

US008095461B2

(12) United States Patent

Cotton

(54) SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ASSESSING AND MANAGING FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

- (75) Inventor: Jeffrey S. Cotton, Laguna Hills, CA (US)
- (73) Assignee: Autoalert, Inc., Irvine, CA (US)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

This patent is subject to a terminal disclaimer.

- (21) Appl. No.: 13/076,203
- (22) Filed: Mar. 30, 2011

(65) Prior Publication Data

US 2011/0173111 A1 Jul. 14, 2011

Related U.S. Application Data

- (63) Continuation of application No. 12/911,552, filed on Oct. 25, 2010, now Pat. No. 8,005,752, which is a continuation of application No. 10/996,122, filed on Nov. 23, 2004, now Pat. No. 7,827,099.
- (60) Provisional application No. 60/525,233, filed on Nov. 25, 2003.
- (51) Int. Cl.
- **G06Q 40/00** (2006.01)

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,554,418	Α	11/1985	Toy	
4,736,294	Α	4/1988	Gill et al.	

Joe's Dealership, I	nc.	05/12/2003	Alert Shee
John Smith	19111 0127 51270	Demo Sales	Associate
Client	Information	Existi	ng Vehicle
Alerté *7703	1	Close Costription	Q-Class:
Client John S	mith	Series Description	Q155 Wagon 4D
Address 1111 F	est Streat	Year	200
Address 2		Constant Constant	
City Light		10.2	пкесар
Zin 90803		Carley Card Card	0104040
Phone Work (565) 8	55-5959	Residual Arbrant	STATES.
Phone Mobile		Centract Term	39
Phone Home (555) 58	6-7878	Same Verymont	学翻译 医吉兰氏管管
		Total Paymont	
		Payof Amount	\$37.156
Max	v)/shiele	Trade in Amount	630,060
		Coole Equity	\$7.ABK
Glass Deperaption	Q47.887	Security Depcen	S
Seclas Desrebrice	ORD Wegen 41	Balance	To Maturity
	45076	Cave douts Mulle	B
Average Selling Price	452,175	Patricipes (Menory)	an n en n en h
Security Minuterin	10	Balance To Galatity	54.036-
New itan Linst	\$55,214	Prefer	red Equily
		Eaulty	\$4.035
		Dealer Credit	
Conneal Lean	36	48	08
Res Jual while it	\$27,131	\$79.47H	\$19,305
Money Exster	2.00225	0.01375	0.20275
Deptadent Citat	800 D04 8 700	2009 2114 871 20	\$15.2.4 (512
Transistan	\$215	28	1016
Payment	SIBM	205	18/3
Difference	2.81	M6 19 1 19 1 19 1	4.30
		Big Bank, Inc.	
Cormant Learn	36	48	rià
Rya disal venaciat	KGa/A,	Service 1	£25,439
atonsy harton	- 319-2 1607-014	1010 J	NO 114
Percal	5:22	200	100
Secondate	\$736	3017	1545
Peymant	5997	SNC .	17 m
Difference	10.2011年1月	문화가 밖는 것 같아 가 있을까?	*****

(10) Patent No.: US 8,095,461 B2

(45) **Date of Patent:** *Jan. 10, 2012

4,774,664 A	9/1988	Campbell et al
5,774,883 A	6/1998	Andersen et al
5,940,812 A	8/1999	Tengel et al.
5,987,434 A	11/1999	Libman et al.
6,073,112 A	6/2000	Geerlings
	(Con	tinued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

1 146 459 A1 10/2001

(Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Catalina Danis et al., Issues and Concerns in Internet Based Financial Applications: An Example from an Auto Finance System., Proceedings of the 32nd Hawaii International Conference on System Science, 1999.

(Continued)

Primary Examiner — Charles Kyle

EP

Assistant Examiner — Clifford Madamba

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear LLP

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A financial terms alert generation system comprises an information retrieval module, a financial terms comparison module, and an alert transmission module. The information retrieval module is configured to retrieve financing information, customer information, and product information from one or more sources accessible on a network. The financial terms comparison module is configured to compare a customer's current financial arrangement to a potential new financial arrangement to determine whether the customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. The alert transmission module is configured to transmit an alert to a dealer in cases in which the financial terms comparison module determines that a customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. Such alerts identify the customer and the favorable financial terms.

20 Claims, 47 Drawing Sheets

Existin	g Vehicle
Class Description	Q-Class
Series Description	Q166 Wagon 4D
Year	2000
VIN	ABC345
Deal	Recap
Contract Start Date	6/10/2000
Capitalized Cost	\$53,258
Residual Amount	\$34,160
Contract Term	39
Rese Payment	\$806
Total Payment	\$372
Payoff Amount	\$37,136
Trade in Amount	\$30,050
Trade Equity	\$7,086
Security Deposit	\$0
Balance	To Maturity
Poyments Made	35
Poyments Remaining	4
Poyment History	30 - 0 60 - 0, 90 - 0
Balance To Maturity	\$4,039-
Fraibe	301 - 101 ILV

