

Financial Statements

Code For America Labs, Inc.

June 30, 2013

MOSS-ADAMS LLP

Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Directors Code For America Labs, Inc.

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Code For America Labs, Inc., ("Code for America" or the "Organization") which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2013, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Code for America as of June 30, 2013, and the results of its changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

San Francisco, California January 17, 2014

Noss adams LLP

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MEMBER
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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As of June 30, 2013

Unrestricted net assets

Total liabilities and net assets

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,897,046
Donation and program fees receivable	238,750
Marketable securities	1,227
Other receivable and prepaid expense	31,603
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, net	227,431
Security deposit	 86,738
Total assets	\$ 3,482,795
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 120,204
Deferred support	1,500
Deferred rent liability	 62,255
Total liabilities	 183,959
Net assets	

3,298,836

3,482,795

\$

PUBLIC SUPPORT AND REVENUE	
Donations	
Individuals	\$ 192,685
Business	659,850
Foundation grants	2,589,450
Program service fees	1,732,650
In-kind contributions	49,083
Donations of marketable securities	85,762
Corporate sponsorship	275,000
Event sponsorship	209,128
Event admissions fees	23,785
Speaker fees	14,000
Interest and gains from securities	 11,404
Total public support and revenue	 5,842,797
EXPENSES	
Program services	
CFA Fellows	3,054,162
Peer Network	425,564
CFA Accelerator	586,536
CFA International	71,533
CFA Brigade	367,120
Total program services	4,504,915
SUPPORTING SERVICES	
Management and general	386,855
Fundraising	 193,814
Total supporting services	580,669
Total expenses	 5,085,584
Change in net assets	757,213
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS, beginning of year	2,541,623
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 3,298,836

	Program Services									Supporting Services									
		FA Fellows Program Services	P	r Network Program Services	1	A Brigade Program Services	1	Accelerator Program Services		International Program Services	Total Program Services	М	anagement and General	Fu	ndraising	Total Supporting Services		_	Total
Salaries and related expenses	\$	1,631,512	\$	231,221	\$	261,696	\$	71,195	\$	39,224	\$ 2,234,848	\$	812,155	\$	82,223	\$	894,378	\$	3,129,226
Corp expenses		138,269		495		67		1,052		-	139,883		18,640		45		18,685		158,568
Grants		-		-		-		334,000		-	334,000		-		-		-		334,000
Professional services		65,335		50,545		325		65,212		7,650	189,067		127,354		88,140		215,494		404,561
Travel and events		237,827		17,466		37,945		43,153		24,641	361,032		59,004		17,013		76,017		437,049
In-kind professional		-		-		-		-		-	-		49,083		-		49,083		49,083
Marketing and advertising		16,017		3,151		5,539		9,207		-	33,914		30,148		2,531		32,679		66,593
Office and facilities		21,380		6,628		3,309		3,714		18	35,049		414,280		3,862		418,142		453,191
Other expense		15,361		-		210		975		-	16,546		36,767		-		36,767		53,313
General and administrative expense allocation		928,461		116,058		58,029		58,028		-	 1,160,576		(1,160,576)		-		(1,160,576)		
Total expenses	\$	3,054,162	\$	425,564	\$	367,120	\$	586,536	\$	71,533	\$ 4,504,915	\$	386,855	\$	193,814	\$	580,669	\$	5,085,584

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2013

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Change in net assets	\$ 757,213
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash from	
operating activities:	
Donated marketable securities	(85,762)
Depreciation and amortization	39,906
Realized gain on marketable securities	(8,009)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities	(120)
Net change in assets and liabilities	
Donation and program fees receivable	(156,634)
Other receivable and prepaid expense	(24,422)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	100,333
Deferred support	1,500
Deferred rent liability	62,255
Net cash provided by operating activities	686,260
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	92,664
Purchase of furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements	 (116,070)
Net cash used in investing activities	(23,406)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	662,854
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	 2,234,192
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 2,897,046

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

Code For America Labs, Inc. ("Code for America" or the "Organization") is a not-for-profit corporation that was formed in California in 2009. Code for America helps governments become more transparent, connected, and efficient by connecting web developers with people who deliver city services. Through that process, Code for America is growing a group of fellows and technologists that have enlisted in helping local government to become more transparent, known as the "Corp."

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and applicable to not-for-profit organizations. Accordingly, net assets and revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. The net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Unrestricted net assets – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Temporarily restricted net assets – Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that will be met either by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time. When a donor stipulated time restriction ends or a donor-imposed restriction is met, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. The Organization had no temporarily restricted net assets as of June 30, 2013.

