

# Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

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## WideMatch™

EPA Reg. No. 62719-512

### Crop Rotation Intervals

#### ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for WideMatch™ herbicide before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of WideMatch according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the container for WideMatch.

### Directions for Use

#### Crop Rotation Intervals

Residues of WideMatch in treated plant tissues, including the treated crop or weeds, which have not completely decayed may affect succeeding susceptible crops.

#### Crop Rotation Intervals for All States Except California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah and Washington

**Note:** Numbers in parenthesis and † refer to footnotes following tables.

Rotation Crops (1)	Rotation Interval †
barley, grasses, field corn, oats, sweet corn, wheat	Anytime
canola (rapeseed), cole crops ( <i>Brassica</i> species), flax, garden beet, popcorn, spinach, sugarbeet, turnip	120 days
alfalfa, asparagus, dry beans, field peas (2), grain sorghum, mint, onions, safflower, soybeans, strawberries, sunflower	10.5 months
chick peas, lentils, potatoes (including potatoes grown for seed), and broadleaf crops grown for seed (excluding <i>Brassica</i> species)	18 months

1. A field bioassay is recommended prior to planting any broadleaf crops that are not listed. Do not rotate to unlisted crops prior to 10.5 months following application.
2. For rotation to field peas in 10.5 months, precipitation must be greater than 7.0 inches during the 10.5 months following application of WideMatch and greater than 5.5 inches during the June 1 through August 31 time period following application. Otherwise, rotation to field peas is recommended 18 months following application.

**Crop Rotation Intervals for California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah and Washington Only**

<b>Rotation Crops (1)</b>	<b>Rotation Interval <sup>†</sup></b>
barley, grasses, field corn, oats, sweet corn, wheat	Anytime
canola (rapeseed), cole crops (includes <i>Brassica</i> species grown for seed), flax, garden beet, popcorn, spinach, sugarbeet, turnip	120 days
alfalfa, asparagus, dry beans, grain sorghum, soybeans, mint, onions, strawberries, sunflower	12 months
broadleaf crops grown for seed (excluding <i>Brassica</i> species), carrots, celery, cotton, lentils, lettuce, melons, peas, potatoes (including potatoes grown for seed), safflower, and tomatoes	18 months

1. A field bioassay is recommended prior to planting any broadleaf crops that are not listed. Do not rotate to unlisted crops prior to 12 months following application.

<sup>†</sup> **Note:** The above crop rotation intervals are based on average annual precipitation, regardless of irrigation practices. Observance of recommended crop rotation intervals should result in adequate safety to rotational crops. However, WideMatch is dissipated in the soil by microbial activity and the rate of microbial activity is dependent on several interrelating factors including soil moisture, temperature and organic matter. Therefore, accurate prediction of rotational crop safety is not possible. In areas of low organic matter (<2.0%) and less than 15 inches average annual precipitation, potential for crop injury may be reduced by burning or removal of plant residues, supplemental fall irrigation and deep moldboard plowing prior to planting the sensitive crop.

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