RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute toxicity. To be used by certified applicators only - **NOT** to be used by uncertified persons working under the supervision of a certified applicator, except that uncertified persons may transport containers as provided under Directions for Use.

PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE | GROUP | 22 | HERBICIDE

Defoliant and desiccant herbicide for the control of weeds and grasses and as a harvest aid.

Active Ingredient:

Paraquat dichloride (1,1'-dimethyl-4,4'-bipyridinium dichloride)	43.2%
Other Ingredients:	
Total:	

Contains 3.0 pounds paraquat cation per gallon as 4.14 pounds of paraquat dichloride salt per gallon. Contains emetic and stench (odor).

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN



READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT. IN THE CASE OF AN ACCIDENT, SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED. PAINFUL. AND CAN BE FATAL. If you DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.

MANTENER FUERA DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NIÑOS



LEA LA ETIQUETA COMPLETA ANTES DE USAR ESTE PRODUCTO. EN CASO DE ACCIDENTE, BUSQUE ATENCIÓN MÉDICA INMEDIATA. LOS SÍNTOMAS SON PROLONGADOS, DOLOROSOS, Y PUEDEN SER MORTALES. Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alquien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

Manufactured For:

Willowood, LLC 1887 Whitney Mesa Drive #9740 Henderson, NV 89014 20220924

- IF SWALLOWED, TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION AS PRESCRIBED IN FIRST AID, SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED AND
- CORROSIVE TO SKIN AND EYES. / CORROSIVO PARA LA PIEL Y LOS OJOS.
- NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES. / NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA PLAGUICIDAS.
- DO NOT USE OR STORE IN OR AROUND THE HOME.
- DO NOT REMOVE CONTENTS EXCEPT FOR IMMEDIATE USE.
- THE ODOR OF THIS PRODUCT IS FROM THE STENCHING AGENT WHICH HAS BEEN ADDED. NOT FROM PARAQUAT.

FIRST AID

	or going for treatment.					
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice. SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required. If available, give an adsorbent such as activated charcoal, bentonite or Fuller's Earth. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.					
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air. The odor of this product is from the stenching agent, which has been added, not from the paraquat. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Administer either activated charcoal (100g for adults or 2g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1 liter for adults or 15ml/kg body weight in children). **NOTE:** The use of gastric lavage without administration of an adsorbent has not shown any clinical benefit. **DO NOT** use supplemental oxygen. Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by an eye specialist after initial treatment. With the possibility of late onset corneal ulceration, it is advised that patients with paraguat eye injuries are reviewed by an eye specialist the day after first presentation. Use treatment that is appropriate for chemical burns. Intact skin is an effective barrier to paraquat; however, contact with irritated or cut skin or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning.

EMERGENCY NUMBERS: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For 24-hour medical emergency assistance (human or animal) call (**800) 222-1222**. For chemical emergency assistance (spill, leak, fire, or accident) call ChemTrec at (800) 424-9300.

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

EPA Reg. No.: 87290-35

- Danger Fatal If Swallowed or Inhaled.
- Causes Severe Eye Injury.
- Corrosive to Skin.
- NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.
- Store Tightly Closed in Original Container, and in a Locked Place Away from Children and Animals.
- Never Use this product in Residential or Public Recreational Settings (e.g. Homes, Home Gardens, Schools, Recreational Parks, Golf Courses, and/or Playgrounds).
- This Product is TOXIC! An Alerting Agent (Odor) Has Been Added to Help Prevent Accidental Ingestion.
- See Back of Product Container for Important Safety Information.

- Peligro Mortal Si Se Ingiere o Inhala.
- Causa Lesiones Graves En Los Ojos.
- · Corrosivo Para La Piel.
- Nunca Transfeiera Este Producto A Recipientes Para Comida O De Bebidas
 O Recipientes No Explícitamente Previstos Para Plaguicidas.
- Guarde Bien Cerrado En El Envase Original Y En Un Lugar Cerrado Lejos De Niños Y Animales.
- Nunca Use Este Producto En Áreas Residenciales O Públicas (Como Hogares, Jardines, Escuelas, Parques Recreativos, Campos De Golf, O Salones De Juegos).
- ¡Este Producto Es Tóxico! Se Ha Agregado Un Agente De Alerta (Olor) Para Ayudar A Prevenir Su Ingestión Accidental.
- La Parte Posterior Del Envase Del Producto Tiene Información De Seguridad Importante.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER - POISON



May be fatal if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if absorbed through skin. **DO NOT** breathe spray mist. **DO NOT** get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IMPORTANT: Inhalation is an unlikely route of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal irritation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves, except wear chemical-resistant gloves (Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥ 14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils gloves) when
 mixed with oil
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- For other handlers (other than mixers and loaders): Wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.
- For applicators: When applying to 80 acres or less in a 24-hour period, if not using an enclosed cab, applicators must wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.
- For applicators: When applying to more than 80 acres in a 24-hour period, applications must be made using an enclosed cab. Enclosed cabs must have a nonporous barrier that totally surrounds occupant and prevents contact with pesticides outside of the cab.

Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves, except wear chemical-resistant gloves (Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥ 14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils gloves) when
 mixed with oil
- Shoes plus socks
- · Chemical-resistant apron
- Face shield
- Wear a minimum of a NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls: Handlers performing mixing and loading activities using paraquat closed systems may not reduce or modify handler PPE requirements as described in 40 CFR 170.607 of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides.

When applying to more than 80 acres in a 24-hour period, applications must be made using an enclosed cab. Enclosed cabs must have a nonporous barrier that totally surrounds occupant and prevents contact with pesticides outside of the cab.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, and chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife. DO NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Paraquat dichloride is toxic to non-target crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it desiccates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extent possible. Refer to the local state laws, regulations, guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the Directions for Use section for proper application to avoid off-target movement. DO NOT apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, DO NOT make aerial application during periods of thermal inversion.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is **mildly corrosive to aluminum** and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. **DO NOT** mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. The product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber-lined steel containers. **DO NOT** use this product in or around strong oxidizing/reducing agents.

CERTIFIED APPLICATOR TRAINING

Applicators must complete an EPA-approved paraquat training listed on the following website: https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-worker-safety/paraquat-dichloride-training-certified-applicators. The training must be completed a minimum of every three years.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restricted Use Pesticide. It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. **DO NOT** use this product in residential or public recreational settings (e.g. homes, home gardens, schools, recreational parks, golf courses, and/or playgrounds).

The built-in chemical extraction probe must be rinsed within the pesticide container prior to removal.

Persons who are not certified applicators may transport containers of paraquat that have been opened, subject to the following conditions:

- Closures have been applied by a certified applicator to all openings on the paraquat container, including tank cars, so the closures are secured against loosening and prevent any non-negligible release of paraquat from the openings.
- Each opening on portable containers containing non-negligible amounts of paraquat must have a tamper-evident device applied by a certified applicator, a one-way valve, or both for portable refillable containers used to sell or distribute pesticides.
- Containers of paraquat not permanently attached to a motor vehicle must be secured against shifting, including relative motion between packages, within the vehicle.
- Truck drivers who are not certified applicators must not transfer paraguat or any formulation containing paraguat into or out of the container or tank car.
- Truck drivers who are not certified applicators must have no contact with or access to paraguat or any formulation containing paraguat.
- Any full or emptied portable containers of paraquat must be delivered to a certified applicator, to a secured and locked storage facility controlled by the certified applicator, or to a licensed waste disposal facility.
- A certified applicator must ensure that truck drivers understand the risks associated with paraquat, the consequences of misuse, and the conditions outlined herein.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to use of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

For all applications except cotton desiccation: DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

For cotton desiccation applications: DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 7 days.

If the REI and PHI for a use are different values, users are required to adhere to the longer interval.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves, except wear chemical-resistant gloves (Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber ≥ 14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥ 14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils gloves)
 when mixed with oil
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried. AVOID working in spray mist.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift.

Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

PRODUCT USE INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

When Willowood Paraquat 3 SL is applied at less than 10 gallons per acre finished spray volume, a drift control or spray deposition additive SHOULD be used. Refer to the additive label for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL contains paraquat dichloride and is classified as a Group 22 herbicide, chemical class bipyridylium, with photosystem I electron diverter mode of action.

Herbicide resistance is defined as the inherited ability of a plant to survive and reproduce following exposure to a dose of herbicide normally lethal to the wild type. In a plant, resistance may be naturally occurring or induced by such techniques as genetic engineering or selection of variants produced by tissue culture or mutagenesis. Any weed population may contain or develop plants that are naturally resistant to **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** and other Group 22 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 22 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 22 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** or other Group 22 herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** or other Group 22 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact your local Willowood, LLC representative.

