

US008396791B2

(12) United States Patent Cotton

(54) SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ASSESSING AND MANAGING FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

- (75) Inventor: **Jeffrey S. Cotton**, Laguna Hils, CA (US)
- (73) Assignee: Autoalert, Inc., Irvine, CA (US)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

This patent is subject to a terminal disclaimer.

- (21) Appl. No.: 13/299,293
- (22) Filed: Nov. 17, 2011

(65) Prior Publication Data

US 2012/0136775 A1 May 31, 2012

Related U.S. Application Data

- (63) Continuation of application No. 13/076,203, filed on Mar. 30, 2011, now Pat. No. 8,095,461, which is a continuation of application No. 12/911,552, filed on Oct. 25, 2010, now Pat. No. 8,005,752, which is a continuation of application No. 10/996,122, filed on Nov. 23, 2004, now Pat. No. 7,827,099.
- (60) Provisional application No. 60/525,233, filed on Nov. 25, 2003.
- (51) Int. Cl. *G06Q 40/00* (2012.01)
- (52) U.S. Cl. 705/38

(10) Patent No.: US 8,396,791 B2

(45) Date of Patent: *Mar. 12, 2013

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,554,418 A	11/1985	Toy
4,736,294 A	4/1988	Gill et al.
4,774,664 A	9/1988	Campbell et al.
	(Con	tinued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

1 146 459 A1 10/2001 1220131 7/2002

EP

EP

(Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Issues and Concerns in Internet Based Financial Applications: An Example from an Auto Finance System. Catalina Danis et al., Proceedings of the 32nd Hawaii International Conference on System Sciences—1999.*

(Continued)

Primary Examiner — Daniel Felten

Assistant Examiner Clifford Madamba

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear, LLP

(57) ABSTRACT

A financial terms alert generation system comprises an information retrieval module, a financial terms comparison module, and an alert transmission module. The information retrieval module is configured to retrieve financing information, customer information, and product information from one or more sources accessible on a network. The financial terms comparison module is configured to compare a customer's current financial arrangement to a potential new financial arrangement to determine whether the customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. The alert transmission module is configured to transmit an alert to a dealer in cases in which the financial terms comparison module determines that a customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. Such alerts identify the customer and the favorable financial terms.

11 Claims, 48 Drawing Sheets



DS EXHIBIT 1001

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

	0.0.1		DOCOMENTS
5,414,621	Α	5/1995	Hough
5,774,883	Α	6/1998	Andersen et al.
5,940,812	Α	8/1999	Tengel et al.
5,987,434	Α	11/1999	Libman et al.
6,073,112	Α	6/2000	Geerlings
6,502,080	B1	12/2002	Eichorst et al.
6,658,390	B1	12/2003	Walker
6,950,807	B2	9/2005	Brock
7,249,322	B2	7/2007	Jones et al.
7,305,364	B2	12/2007	Nabe et al.
7,343,406		3/2008	Buonanno et al.
7,392,221	B2	6/2008	Nabe et al.
7,444,304	B2	10/2008	Mellinger et al.
7,546,273	B2	6/2009	Blanchard et al.
7,571,128	B1	8/2009	Brown
7,827,099	B1	11/2010	Cotton
8,315,911	B2	11/2012	Callow et al.
2001/0049653	A1	12/2001	Sheets
2002/0013711		1/2002	Ahuja et al 705/1
2002/0023051	A1	2/2002	Kunzle et al.
2002/0035520	A1	3/2002	Weiss
2002/0082860	A1	6/2002	Johnson
2002/0212628		11/2003	Kuttan et al.
2003/0212628		11/2003	Kuttan et al.
2003/0216995	A1	11/2003	DePauw
2004/0039690	A1*	2/2004	Brown et al 705/38
2004/0181480	A1	9/2004	Greenberg et al.
2004/0254819	A1	12/2004	Halim et al.
2005/0171896	A1	8/2005	Seretti et al.
2006/0020477	$\Lambda 1$	1/2006	Retzbach et al.
2006/0129423	A1	6/2006	Sheinson et al.
2006/0143112	A1	6/2006	Donarski et al.
2007/0136163	A1	6/2007	Bell
2007/0179798	$\mathbf{A1}$	8/2007	Inbarajan
2008/0201163		8/2008	Barker et al.
2010/0217616		8/2010	
2010/0274571	$\Lambda 1$	10/2010	McFall et al.
2010/0274631	A1	10/2010	McFall et al.

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

EP	1 278 140 A1	1/2003	
EP	1288822 A1	3/2003	
EP	1 298 561 A1	4/2003	
\mathbf{JP}	10143564	5/1998	
JP	2002041876	2/2002	
JP	2003242338	8/2003	
JP	2004094702	3/2004	
WO	WO 92/12488	7/1992	
WO	WO 97/15023	4/1997	
WO	WO 01/18704 A2	3/2001	
WO	WO 01/18728 A2	3/2001	
WO	WO 01/17458	9/2001	
WO	WO 01/67210	9/2001	
WO	WO 02/057967	7/2002	
WO	WO 03/083603 A2	10/2003	
WO	WO 2004/008367 A1	1/2004	
WO	WO 2008/110939 A2	9/2008	

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Catalina Danis et al., Issues and Concerns in Internet Based Financial Applications: An Example from an Auto Finance System., Proceedings of the 32nd Hawaii International Conference on System Sciences, 1999. Screen shots of 1992 Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheet program in 4 pages. "Replace Vehicle on Existing Policy," Web page printout from https:// www.weimerover.com/auto-replace-vehicle.php, printed on Sep. 1, 2011.

"Leasing versus Buying That New Car," Web page printout from http://www.infoplease.com/ipa/A0193143.html, printed on Sep. 1, 2011.

Vehicle purchases, leasing, and replacement demand: evidence from the Federal Reserve's Survey of Consumer Finances; Apr. 1, 2004. Alvarez et al., "The Development of an Expert System for Credit Control, Integrated with a Transactional Accounting System", AICA Annual Conference Proceedings, vol. 2, 1990, pp. 865-870.

Clarke, Jim, Move Over ATM, Automated Loan Officer Arrives, Associated Press, Times Advocate, Feb. 19, 1995.

Eisemann et al., "Sharp Dealer Practices Could Menance Bank Lenders", Journal of Retail Banking, vol. 15, No. 2, pp. 21-23. Summer 1993.

Gazis, "Real Estate Investment Analysis System," IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin, 04-71, Apr. 1, 1971, pp. 3274-3275.

Hart, Peter E., "Syntel: An Architecture for Financial Applications," Innovative Applications of Artificial Intelligence, pp. 63-70 1989. Hutson, "Analyst: An Advisor for Financial Analysis of Automobile Dealerships," Innovative Applications of Artificial Intelligence, Mar. 1989, pp. 27-42.

Kindle et al., "PFPS: Personal Financial Planning System," Innovative Applications of Artificial Intelligence, 1989, pp. 51-61.

Power, Richard, "A System for Assessing Credit-Worthiness", 8th International Workshop of Expert Systems & Their Applications, vol. 3, 1988, pp. 619.

Mortgageware Resource Guide, Release 5.4d, 1992, Chapter Get, QUA, Pro.

Redacted and Unfiled Petition for Inter Partes Review of U.S. Patent No. 8,005,752 (which was issued Aug. 23, 2011), unfiled as of Feb. 1, 2013.

Redacted and Unfiled Petition for Inter Partes Review of U.S. Patent No. 8,086,529 (which was issued Dec. 27, 2011), unfiled as of Feb. 1, 2013.

Redacted and Unfiled Petition for Inter Partes Review of U.S. Patent No. 8,095,461 (which was issued Dec. 27, 2011), unfiled as of Feb. 1, 2013.

Redacted and Unfiled Petition for Inter Partes Review of U.S. Patent No. 7,827,099 (which was issued Nov. 2, 2010), unfiled as of Feb. 1, 2013.

Rusnak, Raymond, "Consumer Credit-Scoring: Are There Lessons for Commercial Lenders?", Journal of Commercial Lending, vol. 76, No. 11, pp. 37-42, Jul. 1994.

Sivasankaran et al., "An Expert System for Analysis of Credit Profiles," The Journal of Computer Information Systems, vol. XXX, No. 4, pp. 31-38, Summer 1990.

Tyson, David, "Interling Mortgage Software Hits Big Time; With Prudential Real Estate Subsidiary Deal", The American Banker, vol. 152, No. 226, Nov. 18, 1987.

Vu, Hao, "Potential Applications of Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems in Financial and Banking Institutions," Proceedings of the 2nd Annual Artificial Intelligence & Advanced Computer Technology Conference, pp. 28-33, May 1986.

Complaint for Patent Infringement, AutoAlert v. Dominion Dealer Solutions, filed Oct. 1, 2012.

Arend, M., "New Automated" Experts Ready for Lenders, ABA Bank Journal, Jan. 1992.

* cited by examiner

1	02
	1

Joe's Dealership, Inc	5.		05/12/2003	Alert Sheet
John Smith			Demo Sales	
Client	Information		Existir	ng Vehicle
	37 Smith First Street	·	Class Description Series Description Year VIN	Q-Class Q155 Wagon 4D 2000 ABC345
City Big Ci	ty		Dea	Recap
State CA Zip 90803 Phone Work (555) Phone Mobile			Contract Start Date Capitalized Cost Residual Amount Contract Term Base Payment Total Payment	
			Payoff Amount	\$37,136
	v Vehicle		Trade-in Amount Trade Equity	\$30,050 \$7,086- \$0
Class Description Series Description	Q-Class		Security Deposit Balance	To Maturity
Average Selling Price Subsidy Amount	Q155 Wagon 4D \$52,175 \$0		Payments Made Payments Remaining Payment History Balance To Maturity	35 g 4 30 - 0, 60-0, 90-0 / \$4,039-
New Cap Cast	\$56,214		Prefer	red Equity
·			Equity	\$4,039-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Dealer	Credit	
Contract Term Residual Amount Money Factor Capitalized Cost Rental Depreciation	36 \$27,131 0.00275 \$56,214 \$229 \$808	0.0		60 \$19,305 0.00275 \$56,214 \$208 \$615
Payment	\$1,037	\$90)1	\$823
Difference	\$181	\$45		\$33-
		Big Bar	nk, Inc.	
Contract Term Residual Amount Money Factor Capitalized Cost Rental Depreciation Payment Difference	36 \$29,740 0.002 \$56,214 \$172 \$735 \$907 \$51	0.0	,214 6 7 3	60 \$23,479 0.002 \$56,214 \$159 \$546 \$705 \$151-
			<u>A</u>	utoAlert

FIG. 1A

Existing	a Vehicle
Class Description	Q-Class
Series Description	Q155 Wagon 4D
Year	2000
VIN	ABC345
Deal	Recap
Contract Start Date	6/10/2000
Capitalized Cost	\$53,258
Residual Amount	\$34,160
Contract Term	39
Base Payment	\$856
Total Payment	\$922
Payoff Amount	\$37,136
Trade-in Amount	\$30,050
Trade Equity	\$7,086
Security Deposit	\$0
Balance	To Maturity
Payments Made	35
Payments Remaining	4
Payment History	30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0
Balance To Maturity	\$4,039 —
Equity Preferre	d Equity \$4,039–

FIG. 1B

Client Information

Alert #	177037
Client	John Smith
Address	1111 First Street
Address 2	
City	Big City
State	CA
Zip	90803
Phone Work	(555) 555-5959
Phone Mobile	
Phone Home	(555) 555-7878

