat and barley variety tolerance portion of this label), following potatoes treated with Tigris MTZ 4 F or metribuzin containing products, refer to the potato section of the Tigris MTZ 4 F label for special cultural practices to follow.



APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Tigris MTZ 4 F alone or in a tank mix with labeled broadleaf herbicides may be applied by aerial or around spray equipment as a broadcast postemergence spray.

CROP GROWTH STAGE	COU TEVTUDE	Tigris MTZ 4 F RATE (fl oz/	Tigris MTZ 4 F RATE (fl oz/A) % ORGANIC MATTER	
	SOIL TEXTURE	0.75 to 2.0	OVER 2.0	
2 Leaf to 2 Tiller	Coarse	1.5 to 3	1.5 to 4.5	
	Medium	1.5 to 4.5	3 to 4.5	
	Fine	3 to 4.5	3 to 6	

Use these rates on crops with secondary roots smaller than 1 inch. For dryland winter wheat (nonirrigated), apply the highest specified rate to achieve maximum weed suppression/control.

2 Leaf to 2 Tiller	Coarse	4.5 to 6	6 to 7.5
	Medium	6 to 7.5	7.5 to 9
	Fine	7.5 to 9	7.5 to 9

Do not apply within 2 weeks after grazing or breaking of winter dormancy. Apply after the crop is at or beyond the 3 tiller growth stage but before jointing. Secondary roots should be developed and larger than 1 inch long. Do not apply before 75 days after planting. For dryland winter wheat (nonirrigated), apply the highest specified rate to achieve maximum weed suppression/control.

GEORGIA ONLY: Wheat must be planted before November 15 in the Piedmont area and Northern part of the state, and before December 1 in the Coastal Plain area.

Over 4 Tillers	Coarse	5 to 9	7.5 to 12
	Medium	6 to 12	7.5 to 12
	Fine	7.5 to 12	12 t o16

Do not apply within 2 weeks after grazing or breaking of winter dormancy. Apply after the crop is at or beyond the 3 tiller growth stage but before jointing. Secondary roots should be developed and larger than 1 inch long. Do not apply before 75 days after planting. For dryland winter wheat (nonirrigated), apply the highest specified rate to achieve maximum weed suppression/control.

GEORGIA ONLY: Wheat must be planted before November 15 in the Piedmont area and Northern part of the state, and before December 1 in the Coastal Plain area.

WHEAT AND BARLEY VARIETIES TOLERANCE

Wheat and barley varieties vary in their tolerance to Tigris MTZ 4 F. Varieties below are tolerant to and may be used with Tigris MTZ 4 F.

Winter Wheat: Abe, AgriPro Mason, AgriPro Shiloh, Arthur, AS 7846, AS 7853, Baker Seed 32, Barbie VI, Basin, Batum, Bayles, Becker, Bintee V, Buchshot OS 2368, Caldwell, Cardinal, Cashup, Centurk, Cherokee, Cheyenne, Clark, Coker 747, Coker 762, Coker 797, Coker 68-15, Coker 9134, Coker 9543, Coker 9904, Coker 9907, Daws, DB 533W, DB 562W, DB 580W, Delta King 502, Delta King 9027, Dixie 952, Doublecrop, Dusty, Dyna-gro 426, Dynasty, Excel, Faro, FFR 525W, Florida 302, FS 432, FS 433, FS 435, Gains, Garst 64, Georgia 100, Genie V, Hatton, Hawk, Hill 81, Howell, Hunter, Hyak, Hyslop, Katie VI, KY 16-2, Larned, Lewis 833, Lewjain, Lisa, Longhorn, Luke, Madison, Magnum, Malcom, McDermid, McNaiMOOS, McNair 1813, Molly, Mora, Neely, Nelson, Newton, Norstar, Norwin, Nugaines, Oasis, Omega 78, Paha, Peck, Pike, Pioneer 2180, Pioneer 2510, Pioneer 2545, Pioneer 2548, Pioneer 2550, Pioneer 2552, Pioneer 2555, Pioneer 2566, Pioneer 2571, Pioneer 2580, Pioneer 2684, Quantum 577, Redwin, Rocky, Saluda, Sawyer, SO 104, Siouxland, Sprague, Southern Belle, Stacy, Stallion, Stephens, TAM WI01, TAM 105, TE 877, TE 2548, TE SR204, TR 8555, TR 8557, TR 8768, Tiber, Tomahawk, Traveler, Tres, Tyee, Tyler, Verne, Victory, Wakefield, Wanser, Weston, Winalta, Wrangler.

Barley: Advance, Boyer, Clark, Compana, Hannchen, Hector, Hesk, Hudson, Lud, Luther, Kamiak, Klages, Olympic, Piroline, Steptoe and Triumph.