DS EXHIBIT 1010

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

6,502,080	B1	12/2002	Eichorst et al.
6,658,390	B1	12/2003	Walker
6,950,807	B2	9/2005	Brock
7,249,322	B2	7/2007	Jones et al.
7,305,364	B2	12/2007	Nabe et al.
7,343,406	B1	3/2008	Buonanno
7,392,221	B2	6/2008	Nabe
7,444,304	B2	10/2008	Mellinger et al.
7,546,273	B2	6/2009	Blanchard et al.
7,571,128	B1	8/2009	Brown
7,827,099	B1	11/2010	Cotton
2001/0049653	A1	12/2001	Sheets
2002/0013711	A1*	1/2002	Ahuja et al 705/1
2002/0023051	A1	2/2002	Kunzle et al.
2002/0082860	A1	6/2002	Johnson
2003/0212628	A1	11/2003	Kuttan et al.
2003/0216995	A1	11/2003	DePauw
2004/0039690	A1*	2/2004	Brown et al 705/38
2004/0181480	A1	9/2004	Greenberg et al.
2004/0254819	A1	12/2004	Halim et al.
2005/0171896	A1	8/2005	Seretti et al.
2006/0020477	A1	1/2006	Retzbach et al.
2006/0129423	A1	6/2006	Sheinson et al.
2006/0143112	A1	6/2006	Donarski et al.
2007/0136163	A1	6/2007	Bell
2007/0179798	A1	8/2007	Inbarajan
2008/0201163	A1	8/2008	Barker et al.
2010/0217616	A1	8/2010	Colson et al.
2010/0274571	A1	10/2010	McFall et al.
2010/0274631	A1	10/2010	McFall et al.

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

EP	1220131	7/2002
EP	1 278 140 A1	1/2003
EP	1288822 A1	3/2003
EP	1 298 561 A1	4/2003
JP	10143564	5/1998
JP	2002041876	2/2002
JP	2003242338	8/2003
JP	2004094702	3/2004
WO	WO 92/12488	7/1992
WO	WO 97/15023	4/1997
WO	WO 01/18704 A2	3/2001
WO	WO 01/18728 A2	3/2001
WO	WO 01/17458	9/2001
WO	WO 01/67210	9/2001
WO	WO 02/057967	7/2002
WO	WO 03/083603 A2	10/2003
WO	WO 2004/008367 A1	1/2004
WO	WO 2008/110939 A2	9/2008

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Screen shots of 1992 Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheet program in 4 pages. "Replace Vehicle on Existing Policy," Web page printout from https://www.weimerover.com/autoreplace-vehicle.php, printed on Sep. 1, 2011.

"Leasing versus Buying That New Car, "Web page printed on Sep. 1, http://www.infoplease.com/ipa/A0193143.html, printed on Sep. 1, 2011.

Vehicle purchases, leasing, and replacement demand: evidence from the Federal Reserve's Survey of Consumer Finances; Apr. 1, 2004.

* cited by examiner

Joe's Dealership, I	nc.	05/12/2003	Alert Sh
John Smith		Demo Sales	Associate
Client	Information	Existir	ng Vehicle
lert# 17703; lient John S ddress 1111 Fi ddress 2	z mith irst Street	Class Description Series Description Year VIN	Q-Class Q155 Wagon 4D 2000 ABC 345
City Big City	ſ	Dea	l Recap
State CA Zip 90803 Phone Work (555) 56 Phone Mobile Phone Home (555) 56	55-5959 55-7878	Contract Start Date Capitalized Cost Residual Amount Contract Term Base Payment Total Payment	6/10/2000 \$53,258 \$34,160 39 \$656 \$922
Nev	w Vehicle	Payoff Amount Trade-in Amount Trade Equity	\$37,136 \$30,050 \$7,086 -
Class Description Series Description	Q-Class Q165 Wagon 4D	Security Deposit Balance Payments Maria	50 To Maturity
Average Selling Price Subsidy Amount	\$52,175 \$0	Payments Remainin Payment History Balance To Naturity	4 30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0 \$4 039
New Cap Cost	\$56,214	Prefer Equity	red Equity \$4,039-
		Dealer Credit	
Contract Term Residual Amount Japitalized Cost Rental Depreciation Payment Difference	36 \$27,131 0.00275 \$56,214 \$229 \$308 \$1,037 \$181	48 \$23,479 0.00275 \$56,214 \$219 \$662 \$901 \$45	60 \$19,305 0.00275 \$56,214 \$208 \$615 \$623 \$33-
		Big Bank, Inc.	20
Contract Lerm Residual Amount Money Factor Capitalized Cost Rental	36 \$29,740 0.002 \$56,214 \$172 \$736	48 \$26,609 0.002 \$56,214 \$166 \$617 #2999	60 \$23,479 0.002 \$56,214 \$159 \$546 \$348

FIG. 1A

Existing Vehicle				
Class Description	Q-Class			
Series Description	Q155 Wagon 4D			
Year	2000			
VIN	ABC345			
Deal	Recap			
Contract Start Date	6/10/2000			
Capitalized Cost	\$53,258			
Residual Amount	\$34,160			
Contract Term	39			
Base Payment	\$856			
Total Payment	\$322			
Pavoff Amount	\$37 136			
Trade-in Amount	\$30,050			
Trade Fouity	\$7.086-			
Security Deposit	\$0			
Balance "	To Maturity			
Payments Made	35			
Payments Remaining	4			
Payment History	30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0			
Balance To Maturity	\$4,039-			
Preferre	ed Equity			
Equity	\$4,039-			