New Vehicle

Class Description G-Class Series Description G155 Wagon 4D

Average Selling Price\$52,175Subsidy Amount\$0

New Cap Cost

\$56,214

FIG. 1C

Dealer Credit											
Contract Term	36	48	60								
Residual Amount	\$27,131	\$23,479	\$19,305								
Money Factor	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275								
Capitalized Cost	\$56,214	\$56,214	\$56,214								
Rental	\$229	\$219	\$208								
Depreciation	\$808	\$682	\$615								
Payment Difference	\$1,037 \$181	\$901 \$45 Big Bank, Inc.	\$823 \$33-								
Contract Term	36	48	60								
Residual Amount	\$29,740	\$26,209	\$23,479								
Money Factor	0.002	0,002	0.002								
Capitalized Cost	\$56,214	\$56,214	\$56,214								
Rental	\$172	\$166	\$159								
Depreciation	\$735	\$617	\$546								
Payment	\$907	\$783	\$705								
Difference	\$51	\$73-	\$151-								

FIG. 1D



FIG. 1E



FIG. 1F





÷	+	+	↔ +	ده +	и 11	↔ +			••• +	⇔ 11	ю 1	ил 1	
	Sales/Use Tax (if capitalized)	Luxury Tax (calculation A)	Other (explain)	Prior credit or lease balance (negative equity)	Subtotal	Acquisition fee (if capitalized)	Scheduled Maintenance Cost	Additional Wear & Usage	Other (explain)	Gross Capitalized Cost	Gross Capitalized Cost Reduction Trade \$ Cash \$	Adjusted Capitalized Cast	

12 Š

1

0

ω თ

Lease Payment

CAPITALIZED COST CALCULATION

U.S. Patent

n

Agreed upon value of the vehicle

2

M

4 ഗ ഗ

11

П

Residual Value (calculation C)	\$	B. Residual Value C
Depreciation (lines 13-14)	€9	TSRP
Money Factor	0.	Residualized Options
Add Lines 13+14	↔	Subtotal
Rent Charge (lines 16x17) × Term	₩	Gas Guzzler Tax
Total Base Single Payment (lines 15+18)	₩	Basis for Residual Value
Base Monthly Payment/Base Single Pymnt (19/# of payments)	↔	Residual Value %
Sales/Use Tax % x line 20	₩	Residual Value
Total Monthly Payment (or total single payment)	÷	Prepaid Mileage (15¢ per mile)
		Adjusted Residual Value (line 14)

ام

14 15 18

1

6 20

22

21

Deferred Payment

$$A = ((P*(1+i)^n - B)*i)/((1+i)^{n-1})$$

A=Payment P=Principle i=Interest rate B=Differed Amount or Balloon

FIG. 1I

Purchase Payment

A=p+i/n

A=Payment P=Principle i=Interest amount n=number

FIG. 1J



FIG. 1K

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	
$\begin{array}{c} \leftrightarrow Back \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \textcircled{O} \textcircled{O} \textcircled{O} \textcircled{O} \textcircled{O} \bullet \bullet \textcircled{O} \bullet \rule{O} \bullet \bullet \rule{O} \bullet $	
Address 🕘 http://autoalert/login.asp?UserName=house	
Links $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$ AutoAlert $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$ Reports $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$ Data Entry	
User Name Password Login 201 201 201	

FIG. 2



U.S. Patent

Mar. 12, 2013

Sheet 12 of 48

US 8,396,791 B2



Sheet 13 of 48







JANE M. CLIENT



FIG. 7A





JANE M. CLIENT

902		60	1000 1000 1000	0,00275		9023				09	672,679	0.002	17 <u>88</u>		\$0.48	Siz			rang as a	
<i>a</i> /	lercedes-Benz Credit	55	\$23,479	0.00275	605 ZIA	2	1092 1		nase Tase	48	\$79 ⁻ 803	0.002	\$56 ₁ 214		~ 90					
	Mercedes	90	\$27,131	0.00275	17 99	\$229					\$25 / 40	0.002	*t.cl.958		\$32. \$					
2		Contract Term	Residual Amount	Money Factor	Capitalized Cost	Remta.	Depreciation	Payment	Difference	Contract Term	Residual Amount	Mioney Factor	Capitalized Cost	Renia	Depreciation	Payment	Difference			

FIG. 9

Mar. 12, 2013

Sheet 19 of 48

US 8,396,791 B2

Joe's Dealership, In	C. Dã	6/12/2003	Alert	Associate Shee
JOHN CLIENT		Jeff C	otton	
Alert#	177443			
and the second sec	Client Inform	ation		
Client	JOHN CLIENT			
Address	1234 55TH ST			
Address 2				
City	BIG CITY			
State	CA			
Zip	92832		•	
PhoneWork	(555) 555-9087			
PhoneMobile PhoneHome	(555) 555-4353			
PhoneHome EmailAddress	(555) 555-4352			
LIIIanAQQIESS	Existing Ver	n Werden bereitigen	1 <u>.</u>	
0	CONTRACTOR AND	IIGI E	· 1	
Class Sector	Q-Class OLATE Court Coulor			
Series Year	QL459 Sport Sedan 2000			
rear VIN	2000 JKL999999			
FIIA	Contract Di	- teall		
Contract Term		-112-11	ingen der ster er er	the second s
	48 16			
Payments Remaining Payment Hstory	10 30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0			
Total Payment	30-0,80-0,90-0 \$607			
Balance To Maturity	,\$10,060)			
balance to maturity	New Vehic	-la		
Class	Q-Class		a de prime en la	ad the second and the second
Series	QL459 Sport Sedan			
361169	Follow-up D	abail		and the second
	r onew-cip D	SECOND.	1	
Assigned to:				
noorgine a to.				
		senses and		
	No Comments			
Call:	<u> </u>			
Appointment:				
Sold:				

JANE M. CLIENT

Description	Jane M. Client, 1998 V123 Coupe	
Owner	Jeff Cotton	
Stage	Sold -	
Priority	Normal	
Status	New-Not Started	
Date & Time	Calendar	1
Remark		
	Savo	
History	10/06/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Print
	09/29/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Print
	09/22/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Print
	09/15/2003 12:30AM house	Deal Calculated
	09/10/2003 3:19AM house	Deal Calculated View Print
	09/01/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated
	08/25/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Point
	08/18/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated
	08/11/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated
	08/04/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated



FIG. 12

File Edit Vie	w Favorites	Tools Help	I			
⇔ Back 👻 →	• 🕑 🖻	ථ Search	n 📴 Favorites	🕑 Media 🏼 🎯	날- 글 🕴) • E
Address 🕑 http	://autoalert/log	jin.asp?UserNan	ne=house			
Links 🗡 AutoAl	eit 🛪 Repo	rts 🛛 Data Er	ntry			
User Name						
Password						
	Login					
	Login					



U.S. Patent

Sheet 23 of 48

House (Manager)

Filter	WARNER
Sale Type	🔽 Lease 🔽 Balloon 🔽 Retail
Category	□ Sale
Stage	♥ New ♥ Call ♥ Appointment □ Sold □ No Sale
Sort	● Follow-up Date C Prospect C Maturity Date C Series
Sort Order	C Ascending C Descending

FIG. 15A













0 7	0
くてし	-10.

loe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Average Selling Price by Series
--

ŝ

4etallic Paint	\$655	\$655	\$92C	\$655	\$ 655
Automatic P Transmission					1
Sunroof Package	\$1,215	\$1,600	\$1,600	\$1,475	1
Delivery Charge	\$720	\$720	\$720	\$720	\$720
Base Price	\$24,950	\$27,990	\$29,400	\$31,400	\$50,400
Average Selling Price	\$28,865	V. K. V. \$32,290 V	\$33,700	1000 \$35,575 100	\$51,775
Series Description	47 @111 Sedan	@111 Coupe	Q551 Coupe	976 0551 Sedan	QL458 Sport Sedan
eries ID	д.	T	26	976	- 20 20

1802



FIG. 20

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Bank Rate by Series Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:45:13 PM

_

2002

Bank Rate ID	Series ID	Series	Term ID	Term	Money Factor	Residual %	MRM
404	43	Q111 Sedan	N	36	0,00240	47	\$36,500
405		国家の部に行っていた	5	48	0.00240	40	\$36,500
406			œ	60	0.00240	34	\$36,500
407		G111 Coupe	N	9 e	0,00240	100 200 200 200 100 100 100 100 100 100	\$40,800
408			ىر	48	0.00240	47	\$40,800
409			0		0.00240		\$40,800
410	90 50	Q551 Coupe	¢.	36	0.00240	e Geo	\$42,500
411			1000 E	48	0.00240	N (N (N (45)) (45)	\$42,500
412			œ	60	0,00240	88	\$42,500
413	976	Q551 Sedan		36	0.00240		\$41,300
414			വ	4 8	0.00240	40	\$41,300
415				(10) 60	0,00240	10.02 State	\$41,300
416	22	GL459 Sport Sedan	2	36	0,00240	6 <u>6</u>	\$57,900
417				48	0.00240	100 200 200 V	\$57,900
418			00	60	0,00240	44	\$57.900

U.S. Patent

Bank: Big Bank



Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Contact Mailing List by Sales Associate Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:50:50 PM	ociate PM		Ca Stage: New, Cal	Category: Alert, Lease E Stage: New, Call, Appointment, Sold, No
First Name Middle Name	Last Name	Address Address 2	2 Dity	State Zip
Jeff	Customer	1111 22hd ST	Smallville	CA 92715
Jennifer	Brown	3333 44th ST	Big City	CA 92630-
John	Buyer	2222 11th ST	Smallville ST	CA 92630-
Joseph State () ()	Sales	4444 55th AVE	Big City	

FIG. 22



24	
-16.	

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Sales Associate Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:52:26 PM

	: iate	User Name	Password	Email Address
926 Jeff Cotton	L	jcott	12345	
149 Jennifer Johnson	ohnson	johnson	54231	
169 John Williams	ams	įwdil	abcde	

2402



U.S. Patent

FIG. 25

2516-








Mar. 12, 2013

Sheet 37 of 48





				/25/2003		77	18/2003		17	11/2003	
NIN	Series	Year	Trade-in	Adjust	8	Trade-in	Adjust	8	Trade-in	Adjust	*
LMND654	Q111 Sedan	1993	\$4,296		6.4%	\$4,038		0.0%	\$4,038		100.0%
ABCDE987	@111 Coupe	1995	\$10,828	(\$1,000)	-21.7%	\$13,825	(\$1,000)	%0'0	\$13,825	(\$1,000)	100.0%
ZYX12345	Q551 Coupe	1994 1	\$11,365		28.1%	\$8,875		0,0%	\$8'812	1 1	100,0%
23FGHB4	@551 Sedan	1993	\$7,294		-2.7%	\$7,494		0,0%	\$7,494		100.0%
WDBJF20F V	Q111 Sedan	1997	\$17,330		%T.1.	\$17,521		0.0%	\$17,521		100.0%
STR45KYZ	@111 Coupe	1993	\$5,447		%9.6	\$4,970		0.0%	\$4,970		100.0%
ZYX12390	QSS1 Coupe	1995	\$9,902		-2,0%	\$10,100		%0.0	00T'0T\$		100,00%
1JKLM987	0551 Seden	1994	\$8,231		%0'8-	\$8,948		%0'0	\$8,948		100.0%
GHU897	OL459 Sport Sedan	£66I	\$6,887		-29.5%	\$9,770		0.0%	\$9,770		100.0%

30	
FIG.	

3002

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Trade-in History by Model Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:55:02 PM