Contact your local sales representative, extension agent, or certified crop advisors to find out if suspected resistant weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. If resistant biotypes of target weeds have been reported, use the application rates of this product specified for your local conditions. Tank mix products so that there are multiple effective mechanisms of action for each target weed.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your State cooperative extension service, professional consultants, or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications:

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- **DO NOT** apply within 50-75 feet of a residential area. (For applications of more than 0.6 lb. cation/A, a buffer of 75 feet is required. For applications of 0.6 lb. cation/A or lower, a buffer of 50 feet is required.) Residential areas include schools, homes, playgrounds, parks, athletic fields, residential lawns, gardens, and other areas where children may be present.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S641). **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 mph at the application site. Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S641).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS. The interaction of equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for drift. The applicator is responsible for considering these factors when making an application decision.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

• Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers' recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Boomless Ground Applications:

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL is a liquid formation containing 3 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon. It contains a non-toxic odor to help prevent accidental ingestions. It also contains an emetic (an agent which will induce vomiting if the product is swallowed).

APPLICATION

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL is a contact herbicide for control or suppression of a broad spectrum of emerged weeds including most small annual broadleaf and grass weeds. It can also be used to suppress perennial weeds by destroying green foliage and as a desiccant/ defoliant at harvest.

Complete coverage of target weeds is necessary to get good control because **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** is a contact-type herbicide. It is also necessary to obtain complete coverage for good crop desiccation and defoliations. Undesirable weed control and undesirable crop desiccation/defoliation will result if improper application technique and/or application to large, stressed, or mown weeds are made. Refer to the following details for specific application instructions.

Thorough coverage of all green foliage is required for efficacious weed control and crop defoliation and desiccation because **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Drought-stressed weeds, weeds with little green foliage (i.e., mowed or cut weeds), or mature woody bark of trees and vines are unaffected by application with **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL**.

There is no residual soil activity to affect later-planted crops or later germinating weeds because clay and organic matter rapidly tie up Willowood Paraquat 3 SL.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

After the last application of Willowood Paraguat 3 SL, all rotational crops may be planted immediately.

RAINFASTNESS

Rain occurring 30 minutes or more after application will have no effect on the activity of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL because it is rapidly absorbed by the weed foliage.

USE OF A NONIONIC SURFACTANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

The following should always be added and be used at the specified rates or there will be a reduction in efficacy of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL.

Nonionic Surfactant: Either add a nonionic surfactant cleared for the current use containing 50-74% surface-action agent at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals.), or add nonionic surfactant containing 75% or more surface-active agent at 0.125% v/v (1 pt./100 gals.), of the finished spray volume for ground applications. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals.) of the finished spray volume for aerial applications.

Crop Oil Concentrate: For ground applications, add a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate cleared for the current use that contains 15-20% approved emulsifier, with 1.0% v/v,(1 gal./100 gals.) of the finished spray volume. Add 1 pt. of crop oil concentrate per acre for aerial applications. For cotton harvest aid, DO NOT use crop oil concentrate when using Willowood Paraguat 3 SL.

NOZZLE SELECTION

The use of flat-fan nozzles is the most effective application of **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL**. The use of flood nozzles may result in a reduction of weed control due to inadequate coverage because they produce large uneven droplets.

Use only flat fan nozzles when spraying less than 20 gallons of spray carrier per acre using the following table.

Nozzle Type and Spray Pressure Setup

	Nozzle Type		
	Flat Fan	Flood	
Maximum Size	8	15	
Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	30-50 psi	30-50 psi	
Maximum Nozzle Spacing	30"	40"	
Direction of Spray Pattern	Down	Down	
Maximum Speed	10 mph	10 mph	
Spray Overlap (at each edge)	30%	50%	

Reduced control will result if nozzles, pressures, or setups differ from the above chart.

SPRAY CARRIER

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be inactivated by muddy water, or suspension-type fertilizers containing clay. Therefore, always use clean water (free of mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers as the carrier when spraying this product. Never use suspension-type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Always use the higher specified rate of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL and surfactant if using a complete clear liquid fertilizer containing high phosphate levels as the spray carrier.

Note: It is important that when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier, that nonionic surfactant still be used with **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL**. The use of liquid fertilizer carriers are not substitutes for surfactants.

RATES OF WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3 SL

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. When weeds are larger or are dense, use the higher specified label rates. For use as a harvest aid, use higher specified rate when crop vegetation is dense. **DO NOT** exceed 0.50 lb. a.i./A in a minimum of 30 gallons of spray for broadcast applications with manually pressurized handwands.

SPRAY VOLUME

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. Spray volumes should be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the foliage, because **the volumes listed are minimum volumes only.**

TARGET WEEDS SHOULD NOT EXCEED SIX INCHES IN HEIGHT WHEN SPRAYING LESS THAN 20 GALLONS OF SPRAY CARRIER PER ACRE.

APPLICATION TIMING

Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds 1-6 inches in height. If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2-4 inches in height. Also, during harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height, allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

BURNDOWN OF GRASS COVER CROPS OR VOLUNTEER CEREALS

The best results occur for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals when **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** is applied prior to tillering or after boot stage, especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Complete control may not be achieved with treatments made between tillering and boot stage. Complete control of perennial cover crops should not be expected.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This product is active over a wide range of environmental conditions such as cool (below 55°F), cloudy or overcast weather. However, these conditions will slow the activity of **Willowood Paraguat 3 SL**.

SPOT SPRAYING

Refer to the following table if only small areas are to be sprayed with labeled applications.

Mixing Instructions for Small Quantities for Spot Spraying

If the Broadcast Rate per acre for Willowood Paraquat 3 SL is:	Add The Following Amount of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL to 1 Gallon of Water:
1.5 pts.	0.33 fl. oz.
2 pts.	0.375 fl. oz.
2.5 pts.	0.5 fl. oz.
3 pts.	0.66 fl. oz.

Add 0.33 – 0.5 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant for each gallon of spray at all times. Thoroughly wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff when spot spraying in this manner.

TANK MIXING: ENHANCED BURNDOWN OF DIFFICULT-TO-CONTROL WEEDS AND FOR RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL

Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicides

To control difficult weeds, tank mix **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** with other herbicides. The addition of other photosynthetic inhibitors (PSI) herbicides will slow the activity of **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL**. This allows **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** to thoroughly distribute throughout a treated leaf, thus achieving better control than if **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** was applied alone.

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be applied in tank mixture with the following PSI herbicides:

AAtrex® Herbicide
Atrazine Herbicide
Bicep Lite II
MAGNUM® Herbicide
Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide
Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide
Canopy® Herbicide
Canopy® Herbicide

Lariat® Herbicide
Lexone® Herbicide
Linex® Herbicide
Lorox® Herbicide
Princep® Herbicide
Sencor® Herbicide

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Improved Weed Control with PSI's

The addition of a PSI herbicide will help improve the control of difficult weeds listed below. Make a second application for best results.

Barnyardgrass Marestail
Broadleaf signalgrass Morningglory

Cheatgrass Pennsylvania smartweed

Cocklebur Perennial weeds (suppression only)

Fall panicum Prickly lettuce
Giant ragweed Sedges
Knotweed Tansymustard
Kochia Velvetleaf
Lambsquarters Volunteer wheat

Malva (cheeseweed)

Improved Control of Perennial and Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Tank mixing with labeled 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), 2,4-DB or Banvel® herbicide will help improve control when perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc., or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or morning glory are present. Reduced grass control may be achieved when tank mixing the amine formulation of 2,4-D with **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL**.

Order of Tank Mixing

Mix Willowood Paraquat 3 SL and other listed products as follows:

- 1. Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
- 2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- 3. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- 4. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- 5. Add Willowood Paraquat 3 SL to tank.
- 6. Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
- 7. Fill remainder of spray tank.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Tank mix compatibility testing (a.k.a., jar testing) is prohibited. For approved tank mix partners, please consult with your Willowood, LLC representative.

PRODUCT USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

EQUIPMENT

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL is corrosive to aluminum. Thoroughly flush all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures that are exposed to spray solution or spray drift with water immediately after use.

CLOSED SYSTEMS USE

CONTAINERS WITH CAPACITIES LESS THAN 120 GALLONS: This product must only be removed from the original container with a closed transfer system. Any subsequent transfer of this product must utilize a closed transfer system. Any attempt to circumvent the closed transfer system is prohibited.

CONTAINERS WITH CAPACITIES GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 120 GALLONS: A closed transfer system is not required.

The activity of **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** may be reduced in dry areas where dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat weed or plant leaves. Therefore, avoid applications in extremely dusty conditions.

RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when this product is used as a cotton harvest aid.
- DO NOT use this product in residential or public recreational settings (e.g. homes, home gardens, schools, recreational parks, golf courses, and/or playgrounds).
- DO NOT apply to soils lacking clay minerals such as peat, muck, pure sand, artificial planting media for pre-plant and pre-emergence (to the crop) uses.
- Application methods listed on this label are the only permissible application methods.
- Applications made by manually pressurized handwands must be in a closed system.
- Individual applicators must not apply this product aerially to more than 350 acres in a 24-hour period, except for cotton and soybean desiccation applications. There is no acreage limit for the treatment of cotton or soybean for desiccation purposes.
- Human flaggers must not be used when making aerial applications.
- DO NOT apply this product by mechanically pressurized handgun or backpack sprayer. Application by manually pressurized handwand is permitted.