FIG. 1B

Client Information

Alert# Client Address	177037 John Smith 1111 First Street
Address 2	
City	Big City
State	CA
Zip	90803
Phone Work	(555) 555-5959
Phone Mobile	
Phone Home	(555) 555-7878

New Vehicle

Class Description G-Class Series Description G155 Wagon 4D

Average Selling Price\$52,175Subsidy Amount\$0

New Cap Cost \$56,214

FIG. 1C

	TRACTOR CONTRACTOR	Dealer Credit		
Contract Term	36	48	60	
Residual Amount	\$27,131	\$23,479	\$19,305	
Money Factor	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	
Capitalized Cost	\$56,214	\$56,214	\$56,214	
Rental	\$229	\$219	\$208	
Depreciation	\$608	\$682	\$616	
Payment	\$1,037	\$904	\$823	
Difference	\$181	\$45	\$33~	
		Big Bank, Inc.		
Contract Term	36	48	60	
Residual Amount	\$29,740	\$26,609	\$23,479	
Money Factor	0.002	0.002	0.002	
Capitalized Cost	\$56,214	\$56,214	\$56,214	
Rental	\$172	\$166	\$159	
Depreciation	\$735	1617	\$546	
Payment		3783	\$705	
Difference	- 181	[73-	\$151-	

FIG. 1D

104	/	106
11/17/2003 Alert	Manager Lease Jeff Cottor	1~ 108
Existing Class Description Series Description Year VIN	g Vehicle V-Class V123 Coupe 2D 2002 VVDBRN12345J02A	110
Contract Start Contract End Capitalized Cost Residual Amount Contract Term Base Payment Monthly Payment	Recap 8/18/2001 \$/18/2004 \$33,133 \$20,303 36 \$527 \$568	116
Payoff Amount Payoff Good Through Trade-in Amount Trade Equity Security Deposit	\$23,565 11/27/2003 \$16,580 (\$6,985) \$6,000	- 114
Balance Payments Made Payments Remaining Payment History Balance To Maturity	To Maturity 28 8 30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0 (\$4,896)	-> ···

FIG. 1E

1.	20				
) Joe's Dealer	ship, lı	nc.		_ 124
1	MARY DOE			-	
122		Client	Information		
	Alert #	180082)		
	Client	MARY	DOE		
	Address	1234 M	IAIN ST		
	Address 2				
	City	BIG CI	ΤY		
	State	CA			
	Zip	90248			
	Phone Work	(555) 5	55-9809		
	Phone Mobile				
	Phone Home	(555) 5	55-4321		126
		Nev	v Vehicle	-	/120
	Class Description	on	V-Class		
	Series Descript	ion	V123 Coupe 2D		
	¥ca:		2003		
	Average Sellin Trade Equity	g Price	\$28,865 (\$4,896)		
	Subsidy Amou	nt	\$3,000		
	Capitialized Co	ist	\$30,761		
	Sales Tax 7.75	%	\$2,384		
	Amount Financ	ed	\$33,145		

FIG. 1F



Lease Payment

CAPITALIZED COST CALCULATION

1	Agreed upon value of the vehicle	\$
2	Sales/Use Tax (if capitalized)	+ \$
3	Luxury Tax (calculation A)	+ \$
4	Other (explain)	+ \$
5	Prior credit or lease balance (negative equity)	+ \$
6	Subtotal	= \$
7	Acquisition fee (if capitalized)	+ \$
8	Scheduled Maintenance Cost	+ \$
9	Additional Wear & Usage	+ \$
10	Other (explain)	+ \$
11	Gross Capitalized Cost	= \$
12	Gross Capitalized Cost Reduction Trade \$ Cash \$	- \$
13	Adjusted Capitalized Cost	- \$

FIG. 1H

LEASE PAYMENT CALCULATION

14	Residual Value (calculation C)	\$
15	Depreciation (lines 13-14)	\$
16	Money Factor	.0
17	Add Lines 13+14	\$
18	Rent Charge (lines 16x17) x Term	\$
19	Total Base Single Payment (lines 15+18)	\$
20	Base Monthly Payment/Base Single Pymnt (19/# of payments)	\$
21	Sales/Use Tax % x line 20	\$
22	Total Monthly Payment (or total single payment)	\$

B. Residual Value	Calculation
TSRP	
Residualized Options	+
Subtotal	=
Gas Guzzler Tax	_
Basis for Residual Value	= %
Residual Value %	х
Residual Value	=
Prepaid Mileage (15¢ per mile)	
Adjusted Residual Value (line 14)	=