U.S. Patent

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert

Bank Rate Monday, November 17, 2003 3:38:33 PM

Bank: Big Bank

Bank Region: California/Florida

Sale Type: Lease Model Year: 2004 Residual % | Effective Date 47 10/01/2003 10/01/2003 41 10/01/2003 10/01/2003 50 10/01/2003 56 10/01/2003 10/01/2003 41 10/01/2003 10/01/2003 10/01/2003 43 10/01/2003 53 10/01/2003 63 铃 **1**9 8 33 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 0.00235 Money Factor 0.00235 0.00235 å 40 60 8 48 9 8 48 99 80 400 99 Term 47 IQ111 Sedan Q551 Sedan 1 Q111 Coupe 26 Q551 Coupe Series ID Series 976



U.S. Patent Mar. 12, 2013 Sheet 42 of 48

New	Call	Apt	Sold	No Sale	Total
		<u> 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997</u>	ar fillen som	<u>en en e</u>	5169
					0
	المرتبة المتعرضة المترتية المتحال المتعالية الم			والمراجعة والمراجعة والموادين والمراجعة والمتعام المسمو محترا	0
فالمراجع والمواجعة والمراجع المراجع			al and a lease the		3732
	n an		Roans beach a	.an.ang ang Sarat	80
and some stand	Vakasikenis br	1999 de la competition	ورابعة أأراقهم والمراجع المحام	di kana mand	350
	er grundet ar har g		전화 위험의 소재하는 것	الربعة بعالة مرتد ولأحاص مناجعها بعلي بعد معرك المراجع	90
		والمتعادين وأرابي والمتعاد والمتعاد	ซ์ จำน้ำสุนิเสียงก่อ	a and a standard and a standard a	94 150
ゆうこうじゅうちょう		and the second states	e de la fille de la constante d	م من ما ترجع بسم عالم الما من	152
al far an the second and the second			والمكرك والمتحاص	in her der sind der sinder	220
a she a s	e ale en esta de la contra de la composición nombre en esta de la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra				336
بالمريد والمراجع المتقاد والمركزان	فتكرف سيبري وركافي	الهريكي والمركز أوالي من الأم		ومرد ومرول کر مرز ارتباع م	115
U	U	U	U	U	0
2371	36	86	5	7	2505
	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
2107	0	1	1	0	2109
1	0	23	Û	0	24
136	. 22	37	3	1	199
22	2	22	0	0	46
12	0	1	0	1	14
12	0	0	0	0	12
51	Ó	0		0	51
2012년 11월 12일	والمداخ المراشية مسترجرا أعراق أتعمسهم	ويلواني مواجعا المسار المعانية مساليان	<u> Elektrik ander</u>	film para palabatian	40
Second	المترجمة وليود ومركب وأسترته والتروي	nde Stochards	al and head for	والمستان أوالك أوالي المستركان	10
0	D	0	0	Ū	0
2	0	0	1	0	3
	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1.	0	0	0	0	1
Ū -	0	Ō	1	Ď	1
0	. 0	. 0	0	0	0
0	0	0	D	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	Ú	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0
	0 0 2107 1 136 22 12 12 51 20 10 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 3699 3 1 1 197 42 31 15 19 58 15 95 80 113 33 242 15 63 0 0 2371 36 0 0 2371 36 0 0 2371 36 0 0 15 63 0 0 2371 36 20 12 12 0 136 22 22 2 12 0 12 0 130 0 20 12 10 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td>$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3699 & 3 & 20 \\ 1 & 1 & 60 \\ 197 & 42 & 56 \\ 31 & 15 & 33 \\ 19 & 58 & 9 \\ 15 & 95 & 23 \\ 80 & 113 & 17 \\ 33 & 242 & 30 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 23 \\ 136 & 22 & 37 \\ 22 & 2 & 22 \\ 12 & 0 & 1 \\ 12 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 23 \\ 136 & 22 & 37 \\ 22 & 2 & 22 \\ 12 & 0 & 1 \\ 12 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 \\$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td>	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3699 & 3 & 20 \\ 1 & 1 & 60 \\ 197 & 42 & 56 \\ 31 & 15 & 33 \\ 19 & 58 & 9 \\ 15 & 95 & 23 \\ 80 & 113 & 17 \\ 33 & 242 & 30 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 83 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 23 \\ 136 & 22 & 37 \\ 22 & 2 & 22 \\ 12 & 0 & 1 \\ 12 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 23 \\ 136 & 22 & 37 \\ 22 & 2 & 22 \\ 12 & 0 & 1 \\ 12 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 \\$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $



Joe's Dealership, Inc.		11/03/2003	Manager Lease
JOSEPH JOHNSON			Jeff Cotton
Client	Information	Existin	a Vehicle
Alert # 181743 Client JOSEP Address 999914		Class Description Series Description Year	Q-Class Q166 Wagon 1996 1234QRS1111
Address 2 City BIG CIT	F /2	Viti	
City BIG CIT State CA	r		Recap
Zip 99999		Contract Start Contract End	2/12/2002 2/12/2006
	56-0909 56-4321	Capitalized Cost Residual Amount Contract Term	\$25 862 \$12 590 48
Nev	v Vehicle	Base Payment	5440
Class Description	jQ-Class	Monthly Payment	5453
Series Description Year	Q155 Wagon 2003	Peyoff Amount Payoff Good Through Trade-in Amount	821 501 11/13/2003 \$11 277
Average Selling Price Trade Equity	\$49,875 (\$10,224)	Trade Equity Security Deposit	(\$10,224) 50
Subsidy Amount	\$2,000	Balance	statution respectively and and a second respectively and
Capitialized Cost Sales Tax 7,75%	\$58,009 \$4,503	Payments Made	-22
Amount Financed	\$62,602	Payments Remaining Payment History Balance To Maturity	26 30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0 (\$12,9 00)
an de la tracta d	A DET PORTE NEW YORK AND ADDRESS OF A DETERMINANT AND ADDRESS OF A DETERMINANT ADDRE	RSHIP CREDIT	
Contract Term	36	48	60
Lease Residual Amount	\$29,925	\$25 935	050 111
Capitalized Cost	528,923 \$58,099	\$58.CS9	\$22,444 \$58,099
Money Factor	0.0029	0.0029	0.0036
Payment	\$1,038	5914	\$584
Difference Balloon	\$590	\$466	S436
Deferred Payment	\$37,561	\$32,553	\$28,171
Amount Einanced	\$62,602	\$62,602	\$62,602
Interest Rate	7.04%	7.04%	7.04%
Payment Difference	\$584 \$511	1911 \$428	\$840 \$365
Retail	ચ¥α11	3420	aana
Amount Financed	\$62,602	\$62.602	\$62,602
Interest Rate	3.05%	3.05%	3.05%
Payment	\$1,622	\$1.357	\$1,126
Difference	\$1.339	\$904	\$644
		and the second	
Contract Term Lease	36	48	60
Residual Amount	\$26,933	\$23,441	\$19,950
Capitalized Cast Money Factor	\$58,009 0.00235	\$50,099	\$58,099
Paymant	\$1,066	0.00235 SS14	0.00235
Difference	\$618	\$466	\$371
Balloon			
Defended Payment	\$33,805	\$29,423	\$29,423
Amount Financed	\$62,602	\$62,602	\$62,602
Interest Rate Paviment	7,24%	7,24%	724%
Difference	\$1,090 \$614	8976 \$493	6636 \$155
Retail	and the second s	\$ 4 57	\$356
Amount Financed	\$62,602	\$62,602	\$62,602
Interest Rate	4.24%	4,24%	424%
Payment	\$1,355	\$1,420	\$1,160
Difference	\$1,372	\$938	\$677









FIG. 38



Vehicle Information	******
Manufacturer	MERCEDES-BENZ
Class	E CLASS
Series	C CLASS
Year	CL CLASS CLK CLASS
Calculated Payment	G CLASS
Average Selling Price	M CLASS
Trade Equity	S CLASS
Subsidy Amount	SLICLASS
Capitalized Cost	SLK CLASS
Sales Tax	8.25
Amount Financed	\$62,719

20

65

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ASSESSING AND MANAGING FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/076,203, filed Mar. 30, 2011 which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/911,552 filed Oct. 25, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,005,752, which is continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/996,122, filed Nov. 23, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,827,009, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/525,233, which was filed Nov. 25, 2003 and is entitled "SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ASSESSING AND MAN-AGING FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS." The foregoing applications are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety into this application.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

Embodiments of the system and method described herein relate to alerting dealers when favorable financial terms are available to customers.

2. Description of the Related Art

Rather than paying cash for a product, a person may enter a financial agreement (e.g., a purchase agreement, a lease agreement, deferred or balloon payment agreement, or the like) in which the person makes a series of payments for a specified term. Often, these payments are periodic, such as weekly, monthly, quarterly, yearly, or the like. For example, if a person purchases an automobile, the person may expect to pay a series of substantially similar monthly payments for one or more years.

During the term of the financial agreement (the "current agreement") covering the first product ("the current prod-35 uct"), a person may desire to use a second product (a "replacement product") in lieu of the current product. In such an instance, to obtain the replacement product, a person may be willing to return the current product and enter a second financial agreement (a "replacement agreement") that satisfies the first financial agreement. For example, a person having two years of payments remaining on his automobile lease may be willing to return the automobile to a dealership and enter a new lease for a latest model. The replacement agreement may be any suitable type of financial agreement (e.g., a purchase 45 contract, a lease, deferred payment, or the like), including the same type as the current agreement or a different type. In some instances, a person will agree to enter a replacement agreement if the replacement product and payments are acceptable. For example, a person may find the replacement 50 product and the payments under the terms of the replacement agreement acceptable if they are sufficiently similar to the current product and payments under the current agreement.

If a seller of products, such as an automobile dealership, knows when a customer is able to enter into a new financial ⁵⁵ arrangement under terms favorable to the customer, the seller can take advantage of this knowledge by offering a deal to the customer that includes the favorable terms. Accordingly, such knowledge, if possessed by the dealer, can drive increased sales. Nevertheless, no system or method has existed for ⁶⁰ alerting a seller when a customer is able to enter a new financial arrangement under terms favorable to the customer.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Embodiments of the system and method described herein systematically generate and send alerts to dealers when cus-

tomers are able to enter new financial arrangements under terms favorable to the customer. Advantageously, the knowledge that embodiments of the system and method make available to dealers can significantly increase the dealers' sales.

In one embodiment, a financial terms alert generation system comprises an information retrieval module, a financial terms comparison module, and an alert transmission module. The information retrieval module is configured to retrieve financing information, customer information, and product information from one or more sources accessible on a network. Such information can be retrieved, for example, from websites located on the World Wide Web. The financial terms comparison module is configured to compare a customer's current financial arrangement to a potential new financial arrangement to determine whether the customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. In one embodiment, the financial terms comparison module performed at least one calculation based on the retrieved information in order to make this comparison. The alert transmission module is configured to transmit an alert to a dealer in cases in which the financial terms comparison module determines that a customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. Such alerts identify to the dealer the customer that is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer and identify to the dealer the terms of the new financial arrangement.

Embodiments of the system disclosed herein perform a number of processes for alerting a dealer when a customer can enter into a new financial arrangement with terms favorable to the customer. For example, one such process includes (1) retrieving financing, customer, and product information, (2) comparing, for each of a plurality of customers, the customer's current financial terms for a financial arrangement related to a first product currently owned or leased by the customer with potential financial terms related to a second product comparable to the first product that would be available to the customer under a new financial arrangement in order to determine whether the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, (3) generating, for each customer for which the comparing shows that the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, an alert comprising information identifying the customer and indicating the terms favorable to the customer under the new arrangement, and (4) transmitting the alerts to at least one dealer.

Another process that can be performed by an embodiment of the system includes (1) receiving a modified financial variable, (2) comparing, for each of a plurality of customers, the customer's current financial terms for a financial arrangement related to a first product currently owned or leased by the customer with potential financial terms related to a second product comparable to the first product that would be available to the customer under a new financial arrangement, taking into account the modified financial variable, in order to determine whether the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, (3) generating, for each customer for which the comparing shows that the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, an alert comprising information identifying the customer and indicating the terms favorable to the customer under the new arrangement, and (4) transmitting the alerts to at least one dealer.