PRECAUTIONS

- Unless otherwise indicated, Willowood Paraquat 3 SL will severely injure or kill crop plants emerged at time of application if they come in contact with sprays.
- To enable maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment, seedbeds and plant beds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- Avoid disturbing soil when seeding or transplanting.
- Transplanted plants may become damaged when they come in contact with plastic mulch used for pre-plant weed control and that has been treated with this product. To prevent damage to the crop, sufficient wash-off such as rainfall or sprinkler irrigation prior to planting may be needed.
- Willowood Paraguat 3 SL will be ineffective in controlling or suppressing weeds and grasses that have emerged after application.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ALFALFA (California only) New seedlings	-	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts. See Table 2.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	70

Directions

Applications should be made during late winter or early spring.

Precautions

- Alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned.
- Replanting may be needed due to the reduction of seedling stands.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than one application per year.
- **DO NOT** cut or harvest within 70 days after application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- DO NOT apply to seedling alfalfa grown for seed.

113							4
ALFALFA		_	Broadcast or	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_	
Pre-plant or Pre-emergence (No-til	or		Banded Over-Row		Air: 5 gals.		
conventional planting)							ı

Directions

- Apply prior to emergence of the crop.
- Avoid disturbing soil when seeding.

Precautions

• Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.

Сгор	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ALFALFA Dormant season Established plantings Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.	Weeds, including bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, London Rocket, Sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, and other winter annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	42

- After the crop is dormant, apply to well-established stands that are at least 1-year old.
- For improved and longer-lasting weed control, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Always refer to the metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

• Yield of first cutting may be reduced because alfalfa foliage present at the time of application will be burned.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than one application per year.
- Fall Regrowth: DO NOT apply if last cutting is greater than 6".
- Spring Regrowth: DO NOT apply if last cutting is greater than 2".
- **DO NOT** cut or harvest within 42 days after application.
- DO NOT exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A per year.

ALFALFA	Weeds, including chickweed, downy	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	42
Dormant season Tank Mix with Velpar® L Herbicide	brome, and tansymustard.		·	Air: 10 gals.	
Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.					

Directions

- When weeds are less than 4 inches tall, apply at 0.7 pt. rate Willowood Paraguat 3 SL.
- Mix Willowood Paraguat 3 SL with 1-2 qts. of Velpar L per acre.
- Use lower rate of Velpar L on loamy sands or sandy loams. Always refer to the Velpar L label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- During the dormant season, make one application to established alfalfa stands.

Precautions

- Increased chances of crop injury may occur if stress which may be caused in part by low fertility, disease, insects, winterkill, over cutting, drought, or frost.
- Temporary chlorosis may occur on alfalfa regrowth.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Fall Regrowth: DO NOT apply if last cutting is greater than 6".
- Spring Regrowth: DO NOT apply if last cutting is greater than 2".
- DO NOT apply to alfalfa during the first season after seeding.
- DO NOT use on gravelly or rocky soils, exposed subsoils, hardpan, sand or poorly drained alkaline soils as crop injury, including mortality, may result.
- **DO NOT** cut or harvest within 42 days after application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ALFALFA Dormant Season On established plantings: Region B -	Weeds including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass,	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60
See table at end of Alfalfa section. On fall-seeded, newly established	cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals; and suppression of	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60
stands less than 1-year-old: Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section. On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B - See table at end of Alfalfa section.	perennial weeds California: Desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherd's purse, chickweed, tansymustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.	Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60

- Applications should be made before first spring cutting and during late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting.
- For improved and residual weed control in **dormant established (at least 1-year-old) alfalfa**, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). **DO NOT** apply tank mix with metribuzin on alfalfa that is less than 1-year-old.
- Always refer to metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations and restrictions.

Precautions

- Applications to alfalfa that is not dormant, or has broken dormancy, may result in stand and/or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Green alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned.
- If there is a severe weed infestation, total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in alfalfa fields and the reduction is typically directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight.

Restrictions

- DO NOT make more than one application per year.
- California: DO NOT apply if spring regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches in Orange and Riverside counties, and all counties north of these counties.
- All other areas within Region B: DO NOT apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2 inches.
- DO NOT harvest within 60 days of application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A per year.

California

• If ryegrass, shepherd's purse, sowthistle, or groundsel are present use higher specified rate.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ALFALFA (East of the Rocky Mountains) Between-cuttings treatment in established plantings. (Includes first year alfalfa)	Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	30

- Make applications immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or silage.
- Apply as needed up to three times during the growing season in addition to a dormant application.

Precautions

- Control of weeds beyond the seedling stage and weed stubble cut off during harvest are less affected by this treatment.
- A reduction in first year alfalfa stands and yields may occur if alfalfa is allowed to regrow more than 2 inches.
- Burning of alfalfa foliage will occur at time of application.
- Weed control may be reduced where moisture is limited such as in arid climates.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval; **DO NOT** exceed 1 treatment between cuttings.
- DO NOT cut or harvest within 30 days of application.
- DO NOT make more than 2 applications during the first growing season of first-year alfalfa.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.26 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A per year.

Table 2. ALFALFA: New Seedlings - Suppression and control of broadleaf weeds and grasses in new alfalfa seedlings grown for hay (California only).							
For Control of:	Rate	e/Acre*					
	For Suppression	For Control					
Annual Bluegrass	-	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.					
Chickweed	-	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.					
Fiddleneck (6 inches tall or less)	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.					
Red Maids (6 inches tall or less)	-	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.					
Shepherd's purse	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.	-					
Spikeweed (4 inches tall or less)	5.4 fl. oz.	10.7-16.0 fl. oz.					
Volunteer Small Grain (8 inches tall or less)	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.					

^{*}Use the 5.4 fl. oz. rate only when alfalfa has at least 3 trifoliate leaves; use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate only when alfalfa has 6 trifoliate leaves; or use rates over 10.7 fl. oz. only when there are 9 trifoliate leaves.

Alfalfa - Regions

REGION A

Alaska, California (counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra and Nevada), Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming

REGION B

Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California (all other counties not listed in Region A), Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ALMONDS	Directed Spray	0.8-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_

Directions

- Avoid allowing spray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage.
- When spraying around young trees, use a shield or wrap plant.

Precautions

• Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 5 applications per year.
- DO NOT graze treated areas and DO NOT feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock.
- **DO NOT** apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground.
- Applications must be made at least 7 days apart.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 5.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

ARTICHOKE	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20-100 gals.	1
(GLOBE)				

Directions

Applications must be made at least 7 days apart.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- DO NOT exceed 8 pts. per season.
- DO NOT harvest within 24 hours of last application.
- Applications must be made at least 7 days apart.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
ASPARAGUS	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	6

• Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Precautions

• Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 6 days.

ASPARAGUS	Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	6
Pre-emergence to established plantings at least 2 years old				

Directions

• Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest.

Precautions

• Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.

- **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per year.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 6 days.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
BEANS, DRY	Harvest-Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	7
Not for use in California.			Air: 5 gals.	
Sweet lupin				
White sweet lupin				
White lupin				
Grain lupin				
Adzuki beans				
Asparagus beans				
Black beans				
Broad beans				
Field beans				
Garbanzo beans				
Kidney beans				
Lablab beans				
Moth beans				
Mung beans				
Navy beans				
Pinto beans				
Rice beans				
Tepary beans				
Urd beans				
Guar				
PEAS, DRY				
Not for use in California.				
Blackeyed peas				
Chickpeas				
Cowpeas				
Crowder peas				
Southern peas				
Catjang				

- Add nonionic spreader at 1 qt./100 gals. of spray mix.
- Use a single application of the higher specified rate for vining type beans or bush type with lush growth.
- May also be applied as a split application and improve vine coverage. However, **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year or exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre.
- Apply when at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe and when leaves are no more than 40% of bush type peas or beans or 30% of vine type peas or beans are green.

Precautions

• Not registered for use in dry beans and dry peas in California.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce drift, a drift control agent may be included.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
BERRIES Blackberry Blueberry Boysenberry Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry Loganberry Raspberry	Post-emergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	_

- Apply before emergence of new canes or shoots to avoid injury.
- Apply as a coarse spray to prevent crop injury.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.

CACAO	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50-200 gals.	1

Directions

- Apply when weeds are succulent and growth is from 1-6".
- Use a shield for young trees to prevent sprays from contacting cacao plants, as injury may result.

Precautions

• Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses and for perennials.

- **DO NOT** make more than 5 applications per year.
- DO NOT spray under windy conditions.
- DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated cover crops to livestock.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 1 day.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
CASSAVAS, TANIERS & YAMS (Puerto Rico only)	Shielded Post-Directed Spray Post- emergence	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	90

- Make applications when weeds are succulent and growth is 1-6".
- Prevent spray from contacting crop to prevent injury to crop.

Restrictions

Cassavas and Taniers:

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

Yams: DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.