Deferred Payment

$$A = ((P*(1+i)^n - B)*i)/((1+i)^{n-1})$$

A=Payment P=Principle i=Interest rate B=Differed Amount or Balloon

FIG. 1I

Purchase Payment

A=p+i/n

A=Payment P=Principle i=Interest amount n=number

FIG. 1J

FIG. 1K



File Edit View Favorites Tools Help
↓ Back + → + ② ② ④ ☆ ② Search ③ Favorites ③ Media ③ ↓ → ④ ◎ + 三
Address 🙋 http://autoalert/login.asp?UserName=house
Links A AutoAlert A Reports A Data Entry
User Name Password Login 201 201 201



http://hpacint	11/1 askociwe asp?F	dter= - Microsof	t Internet Explorer		
ile Edit View	v Favorites Tools	Help Sen	1		
🗕 Back 🔫 👐	- ා ු ු ු ු ු ු	earch 🔄 Favori	tes 🛞 Media 🍠 🔄 + 🍯 🖾 + 🗍		
ddress 🕘 http:/	/hyacinth/TaskActive.a:	sp?Filter=			
		Jeff Cot	ton (Sales Associate)		
	ក	lter	77272 672727723		
	Sale Tr	pe 🔽 Lease	🔽 Balloon 🛛 🔽 Retail		
	Categ	ory 🗔 Sale	🗹 Alert 🔲 Expired Alert 🗍 Leas:	e Ending	
	St	age 🔽 New		ne en e	
	1970-1970-1970-1970-1970-1970-1970-1970-	Doarch			
		Jealui]		
			Thursday, October 09.	2003	
					- 40
New					
	Alert	New	Not Started Startes (Startes)	Nathan Client, 2000 Q111 Sedan	
	Alert Alert	New New	Not Started Not Started	Nathan Client, 2000 Q111 Sedan Mary Johnson, 2002 Q155 Wagon	
	Alert Alert Alert	New New New	Not Started Not Started Not Started	Nathan Client, 2000 Q111 Sedan Mary Johnson, 2002 Q155 Waqon John Smith, 1999 Q551 Sedan	
	Alert Alert Alert Alert Alert	New New New New	Not Started Not Started Not Started Not Started	<u>Nathan Client, 2000 Q111 Sedan</u> Mary Johnson, 2002 Q155 Waqon John Smith, 1999 Q551 Sedan John E. Apple, 2000 ∀123 Coupe	
Today	Alert Alert Alert Alert	New New New New	Not Started Not Started Not Started Not Started	Nathan Client, 2000 Q111 Sedan Mary Johnson, 2002 Q155 Wagon John Smith, 1999 Q551 Sedan John E. Apple, 2000 V123 Coupe	
Today 06/24/2003	Alert Alert Alert Alert 10:30AM Alert	New New New New Call	Not Started Not Started Not Started Not Started Left Message	Nathan Client, 2000 Q111 Sedan Mary Johnson, 2002 Q155 Waqon John Smith, 1999 Q551 Sedan John E. Apple, 2000 V123 Coupe Fred N. Barney, 2001 Q111 Coupe	
Today 06/24/2003 08/26/2003	Alert Alert Alert Alert 10:30AM Alert 4:00PM Alert	New New New New Call Call	Not Started Not Started Not Started Not Started Left Message Left Message with Person	Nathan Client, 2000 Q111 Sedan Mary Johnson, 2002 Q155 Wagon John Smith, 1999 Q551 Sedan John E. Apple, 2000 V123 Coupe Fred N. Barney, 2001 Q111 Coupe Joe Customer, 2000 Q155 Wagon	

U.S. Patent

Jan. 10, 2012

Sheet 12 of 47







U.S. Patent

FIG. 7A

Address http://autoalert/TaskAction.asp?TaskID=12240

JANE M. CLIENT



FIG. 7B

Address in http://autoalert/TaskAction.asp?TaskID=12240

JANE M. CLIENT



JANE M. CLIENT

Description	Jane M. Client, 1998 V123 Coupe		
Owner	Jeff Cotton		
Stage	Sala		
Priority	Normal •		
Status	New - Not Started		801
Date & Time	Galender		
Remark			802
			007
	Save		803
History	10/06/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Print	
	09/29/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Print	
	09/22/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated	
	09/15/2003 12:30AM house	Deal Calculated Viaw Print	
	09/10/2003 3:19AM house	Deal Calculated View Print	
	09/01/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Print	
	08/25/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Print	
	08/18/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated Vision Print	
	08/11/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated Viso Print	
	08/04/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated	
	e te tre e provins statistic († 19		

302			#19_305	0.00275	t - 7	9174	<u>-0</u>	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100			00	677°22	(, 6C/	17 SP3	0)					AutoA lert	
	cedes-Benz Credit		674, 654	0,00275	\$P2 ¹ 99					Chase	the second s	609 [°] 974		+ <u>-</u> 994	8	i~					
	Mer	æ		0.002755	\$ 17	6773	808				8	0 t 2 d 0	0.002		2714	97.A					
)		Contract Term	Residual Amount	Money Factor	Capitalized Cost	Rental	Depreciation	Payment	Difference		Contract Term	Residual Amount	Money Factor	Capitalized Cost	Rental	Depreciation	Payment	Difference			