Advantageously, by performing the foregoing process, embodiments of the system are able to determine how changed financial variables affect whether customers can enter new financial arrangements with favorable terms. For example, this process can be used to generate alerts when a

55

65

new financial incentive, such as a manufacturer rebate or a dealership incentive, allows customers to enter new financial arrangements with favorable terms.

Advantageously, embodiments of the system are able to generate alerts related to a particular customer in real-time. This advantageous capability can be used to generate an alert when a customer enters a dealership, such as when a customer has taken his car to a dealership for service. Advantageously, in this embodiment, the alerts are generated in real-time, such that if favorable financial terms are available to the customer, 10 the dealer can attempt to sell a new product to the customer while the customer is still at the dealership. Accordingly, this embodiment can be used to drive increased sales. In accordance with the foregoing embodiment, the system performs a process including (1) receiving an identification of a cus- 15 tomer, (2) retrieving, in real-time, financial information regarding a current financial arrangement of the customer identified by the identification, wherein the current financial arrangement relates to a first product currently owned or leased by the identified customer, (3) comparing current 20 financial terms of the current financial arrangement with potential financial terms related to a second product comparable to the first product that would be available to the identified customer under a new financial arrangement in order to determine whether the new financial arrangement has terms 25 favorable to the identified customer, (4) generating an alert comprising information identifying terms favorable to the identified customer under the new financial arrangement if the comparing shows that the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the identified customer, and (5) transmit- ³⁰ ting the alert in real-time to at least one dealer.

Accordingly, the foregoing embodiments timely alert dealers regarding opportunities to sell new products to customers by identifying circumstances under which a customer can enter a new financial arrangement with terms favorable to the ³⁵ customer. This and other advantages of the foregoing embodiments will be apparent to a skilled artisan in light of this disclosure.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGS. 1A-1G illustrate an example deal sheet generated by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. 1H-1J illustrate formulae for calculating certain terms of financial arrangements, as used by one embodiment 45 of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. **1K-8** are example screen shots illustrating functionality of various embodiments of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. 9 and 10 illustrate an example deal sheet generated 50 by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. **11-33** are example screen shots illustrating functionality of various embodiments of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **34** is a block diagram illustrating how, in one embodiment of a financial alert generation system, internal data, external data, and historical data are used to generate one or more alerts.

FIG. **35** illustrates an example deal sheet generated by one 60 embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **36** is a flowchart that illustrates a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new lease or other financial arrangement, as performed by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **37** is a flowchart that illustrates another embodiment of a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new lease or other financial arrangement, as performed by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **38** is a flowchart that illustrates process for detecting and presenting a deal to a customer in real-time, as performed by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **39** is a block diagram that illustrates one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system attached to a computer network.

FIG. **40** is an example screen shot that illustrates a class selection feature of one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Embodiments of the system described herein may be used to assess the desirability of a new financial arrangement such as a replacement agreement. For example, in response to a customer's inquiry, a salesperson may use certain embodiments of the system to generate a deal sheet to determine whether replacement product and payments are acceptable to the client. In another example, certain embodiments of the system may generate notifications or alerts, which may advantageously indicate a potential replacement agreement satisfies certain parameters that indicate that the potential replacement agreement has terms favorable to the customer. Using these alerts, a person (such as a salesperson) may proactively contact a customer to offer the potential replacement agreement. To help manage client-contact-related tasks, certain embodiments may advantageously include contact management features.

Details regarding several illustrative preferred embodi-35 ments for implementing the system and method described herein are described below with reference to the figures. At times, features of certain embodiments are described below in accordance with that which will be understood or appreciated by a person of ordinary skill in the art to which the system and 40 method described herein pertain. For conciseness and readability, such a "person of ordinary skill in the art" is often referred to as a "skilled artisan."

It will be apparent to a skilled artisan, in light of this disclosure, that the system and method described herein can advantageously be implemented using computer software, hardware, firmware, or any combination of software, hardware, and firmware. In one embodiment, the system is implemented as a number of software modules that comprise computer executable code for performing the functions described herein. In one embodiment, the computer-executable code is executed on one or more general purpose computers. However, a skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that any module that can be implemented using software to be executed on a general purpose computer can also be implemented using a different combination of hardware, software, or firmware. For example, such a module can be implemented completely in hardware using a combination of integrated circuits. Alternatively or additionally, such a module can be implemented completely or partially using specialized computers designed to perform the particular functions described herein rather than by general purpose computers.

It will also be apparent to a skilled artisan, in light of this disclosure, that the modules described herein can be combined or divided. For example, a skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that any two or more modules can be combined into one module. Thus, referring to FIG. **39**, the information retrieval module **3930** and the financial terms

comparison module **3935** can be combined into a single module that performs the functions of both modules. Conversely, any one module can be divided into multiple modules. For example, the information retrieval module **3930** can be divided into multiple modules such that each individual module performs part of the functions of the information retrieval module **3930** and all of the modules collectively perform all such functions.

Similarly, a number of databases are described herein. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that 10 any two or more databases can be combined into one database and that any one database can be divided into multiple databases.

A skilled artisan will also appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that multiple distributed computing devices can be 1: substituted for any one computing device illustrated herein. In such distributed embodiments, the functions of the one computing device are distributed such that some functions are performed on each of the distributed computing devices.

The foregoing and other variations understood by a skilled 20 obtained. In some instances, the current product's manufacturer may have some or all of the information about the current agreement in a website from which the information may be obtained. That the invention is not limited to the described embodiments, certain embodiments are described below with reference to the drawings.

FIG. 1A illustrates an embodiment of a deal sheet 102, which may advantageously include a description of a client's current agreement (FIG. 1B), the client's contact information and a description of the replacement product (FIG. 1C), and a 30 comparison between the client's current agreement and one or more replacement agreements (FIG. 1D). Any suitable number of replacement agreement's may be displayed, including but not limited to one, two, three, four, five, six, or more replacement agreements. Any suitable number of lend- 35 ers for replacement agreements may be displayed, including but not limited to one, two, or more lenders. The replacement agreements may be for any suitable term, including but not limited to 36 months, 48 months, 60 months, or any other period. As illustrated, a replacement agreement's payment is 40 advantageously shown along with the difference between the client's current financial agreement's payment and the replacement agreement's payment. Thus, using the deal sheet, a salesperson may advantageously review a plurality of replacement agreements from a plurality of lenders.

FIGS. 1E, 1F, and 1G illustrate portions of an embodiment of a deal sheet. As illustrated in FIG. 1E, the text 104 indicates that the deal sheet is associated with an alert. Text 106 advantageously identifies information about the deal sheet. As illustrated, text 106 illustrates that it is a manager-level view of a 50 lease. In one embodiment, varying levels of detail from the detail sheet are shown to different persons accessing the system. Accordingly, the system may be advantageously used to customize varying views for the persons accessing the system to an appropriate level of detail. For example, a salesperson 55 may need less detail than a manager. In one embodiment, the system determines the identity, the employment position, or both to ascertain the level of detail to display to a user of the system. Although a lease is illustrated, the information displayed may be use for other agreements, such as a purchase 60 agreement. Text 108 may indicate that the alert is associated with a particular person (e.g., a salesperson) or a group of persons (e.g., a "house account" for some or all salespersons).

As illustrated in FIG. 1E, section **110** of the deal sheet includes information about the current product. The informa-55 tion about the current product may include any suitable information, including but not limited to a product identifier that

preferably uniquely identifies the product (e.g., a vehicle identification number or VIN or the like), a class identifier identifying a group of models, a series identifier identifying a particular model, a model year, a make. a model, or the like. The information about the current product may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), the current product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the current product (e.g., the local car dealership that sold the current product or the like), an online database of transactions, or the like. The information about the current product may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, the local car dealership that sold the current product may have some or all of the information about the current product in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the current product's manufacturer may have some or all of the information about the current agreement in a website from which the information may be obtained.

As illustrated in FIG. 1E, section 112 includes information information, including but not limited to the date the agreement started, the date the agreement ends, the original capitalized cost (or amount financed), the end of term residual (or deferred) payment, the term of the agreement, a base periodic payment (which may be pre tax in certain states), an actual periodic payment (which may be post-tax in certain states), the payoff amount (e.g., the amount owed to the lender to satisfy the agreement), a date until which the lender will accept the payoff amount in satisfaction of the agreement (e.g., a date representing the end of a ten-day period or other suitable period), a trade-in value associated with the product under the agreement. a trade equity (e.g., the trade-in value less the payoff amount), and a security deposit (if any) held by the lender. In one embodiment, the trade-in value is an average of trade-in values over a suitable period, which values may be obtained from one or more suitable sources. In one embodiment, values over a ten-year period are obtained from an online auction website and grouped by a suitable geographic region. In one embodiment, the trade-in value is 45 manually adjustable. Trade-in values may be selected from any suitable location, including but not limited to one or more car dealerships. In one embodiment, trade-in values may have associated assumptions (e.g., mileage, condition, or the like). Of course, any suitable method for calculating a trade-in value may be used. The term "trade-in value" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. As illustrated in FIG. 1E, section 114 includes additional information concerning the current agreement, including the number of payments the client has made under the agreement, the number of payments remaining under the agreement, the number of times (if any) the client has made late payments (including payments 30 days late, 60 days late, 90 days late, or the like), and the total of remaining payments and any additional fees to conclude the agreement as scheduled under the agreement.

The information about the current agreement (e.g., FIG. 1E) may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to the lender that financed the current agreement, a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), the current product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the current product (e.g., the local car dealership

that sold the current product or the like), an online database of transactions, or the like. The information about the current agreement may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static 5 addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, the local car dealership that sold the current product may have some or all of the information about the current agreement in a software system from which the information 10 may be obtained. In some instances, the current product's manufacturer may have some or all of the information about the current product in a website from which the information may be obtained.

As illustrated in FIG. 1F, the text 120 indicates that the deal 15 sheet is provided by a particular car dealership. Text 122 indicates the client for whom the deal sheet was created. Section 124 includes information contact information for the client. such as the client's name, address, and telephone numbers. The information about the client may be obtained from 20 any suitable resource, including but not limited to a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), the current product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the current product (e.g., the local car dealership that sold the current product or the like), an online database of transactions, or the 25 like. The information about the client may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat 30 file, or the like). In some instances, the local car dealership that sold the current product may have some or all of the information about the client in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the current product's manufacturer may have some or all of the 35 information about the client in a website from which the information may be obtained.

As illustrated in FIG. 1F, section 126 may include any suitable information about the replacement product, including but not limited to a class identifier identifying a group of 40 models, a series identifier identifying a particular model, a model year, a make, a model, a selling price associated with the product (e.g., an average selling price), the trade equity value illustrated in section 112 (FIG. 1E), a subsidy amount (if any) the seller of the replacement product would be willing 45 to accept below the selling price associated with the product, the total selling price (or capitalized cost) on the replacement product including any equity and including sales tax (if any), sales tax (if any), and the total amount financed including trade equity and sales tax. The information about the replace- 5 ment product may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), to the replacement product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the replacement product (e.g., a local dealership), an online database of transactions, 55 or the like. The information about the replacement product may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of 60 data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, a local car dealership may have some or all of the information about the replacement product in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the replacement product's manufacturer may have some or all 65 of the information about the replacement product in a website from which the information may be obtained.