- **DO NOT** spray under windy conditions.
- DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 90 days.

Product Information for Chemical Fallow

- As the density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, use higher spray volumes for better coverage.
- To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with Willowood Paraquat 3 SL. If possible, tank mix with atrazine for maximum burndown and residual control.
- Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment.
- Before applying Willowood Paraquat 3 SL, cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short, and allow the weeds to grow at least 2-3" after harvest.
- The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broadleaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds. Always refer to the product label(s) for 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), Banvel, or residual herbicide for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- It is permissible to tank mix with registered residual herbicide combinations other than those listed for extended weed control during the fallow period.
- Weeds and grasses emerging after application and weeds taller than 6 inches will not be controlled.
- Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
- The minimum total spray per acre allowed is 5 gallons for ground and 5 gallons for air applications.
- Apply 5-60 gallons spray mix per acre by ground application.
- When applying at less than 10 GPA by ground:
- **DO NOT** apply with floaters or exceed a speed of 10 mph.
- Apply with flat fan nozzles at 30-40 psi.
- Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb. a.i./acre.
- By air: apply in 5-10 gallons of spray mix per acre.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	_
Continuous Wheat (2-3 month		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
Recropping interval)		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		

- Apply at least 45 days before seeding.
- For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.
- Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	-
Wheat-Fallow-Wheat Rotations (Fall		Weeds 3-6":1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
applied after harvest; seeded 12-14		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		
months later)				

Directions

- Spray before weeds produce seeds.
- Control of volunteer wheat and downy brome increases when applications are made late August or early September.
- For improved burndown and residual control of weeds, tank mix with Atrazine, Marksman® Herbicide, or Command® Herbicide.
- For improved burndown and residual control of grass and broadleaf weed tank mix with metribuzin (Sencor 75DF). Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".

Restrictions

- DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	_
Wheat-Fallow-Wheat Rotations		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
(Spring applied: seeded 3-5 months		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		
later)				

Directions

- To conserve moisture, application should be made March 1 to April 15, prior to spring rains.
- Even though moisture loss is greater when applications are made after the boot stage, volunteer wheat is easier to control after this stage.
- For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide. Refer to the section "**Product Information for Chemical Fallow**".
- For burn down and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin, (Sencor 75DF/Lexone). Always refer to the label for metribuzin (Sencor 75DF/Lexone) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	_
Wheat-Annual Crop¹-Wheat Rotations		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
(Fall applied in wheat stubble)		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	-	

- For improved burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine or Marksman. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- Make applications after wheat harvest and before weeds produce seed.
- If grasses such as foxtails or barnyardgrass recover, respray before seed production.
- Applications made late August to November help control volunteer wheat and downy brome.
- Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

¹Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, corn, wheat, or proso millet.

CHEMICAL FALLOW	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.	_
Wheat-Annual Crop-Wheat Rotations		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
(Spring applied prior to planting an annual crop¹)		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		

Directions

- For enhanced burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for Atrazine for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of Willowood Paraguat 3 SL per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.
- Refer to the section "Product Information for Chemical Fallow".
- Refer to the Atrazine label for directions pertaining to soil pH and recropping intervals.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- ¹Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, corn, wheat, or proso millet.

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-harvest Interval (Days)
CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES Including velvetbean, lespedeza, lupine, sainfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch.	For desiccation of weeds, including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass,	Broadcast	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60
Dormant Season : On established plantings: Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.	dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals, and suppression of perennial weeds. California: Use for desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherd's purse, chickweed, tansy mustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.				
Dormant Season: On established plantings: Region B-See table at end of Alfalfa section.	_	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A - See table at end of Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.		Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	60

• Applications should be made during late fall or winter months after the last cutting and before first spring cutting. **In California**: If ryegrass, shepherd's purse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use higher specified rate.

Precautions

- **CAUTION:** Stand and/or yield reductions may occur when applications are made to clover or other legumes that are not dormant, or have broken dormancy. Therefore, it may be necessary to replant. Burning will occur to green clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of application.
- Discoloration and temporary stunting will occur in clover or other legumes foliage present at the time of application.
- If there is severe weed infestation, the total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other legumes fields and is usually directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight.

- **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per year.
- DO NOT apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2".
- **DO NOT** harvest within 60 days of application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 60 days.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
CORN FIELD CORN POPCORN SWEET CORN SEED CORN (Used alone)	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

- Includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder and popcorn.
- To permit maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.

Precautions

• Control will not occur when applications are made after weeds and grasses have emerged. However, crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

CORN	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Tank mixes for no-till/reduced till	Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.*	
		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		

Directions

- Applications should be made as broadcast sprays before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.
- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2,4-D Ester (Low Volatile), AAtrex®/ Atrazine, Banvel®, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM®, Bicep MAGNUM®, Dual MAGNUM, Frontier®, Guardsman®, Harmony® Extra Herbicide (Pre-plant Only), Harness® Extra, Harness®, Lasso® Herbicide, Linex®, Lorox®, Princep®, Prowl® Herbicide, Simazine®, Surpass® 100, Surpass® EC, Topnotch®.
- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may also be tank mixed with Ambush® insecticide.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.
- *Always refer to respective product label(s) to confirm if these products can be applied by air.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SWEET CORN, SEED CORN	Post-emergence Directed Spray (including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14

- Applications should be made when weeds are actively growing.
- Use a higher specified rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled.

Precautions

• Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts corn plants.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 14 days.

Directions for Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers:

- Use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height in order to prevent excessive crop phytotoxicity.
- Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.

<u>Directions For Direct Spray Without Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers (Corn height is measure from soil surface to top of whorl):</u>

- Apply when corn is at least 10" tall with nozzles arranged to spray no higher than the lower 3" of corn stalks.
- For corn more than 20" tall: Arrange the nozzles to spray no higher than the lower 1/3 of the corn stalks.

Precautions

- Corn plants shorter than 10" may be injured and not recover.
- Injury to corn foliage will occur if sprayed. However, corn will recover and develop normally.

FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED	Harvest Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	7
CORN	Broadcast		Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

- Apply after the corn is mature. This is indicated by a black layer which forms at the base of the kernels. You may consult your local agricultural authority for help in identifying the black layer.
- Add nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface active ingredient at 0.25% v/v.
- To desiccate mature broadleaf weeds and grasses or broadleaf weeds and grasses that are taller than 18", use 1.3 pts.

Precautions

• Drought stressed plants, especially broadleaf weeds, can be difficult to kill, and desiccation may not be complete.

- **DO NOT** make more than one application per year. Make ONE (1) application at least 7 days prior to harvest.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage)	Post-emergence Directed Spray USDA Witchweed Eradication Program	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14

- If regrowth occurs, initiate sprays in late June to early July and repeat in early August.
- Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 14 days.

FIELD CORN ONLY	Post-emergence	5.4 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. 2,4-D	Ground: 10 gals.	14
(grain, fodder, forage) 2,4-D Amine	Directed Spray USDA Witchweed	Amine AE		
AE Tank Mix	Eradication Program			

Directions

- Apply as directed spray onto grassy weeds and witchweed before witchweed blooms. If regrowth occurs, reapply.
- Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.
- Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 14 days.

COTTON: For all cotton uses, DO NOT exceed 8 pints of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL (3 lbs. a.i.) per acre per season.				
COTTON (Used alone)	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

Directions

- Apply prior to, during or after planting but before crop emergence.
- For fallow bed treatment, beds should be preformed to permit maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
COTTON (California only; Used alone)	Pre-plant	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

• For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.

COTTON	Pre-plant or Fallow Bed Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground or Air: 10 gals.	_
Goal® Herbicide Tank Mix			-	

Directions

Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, and directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

COTTON	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Other Tank Mixes			Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

- Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.
- For improved residual control or burndown, **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Caparol® Herbicide, Cotoran® Herbicide, Cotton-Pro® Herbicide, Diuron®, Dual MAGNUM®, Harmony Extra (Pre-plant Only), Meturon® Herbicide, MSMA Prowl®, Zorial® Herbicide.
- When tank mixing with Cotoran DF® or Meturon DF®, follow mixing instructions carefully, maintain constant agitation, and see **Order of Tank Mixing** section in respective labels.
- When tank mixing with any of the herbicides listed above, always refer to respective product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
COTTON	Post-emergence Directed Spray (Hooded or Shielded)	0.8-1.3 pts.	10 gals.	_

- Apply when weeds are actively growing and between 1- 6" in height.
- If multiple applications are made, allow 14 days between applications.
- Use higher specified rate on dense populations and/or larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled.
- AVOID CONTACT WITH CROP. Intentional or accidental contact, including drift, of this product with the crop may result in severe damage or loss of the crop.
- Apply by directing spray between the rows using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent contact with the crop plant.
- This product may be tank mixed with other post-emergence directed herbicides. Unless otherwise directed on this label, refer to tank mix product labels for rates, directions, limitations and precautions.