Joe's Dealership, In	ic. 05/12/2003 Alert Associate She
JOHN CLIENT	Jeff Cotton
Alert #	177443
	Client Information
Client	JOHN CLIENT
Address	1234 55TH ST
Address 2	
City	BIG CITY
State	CA
Zip	92682
PhoneWork	(555) 555-9087
PhoneMobile	
PhoneHome	(555) 555-4353
EmailAddress	
	Existing Vehicle
Class	Q-Class
Series	QL459 Sport Sedan
Year	2000
VIN	JKL999999
	Contract Detail
Contract Term	48
Payments Remaining	16
Payment Hstory	30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0
Total Payment	\$607
Balance To Maturity	(\$10,060)
	New Vehicle
Class	Q-Class
Series	QL459 Sport Sedan
	Follow-up Detail
Assigned to:	
Nee	No
call:	_ <u> </u>
A ' A ' A '	
Appointment:	

JANE M. CLIENT

Description	Jane M. Client, 1998 V123 Coupe	
Owner	Jeff Cotton	
Stage	Sold .	
Priority	Normal 🔹	
Status	New-Not Started	
Date & Time	Galendar	
Remark		
	Savo	
History	10/06/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Print
	09/29/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Princ
	09/22/2003 12:30AM house	Alert Calculated View Print
	09/15/2003 12:30AM house	Deal Calculated View
	09/10/2003 3:19AM house	Deal Calculated View Print
	09/01/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Print
	08/25/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Frint
	08/18/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Crint
	08/11/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Print
	08/04/2003 1:00AM house	Deal Calculated View Frint
ROMPENS -		

File	Edit	View	Favorites	Tools Help		/		
ilian 🗄	ack i c	⇒ •	036	ථු ූSearch	n 📑 Favogies	🕑 Media 🕠	3 B-3	18 • E
Addre	988 🙆	http:///	www.autoale	at.net/				
Links	A A	utoAlert	A Report	s 🚿 Data Er	ntry (

File Edit Vie	w Favorites Tools Help
⇔Back 🔹 →	🔹 🥥 🗿 🚮 🔍 Search 🐨 Favorites 🐨 Media 🍏 📑 🚽 🌛 😒 🔹 📄
Address 🕑 http	://autoalert/login.asp?UserName=house
Links $\overline{\mathcal{A}}$ AutoAl	ert 🛪 Reports 🛪 Data Entry
User Name Password	Login



House (Manager)

Filter	WARNER
Sale Type	🔽 Lease 🔽 Balloon 🔽 Retail
Category	□ Sale
Stage	♥ New ♥ Call ♥ Appointment □ Sold □ No Sale
Sort	
Sort Order	Ascending C Descending Search

FIG. 15A



FIG. 15B







Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Average Selling Price by Series Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:42:54 PM

Series ID	Series Description	Average Selling Price	Base Price	Delivery Charge	Sunroof Package	Automatic Transmission	Metallic Paint
47	Q111 Sedan	\$28,865	\$24,950	\$ 720	\$1,215	\$1,325	\$655
1	Q111 Coupe	\$32,290	\$27,990	\$720	\$1,600	\$1,325	\$655
26	Q551 Coupe	\$33,700	\$29,400	\$ 720	\$1,600	\$1,325	\$655
976	Q551 Sedan	\$35,575	\$31,400	\$720	\$1,475	\$1,325	\$655
52	QL459 Sport Sedan	\$51,775	\$50,400	\$720		-	\$655



U.S. Patent

FIG. 20

2002

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Bank Rate by Series Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:45:13 PM

Bank: Big Bank

Bank Rate ID	Series ID	Series	Term ID	Term	Money Factor	Residual %	MRM
404	47	Q111 Sedan	2	36	0,00240	47	\$36,500
405			303 (C. 375) (C	48	0.00240	40	\$36,500
406			8	60	0.00240	34	\$36,500
407	1	Q111 Coupe	2013 State 2013	36	0,00240	56	\$40,800
408			5	48	0.00240	47	\$40,800
409			8	60	0.00240	40	\$40,800
410	26	Q551 Coupe	2	36	0,00240	53	\$42,500
411			State (15)	48	0.00240	45	\$42,500
412			8	60	0.00240	38	\$42,500
413	976	Q551 Sedan	2	36	0,00240	51	\$41,300
414			5	48	0.00240	43	\$41,300
415			8.5	60	0.00240	37	\$41,300
416	52	QL459 Sport Sedan	2	36	0,00240	59	\$57,900
417			5.55	48	0.00240	50	\$57,900
418			8	60	0.00240	44	\$57,900





U.S. Patent

Jan. 10, 2012

FIG. 22

FIG. 23 2302 http://autoalert/report/entry/SalesAssociateActive.asp - Microsoft Internet xolorer Eile Edit View Favorites Tools Help 😓 Back 🔹 🤿 🖉 🗿 🚰 🥘 Search 💿 Favorites 🛞 Media 8·3 0·1 Address i http://autoalert/report/entry/SalesAssociateActive.asp Sales Associate Active Sales Associate Sales Associate 2 Jeff Cotton John Williams Jennifer Johnson - 2 22 --Show Columns 🔽 Associate ID 🔽 User Name 🔽 Password 🔽 Email Address Submit 2316

Jan. 10, 2012

FIG. 24

2402

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Sales Associate Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:52:26 PM