Do not use the following wheat and barley varieties which are sensitive to Tigris MTZ 4 F:

Winter Wheat: AgriPro Clemens, AT 90W, AT 91W, Arapaho, Baker Seed 33, Century, Cimarron, Coker 833, Coker 916, Coker 983, Coker 9024, Coker 9105, Coker 9323, Coker 9663, Choker 9474, Choker 9835, Choker 9766, Choker 9877, EK 102, EK 114, FAR 555, Florida 304, Freedom, FS 417, FS 423, FS 425, FS 430, Gore, Hazen, Hickory, Jackson, Julie III, KY-49-25, Linden, Madison, Mesa, Mustang, Pacer, Pioneer 2551, Pioneer 2163, Pioneer 2643, Pioneer 2691, Princeton 733, PER W71, PER 226, PER 278, Rosen, Savannah, Sierra, TAM 107.TR 101,TR 101,TR

Spring/Durum Wheat: Avoid use on Spring wheat and Durum wheat varieties.

Barley: Glenn, Morex, Moravian 3, Larker, Summit, Bracken, Anheuser Busch B2601 and varieties with Morex parentage.

Varieties Not Listed: To avoid possible crop injury on any variety not mentioned in this label, contact an Tigris, LLC representative or herbicide expert for a variety recommendation prior to treatment or treat a small strip of the unlisted variety with the specified Tigris MTZ 4 F rate to ascertain crop tolerance before treating an entire field.

* Abbreviated names of vendors: AS (Agseco), AT (Agratech), DB (Diener Bros.), FS (Growmark FS), PI (Pioneer), PER (Hybritech), SC (J.M. Schultz), TE (Terra), and TR (Terral).



Weeds Controlled

Used at specified rates, Tigris MTZ 4 F will control many annual broadleaf weeds. Control is best when applied to young, actively growing weeds. Weeds controlled by Tigris MTZ 4 F include:

Bittercress Knotweed, prostrate
Catchfly, Conical (Sand) Lambquarter, Common
Catchweed (Madwort) Lettuce, Miners

Chickweed, Common
Chickweed, Mousear
Mustard, Wild
Corncockle
Pennycress, Field
Dogfennel (Mayweed)
Evening Primrose, Cutleaf
Falseflax, Smallseed
Mustard, Wild
Pennycress, Field
Pepperweed Virginia
Pigweed, spp.
Falseflax, Smallseed
Pineappleweed

Fiddleneck, Tarweed Polemonium, Annual (Jacob's Ladder)

Filaree, Redstem

Geranium,

Gromwell, spp.

Henbit

Carolina Radish, Wild

Shepherdspurse

Speedwell, Ivyleaf

Turnip, Wild

Weeds Suppressed

Tigris MTZ 4 F control of the following weeds varies from poor to excellent depending on time of application, stage of growth at application, temperatures and soil moisture conditions following treatment. For maximum effect on these weeds, apply the highest specified rate at the earliest growth stage timing for each particular soil type and organic matter. Suppression is a reduction in weed size and growth as compared to a non-treated area in the same field.

BROADLEAVES

Buckwheat, Wild* Mustard, Tumble (Jim Hill) *

Buttercup, spp. Tanysmustard
Cowcockle Kochia* Thistle, Russian
Lettuce, Prickly Vetch, Winter

GRASSES

Barley, Hare (Wild)

Barley, Little

Blackgrass

Foxtail, spp.*

Bluegrass, Annual

Bluegrass, Bulbous

Rescuegrass*

Brome, Downy* Whitlowgrass, Spring (Vernal)

Brome, Japanese* Windgrass

FOR WEED CONTROL IN A WHEAT/FALLOW/WHEAT ROTATION

(Idaho, Oregon, Utah and Washington Only)

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to provide weed control during the fallow period after wheat harvest or in the Spring before winter wheat is planted. Winter wheat can be seeded 4 months (120 days) after Spring application. Mechanical tillage or the application of a contact herbicide may be required to control weeds germinating prior to seeding of winter wheat. Best results will be obtained where straw and chaff are evenly distributed across the field.

For specific application information see the Product Information section in the front of this label.

Where weed growth is present at application time, Tigris MTZ 4 F should be applied with Paraquat or other contact herbicide. Refer to the other product label registered for additional directions, rates, and weed species controlled.

Weeds Controlled BROADLEAVES

Chickweed, Common (Stellaria media) Mustard, Treacle (Eyrsimum repandum)

Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule) Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber)

*Kochia (Kochia scoparia) Pennycress, Field (Fanweed) (Thalaspi arvense)

Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album)

Mustard, Blue or Purple (Chorispora tenella)

Mustard, Jim Hill (Sisymbrium altissimum)

Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)

*Russian thistle (Salsola iberica)

*Wild Sunflower (Henlianthus spp.)

Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata)

GRASSES

Cheatgrass (Bromus secalinus) Downy Brome (Bromus tectorum)

*Wheat, Volunteer (Triticum spp.)

*Note: Since control of these weeds may be variable depending on moisture following application, the higher labelled rate should be used.



^{*} Use the highest specified Tigris MTZ 4 F rate for maximum weed suppression.