Restrictions

- Maximum number of applications per year is 3.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 14 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Equipment should be in good operating condition. Avoid leakage or dripping onto crop. Variation in equipment design may affect the level of weed control.
- Keep hoods or shields adjusted to ensure adequate contact with weeds while shielding the crop from the herbicide.
- To minimize drift, **DO NOT** use nozzles or nozzle configurations or adjuvants which produce fine spray droplets (mist).

COTTON Harvest Aid Use Restriction

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Repeat application if necessary. DO NOT exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A as a harvest aid.
- May be tank mixed with other cotton harvest aid materials known to be effective by a local expert. Unless otherwise instructed in this label, always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions. **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** can be applied in a tank mix with methyl parathion and/or Karate® insecticide. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- Nodes above cracked bolls (NACB) timing is for guidance and is not intended to restrict the local expert in their use of the product.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SOUTHERN COTTON* Harvest aid for boll opening and defoliation (Tank mix with phosphate and chlorate defoliants).	Broadcast	5.4 fl. oz. + 1 pt. phosphate or 1 gal. chlorate	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7

- Apply when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.
- Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

• Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 3 days.

SOUTHERN COTTON*	Broadcast	2.1-3.3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Additional tank mixes for boll opening and			Air: 5 gals.	
defoliation				

Directions

- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be tank mixed with the following products to aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls: Accelerate® Defoliant, Def® Defoliant, Dropp® Defoliant, Ethephon Plant Growth Regulator, Folex® Defoliant, Harvade®, Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR.
- Apply when 60% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.
- Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

• Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 3 days.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SOUTHERN COTTON*	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	3
Post Defoliation - To aid in opening of mature			Air: 5 gals.	
bolls and to desiccate green weeds.			-	

- If weed infestation is heavy or dense, use higher specified rate.
- Apply when 75% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.
- After a defoliation or conditioning application has been made, delay desiccation application of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking.

Precautions

• Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 3 days.

*Not registered for sale or use in California.

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WESTERN COTTON	Broadcast	3.7-5.4 fl. oz. +	Ground: 10 gals.	7	
Harvest aid for boll opening and early defoliation		phosphate or sodium	Air: 5 gals.		
		chlorate; and/or other			
		compatible harvest aid			
		products.			

Directions

On rank cotton, use higher specified rate.

Precautions

- Early defoliation timing is when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 4 NACB).
- Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.
- Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT use more than 5.4 fl. oz. of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL for early defoliation as excessive desiccation may occur.
- DO NOT use more than 4.0 lbs. of actual sodium chlorate defoliant per acre at this early defoliation timing.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
WESTERN COTTON Harvest aid for boll opening and Mid-to-late defoliation	Broadcast	5.4-10.7 fl. oz. alone or tank mix with sodium chlorate or phosphate defoliation and/or other compatible harvest aid products.	_	7 (Alone)

- Use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate of Willowood Paraguat 3 SL in desert cotton areas or on rank vigorous cotton.
- Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

- Mid-to-late defoliation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB).
- Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.

Cotton Stripper or Spindle Harvested	Broadcast	2.1-7.5 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	3
Harvest aid for defoliation and boll opening			Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

- BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS.
- Apply when 75% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.
- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be applied alone or tank mixed with the following cotton harvest aids: Accelerate Defoliant®, Def Defoliant®, Dropp Defoliant®, Ethephon Plant Growth Regulator, Folex Defoliant®, Harvade® Harvest Growth Regulator, Prep™ PGR.
- May be applied as a split application.
- To avoid leaf sticking, apply Willowood Paraquat 3 SL as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliant or a conditioning application and 7-14 days before harvest
- South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary.
- Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

- DEVELOPMENT OF IMMATURE BOLLS WILL BE INHIBITED. SLICE BOLLS AND INSPECT THE SEED FOR MATURITY.
- Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of Willowood Paraguat 3 SL as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner.

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 3 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
COTTON Late season desiccation	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	3

- BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS.
- May be applied as a split application.
- Apply when 85% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 0 NACB).
- Delay desiccation application of **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking if a defoliation or conditioning application has been made.
- May be tank mixed with other harvest aid materials known to the local expert to be effective.

Precautions

- Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice bolls and inspect the seed for maturity.
- South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 3 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A.

COTTON Desiccation of regrowth	Broadcast	0.75-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	3
			Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

- Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation.
- Because regrowth is difficult to control, thorough coverage with the full listed rate is necessary.
- If regrowth is excessive, use higher specified rate.

Precautions

• Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 3 days.

EASTER LILIES (Field grown)	Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
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- **DO NOT** exceed two applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
FALLOW LAND Prior to planting of any crops.	Pre-plant Broadcast to Fallow Land	1.0-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

- Use for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansy mustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals and for the suppression of perennial weeds or sedges.
- For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6", the higher specified rate may be used.
- Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use.
- Adhere to the pre-harvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on this label.

Precautions

• Fallow land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year, during the fallow period.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

GRASSES	Pre-plant, at Planting, or	1,3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	28
(For seed) (For use in seedbed preparation)	Pre-emergence			

Directions

- Prepare the seedbeds and allow weeds to germinate.
- Apply Willowood Paraquat 3 SL when weeds are at the 3-5 leaf stage.
- Applications may be repeated as necessary (but only up to 3 applications per year) prior to grass emergence.

Restrictions

- DO NOT make more than 3 applications per year.
- DO NOT graze treated areas or use the seed or straw from treated areas for animal feed or bedding.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 14 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 28 days.

GUAR	Harvest aid	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	4
(Pre-harvest desiccation)				

Directions

Apply after the pods are fully mature.

- DO NOT make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 4 days.
- DO NOT graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
GUAVA	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_

Precautions

Retreatment or spot spraying may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses, and perennials.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.938 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.76 lbs. cation/A per year.
- **DO NOT** allow spray to contact green stems, fruit or foliage.
- **DO NOT** graze treated areas.
- DO NOT feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock.

HOPS	Directed Spray and/or	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14
(ID, OR, & WA only)	Suckering and Stripping.			

Directions

- Silage and hop vine refuse may be fed to livestock.
- Spray only the basal 2 ft. of the vines for sucking and stripping. Repeat as necessary, but only up to 3 applications per season.
- Chemical Pruning: Spray when vines are less than 3 ft. tall to burn back existing vines and obtain even emergence of subsequent vines.

Precautions

- Retreatment of spot treatment may be necessary.
- APPLICATION TO HOP VINES LESS THAN 6 FT. TALL MAY CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE INJURY.
- Experience with varieties other than Cascade, Yakima Cluster, and Bullion is limited. If using **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** on other varieties than these, test the use pattern on a small number of vines of each variety to determine sensitivity to injury. **DO NOT** use on unlisted varieties if unacceptable crop injury occurs.

- DO NOT make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 14 days.
- DO NOT allow spray to contact green stems, foliage, flowers, or cones as injury may result.
- DO NOT allow animals to graze in treated hopyards.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
LENTILS NOT REGISTERED FOR USE ON LENTILS IN CALIFORNIA.	Harvest Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 7 gals.	7

- Add nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals.) of the finished spray volume.
- May also be applied as a split application.
- Apply when crop is mature and at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe with no more than 30% of the leaves still green in color.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- DO NOT make more than 2 applications or exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A. The split application may improve coverage.
- DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce spray drift a drift control agent may be included.

MINT	Dormant Season	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
(Peppermint, Spearmint)			Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

- Apply when crop is dormant before spring growth begins and when weeds are less than 6" tall.
- May be tank mixed with Sinbar® Herbicide (terbacil) weed killer for improved contact activity and residual control of Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce and groundsel.
 Apply this tank mixture no more than once per season. Always refer to Sinbar (terbacil) label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

• For suppression of weeds such as groundsel, chickweed, downy brome, bluegrass, Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 2.0 pts./A per dormant season.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A per year.

ONIONS (seeded) AND GARLIC	Pre-plant/ Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60
				200 (CA only)

Directions

- For heavy weed infestations or wild oat control use the higher specified rate.
- Allow maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment but apply prior to crop emergence.

- **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per year.
- Apply only one application per season at the 2.7 pts./A dosage.
- Apply a maximum of 2.7 pts./A per season.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
PASSION FRUIT	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	14

- If bark is still green at application time, use a shield or wrap vine.
- Pick all fruit off the ground prior to application if application is to be made during harvest season.

Precautions

• It may be necessary to retreat or spot treat.

Restrictions

- DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year. None during harvest season, unless all fruit has been picked up off the ground.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 28 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.938 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.76 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 14 days.
- DO NOT allow animals to graze on treated areas.

<u> </u>				
PEANUTS	Broadcast	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
	At ground crack Post-emergence			

Directions

- To control or suppress small (1-6") emerged annual grass and broadleaf weeds in peanuts at ground crack. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack.
- For at ground crack use, Willowood Paraquat 3 SL can be tank mixed with Pursuit® Herbicide or Dual MAGNUM for residual weed control.
- Always refer to the Pursuit or Dual Magnum label for a list of weeds controlled, application rates, necessary precautions, and use limitations.