Associate ID	Sales Associate	User Name	Password	Email Address
926	Jeff Cotton	jcott	12345	
149	Jennifer Johnson	jjohnson	54231	
169	John Williams	jwill	abcde	

			28	3 <i>02</i> 							
🛃 http://autoalert/report/TaskStageByTaskOw	nerasp -	Micros	off interr	t Esplor	eг						
Eile Edit Yiew Favorites Tools Help			- /								
🖓 Back 🔹 🧈 🥥 👩 🚮 🕺 Search 👔 f	avorites	Med	lia 🥑 🗄	j. j	W - E						
Address)wner.asp	/	/								
Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Task Stage by Task Owner Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:54:30 PM		1						Period: Catego	7/27/200 or y: Alert	3 to 7/3(:, Lease	D/2003 Ending
		Ň	ew	C	all	Appoin	tment	50	d	No S	ale
Owner Date	Total	Qty	0 ⁷ 0	Qty	Ŷo	Qty	•%	Qty	%	Qty	%o
B/12/2003	18	0 0 0	0.0%	18	100%	0 0	0% 0%	0 0	0%	0 0	0%
Jennifer Johnson	10	() (2)	NAN R	188 7 8	errete.	((1) 1) N		ang Bin		en en e	903 11
	10	2	20.0%	7	70%	1	10%	0	0%	0	0%
John Williams 6/12/2003	6	6			SUUNSIN	U749222		1988-91V		97552153	
	6	6	100.0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%

FIG. 29

Trade in History by Model

3002 }

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Trade-in History by Model Wednesday, July 30, 2003 7:55:02 PM

			7/25/2003		7/18/2003			7/11/2003			
VIN	Series	Year	Trade-in	Adjust	%	Trade-in	Adjust	%	Trade-in	Adjust	%o
LMNO654	Q111 Sedan	1993	\$4,296	111111111111111	6.4%	\$4,038	8. S. (1997) (4)	0.0%	\$4,038		100.0%
ABCDE987	Q111 Coupe	1995	\$10,828	(\$1,000)	-21.7%	\$13,825	(\$1,000)	0.0%	\$13,825	(\$1,000)	100.0%
ZYX12345	Q551 Coupe	1994	\$11,365	ANNE DE C	28.1%	\$8,875	4030000(CZ)	0.0%	\$8,875		100.0%
23FGHI34	Q551 Sedan	1993	\$7,294	고자가지 관	-2.7%	\$7,494		0.0%	\$7,494		100.0%
WDBJF20F V	Q111 Sedan	1997	\$17,330		-1.1%	\$17,521	2010/00/020	0.0%	\$17,521		100.0%
STR45XYZ	Q111 Coupe	1993	\$5,447		9.6%	\$4,970		0.0%	\$4,970		100.0%
ZYX12390	Q551 Coupe	1995	\$9,902		-2,0%	\$10,100		0.0%	\$10,100		100.0%
IJKLM987	Q551 Sedan	1994	\$8,231		-8.0%	\$8,948	음감 옷은 끈	0.0%	\$8,948		100.0%
GHIJ897	QL459 Sport Sedan	1993	\$6,887	uningener <u>a</u> i Uningeneration	-29.5%	\$9,770		0.0%	\$9,770		100.0%

Joe's Dealership, Inc. AutoAlert Bank Rate Monday, November 17, 2003 3:38:33 PM

Bank: Big Bank

Bank Region: California/Florida

Sale Type: Lease Model Year: 2004

				Model Leal. 2004				
Series ID	Series	Term	Money Factor	Residual %	Effective Date			
47	Q111 Sedan	36	0.00235	47	10/01/2003			
		48	0.00235	41	10/01/2003			
		60	0.00235	35	10/01/2003			
1	Q111 Coupe	36	0.00235	59	10/01/2003			
	48	0.00235	50	10/01/2003				
		60	0.00235	43	10/01/2003			
26	26 Q551 Coupe	36	0.00235	56	10/01/2003			
		48	0.00235	48	10/01/2003			
		60	0.00235	41	10/01/2003			
976	Q551 Sedan	36	0.00235	53	10/01/2003			
		48	0.00235	45	10/01/2003			
		60	0.00235	39	10/01/2003			

Associate/Month	New	Call	Apt	Sold N	lo Sale	Total
Joe's Dealership, Inc.	4090	652	257	103	67	5169
January				0		C
February	0	0	0	0	0	C
March	3699	3	20	10	0	3732
April	1	1	60	18	. 0	80
May	197	42	56	30	25	350
June	31	15	33	7	4	90
July	19	58	9	3	5	94
August	15	95	23	6	13	152
September	80	113	17	21.19	3	220
October	33	242	30	18	13	336
November	15	83	9	4	4	115
December	0	0	0	0	0	C
House	2371	36	86	5	7	2505
January	0	0	0	0	0	1
February	Q	0	0	0	0	
March	2107	Ó	1	í	0	2109
April	1	Û	23	0	0	24
May	136	22	37	3	1	199
June	22	2	22	0	0	46
Jul y	12	0	1	0	1	14
August	12	0	0	0	0	12
September	51	0	0	0	0	51
October	20	12	2	1	5	40
November	10	0	0	0	0	10
December	0	0	D	0	0	Ú
Jeff Cotton	2	0	Ū	1	0	
January			0	0	0	المعروفة معروم من م مراجع المعروفة المراجع 1 من المراجع المراجع المراجع
February	Ō	Ū	O	Ō	0	C
March	1	0	0	0	0	
April	0	0	٥	1	0	1
Maγ	0	0	0	.0	0	ĺ
June	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jul y	0	0	0	0	0	(
August	0	0	0	0	0	
September	1	0	Ó	0	0	1
October	n -	n	n	n		