8

As illustrated in FIG. 1G, the section headings 130 indicate the names of the lenders associated with the replacement agreements shown under the section headings 130. Any suitable information about the replacement agreements may be displayed, including but not limited to a contract term (e.g., 36 months, 48 months, 60 months, or the like), the type of agreement (e.g., lease, purchase, deferred payment), a residual or deferred payment amount, a capitalized cost or amount financed, a money factor or interest rate charged on the replacement agreement, a periodic payment associated with the replacement agreement, and difference (e.g., text 134) between the client's periodic payment under the current agreement (e.g., text 116 in FIG. 1E) and the payment under the replacement agreement (e.g., text 132). For one of the illustrated replacements agreements, text 134 indicates that the replacement agreement's payment is twelve dollars less than the current agreement's payment. In one embodiment, the actual replacement agreement that the client enters may differ from those displayed in the FIG. 1G; for example, upon review of the current product, particular values (e.g., a tradein value or selling price) may be adjusted higher or lower for any suitable reason. Accordingly, a deal sheet may advantageously display an indication that the values on the deal sheet are estimates.

The information about the replacement agreements (FIG. 1G) may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to the lenders offering financing for the replacement agreement, the replacement product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the replacement product (e.g., a local dealership), an online database of transactions, or the like. The information about the replacement agreement may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, a local car dealership may have some or all of the information about the replacement agreement in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the replacement product's manufacturer may have some or all of the information about the replacement agreement in a website from which the information may be obtained.

In the example illustrated in FIG. 1G. the replacement agreements are leases; however, replacement agreements may be any suitable type of agreement, including but not limited to a lease agreement, a deferred or balloon agreement, a purchase agreement, or the like. The term "agreement" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 1H illustrates one embodiment of a lease payment formula; however, any suitable lease payment formula may be used. The term "lease" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 11 illustrates one embodiment of a deferred or balloon payment formula; however, any suitable deferred or balloon payment formula may be used. The term "deferred" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. The term "balloon" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 1J illustrates one embodiment of a purchase payment formula; however, any suitable purchase payment formula may be used. The term "purchase" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein.

A general architecture that implements the various features of embodiments of the invention will now be described with reference to drawings. The drawings and the associated descriptions are provided to illustrate embodiments of the invention and not to limit the scope of the invention.

Certain figures illustrate various views of a system, which may be displayed to a user of the system and which the user may access, review, use, or any suitable combination thereof. Some or all of these views may be used with any other suitable views. In one embodiment, the system uses a hypertext inter- 10 face, such as HTML, MICROSOFT[™] Active Server Pages, or the like. In one embodiment, the system is accessed via a secure system, such as a local area network or the like. For example, the system may be hosted using an in-house server with one or more local computers. However, any network 15 may be used, including wide area networks, the Internet, or the like. Further, the system may be implemented using one or more computers.

As described with respect to some embodiments herein, persons employed at an automobile dealership use the sys- 20 tem; however, other suitable uses are contemplated outside of the automobile context. Further, although in some embodiments particular features are described with reference to a salesperson and a management person, any persons may use some or all aspects of the embodiments of the system. 25

FIG. 1K illustrates an internet browser that has buttons 101 advantageously used to access functions of various embodiments.

FIG. 2 illustrates an initial log in screen in which a user enters a username and password into fields 201 to gain autho- 30 rized access to the system.

When the user accesses the system, an initial view screen is advantageously displayed as illustrated in FIG. 3. The screen advantageously displays the name 302 of the person associated with the username and password. In the instance illus- 35 trated in FIG. 3, the person is a salesperson. The system may advantageously associate the salesperson with clients. Any suitable association with clients may be used. For example, the clients may include but are not limited to persons to whom the salesperson may have sold an automobile, persons to 40 whom the salesperson has been assigned by a supervisor, other persons, or any suitable combination thereof. Thus, by managing the salesperson-client associations, the system may advantageously be used to limit the client data that a salesperson may view to the associated clients.

FIG. 3 illustrates contact management entries 300, which advantageously may include client information, transaction information, or any other suitable information associated with clients. A client may have an entry associated with the client's current automobile transaction, as illustrated by hyperlinks 304 that display the client name and one or more associated automobile identifiers (e.g., make, model, year, or the like). In response to selecting one of the hyperlinks 304, a contact management view associated with the client is displayed, as described below. In one embodiment, contact man- 55 agement entries may advantageously be associated with a particular date. Contract management entries may advantageously be displayed and grouped according to one or more dates. In another embodiment, new contact management entries are displayed. The displayed entries may display any 60 suitable parameter in the system, including but not limited to a stage in the contact management process, items associated with a particular date, tasks associated with a particular date, actions taken during the contact management process, or the like. In one embodiment, the contact management entries 65 may be used to schedule and track tasks associated with contact management. The user may advantageously scroll

10

down through this area and view tasks that have scheduled for future follow up. In one embodiment, a contact management entry is associated with a deal sheet. In one embodiment, when a new deal sheet is generated, an associated contact management entry is also created. The system may generate deal sheets or contact management entries at any suitable time. In one embodiment, the system generates a deal sheet and an associated contact management entry when the system receives an update of information used to calculate replacement agreements that are advantageously displayed in deal sheets. In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated periodically (e.g., weekly). In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated dynamically. In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated substantially continuously. In one embodiment, when a new deal sheet is calculated, the prior deal sheet is retained and accessible through the client's history accessible through a contact management entry or the like. In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated in response to a user request. In an embodiment wherein one or more deal sheet parameters are customizable (e.g., a rebate amount or the like), a person may alter the one or more parameters and review the number and types of deal sheets generated (e.g., how many alerts). Categories of deal sheets include, but are not limited to, an "alert," a "sale," an "expired alert," and a "lease ending."

As illustrated in FIG. 3, a user may choose to customize the display of the contact management entries by filtering entries, sorting entries, ordering entries, ranking entries, or any suitable combination thereof. Although particular parameters are illustrated in FIG. 3, any suitable parameter in the system may be used as a reference for customization. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 306 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to a particular combination of sale or transaction types associated with a client, such as a lease, a retail sale, a balloon, or the like. For example, a client may have an existing lease of an automobile or may have purchased an automobile and is currently making payments. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 308 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to a category of deal sheets associated with a client, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. In one embodiment, an alert comprises a deal sheet that fits into one or more parameters. For example, in one embodiment, an alert comprises a deal sheet in which a replacement agreement for an associated replacement product has an associated payment 45 within 10% of a payment associated with the client's current agreement. Any suitable range may be used. For example, the range could be set from at any value from 1% to 200% or more than 200%. In one embodiment, a lease ending deal sheet comprises a deal sheet for a client whose current agreement is a lease and that lease will end within a specified time (e.g., near the end of the lease). In one embodiment, a lease ending deal sheet comprises a deal sheet for a client whose lease will end in 6 months, 180 days, or the like. Any suitable time prior to the end of the client's lease may be used to identify a lease ending deal sheet. Accordingly, the contact management entries may be queried for leases ending within a specific period. In one embodiment, the display of entries may be ordered to view contact management entries associated with lease ending deal sheets beginning with those furthest from maturity or beginning with the leases which will end soonest. In one embodiment, an "expired alert" deal sheet comprises a deal sheet that was previously within one or more parameters associated with an alert, but no longer is because one or more parameter values changed. The expired alert deal sheet advantageously provides a reference point as sales associates continue to communicate with their clients. In one embodiment, a "sale" deal sheet comprises a deal sheet that is a

default category that is not an alert, a lease ending, or an expired alert. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 310 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to those at one or more particular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a telephone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. Entering one or more words into field 312 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to those 10 including those words. For example, if the user wanted to see only entries associated with a particular model of car, the user could enter the particular model of car into field 312. Similarly, to view entries associated with a client having a particular name, the user could enter the name into field 312. In one 13 embodiment, to view the customized display of contact management entries, button 314 is selected. In one embodiment, radio buttons or other suitable graphical user interface elements (not shown) associated with data fields in the system may be used to sort the contact management entries. 20

FIG. 4 illustrates an embodiment of the display shown in FIG. 3 in which the hyperlink 402 is selected. In response to the selection of hyperlink 402, a contact management view 500 is displayed as illustrated in FIG. 5. Text 501 identifies the name of client associated with hyperlink 402. The client name 25 and vehicle descriptor is also shown in text 502. Listbox 503 displays the owner of the entry (e.g., a salesperson assigned to the client). Listbox 504 indicates the current stage in the contact management process. In one embodiment, a user may select a stage and save the newly selected stage in the system. 30 Listbox 505 indicates a priority associated with the contact management process. In one embodiment, a user may select a priority and save the newly selected priority in the system. Priorities may advantageously indicate whether specific contact must take place, should take place, or is not needed. In 35 one embodiment, an icon, text, or the like (not shown) is advantageously displayed adjacent entries 304 (FIG. 3) to indicate an associated priority. Any suitable icon, color, or text may be used to indicate different priorities. In one embodiment, a different colored icon is associated with each 40 priority. Listbox 506 indicates a status associated with the contact management process. For example, the user may record contact management-related actions taken for the client by selecting a particular status from the list box 506, which displays a list of selectable statuses 601 (FIG. 6). In one 45 embodiment, a user may select a status and save the newly selected status in the system. A status may indicate, for example, that the salesperson called the client and left a message, called the client and set an appointment, or the like. Field 507 allows text to be entered and subsequently stored 50 for display in history list 508. Selection of listbox 510 allows a user to select a time from list 702 (FIG. 7A). Selection button 512 allows a user to select a date displayed in a calendar view 708 (FIG. 7B), where selection of a date from the calendar view 708 causes the date to appear in field 514. The 55 user may also enter a date directly into field 514. The dates and times may be advantageously used to schedule future activities such as a future call, or an appointment set. The history log may advantageously record a user's use of the contact management screen, list what deal sheet calculations 60 and generations the system has performed, and show any saved remarks. In one embodiment, newly generated contact management entries are associated with a "new" stage indication. A salesperson may advantageously use view 500 to track contact with the client through various contact stages, to 65 document appointments made, and schedule future contacts. In one embodiment, a status change will advantageously be

recorded in history section **508**. In one embodiment, when the save button is selected, the information from view **500** is logged into the history section as a separate line showing the date the entries were made along with the information entered.

FIG. 8 illustrates an embodiment of the contact management view from FIG. 5 in which remarks are entered the field 507 and then stored in the history view. When a view button 802 is selected, a deal sheet view 902 (FIG. 9) is displayed. When a print button 803 is selected, a deal sheet formatted for printing is displayed.

FIG. 9 illustrates the deal sheet 902. A deal sheet may include some or all of the data displayed in deal sheet or any other suitable data. Thus, a deal sheet showing a different set of data is shown in FIG. 9. For example, FIG. 10 illustrates a view of a deal sheet highlighting the client's current transaction. Although a particular presentation is illustrated in FIG. 9, a deal sheet may use any suitable presentation and, thus, may be configured to show the data in a variety of ways, whether similar to or not similar to that shown in FIG. 9. A user may browse from a displayed deal sheet to the contact management view (FIG. 11). For example, after calling a client and discussing the displayed deal sheet, a salesperson may wish to access the contract management view to update the current status of the contact management process.

FIG. 12 illustrates an internet browser that has buttons 1201 advantageously used to access functions in various embodiments. FIG. 13 illustrates an initial log in screen in which a user enters a username and password into fields 1201 to gain authorized access to the system. When the user accesses the system, an initial view 1400 is advantageously displayed as illustrated in FIG. 14. The view 1400 advantageously displays the name of the person associated with the username and password. In the instance illustrated in FIG. 14, the person is a manager.