Precautions

• Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Make no more than 2 applications per season and **DO NOT** apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season.
- **DO NOT** apply by air.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
PEANUTS Basagran® Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast At ground crack Post-emergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	_

- Tank mix Willowood Paraquat 3 SL with Basagran at 1 pt./A for improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, bristly starbur, smartweed and prickly sida.
- This tank mix can be applied at the ground crack stage of peanuts. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack.
- Always refer to the Basagran label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

- Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling, but the crop will recover and develop normally.
- If peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/or plant stunting) produced by any other herbicide treatment, **DO NOT** apply this tank mix as injury may be enhanced and/or prolonged.
- During prolonged periods of drought or unseasonably cold weather **DO NOT** apply this tank mix as unsatisfactory weed control may result.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Make no more than 2 applications per season and **DO NOT** apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season.
- **DO NOT** apply by air.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A per year.

PEANUTS	Broadcast	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide	Post-emergence			
Tank Mix				

Directions

- For improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, sicklepod and morningglory, tank mix **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL** with 8-16 oz. (0.125-0.25 lb.) per acre of Butyrac or Butoxone 200.
- Always refer to the Butyrac or Butoxone 200 labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

• Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per season and make no more than 2 applications per season.
- **DO NOT** apply by air.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
PIGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60

• Cannery waste can be fed to livestock.

Precautions

Avoid contact with pigeon pea foliage.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per year.
- **DO NOT** make more than 1 application per season.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 60 days.
- DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock

PINEAPPLE	Directed Sprav	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	20
		p	5.1. 5 5.1. 1. 5 ga.15.	

Precautions

• More mature weeds may require retreatment.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per season.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 20 days.

РОТАТО	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
	Broadcast		Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

• Apply up to ground cracking stage, before potatoes have emerged.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

POTATO (California, Washington, Oregon,	Pre-plant Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Idaho only; used alone)			Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

• For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

Стор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
POTATO Fresh Market Only Pre-harvest vine killing and weed desiccation.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	3
For Use Only in the states of: Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming				

- Potatoes must be harvested promptly after desiccation and processed or consumed immediately.
- Begin application when leaves begin to turn yellow.
- Use 1.3 pts./A rate where quick vine kill is desired.
- For dense vine growth, use 2 applications of 0.6 pt./A. Split applications must be applied a minimum of five days apart.

Precautions

• Immature potato foliage is tolerant to Willowood Paraquat 3 SL. However, desiccation will not be complete under this condition.

Restrictions

For Fresh Market Potatoes Only. (Fresh Market Potatoes include potatoes that are sent directly from the field to a consumer, grocery store, or processor for use.)

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** use on potatoes that will be stored as tuber decomposition may result.
- DO NOT apply to drought stressed potato vines.
- DO NOT use to desiccate the vines of seed potatoes as seed pieces may fail to germinate and grow normally.
- DO NOT pasture livestock in treated potato fields.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2.6 pts./A per season.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
RICE	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_
		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	-	

- Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. When vegetation is dense, use higher specified rates and spray volumes.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved or extended weed control. Always refer to the tank mix product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Precautions

• This product will not control weeds and grasses emerging after application. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** flood/flush within 48 hours of application in order to ensure complete kill of vegetation. If cool, cloudy and/or wet weather delays speed of kill, **DO NOT** flood/flush until complete kill is evident.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.

SAFFLOWER	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence Broadcast or Banded	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	-
	Over-Row			

Directions

• Apply before, during and after planting but before crop emergence.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

SAFFLOWER	Pre-plant Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
(California only)			Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

• For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SMALL GRAINS (Barley, wheat)	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3":1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

SMALL GRAINS	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
(Wheat Only)	_	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
Hoelon® 3EC Tank Mix		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		

Directions

- A tank mix with Hoelon 3EC will improve grass control.
- Apply when weeds are actively growing and 1-6" in height. Weeds 6 inches or taller may not be controlled.
- Always refer to the Hoelon 3EC label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- DO NOT apply this tank mix to barley as crop injury may result.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

SORGHUM	Pre-plant/ Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain)
(Grain)	Broadcast or Band	Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	20 (forage)
		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		

Directions

- To allow maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting as possible.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 48 days (20 forage).

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SORGHUM	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	_	48 (grain)
(Grain)		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.		20 (forage)
Atrazine & 2,4-D ester Low Volatile Tank Mix		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		

- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be tank mixed with Atrazine for improved pre-emergence or residual weed control. The addition of 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) may assist in the suppression of perennial and annual broadleaf weeds emerged at the time of application.
- Always refer to the specific product label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 48 days (20 forage).

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SORGHUM	Pre-plant	1.3-2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain)
(Grain)				20 (forage)
Harmony® Extra Herbicide Tank Mix				

Directions

- For improved weed control, Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be tank mixed with Harmony Extra.
- Always refer to the Harmony Extra label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 48 days (20 forage).

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SORGHUM (Grain)	Post-emergence Directed (Including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)

- Apply when weeds are actively growing.
- Use higher specified rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled.

Precautions

• Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts sorghum plants.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT exceed 2 post-emergence-directed applications or exceed a total of 5.3 pts. Willowood Paraquat 3 SL per season.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 48 days (20 forage).

Directions For Use Hooded or Shielded Sprayers:

- To avoid excessive crop phytotoxicity, use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height.
- Apply by directing spray between the rows and by using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.

Directions For Use Directed Spray Without Hooded or Shielded Sprayers:

- Apply when sorghum is at least 12" tall when naturally standing.
- Use precision directed-spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the sorghum stalk is contacted by the application spray.

Precautions

• Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is related to the precision of application and spraying conditions.

Restrictions

DO NOT exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SOYBEANS	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

- Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.
- Willowood Paraguat 3 SL can be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control:

2,4-DBLassoLorox Plus ProwlSencor HerbicideCanopy Dual MAGNUMLexonePursuit HerbicideSurflan® HerbicideGoalLinexScepter HerbicideTurbo Herbicide

Harmony Extra (Pre-plant Only)

- The rate of this product to be used in these tank mixtures is dependent on weed height and growing conditions. When weed canopy is dense or under dry conditions, use the highest specified rate of **Willowood Paraquat 3 SL**. Always refer to the product label(s) for a list of weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- The lower application rate may be used when weeds are less than 4" tall and a selective post-emergence spray or cultivation will be made within 3 weeks after planting.
- Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- DO NOT exceed a total of 4.0 pts. of Willowood Paraguat 3 SL per season.
- DO NOT graze or harvest for forage or hay before the R3 stage of soybean development (early pod).

SOYBEANS	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) Tank Mix		Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	
		Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.		

Directions

- Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.35-0.475 lb. a.i./A at least 7 days prior to planting.
- Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.475-0.95 lb. a.i./A at least 30 days prior to planting.
- May be tank mixed with residual herbicides listed above.
- Always refer to the 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) label for weeds controlled, rates of application, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- DO NOT apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) prior to planting soybeans if you are not able to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield.
- DO NOT use amine formulation.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SOYBEANS	Post-emergence Directed Spray (Includes Hooded or Shielded)	3.0-5.3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	46

- Apply when weeds are actively growing.
- Use the lower rate of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL for control of seedling johnsongrass, crabgrass, goosegrass, Brachiaria, Texas millet and pigweed less than 2" tall.
- For control of 2-4" red rice, Brachiaria, barnyard grass, crabgrass, goosegrass, seedling johnsongrass, giant foxtail, and fall panicum, use 5.3 fl. oz. of **Willowood Paraguat 3 SL**.
- Use 5.3 fl. oz. of Willowood Paraguat 3 SL for control of 2-3" sicklepod, purslane, pigweed, cutleaf ground cherry, and common ragweed.
- Apply Willowood Paraquat 3 SL at 5.3 fl. oz./A plus 0.2 lb. active ingredient per acre of a 2,4-D formulation for control of 2-4" grasses in mixture with common cocklebur, morningglory, and red rice. Always refer to the 2,4-D label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- If necessary, make a second and final application 7-14 days later.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 14 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 46 days.
- **DO NOT** graze or harvest for forage or hay.

Directions For Hooded or Shielded Sprayers:

- Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.
- Use higher specified rate on larger (less than 6") or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled.

Precautions

• Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray intentionally or accidentally (including drift of fine droplets) contacts the plants.

Directions For Use Directed Spray Without Hooded or Shielded Sprayers:

• Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the soybean plant is contacted by the application spray.

Precautions

• Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is dependent upon the precision of application and spraying conditions.

- **DO NOT** treat on soybeans that are less than 8" tall.
- DO NOT exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SOYBEANS	Harvest Aid	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 20 gals. Air: 5 gals.	5 (grain only); 3 for soybeans grown for research and field trials

- Always use the higher specified rate when treating cocklebur.
- In determinant varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed pods have reached a mature brown color or when seed moisture is 30% or less. Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., beans are fully developed, 1/2 of leaves have dropped, and remaining leaves are yellowing.
- Precautions
- Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants are tolerant to Willowood Paraguat 3 SL and desiccation will not be complete.
- Injury will occur on immature soybeans.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 1 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** apply within 15 days of harvest.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A per year.
- **DO NOT** graze or harvest for forage or hay.