Joe's Dealership, Inc.		11/03/2003	Manager Lease
JOSEPH JOHNSON			Jeff Cotton
Client	nformation	Existin	a Vehicle
Alert # 181742 Client JOSEP Address 9999 12 Address 2) H JOHNSON ST AVE	Class Description Series Description Year VIN	Q-Class Q156 Wagon 1996 1234QRS1111
State CA Zip 99999 Phone Work (555) 54 Phone Mobile (555) 54 Phone Mobile	55-0909 55-4321	Deal Contract Start Contract End Capitalized Cost Residual Amount Contract Term	2/12/2002 2/12/2006 525 862 \$12.690 48
No	Wanab	Base Payment	\$448
Class Description	C.Clees	Monthly Payment	
Series Description Year	Q155 Wagon 2003	Payoff Amount Payoff Good Through Trade-in Amount	\$21,501 1 11/13/2003 \$11,277
Trade Equity Subsidy Amount	\$49,075 (\$10,224) \$2,000	Trade Equity Security Deposit	(\$10,224) \$0 To Maturate
Capitialized Cost Sales Tax 7.75% Amount Financed	\$58,000 \$4,503 \$62,602	Payments Made Payments Remaining	22 26
		Payment History Balance To Maturity	30 - 0, 60 - 0, 90 - 0 (\$12,900)
	DEALERSHI	P CREDIT	
Contract Term	36	48	60
Lease			
Residual Amount	\$29,925	\$25,935	\$22,444
Capitalized Cost	558,099	558,099	\$58,099 2,002 c
Payment	0.0029 Sh 048	CD14	U.UU36 CRS4
Difference	\$590	\$466	S436
Balloon	a and the second second		
Deferred Payment	\$37,561	\$32,553	S28,171
Amount Financed	\$62,602	\$62,602	\$62,602
Interest Rate	1.04%	7.04%	7.04%
Difference	0004 0511	391) 7428	2040 \$265
Retail		9440	0000
Amount Financed Interest Rate	\$62,602 3.05%	\$62,602 3,05%	\$62,602 3.05%
Payment	\$1,822	\$1,287	\$1,126
Difference	\$1,339	\$904	\$644
	Bit	S BANK, INC.	
Contract Term	36	48	60
Residual Amount	\$26 923	\$00 XX4	\$10.0E0
Capitalized Cost	\$58,099	\$58.009	858.0990 858.099
Money Factor	0.00235	0.00235	0.00235
Payment	\$1,066	\$914	\$819
Difference	\$618	\$466	\$371
Balloon	000.000		
Amount Financed	553,800 \$62,600	529,623 \$62,602	829,423 \$63,602
Interest Rate	7.24%	7.24%	302,002 7.74%
Payment	\$1,096	8976	\$838
Difference Retail	\$614	\$493	\$356
Amount Financed	\$62,602	\$62,602	\$62,602
Interest Rate	4.24%	4.24%	4.24%
Payment	\$1,805 64 170	\$1,420 Shan	\$1,160
Lancaranae	\$1,31£	3 8 50	2011

Rentric nu armanan	
Manufacturer	MERCEDES-BENZ
Class	E CLASS
Series	C CLASS
Year	CL.CLASS CLK CLASS
Calculated Payment	G CLASS
Average Selling Price	M CLASS
Trade Equity	SCLASS
Subsidy Amount	SLICLASS
Capitalized Cost	SEK CLASS
Sales Tax	8.25
1.1 A state for the state of	999939 do 600999 data ata

5

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ASSESSING AND MANAGING FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/911,552 filed Oct. 25, 2010, which is continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/996,122, filed Nov. 23, 2004, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional ¹⁰ Patent Application No. 60/525,233, which was filed Nov. 25, 2003 and is entitled "SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ASSESSING AND MANAGING FINANCIAL TRANSAC-TIONS." The foregoing applications are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety into this application. ¹⁵

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

Embodiments of the system and method described herein ²⁰ relate to alerting dealers when favorable financial terms are available to customers.

2. Description of the Related Art

Rather than paying cash for a product, a person may enter a financial agreement (e.g., a purchase agreement, a lease ²⁵ agreement, deferred or balloon payment agreement, or the like) in which the person makes a series of payments for a specified term. Often, these payments are periodic, such as weekly, monthly, quarterly, yearly, or the like. For example, if a person purchases an automobile, the person may expect to ³⁰ pay a series of substantially similar monthly payments for one or more years.