Using the view 1400, the manager may customize the data displayed in view by filtering data, sorting data, ordering data, ranking data, or any suitable combination thereof. Although particular parameters are illustrated in FIG. 14, any suitable parameter in the system may be used as a reference for customization. Entering one or more words into field 1401 may be used to limit the displayed data to those including those words. For example, if the user wanted to see only entries associated with a particular car name, model, make, or year, the user could enter some or all of those into field 1401. Similarly, to view entries associated with a client having a particular name, the user could enter the name into field 1401. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 1402 may be used to limit the displayed data to a particular combination of sale or transaction types associated with a client, such as a lease, a retail sale, a balloon, or the like. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 1403 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to a category of deal sheets associated with a client, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 1404 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to those at one or more particular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a telephone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. For example, the user can see all of the new deal sheets calculated, those that are scheduled to receive a call, appointments set, and so on. Selecting the sort radio buttons 1405 may be used to sort the data in a variety of ways such as follow up date, by prospect or client, by maturity date as in when the term of the purchase or lease will expire, and by series of vehicle. Select-

ing radio buttons **1406** may be used to view the data in ascending or descending order. After configuring the filtering, sorting, and ordering functions, the search button **1407** may be selected to see data associated with the selected the parameters. For example, FIG. **15A** illustrates an example of search criteria, including a particular client name, and FIG. **15B** illustrates the results of that search. In one embodiment, to view data associated with a particular salesperson, a hyperlink (e.g., hyperlink **1408**) is selected. The hyperlink may advantageously display the name of the salesperson.

Any screens suitable for performing administrative functions may be used in connection with the system. These screens may be used to maintain and manage information used to perform the calculations within the system. For example, FIG. 16 illustrates a reports generator screen. 15 Selecting hyperlink 1602 opens an average selling price screen 1701.

Using screen 1702, the user may view a display of costs associated with some or all of a set of car models. In one embodiment, the set comprises a set of available car models 20 offered by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 1706). The "active series" designation indicates the series which may be displayed in the display of costs. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-25 arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to the other. Checkboxes 1710 may be used to select the data to be displayed, including but not limited to a series or model identifier, a replacement series identifier, a base price, a delivery charge, a sunroof package, automatic transmission, metallic paint, other costs associated with the financing or price of automotive-related features, or any other suitable costs. A submit button 1714 is selected to display the data in a report 1802 (FIG. 18), which may advantageously be used to evaluate the average selling price information the 35 system uses to calculate the deal sheets. In one embodiment, the average selling price information the system uses to calculate the deal sheets may be edited or entered manually. Accordingly, the report 1802 advantageously allows a person to review the average selling price information used by the 40 system determine whether to edit that information.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1604 opens a bank rate screen 1902 (FIG. 19). Using screen 1902, the user may view a display of financing rates associated with some or all of a set of car models. The "active series" designation 45 indicate the series which may be displayed in the display of financing rates. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to 50 the other. In one embodiment, the set comprises a set of available car models offered by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 1908). In one embodiment, the user may limit the financing rates displayed to those rates offered by one or more financial institutions. For example, listbox 1912 may be used 55 to select a financial institution. In response to selecting button 1916 A submit button 1912 is selected to display the data in a report 2002 (FIG. 20), which may advantageously evaluate the financing rates used in the system. The report 2002 advantageously may include financing rate information, including a 60 model identifier, the duration of the term, a money factor, a residual percentage, and MRM. A model identifier may be advantageously used to associate a rate residual with a particular model because rates and residuals may vary by model. The duration of the term is the length of the agreement. The 65 money factor comprises a leasing interest rate or APR of the lease. The residual percentage comprises the portion of the

original selling price that the financing company expects the product to be worth at the end of the lease or purchase. MRM is a maximum residual amount used that may be used for calculating payoffs.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1606 opens a mailing list screen 2102 (FIG. 21). Using screen 2102, the user may view a display of client-related, contact information associated with some or all of a set of clients. In an embodiment where sets of clients are associated with one or more 10 salespersons, the display of the client-related, contact information may be displayed for one or more selected salespersons. The "active sales associate" designation indicate the sales associates which may be displayed in the display of the client-related, contact information. To move one or more sales associates from one sales associates box to the other, the sales associates may be selected and the appropriate singlearrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one sales associates box to the other. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the column-displayed, client-related, contact information to particular parameters, including but not limited to names, organization name, addresses, city, state, zip, home telephone, work telephone, mobile telephone, or the like. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the displayed client-related contact information to a category of deal sheets associated with a client, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the displayed client-related contact information to those at one or more particular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a telephone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. A submit button 2116 is selected to display the data in a report 2202 (FIG. 22), which may advantageously to view list of the client-related, contact information.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1608 opens a salesperson screen 2302 (FIG. 23). Using screen 2302, the user may view a display of information associated with some or all of a set of salespersons. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the column-displayed salesperson information, which may include but is not limited to a salesperson identifier, a username, a password, an email address, or the like. A submit button 2316 is selected to display the data in a report 2402 (FIG. 24), which may advantageously to review a display of the salesperson information.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1610 opens a subsidy screen 2502 (FIG. 25). Using screen 2502, the user may view a display of information associated with subsidies (e.g., rebates, discounts, promotions, or the like) associated with some or all of a set of car models. The "active series" designation indicate the series which may be displayed in the display of financing rates. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to the other. In one embodiment, the set comprises a set of available car models offered by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 2508). A submit button 2516 is selected to display the data in a report 2602 (FIG. 26), which may advantageously to assess one or more models and any associated subsidies. In one embodiment, the system uses the subsidies to create deal sheets.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1612 opens a task stage by task owner screen 2702 (FIG. 27). Using screen 2702, the user may view a display of contact management task information associated with some or all of a set of task owners (e.g., a salesperson). In an embodiment where set tasks are associated with one or more salespersons, the display of the task information may be displayed for one or more selected salespersons. The "active sales associate" designation indicate the sales associates which may be displayed in the display of the client-related, contact information. To move one or more sales associates from one sales associates box to the other, the sales associates may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one sales 10 associates box to the other. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the task information to a category of deal sheets, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the task information columns displayed to those at one or more par- 15 ticular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a telephone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. In an embodiment where the task 20 information is associated with a particular date, a range of one or more dates may be entered into one or more of the start field and finish field using any suitable method, including but not limited to manual entry or using calendar buttons in a manner substantially similar to that described above with respect to 25 calendar view 708 (FIG. 7B) and field 514 (FIG. 5). A submit button 2716 is selected to display the task information in a report 2802 (FIG. 28). As illustrated in FIG. 28, report 2802 advantageously displays each selected salesperson with a total number of tasks for the sales person, a subtotal of tasks 30 at each particular stage for the sales person, and an associated percentage relative to the total number of tasks for the particular stage and sales person. In one embodiment, report 2802 may include totals by any suitable group, including by 35 division, type of sales, organization, or the like.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1616 opens a trade-in history screen 2902 (FIG. 29). Using screen 2902, the user may view a history of trade-in values associated with some or all of a set of car models. The "active series" designation indicate the series which may be displayed in the 40 display of financing rates. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to the other. In one embodiment, the set of car models 45 advantageously used to assess the potential replacement comprises a set of car models accepted as a trade-in by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 2908). The user may view a history of trade-in values associated with some or all of a set of dates. The "active trade-in date" designation indicate the trade-in dates which may be displayed in the display of 50 financing rates. To move one or more trade-in dates from one trade-in dates box to the other, the trade-in dates may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one trade-in dates box to the other. In one embodiment, 55 the set of dates comprises a set of dates on which a particular car dealership accepted particular models accepted as a tradein (e.g., list 2916). Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the column-displayed trade-in information, which may include but is not limited to a vehicle identification number, 60 the trade-in amount, an auction price, and a dealer adjustment. The dealer adjustments are those figures where the dealer can actually make changes to the average trade in value. These values are subsequently put into and become part of the calculations. A submit button 2924 is selected to 65 display the + information in a report 3002 (FIG. 30), which may be used to evaluate the trade-in values used by the sys-

tem. In one embodiment, a trade-in value, adjustment, or other parameter value associated with a particular current product may be manually altered (e.g., receive user input) to customize that parameter value. In one embodiment, any parameter value associated with a particular replacement product may be manually altered (e.g., receive user input) to customize that parameter value.

FIG. 31 illustrates an embodiment wherein money factor, residual percentage, or both may be altered for one or more replacement products and for one or more suitable replacement agreement terms (e.g., 36 months, 48 months, 60 months, or the like). Accordingly, a person may enter suitable values to update such values in the system. In one embodiment, these changes are advantageously reflected in view 2002 (FIG. 20).

FIG. 32 illustrates an embodiment wherein money factor, residual percentage, both may be altered for one or more replacement products. Accordingly, a person may enter suitable values to update such values in the system. In one embodiment, these changes are advantageously reflected in view 2602 (FIG. 26).

FIG. 33 illustrates a display of contact management related activities for one or more accounts (e.g., a house account, a salesperson account, or the like), a group of one or more accounts, or both.

FIG. 34 illustrates one embodiment in which internal data, external data, and historical data are used to generate one or more alerts. The external data comprises trade-in data, payoff amount data, money factor data, and residual data. The internal data comprises rebates and adjustments, average selling price data, and sales effort results data. Management reports, alert lists, and deal sheets are advantageously provided. Further, a sales associate may access the system via a sales associate interface and a manager may access the system from an interface.

FIG. 35 illustrates an embodiment of a deal sheet. As illustrated in FIG. 35, deal sheet may have one, two, three, or more types of agreements (e.g., lease, balloon, retail purchase, or the like). Further, different types of agreements may have the same or different sets of parameters displayed in the deal sheet

In one embodiment, a server computer collects information agreement, including but not limited to automobile trade-in values. The server computer may reside in any suitable location, including but not limited to a location remote from a dealership.

In one embodiment, when a client with a current agreement visits a dealership, information sufficient to identify the client is provided to the system. For example, in one embodiment, the current product's vehicle identification number is entered into the system. In response, a deal sheet or an alert sheet associated with the client's current agreement may advantageously be created. In one embodiment, a notification is automatically sent to one or more persons at the dealership. Thus, persons at a dealership may proactively offer the client with potential replacement agreements. For example, in one embodiment, when a client visits a dealership for car maintenance, a car maintenance system may automatically communicate with the system to generate a notification to a salesperson.

In some embodiments, a replacement product may comprise one or more automobiles among the dealership's new or pre owned inventory. a new car offered by a manufacturer, or an automobile from any other suitable provider.

In some instances, the lease or contract-ending customers may advantageously be directed to a contract-ending specialist who can adjust the parameters on the remaining months left.

In one embodiment, a manager or sales representative may advantageously adjust the rebates and finance parameters to change when a deal sheet is considered an alert. Thus, a person may try various scenarios and view the results. For example, if an automobile dealership is considering a \$1,000 rebate for a certain model of automobile, a manager could 10 enter the \$1,000 rebate into the system and then evaluate the number of new alerts generated by this rebate. Similarly, the manager could view the results from altering the interest rate, money factor, or any other suitable parameter associated with an alert.

In one embodiment, the alerts will be integrated into an enterprise software system that tracks client-customer contact, facilitates outreach, facilitates follow through, or the like. For example, in one embodiment, the alerts are integrated into a Customer Relationship Manager system that 20 will function with one or more aspects of the daily working of an automotive dealership to include sales representatives, business development centers, call centers, lease termination departments, managers, finance departments and service departments. Thus, interaction with various aspects of these 25 systems may advantageously trigger a notification of a potential replacement contract. For example, when a call center receives a call from the client, the call center's system would preferably access the alert aspects of the system and, if an alert was associated with the client, the call center's system 30 would be automatically notified. In one embodiment, a person may be notified of new alerts, lease endings, or the like via a pop-up screen, an email, or the like. In one embodiment, a person may be notified of new alerts, lease endings, or the like via a wireless transmitter (e.g., PDA, cellular phone), a wired 35 transmission (e.g., telephone), or any suitable method. Any suitable person may receive such notifications.