Permanently restricted – Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that specify assets donated be invested to provide a permanent source of income. If the donor does not restrict the allowed use of the income, the Organization may determine the income's availability to the organization's operations. The Organization had no permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2013.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances on hand and on deposit in banks and other financial institutions and short-term investments. Cash on deposit in banks may be in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits. The Organization seeks to control the risk of loss by maintaining deposits with only high quality financial institutions. The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less on the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. The carrying value of cash equivalents approximates fair value.

Marketable securities – Marketable securities, consisted of stocks at June 30, 2013, are stated at fair value which is based upon quoted market prices. Realized gains and losses that result from sales or maturities of securities during the year are calculated on a cost basis and are reflected in the statement of activities.

Donation and program fees receivable – Donation and program fees receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances after reserves for discounts, bad debts, and allowances, taking into account past experience, contracts, history and other organizations' ability to meet their obligations. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to expense and an increase to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a reduction of accounts receivable. Management has deemed all accounts receivable collectible.

Furniture, **equipment**, **and leasehold improvements**– Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. The Organization capitalizes all fixed assets above \$500. Depreciation and amortization are provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the term of the lease. The straight-line method is followed for all assets for financial reporting.

The estimated lives used in determining straight-line depreciation and amortization are:

Furniture 7 years
Equipment 3 to 5 years
Leasehold improvements 10 Years

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income taxes – The Organization is considered a public charity and is exempt from Federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Organization is exempt from state tax under State of California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701(d), whereby only unrelated business income is subject to federal and state income tax. Since all the Organization's income is related to its exempt purpose, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements. The Organization has no unrecognized tax benefits or uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2013. With few exceptions, the Organization is no longer subject to United States Federal or state/local income tax examinations by tax authorities for fiscal years before 2008.

Revenue recognition:

- Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a documented promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Cash from conditional gifts received prior to the conditions being met is classified as deferred revenue. Unconditional promises to give due in the next year are recorded at their net realizable value.
- Program service fees relate to exchange transactions and are recognized as unrestricted revenue as milestones per the
 agreement have been met by the Organization.
- Donated marketable securities are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as unrestricted support unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. As of June 30, 2013 all donated marketable securities were unrestricted.

In-kind contributions – In-kind contributions are recorded as support at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as unrestricted support unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted support. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long donated assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor.

Allocation to functional expenses – Expenses which apply to more than one functional category have been allocated to program, management and general, and fundraising based on time spent on these functions by specific employees as estimated by senior management. The remaining costs are charged directly to the appropriate functional category.

Use of estimates – In preparing financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the fair value determination of in-kind contributions and functional expense allocation. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Fair value measurements – Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The hierarchy describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. All marketable securities as of June 30, 2013 are considered level 1.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Subsequent events – Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before financial statements are issued. The Organization recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The Organization's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after the statement of financial position date and before financial statements are available to be issued.

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through January 17, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3 - MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of investments in domestic equity and are valued based on quoted market prices. At June 30, 2013, the fair value of marketable securities is as follows:

Fair value assets Marketable securities Domestic equity	\$ 1,227
Total marketable securities	\$ 1,227
Investment gains consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2013: Realized gain Dividend and interest income	\$ 8,009 3,275
Unrealized gain	 120
	\$ 11,404

NOTE 4 - FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND LEASHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements at June 30, 2013, consisted of:

Furniture	119,344
Equipment	144,590
Leasehold improvements	24,201
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	288,135 (60,704)
	\$ 227,431

Current year depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$39,906 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Organization received approximately 37% of its total public support and revenue from two foundation grants.

NOTE 6 - IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

During 2011, the Organization entered into an agreement with legal firm Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati to provide services over general organization and intellectual property legal advice. The agreement allows for either party to terminate the relationship at any time with or without consent of the other party. The fair value of the donated legal services for the year ended June 30, 2013, was \$49,083.

CODE FOR AMERICA LABS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASES

The Organization leases office space under non-cancelable operating lease expiring December 31, 2014. The total rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2013, for this operating lease was approximately \$283,475.

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Organization subleased a portion of its building back to the building's owners. This sublease agreement ended on December 31, 2012 and the Organization assumed the additional space that was occupied by the building owner on January 1, 2013. Sublease rental income for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$72,027. Sublease rental income is included in the accompanying statement of activities.

Following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of June 30, 2013:

Years	Endi	ng l	une	<u>30,</u>

2014 2015	\$ 342,131 173,475
	\$ 515,606