STRAWBERRIES	Post-emergence	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	21
	Directed Spray			

Directions

• Direct spray between the rows, using shields to prevent spray contact with crop plants.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- DO NOT allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may result.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 3 times per season.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 21 days.
- DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SUGAR BEETS	Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

- For heavier weed infestations, use the higher specified label rate.
- Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
- Can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control.
- Seedbeds or plant beds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.

Precautions

• Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

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SUGARCANE	Post-emergence Directed	_	-	_
	Spray (includes Hooded or			
	Shielded)			

Directions

- Apply as a hooded, shielded or directed spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to prevent leaf burn and yield reduction.
- If necessary, a second and final application can be made when new weed growth is 2-6" high.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in Florida and Texas in which the maximum number of applications allowed is 1 per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

SUGARCANE	_	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	_
Florida				

Directions

• Optimum results can be obtained by applying in early spring (March-April) when weeds are small.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- DO NOT apply after June 1 as cane growth may be stunted and yields reduced.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SUGARCANE Hawaii	_	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	_

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- **DO NOT** apply after cane rows have closed in.

CUCADCANE		0.7.0.0 mtg	Cround, 00 male	20
SUGARCANE	_	0.7-2.0 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	30
Louisiana				

Directions

- For tiller control, apply when tillers are less than 18" high.
- For heavier weed infestations or tiller growth use the higher specified rate.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 30 days.

SUGARCANE	Harvest Aid	0.4-0.7 pt.	Air: 5 gals.	3
Florida & Texas				

Directions

- Under cool, cloudy weather conditions use higher specified rate.
- Apply 3-14 days before burning and harvest.

Restrictions

- DO NOT make more than 1 application per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.25 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 3 days.

SUNFLOWER	Pre-plant Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	7
	Broadcast Banded Over-		Air: 5 gals.	
	Row			

Directions

• Apply before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence.

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
SUNFLOWER	Pre-harvest Desiccation Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7

- Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is equivalent to the time when the back of the heads are yellow and the bracts are turning brown.
- When crop stands or weed infestations are heavy, use the higher label rate.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.

TARO, DRYLAND	Post-emergence Directed	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	180
(Hawaii Only)	Spray			

Directions

- Make the first application when weed growth is 1-4" high.
- Weeds emerging after the application will not be controlled.
- A single re-treatment may be made; however, **DO NOT** harvest dryland taro within 6 months of the last application.

Restrictions

- DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 0.75 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 180 days
- DO NOT allow spray to contact the taro plants as injury may result.

TREE PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT	Pre-plant Broadcast	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	_
Deciduous and Conifers			_	

Directions

- To allow maximum emergence of weeds, prepare ground early.
- Apply prior to planting. Plant with minimal soil disturbance.
- For heavier weed infestations, use the higher application rate.
- For improved burndown or residual control, tank mix Willowood Paraquat 3 SL with other herbicides labeled for this use.
- Always refer to the specific tank mix herbicide label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- **DO NOT** make more than 5 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 5.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- DO NOT apply in less than 20 gals./A as weed control will be reduced.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pr Interval (
TREES AND VINES	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Apricots:	28
Orchards, Vineyards, Windbreak Shade &				Cherries:	28
Ornamental Trees: Acerola, Apples, Apricots,				Figs:	13
Avocados, Bananas, Beechnut, Brazil nut,				Kiwi Fruit:	14
Butternut, Calamondin, Cashew, Cherries,				Nectarines:	28
Chestnut, Chinquapin, Citrus, Citron, Coffee,				Olives:	13
Figs, Filberts, Grapefruit, Grapes, Hickory nut,				Peaches:	14
Kiwi fruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Macadamia				Pistachios:	7
nuts, Mandarin, Nectarines, Olives, Orange				Plums:	28
(sour & sweet), Papayas, Peaches, Pears,					
Pistachios, Plums, Prunes, Pummelo, Satsuma,					
Mandarin, Walnuts, and Other shade and					
ornamental trees including arborvitae, ash, elm,					
fir, oak, pine, etc.					

- Use the shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines.
- For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers, retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary.

- **DO NOT** make more than 5 applications per year, except for the following:
- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year on Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, and Plums.
- DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year on Olives.
- DO NOT make more than 5 applications on Pistachios prior to shell split; after shells split, DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT allow spray to make contact with green stems (except suckers), fruit or foliage.
- **DO NOT** graze treated areas.
- DO NOT feed covered crops grown in treated areas to livestock.
- **DO NOT** apply when figs, nuts or olives to be harvested are on the ground.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 5.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- For apricots DO NOT harvest within 28 days after application and DO NOT exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season. DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- For cherries DO NOT harvest within 28 days after application and DO NOT exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season. DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- For figs DO NOT harvest within 13 days after application and DO NOT exceed 5 post-emergence directed applications per season.
- For grapes Treat when sucker growth is no more than 8" long. Late season applications to weeds should be made to avoid contact with desirable foliage.
- For kiwi fruit DO NOT treat more than 3 times per year. DO NOT exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year. DO NOT harvest within 14 days after application
- For nectarines DO NOT harvest within 28 days after application and DO NOT exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season. DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- For olives DO NOT harvest within 13 days after application and DO NOT exceed 4 post-emergence directed applications per season. DO NOT exceed 4.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- For peaches DO NOT harvest within 14 days after application and DO NOT exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season. DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.
- For pistachios DO NOT exceed 2 applications after shells split.
- For plums DO NOT harvest within 28 days after application and DO NOT exceed 3 post-emergence directed applications per season. DO NOT exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
TREES AND VINES Tank Mixes	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Always refer to other Tank Mix labels

• This product may be tank mixed with registered residual herbicides listed below for combined emerged and residual weed control.

Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be tank mixed with the following herbicides:

Devrinol® Herbicide, Goal®, Karmex®, Krovar® Herbicide, Princep®, Sinbar®, Solicam® Herbicide, Surflan®

• Always refer to other herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 5 applications per year, except for the following:
- DO NOT make more than 3 applications per year on Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, and Plums.
- DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year on Olives.
- DO NOT make more than 5 applications on Pistachios prior to shell split; after shells split, DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 5.0 lbs. cation/A per year. See above for Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, Olives, and Pistachios.

TYFON	Pre-plant Pre-emergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
(New Hampshire only)				

Directions

• Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.

Precautions

- Weeds and grasses emerging after treatment will not be controlled.
- Crop plants emerged at time of application will be injured.

- DO NOT make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
VEGETABLES (Seeded or Transplanted) Beans (Lima, Snap), Broccoli, Cabbage, Cantaloupe, Carrots, Cauliflower, Chayote fruit, Chinese cabbage, Chinese waxgourd, Citron melon, Collards, Cucumber, Eggplant, Gherkin, Gourd, edible, Groundcherry, Lettuce, Momordica spp., Musk melons, Peas, Pepino, Peppers, Pumpkin, Squash, Sweet Corn, Tomatillo, Turnips, Tomatoes, Watermelons	Pre-plant Pre-emergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	Normal harvest except Tomato: 30 days

- Seedbeds or plant beds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.
- Banded or broadcast treatment applications can be made before, during or after planting but prior to the crop emergence.
- For heavier weed infestations, use the higher specified rate.
- Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.
- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control alone or tank mixed with Goal[®]. Always refer to the Goal label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.
- **DO NOT** harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.

VEGETABLES	Directed Spray-	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Normal harvest except
Eggplant, Peppers, Tomatoes	Post-emergence			Tomato: 30 days

Directions

- For control or suppression of emerged weeds between rows after crop establishment.
- Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop plants.
- Apply when weeds are succulent and weed growth is less than 6".

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure.
- DO NOT spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 3 applications per season.
- **DO NOT** allow animals to graze in treated areas.
- **DO NOT** harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

Сгор	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
VEGETABLES Tomatoes	After Final Harvest	1.6-2.5 pts.	Ground: 40-120 gals.	_

- Apply in 40-120 gallons of water per acre (0.62-0.93 lb. a.i./A).
- Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1 pt./100 gals. spray solution).
- To ensure maximum herbicide burndown, tomato vines should be thoroughly covered.
- To aid in the removal of sweet potato whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently.

Precautions

• Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than a total of 3 lbs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.9 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.9 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- To minimize drift, **DO NOT** use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce fine spray droplets (mist).

VEGETABLES	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	Normal harvest except
(California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only)			Air: 5 gals.	Tomato: 30 days
Lettuce, Melon, Sugar Beets, Tomatoes				

Directions

• For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.

Restrictions

- DO NOT make more than 3 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 3.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

VEGETABLES	Dormant	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
Rhubarb				

Directions

• Apply during dormant season before buds in crown begin to grow.

- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

RESIN SOAKING

Pines including Loblolly, Shortleaf, Longleaf, Slash, Virginia, Pond, Pitch, and Spruce Pines.