In some embodiments, the system uses internal data, external data, or both. In one embodiment, the internal data comprises rebates, adjustments, average selling prices, historical 44 sales data. In one embodiment, the external data comprises trade-in values, payoff values, money factors, and residual. In one embodiment, alerts are provided to any suitable person, including but not limited to outbound marketers (e.g., telephone or the like), salespersons, managers, or the like.

In some embodiments, additional fees (e.g., license fee, bank acquisition fee, or the like) may be required in addition to the replacement product payments. In some embodiments, the payments calculated for a replacement product includes fees (e.g., delivery charge, fuel-economy tax) related to the 5 replacement agreement. The replacement product may have any suitable combination of features financed in its payment. In one embodiment, the replacement product includes a set of predetermined features. In one embodiment, a set of predetermined features includes automatic transmission, sunroof 55 package, and metallic paint.

In one embodiment, a current product is associated in the system with one or more replacement products. Accordingly, when the system executes a process to generate a deal sheet, the system determines the one or more replacement products 60 associated with the current product and displays a deal sheet for those one or more replacement products. Associations may be made in any suitable manner, including but not limited to a database, a data file, or the like. In one embodiment, a particular make, model, and year of an automobile may be 65 associated with one or more other combinations of make, model, and year. In this embodiment, when the system

executes a process to generate a deal sheet, the system identifies the make, model, and year of the current product and display a deal sheet with associated combinations of make, model, and year. In one embodiment, these associations are entered manually into the system for general use (e.g., a manager determines that customers generally would accept particular types of replacement products for certain types of current products). Any suitable way of determining what replacement products to display may be used. For example, where a client requests a particular make, model, and year. the system may advantageously receive that particular make, model, and year and display a corresponding deal sheet. Although automobiles may be categorized using make, model, series, class, year, or the like, any suitable category, classification, or grouping of automobile may be used to create associations for a client's current automobile and a replacement automobile. Further, for current products or replacement products, any category, classification, or grouping may be used to association current products with replacement products.

In one embodiment, when the system executes a process to generate a deal sheet (e.g., for an alert), the system identifies one or more replacement products associated with the current product and determines whether a payment associated with the replacement agreements is less than or equal to a certain threshold percentage value relative to a payment associated with the current agreement. For example, in one embodiment where the threshold percentage value is 10 percent, if a client leases a first automobile at \$500 a month and a second associated automobile is available for lease at \$550 a month, the system would generate an alert because the second automobile's payment is within 10%. Any suitable threshold percentage value may be used. In one embodiment, the threshold value is 5%. The threshold percentage value may be between and including 3% and 10%. Of course, the threshold percentage value may be at or about any suitable value. Further, this comparison of payments may be used to generate an alert alone, in combination with associations among products within the system, or in combination with any other suitable parameters. Further, alerts may be generated without reference to a comparison of payments.

In one embodiment, a local distributor tracks the identity of a person that sold the client the current product, and the system uses that information to route one or more alerts 45 related to that client's current product to the person. In one embodiment, any suitable person may receive an alert.

As will be apparent to a skilled artisan in light of the foregoing disclosure, the system disclosed herein perform a number of useful processes for alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new and advantageous lease or other financial arrangement. Advantageously, providing such information to a dealership in a timely fashion can drive a significant number of sales and leasing arrangements for a dealership. Accordingly, embodiments as described herein allow for the automated performance of a number of processes that can significantly increase dealership profits. Embodiments of such processes are described below with regard to FIGS. 36 through 38.

FIG. 36 illustrates a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new lease or other financial arrangement. Such a process 3600 commences with a block 3610. In the block 3610, the process 3600 retrieves customer information, financing information, and product information. Preferably, such customer information and financing information includes information about any leases or other financial arrangements that each customer is already involved in, along with information about financial arrangements currently available from financial institutions. Accordingly, such information provides a basis for allowing the process **3600** to compare current financial arrangements with potential financial arrangements to determine whether a customer can switch to an advantageous financial arrangement. In one ⁵ embodiment, an automated information retrieval module, such as the information retrieval module **3930** of FIG. **39**, automatically retrieves the customer and financial information from various electronic sources, such as, for example, public and private web pages, databases maintained by a ¹⁰ dealership, external databases, and the like. A number of techniques for automatically retrieving such information are known to skilled artisans and can be employed to implement the information retrieval module **3930**. ¹⁵

In a block 3620, the process 3600 compares each customer's current financial terms with potential financial terms being offered by financial institutions. Preferably, the comparison block 3620 takes into account all available financial variables that affect whether a customer can advantageously 20 switch financial arrangements, including, for example, interest rates, payoff periods, amount due on the current financial arrangement, any dealer or manufacturer incentives currently available, and the like. The foregoing list of financial variables is exemplary and non-exhaustive; a skilled artisan will 25 appreciate, in light of this disclosure, other financial variables that are relevant, under some circumstances, for determining whether a customer can advantageously switch financial arrangements. In one embodiment, a financial terms comparison module, such as the financial terms comparison module 3935 of FIG. 39, performs the processing of the block 3620.

In a block 3630, the process 3600 generates, based on the comparison of the block 3620, a number of alerts to inform a dealership that a customer can advantageously switch financial arrangements. In one embodiment, the process 3600 gen- 35 erates an alert whenever the difference between the amount that a customer will pay for a new but comparable financial arrangement as compared to the customer's current financial arrangement is below a threshold value. For example, in one embodiment, the process 3600 generates an alert whenever 40 the difference in payment amount is less 10%, such that, for example, an alert is generated when a new payment amount would be \$540 and a current payment amount is \$500. Alternatively, the process 3600 can be configured to generate an alert only when the difference between a new payment 45 amount and a current payment amount is negative; that is, when the new payment amount is less than the current payment amount. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that a wide variety of thresholds can be set depending on the particular types of sales opportunities that a 50 dealer wants to know about. In one embodiment, the processing of the block 3630 is performed by the financial terms comparison module 3935. Alternatively, as will be apparent to a skilled artisan, the processing of the block 3630 can be performed by a separate module, such as, for example, an 55 alert generation module.

In a block **3640**, the process **3600** transmits the generated alerts to a dealership. Advantageously, the transmission of alerts informs the dealership of sales opportunities that may provide to the dealership a significant opportunity to boost 60 profits. As will be apparent from the description of the system provided above, the alerts can be transmitted by email, pager, web page, database record, fax, or any other known method of transmitting electronic data. In one embodiment, the processing of the block **3640** is performed by an alert transmission 65 module, such as, for example, the alert transmission module **3940** of FIG. **39**.

Though additional blocks are not illustrated by FIG. **36**, it will be apparent to a skilled artisan in light of this disclosure that the dealer can invoke additional processing of the alerts once the dealer has received the alerts. For example, the dealer can invoke the contact management and task management functions as have been described herein. Accordingly, in addition to alerting the dealer, embodiments of the system can perform a number of processes for managing alerts. Advantageously, such alert management provides dealers an effective way to follow up with each alert in a way that maximized the dealer's chances to convert an alert of a potential sale into an actual sale.

FIG. **37** illustrates another embodiment of a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new lease or other financial arrangement. In this embodiment, in a block **3710**, the process **3700** receives at least one modified financial variable. For example, in one embodiment, the process **3700** may receive a financial variable that indicates that a dealer rebate has increased from \$500 to \$1,000.

Based on the new information, the process 3700 executes much of the same processing that was explained with regard to FIG. 36 in order to generate alerts that take into account the newly entered information. Advantageously, therefore, the process 3700 can be used by a dealer to answer questions such as "How many customers could be switched to a new financial arrangement if we increase the dealer incentive to \$1,000?" In one embodiment, the modified financial variables received in the block 3710 are received by an automated process such as the information retrieval module 3930. In another embodiment, the modified variables are entered manually using a data entry module, such as, for example, the data entry, module 3925 of FIG. 39. Advantageously, allowing for manual entry allows for great flexibility in allowing a dealership to change variables over which the dealership has control in order to determine whether new sales opportunities can be generated.

As indicated, the process **3700** performs much of the same processing that is performed by the process **3600**. In a block **3720**, the process **3700** compares current financial terms to potential financial terms, substantially as explained with respect to the block **3620**. In a block **3730**, the process **3700** generates alerts, substantially as explained with respect to the block **3630**. In a block **3740**, the process **3700** transmits the alerts, substantially as explained with respect to the block **3640**.

Advantageously, one embodiment of the system can be used to determine, in real time, whether a deal can be presented to a customer, while the customer is, for example, in a dealership showroom. FIG. 38 illustrates such a process for detecting and presenting a deal to a customer in real-time. The process 3800 commences, in a block 3810, to receive a potential customer identification. In one embodiment, a potential customer identification, such as, for example, a customer number, can be entered manually into the system using the data entry module 3925. In a block 3820, the process 3800 retrieves the potential customer's financial information in real-time. In a block 3830, the process 3800 compares the current financial terms of the financial arrangements associated with the identified potential customer with potential financial terms for comparable financial arrangements, substantially as explained with regard to the block 3620. In a block 3840, the process 3800 generates alerts, substantially as explained with regard to the block 3630. In a block 3850, the process 3800 transmits the alerts, substantially as explained with regard to the block 3640. In a block 3860, the dealership uses the transmitted alert to present a deal to the potential customer. Advantageously, the entire process 3800 occurs while the potential customer is still in the presence of the dealer, giving the dealer a higher probability to derive increased sales based on the alerts.

FIG. 39 illustrates a financial terms alert generation system attached to a computer network, according to one embodiment of the system described herein. A financial terms alert generation system 3905 comprises financing information 3910, customer information 3915, product information 3920, a data entry module 3925, an information retrieval module 3930, a financial terms comparison module 3935, and an alert 10 transmission module 3940. The financial terms alert generation system 3905 is preferably connected, via a computer network 3945, to external financing information 3950, external customer information 3955, external product information 3960, and at least one dealer terminal 3965. In some embodi- 15 ments, the financing information 3910, customer information 3915, and product information 3920 does not exist permanently within the financial terms alert generation system, but is retrieved from external sources 3950, 3955, and 3960, as needed. In other embodiments, at least portions of the financ- 20 ing information 3910, the customer information 3915, and product information 3920 is stored permanently within the financial terms alert generation system 3905 to provide local storage and caching of data. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that the illustrated storage and 25 modules can be distributed across multiple network hosts rather than being centralized in one location.

In one embodiment, the data entry module 3925 is configured to receive input from a user to enter or modify data stored in the financing information 3910, the customer information 3 3915, the product information 3920, the external financing information 3950, the external customer information 3955, or the external product information 3960. In general, the data entry module 3925 is not used for a large percentage of data entry, because the information retrieval module 3930 gener- 35 ally automatically retrieves information from sources available on the network 3945. However, advantageously the data entry module 3925 provides a manual tool for entering data for cases in which a user desires to fine tune the information stored in the databases. For example, in certain cases, a deal- 40 ership may have special incentive programs that are not captured in sources available on the network 3945, and a dealer may want to manually enter data that takes such special incentive programs into account.

In one embodiment, the information retrieval module 3930 45 is configured to automatically retrieve information about products, customers, and financing from sources available on the network 3945, such as, for example, from the external financing information 3950, the external customer information 3955, and the external product information 3960. Upon 50 retrieving such information from sources available on the network 3945, the information retrieval module 3930 makes the information available to the financial terms alert generation system 3905, such that the system 3905 can use the information in order to perform the calculations necessary to determine whether a customer can advantageously enter a new lease or purchase transaction. For example, in one embodiment, the information retrieval module 3930 stores the retrieved information in local storage accessible to the financial terms alert generation system 3905, such as by stor- 60 ing the information in the financing information 3910, the customer information 3915, and the product information 3920. Alternatively or additionally, the information retrieval module 3930 can store the information in memory rather than in local storage. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of 65 this disclosure, a variety of techniques for retrieving information from sources available on the network 3945, including,

for example, by scraping public websites. In light of these known techniques, a skilled artisan will readily understand, in light of this disclosure, how to implement the information retrieval module **3930**.