After Harvest Application (Fall Fallow): Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to wheat stubble after harvest in the Fall. Apply 1 to 1-1/4 pt per acre broadcast before weeds emerge. Use higher rate for longer weed control or for weeds designated as requiring the higher rate for control. Rainfall (1/2 inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation.

Do not plant crops in treated areas for at least 10 months following Fall applications. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application of Tigris MTZ 4 F.

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied at 1 to 1-1/4 pt per acre as directed above for a fall application. If other vegetation is present at the time of application use a contact herbicide.

Spring Application (Summer Fallow): Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to wheat stubble in the Spring. Apply 3/4 to 1 pt per acre broadcast before weeds emerge in the Spring. Use higher rate for longer weed control or weeds designated as requiring higher rate for control. Rainfall (1/2 inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation.

Use Restrictions:

- Do not graze treated fields.
- Do not plant Spring seeded barley following Fall fallow applications of Tigris MTZ 4 F.
- · Where Tigris MTZ 4 F was applied in the Fall, do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F in the Spring.

FOR WEED CONTROL IN A FALLOW ROTATION WITH BARLEY AND WHEAT

(Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, and Wyoming Only)

Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to provide weed control during the fallow period after wheat or barley harvest or in the Spring before planting of Winter wheat or barley. Mechanical tillage or the application of a contact herbicide may be required to control weeds germinating prior to seeding of Winter wheat or barley.

For specific application information see the Product Information section in the front of this label.

Where weed growth is present at application time, Tigris MTZ 4 F should be applied with Paraquat, Roundup, or other contact herbicide. Refer to the other product label registered for additional directions, rates, and weed species controlled. Do not plant crops in treated areas earlier than 10 months following Fall applications. Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label for 18 months following application of Tigris MTZ 4 F.

Weeds Controlled BROADLEAVES

Chickweed, Common \ (Stellaria media)
Cowcockle (Vaccaria pyramidata)
Henbit (Lamium amplexicaule)
*Kochia (Kochia scoparia)
Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album)
Mustard, Blue or Purple (Chorispora tenella)
Mustard, Jim Hill (Sisymbrium altissimum)

GRASSES
Cheatgrass (Bromus secalinus)
Downy Brome (Bromus tectorum)
*Foxtail, Green (Setaria virdis)

Mustard, Tansy (Descurainia pinnata)
Mustard, Treacle (Eyrsimum repandum)
Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber)
Pennycress, Field (fanweed) (Thalaspi arvense)
Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)
Russian thistle (Salsola iberica)
Sunflower (Helianthus spp.)

*Wheat, Volunteer (*Triticum* spp.)
*Wild Oats (*Avena fatua*)

AFTER HARVEST APPLICATION (Fall Fallow): Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to the stubble after harvest in the Fall. Apply 1-1/4 to 1-1/2 pt per acre broadcast before weeds emerge. Use the higher rate for longer weed control or for weeds designated as requiring the higher rate for control. Rainfall (1/2 inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation.

SPRING APPLICATION (Summer Fallow): Tigris MTZ 4 F may be applied to the stubble in the Spring. Apply 3/4 to 1 pt per acre broadcast before weeds emerge in the Spring. Use the higher rate for longer weed control or weeds designated as requiring the higher rate for control. Rainfall (1/2 inch or more) is necessary for herbicide activation. Wheat or barley can be seeded 120 days after Spring application.

Use Restrictions:

- Do not graze treated fields.
- Do not plant Spring seeded barley following Fall applications for fallow.
- · Where Tigris MTZ 4 F was applied in the Fall, do not apply Tigris MTZ 4 F in the Spring.



^{*} Note: Since control of these weeds may vary depending on moisture following application, use the higher rate specified below.

CROP ROTATION RESTRICTIONS

Waiting Period After Tigris MTZ 4 F Flowable Herbicide Application¹

4 months	Alfalfa Asparagus Barley ² Corn	Forage Grasses Sainfoil Soybeans	Sugarcane Tomatoes Wheat ²
8 Months	Barley Lentils	Peas Wheat	
12 Months	Potatoes	Rice ³	
18 Months	Sugar Beets, Onions and other root crops not listed on this label, and all other crops not listed		

¹ Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted any time, but do not graze or harvest for food or feed. Stand reductions may occur in some areas.

Do not rotate any crop not listed on this label after application of Tigris MTZ 4 F to sugarcane.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully sweep material into a pile. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Dispose of pesticide as directed below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site in accordance with the uses permitted on this label, or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable containers < 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available; otherwise dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

Nonrefillable containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials, resistant strains or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Tigris, LLC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Tigris, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

To the extent allowed by applicable laws, Tigris, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Tigris, LLC and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY APPLICABLE LAW, TIGRIS, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent allowed by applicable laws, in no event shall Tigris, LLC or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY APPLICABLE LAW THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF TIGRIS, LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF TIGRIS, LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Tigris, LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to foregoing conditions of sale and limitations or warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Tigris, LLC.

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² Following peas, lentils or soybeans.

³ Do not rotate rice after any application to a primary crop greater than 1.0 lb ai/A of Tigris MTZ 4 F per season.