Tree Selection -Trees should be selected from stands on sites not subject to stress from periods of extreme drought stress because the desiccating effect of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL is accentuated during drought, causing a reduction in the amount of oleoresin deposited in the xylem. Vigorous, non-stagnated natural or planted stands should be selected. Plan Willowood Paraquat 3 SL treatments in stagnated or commercial timber stands, no sooner than three years after commercial thinning.

Application Directions: To bring the treatment into contact with sapwood (or xylem), apply water-diluted Willowood Paraquat 3 SL to an appropriate wound in the tree trunk.

Bark Streaks or Cuts: Use a standard or rotary bark hack or a chainsaw shipping tool (used in naval stores work) to remove a single 1-inch wide streak of bark about 1-2 ft. from ground level. DO NOT exceed 1/3 of the circumference of the tree. Serious girdling of the trunk and premature death of the tree can result if multiple streaks or cuts are made. Apply a coarse spray (about 1.7-5.0 ml) Willowood Paraquat 3 SL solution (1-5% cation, wt./wt. basis) to runoff to the exposed xylem, using a low-pressure sprayer. The amount of spray required per cut depends on tree circumference and the length of cut or streak. For example, for a 9-inch diameter tree, using 3 ml of 2 or 4% Willowood Paraquat 3 SL solution will cover the 1-inch wide streak and will result in application of 60 or 120 mg per streak.

Time of Treatment: Less severe pine beetle infestation and longer tree life usually result during cool season treatments under non-drought seasons. However, resin soaking can occur from treatments made any time of the year.

Interval between Treatment and Tree Harvest: There should be at least a 6-month interval between application of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL and tree harvest. However, it is preferable the interval is from 12-24 months, even though intervals of over 6 months may not be possible under conditions of drought or serious pine beetle attacks possibly making early harvest necessary.

With this treatment, there is a potential for promoting beetle attack or causing premature death of the tree. At high dosage rates, desiccation of the xylem tissue, rather than the desired resin soaking, may occur.

Note: This type of treatment may reduce stem growth during between treatment and tree harvest.

Dilution Table for Willowood Paraquat 3 SL (3.0 lbs. cation per gallon)				
Concentration of Cation Desired (wt./wt. basis) Add the Following No. Gal. of Water to 2/3 Gallon of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL				
0.2%	118.8			
0.5%	46.8			
1.0%	22.9			
2.0%	10.9			
3.0%	6.9			
4.0%	4.9			
5.0%	3.7			

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
CONSERVATION RESERVE, FEDERAL SET-ASIDE, CONSERVATION COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS (For use in compliance with the Federal Conservation Reserve Program or Federal set-aside programs)	Broadcast	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	_

- Willowood Paraquat 3 SL may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved emerged weed control or extended weed control.
- Always refer to tank mix herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 2.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

	<u> </u>			
NON-CROP USES	Broadcast or Spot Treatment	1.7- 2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_

Directions

- Repeat applications as necessary but **DO NOT** make more than 10 applications per year.
- To be used in non-crop areas including public airports, electric transformer stations, pipeline pumping stations, around commercial buildings, storage yards and other installations, and fence lines.

- Avoid spray contact with the foliage of ornamentals or desired plants.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- DO NOT make more than 10 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.0 lb cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 10.0 lbs. cation/A per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
PASTURE RESEDING For suppression of existing sod and undesirable emerged broadleaf weeds and grasses prior to or at time of planting grasses or forage legumes	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	See specific geographic directions

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 40 days.

Directions West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains

- Apply in October through December after first fall rains and after weeds have emerged and sod has started new growth.
- Apply on moderately to heavily grazed areas for best seeding results.

Restrictions West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains

• **DO NOT** use in heavy sod and weed growth areas.

Directions East of Rocky Mountains

- Use the 1.3 pts. rate on vigorous or coarse sod species such as bromegrass.
- Apply prior to, or at time of seeding grasses or forage legumes.
- Apply only to grazed or mowed pastures not more than 3" in height at time of treatment.

Directions Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass Sods

- Apply in late summer or early fall to sod not exceeding 3" in height.
- For control of emerged little barley, apply in February or March before the mid-boot stage of little barley.

Directions Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures

- Apply when bermudagrass is dormant.
- For control of little barley, apply before the mid-boot stage.

Restrictions Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures

• **DO NOT** mow for hay until 40 days after treatment.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
For control of endophyte-fungus- infected fescue forage legume/grass mixture and other grass pastures	Broadcast (Split Application)	0.7-1.3 pts. followed by 0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_

- Use split applications of 10-21 days apart if necessary.
- For spring plantings, the initial application of 0.7-1.3 pts. may be made the previous fall.
- Apply when fescue is actively growing and no more than 4" high.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- DO NOT exceed 2.6 pts./A total in preparation for reseeding.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 10 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- DO NOT exceed 1.0 lb. cation/A per year.
- To reduce the infestation of endophyte-infested grass, **DO NOT** allow fescue to go to seed starting with the preceding year's crop.

•	,			
*For prickly pear desiccation in	Spot Sprays	0.8 fl. oz. per gallon of	Spray to wet weed foliage	_
pastures.		water		
*Not for use in California.				

Directions

- Manually pressurized handwands can be used to direct the spray onto weed foliage so that the spray thoroughly wets foliage.
- Mix 0.8 fl. oz. of Willowood Paraquat 3 SL and 1/3 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant per gallon of water.
- Completely and uniformly cover all green prickly pear foliage with spray.
- Apply in May through September for best desiccation results.
- Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.
- Tank mix with Grazon® P+D Specialty® herbicide at a rate of 1-2 fl. oz. per gallon of water for improved desiccation and perennial control of prickly pear.
- Always refer to the Grazon P+D Specialty herbicide label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

- **DO NOT** make more than 10 applications per year.
- DO NOT use more than 1.6 pts. of Willowood Paraguat 3 SL per acre per year.

Crop	Use Pattern	Willowood Paraquat 3 SL Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Pre-Harvest Interval (Days)
*For Juniper Species leaf moisture reduction or desiccation prior to prescribed burning of pastures. *Not for use in California.	Broadcast	1.3 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	_

- Use only in conjunction with prescribed burning as recommended and monitored by local SCS or University and Extension Range Specialists.
- Apply during hot, dry weather conditions (generally July and August).
- Use 2% v/v nonionic surfactant in a minimum of 5 gals. spray solution.
- Monitor juniper leaf moisture content. Maximum leaf moisture reduction generally occurs 3-4 weeks after Willowood Paraquat 3 SL application.

Precautions

- Significant soil moisture and/or wet weather conditions prior to or after application will decrease the potential for juniper crown burns.
- Reduction in leaf moisture can be adversely affected by cool or humid weather conditions.

Restrictions

- **DO NOT** make more than 3 applications per year.
- **DO NOT** graze livestock after application or prior to burning.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.5 lbs. cation/A per year.

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*Native Pastures	Broadcast	1.0-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	_
*Not for use in California.			Air: 5 gals.	

Directions

- Apply Willowood Paraguat 3 SL for control of downy and Japanese brome.
- Apply in spring after 90% node formation of brome species, but before full bloom.
- Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.

Precautions

• Emerged native perennial grasses will be burned by application, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to recover and attain maximum growth in the use season.

- **DO NOT** make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.5 lb. cation/A for a single application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 0.45 lb. cation/A per year.
- Pre-Harvest Interval: 40 days.

	Conversion Table Willowood Paraquat 3 SL to Be Applied					
Fluid Ounces	Pints	Lb. a.i. (lbs. cation)	Acres/Gallon			
2.5	0.16	0.06	51.3			
4.8	0.30	0.11	26.7			
5.28	0.33	0.12	24.2			
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2			
10.00	0.63	0.23	12.8			
11.00	0.69	0.26	11.6			
11.20	0.70	0.26	11.4			
12.00	0.75	0.28	10.7			
16.00	1.00	0.38	8.0			
20.00	1.25	0.47	6.4			
20.80	1.30	0.49	6.2			
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3			
28.00	1.75	0.66	4.6			
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0			
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2			
43.20	2.70	1.00	3.0			

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

The built-in chemical extraction probe must be rinsed within the pesticide container prior to removal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container and place in a locked storage area. **DO NOT** mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. Store at temperatures above 32°F. For Emergencies involving a Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, contact: CHEMTREC at (800) 424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER:

Rigid, Nonrefillable Container Small Enough to Shake (Capacity of 5 Gallons or Less): Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Shake for 10 seconds. Pump rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank. Repeat this procedure two more times. Prepare container for recycling. Then offer container for recycling or reconditioning if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

Pressure rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. While container is in the closed transfer system rinse at 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Once container is rinsed, prepare container for recycling, then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

Rigid, Nonrefillable Container Not Large Enough to Shake (Capacity of Greater than 5 Gallons, but Less than 120 Gallons): Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Remove transfer hoses. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Once container is rinsed, prepare container for recycling, then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Pressure rinse at 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Once container is rinsed, prepare container for recycling, then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Container Greater than or Equal to 120 Gallons: Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer container for recycling or reconditioning if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

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