As previously described, embodiments of the system and method described herein determine when a customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement under financial terms that are favorable to the customer. In many cases, financial terms that are favorable to a customer are those in which the customer will pay less under a new arrangement than under an old arrangement. However, in certain cases, a customer may find terms favorable to the customer even when the customer will pay more under the new arrangement. For example, in certain cases, a customer may want to "buy up," or purchase a product with a higher level of quality of luxury. Accordingly, embodiments of the system and method described herein allow a dealer to determine financial arrangements that are available to a customer in such a "buy up" situation. In certain embodiments, for example, a dealer selects, using, for example, a pull-down menu, a class of products that a customer potentially desires to buy. For example, with respect to cars, a dealer may select a model of car, such as a Mercedes-Benz C class, or a Mercedes-Benz E class. FIG. 40 illustrates an example screen shot in which a dealer may make such a selection. Upon receiving such a selection, embodiments of the system determine new financial arrangements that are available to the customer for that class of product. Advantageously, the dealer can use such information to present the customer with an offer to "buy up' to a higher quality product.

Similarly, embodiments of the system and method allow a dealer to select a lower class of product to find out about opportunities for the customer to "buy down," or purchase a lower class product in order to save money. In certain embodiments, such "buy up" or "buy down" inquiries are limited to products from the same manufacturer as a product that the customer currently owns or is leasing. In other embodiments, such "buy up" or "buy down" inquiries can include manufacturers that are different from the manufacturer of a product that the customer currently owns or is leasing.

Advantageously, by automatically retrieving a large amount of information relating to products, customers, and financing, the information retrieval module **3930** contributes to the ability of the financial terms alert generation system **3905** to generate a large amount of alerts regarding financing opportunities in a timely fashion such that dealers can be informed of such opportunities in time to convert many such opportunities into sales. Advantageously, the automation provided by the information retrieval module **3930** also allows for periodic alert generation based on up-to-date information. Accordingly, the financial terms alert generation system **3905** can generate alerts whenever new information is retrieved by the information retrieval module **3930** that affects whether customers are able to advantageously enter a new lease or purchase transaction.

In one embodiment, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs comparisons and calculations necessary to determine whether a customer is able to advantageously enter a new lease or purchase transaction. In one mode of operation, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs batch comparisons periodically. In another mode of operation, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs batch comparisons whenever new information is added to any one or more of the financing information **3910**, the customer information **3915**, or the product information **3920**. In another mode of operation, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs a comparison for a particular identified customer and returns results of such a comparison in real time. When operating in this mode, the financial terms comparison module **3935** can advantageously lead to the generation of an alert in real time while, for example, a customer is in a dealership showroom. Advantageously, the financial terms comparison module **3935**, in one embodiment, is configured to be able to perform comparisons and calculations in any one or more of the above-described modes of operation, such that the most advantageous mode of operation under the circumstances can be chosen.

Preferably, the financial terms comparison module **3935** compares each customer's current financial arrangements with potential financial arrangements for similar products in order to determine whether a replacement arrangement can be entered into on more favorable or almost as favorable terms. 15 To perform such calculations and comparisons, the financial terms comparison module **3935** employs the comparison method steps and calculation formulas as are described herein above. Upon performing the calculations and comparisons, the financial terms comparison module **3935** generates information for an alert to a customer whenever a favorable replacement financial arrangement can be had.

In one embodiment, the alert transmission module 3940 receives alert information generated by the financial terms comparison module **3935** and transmits the alerts to a dealer. 25 In one embodiment, the alert transmission module 3940 transmits the alerts to a dealer terminal 3965 via email. Alternatively or additionally, the alert transmission module 3940 can be configured to transmit alerts via pager, telephone, fax transmission, a webpage accessible to the dealer terminal 3 3965, or any other known mechanism for communicating information using electronic devices. In one embodiment, the alert transmission module 3965 is configured to transmit an alert to the dealer terminal 3965 in real time, such that the dealer receives the alert, for example, while a customer is still 35 in a dealership showroom. Such real time alert generation and transmission can be advantageously employed to generate an alert for each customer that comes into a dealership's service department. That is, whenever, the customer brings a product to be serviced, the dealership can quickly run a comparison 40 and generate any alerts, as applicable, to determine whether the customer can advantageously enter into a new lease or purchase transaction. If the customer can enter into such a transaction under favorable terms, the dealer can use the information from the alert to make an offer to the customer 45 while the customer is in the service department. Advantageously, this usage of the financial terms alert generation system 3905 can lead to a substantial increase in sales, as it has been found that at any given time, approximately eight percent of customers can enter new loans or leases on favor- 50 able terms. Advantageously, the financial terms alert generation system 3905 identifies a large percentage of those customers that can enter new loans or leases on favorable terms.

Although the system is disclosed with reference to preferred embodiments, the invention is not limited to the pre-55 ferred embodiments only. Rather, a skilled artisan will recognize from the disclosure herein a wide number of alternatives for the system. Unless indicated otherwise, it may be assumed that the process steps described herein are implemented within one or more modules, including logic embod-60 ied in hardware or firmware, or a collection of software instructions, possibly having entry and exit points, written in a programming language, such as, for example C++. A software module may be compiled and linked into an executable program, installed in a dynamic link library, or may be written in an interpretive language such as BASIC. It will be appreciated that software modules may be callable from other 24

modules or from themselves, and/or may be invoked in response to detected events or interrupts. Software instructions may be embedded in firmware, such as an EPROM or EEPROM. It will be further appreciated that hardware modules may be comprised of connected logic units, such as gates and flip-flops, and/or may be comprised of programmable units, such as programmable gate arrays or processors. The modules described herein are preferably implemented as software modules, but may be represented in hardware or firm-10 ware. The software modules may be executed by one or more general purpose computers. The software modules may be stored on or within any suitable computer-readable medium. The data described herein may be stored in one or more suitable mediums, including but not limited to a computerreadable medium. The data described herein may be stored in one or more suitable formats, including but not limited to a data file, a database. an expert system, or the like.

Although the foregoing invention has been described in terms of certain preferred embodiments, other embodiments will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art from the disclosure herein. For example, although described in the context of automobiles, any good or service associated with a series of one or more payments may be used with embodiments of the invention. Thus, any good or service, whether related to automobiles or unrelated to automobiles, is contemplated. Accordingly, the concepts represented herein may apply to any consumer or commercial good that is financed or leased over time, such as aircraft, heavy equipment, high tech equipment, or the like. Further, although particular make, models, and other automobile-specific information is described, any make, model, or other information may be used. Also, any use related to vehicles or unrelated to vehicles may be used. Additionally, other combinations, omissions, substitutions and modifications will be apparent to the skilled artisan in view of the disclosure herein. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to the preferred embodiments. Rather, the claims that follow define the invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

- by a computer system comprising computer hardware: retrieving at least a portion of customer information, first financial terms that a customer has for a first vehicle, and first vehicle information;
 - retrieving at least a portion of second vehicle information for a second vehicle and second financial terms available to the customer for the second vehicle;
 - receiving a configuration request for replacing the first vehicle of the customer with a different vehicle;
 - in response to the configuration request, retrieving current information associated with at least one of the customer information, the first financial terms that the customer has for the first vehicle, the first vehicle information, the second vehicle information, or the second financial terms available to the customer for the second vehicle:
 - determining, by the computer system, whether the current retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace a first vehicle and first financial terms with a second vehicle and second financial terms by at least:
 - calculating one or more new payments based on an estimated equity value of the first vehicle derived from the first financial terms, and, based on the second financial terms; and
 - determining if the one or more new payments satisfy at least a condition based at least in part on the first financial terms and the second financial terms,

30

wherein the determination comprises calculating a difference between the one or more new payments and an existing periodic payment for the first vehicle, and determining whether the difference is less than or equal to a preset acceptable threshold 5 value;

generating a message if it is determined that the retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace the first vehicle and first financial terms with the second vehicle and second financial 10 terms; and

transmitting the message to a dealer.

2. The method of claim **1**, wherein the condition comprises determining if the customer, under the second financial terms, would pay no more than ten percent per periodic payment 15 over what the customer pays under the first financial terms.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the condition comprises determining if the customer would pay no more per periodic payment under the second financial terms than under the first financial terms. 20

4. The method of claim **1**, wherein the message is configured to be read by a dealer terminal configured for managing the message, wherein managing the message includes at least one of assigning the message to a user for handling, associating a task with the message, and assigning a status to the 25 message.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more new payments comprise payments for different respective time periods.

6. A computing system comprising:

a processor; and

- a computer readable medium storing machine-executable instructions including one or more modules configured for execution by the processor in order to cause the computing system to: 35
 - retrieve at least a portion of customer information, first financial terms that a customer has for a first vehicle, and first vehicle information;
 - retrieve at least a portion of second vehicle information for a second vehicle and second financial terms avail- 40 able to the customer for the second vehicle;
 - receive a configuration request for replacing the first vehicle of the customer with a different vehicle;
 - in response to the configuration request, retrieve current information associated with at least a portion of the

26

customer information, the first financial terms that the customer has for the first vehicle, the first vehicle information, the second vehicle information, or the second financial terms available to the customer for the second vehicle;

- determine whether the current retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace a first vehicle and first financial terms with a second vehicle and second financial terms by at least causing the computing system to:
 - calculate one or more new payments based on an estimated equity value of the first vehicle derived from the first financial terms, and derived from the second financial terms: and
 - determine if the one or more new payments satisfy at least a condition based at least in part on the first financial terms and the second financial terms, wherein the determination comprises calculating a difference between the one or more new payments and an existing periodic payment for the first vehicle, and determining whether the difference is less than or equal to a preset acceptable threshold value:
- generate a message if it is determined that the current retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace the first vehicle and first financial terms with the second vehicle and second financial terms; and
- transmit the message to a client.

7. The computing system of claim 6, wherein the computing system is configured to retrieve the changed information with respect to a plurality of customers.

8. The computing system of claim **6**, wherein the configuration request is received when the customer enters a dealership.

9. The computing system of claim **6**, wherein the configuration request is received from a requesting user.

10. The computing system of claim **6**, wherein the configuration request is received in response to a customer inquiry.

11. The computing system of claim 6, wherein elements or functions may be executed out of order from that shown or discussed, including substantially concurrently or in reverse order, depending on the functionality involved.

* * * * *

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

 PATENT NO.
 : 8,396,791 B2

 APPLICATION NO.
 : 13/299293

 DATED
 : March 12, 2013

 INVENTOR(S)
 : Cotton

Page 1 of 1

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Title Page 1 (Inventors, item 75) at line 1, Change "Laguna Hils," for Jeffrey S. Cotton to --Laguna Hills,--.

In column 2 (title page 2 item 56) at line 15, Under Other Publications, change "Menance" to

--Menace--.

In the Specification

In column 5 at line 33, Change "agreement's" to --agreements--.

In column 5 at line 60, Change "use" to --used--.

In column 7 at line 49, Before "and" delete "sales tax (if any),".

In column 15 at line 66, Change "the+" to --the--.

In column 16 at line 66, Change "inventory." to --inventory,--.

In column 20 at line 31, Change "entry," to --entry--.

Signed and Sealed this Twenty-fourth Day of September, 2013

here Staret the

Teresa Stanek Rea Deputy Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office