During the term of the financial agreement (the "current agreement") covering the first product ("the current product"), a person may desire to use a second product (a "replace-35 ment product") in lieu of the current product. In such an instance, to obtain the replacement product, a person may be willing to return the current product and enter a second financial agreement (a "replacement agreement") that satisfies the first financial agreement. For example, a person having two 40 years of payments remaining on his automobile lease may be willing to return the automobile to a dealership and enter a new lease for a latest model. The replacement agreement may be any suitable type of financial agreement (e.g., a purchase contract, a lease, deferred payment, or the like), including the 45 same type as the current agreement or a different type. In some instances, a person will agree to enter a replacement agreement if the replacement product and payments are acceptable. For example, a person may find the replacement product and the payments under the terms of the replacement 50 agreement acceptable if they are sufficiently similar to the current product and payments under the current agreement.

If a seller of products, such as an automobile dealership, knows when a customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement under terms favorable to the customer, the seller ⁵⁵ can take advantage of this knowledge by offering a deal to the customer that includes the favorable terms. Accordingly, such knowledge, if possessed by the dealer, can drive increased sales. Nevertheless, no system or method has existed for alerting a seller when a customer is able to enter a new ⁶⁰ financial arrangement under terms favorable to the customer.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Embodiments of the system and method described herein 65 systematically generate and send alerts to dealers when customers are able to enter new financial arrangements under

terms favorable to the customer. Advantageously, the knowledge that embodiments of the system and method make available to dealers can significantly increase the dealers' sales.

In one embodiment, a financial terms alert generation system comprises an information retrieval module, a financial terms comparison module, and an alert transmission module. The information retrieval module is configured to retrieve financing information, customer information, and product information from one or more sources accessible on a network. Such information can be retrieved, for example, from websites located on the World Wide Web. The financial terms comparison module is configured to compare a customer's current financial arrangement to a potential new financial arrangement to determine whether the customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. In one embodiment, the financial terms comparison module performed at least one calculation based on the retrieved information in order to make this comparison. The alert transmission module is configured to transmit an alert to a dealer in cases in which the financial terms comparison module determines that a customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer. Such alerts identify to the dealer the customer that is able to enter into a new financial arrangement on terms favorable to the customer and identify to the dealer the terms of the new financial arrangement.

Embodiments of the system disclosed herein perform a number of processes for alerting a dealer when a customer can enter into a new financial arrangement with terms favorable to the customer. For example, one such process includes (1) retrieving financing, customer, and product information, (2) comparing, for each of a plurality of customers, the customer's current financial terms for a financial arrangement related to a first product currently owned or leased by the customer with potential financial terms related to a second product comparable to the first product that would be available to the customer under a new financial arrangement in order to determine whether the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, (3) generating, for each customer for which the comparing shows that the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, an alert comprising information identifying the customer and indicating the terms favorable to the customer under the new arrangement, and (4) transmitting the alerts to at least one dealer.

Another process that can be performed by an embodiment of the system includes (1) receiving a modified financial variable, (2) comparing, for each of a plurality of customers, the customer's current financial terms for a financial arrangement related to a first product currently owned or leased by the customer with potential financial terms related to a second product comparable to the first product that would be available to the customer under a new financial arrangement, taking into account the modified financial variable, in order to determine whether the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, (3) generating, for each customer for which the comparing shows that the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the customer, an alert comprising information identifying the customer and indicating the terms favorable to the customer under the new arrangement, and (4) transmitting the alerts to at least one dealer.

Advantageously, by performing the foregoing process, embodiments of the system are able to determine how changed financial variables affect whether customers can enter new financial arrangements with favorable terms. For example, this process can be used to generate alerts when a new financial incentive, such as a manufacturer rebate or a

55

65

dealership incentive, allows customers to enter new financial arrangements with favorable terms.

Advantageously, embodiments of the system are able to generate alerts related to a particular customer in real-time. This advantageous capability can be used to generate an alert 5 when a customer enters a dealership, such as when a customer has taken his car to a dealership for service. Advantageously, in this embodiment, the alerts are generated in real-time, such that if favorable financial terms are available to the customer, 10the dealer can attempt to sell a new product to the customer while the customer is still at the dealership. Accordingly, this embodiment can be used to drive increased sales. In accordance with the foregoing embodiment, the system performs a process including (1) receiving an identification of a customer, (2) retrieving, in real-time, financial information regarding a current financial arrangement of the customer identified by the identification, wherein the current financial arrangement relates to a first product currently owned or leased by the identified customer, (3) comparing current 20 financial terms of the current financial arrangement with potential financial terms related to a second product comparable to the first product that would be available to the identified customer under a new financial arrangement in order to determine whether the new financial arrangement has terms 25 favorable to the identified customer, (4) generating an alert comprising information identifying terms favorable to the identified customer under the new financial arrangement if the comparing shows that the new financial arrangement has terms favorable to the identified customer, and (5) transmit- 30 ting the alert in real-time to at least one dealer.

Accordingly, the foregoing embodiments timely alert dealers regarding opportunities to sell new products to customers by identifying circumstances under which a customer can enter a new financial arrangement with terms favorable to the ³⁵ customer. This and other advantages of the foregoing embodiments will be apparent to a skilled artisan in light of this disclosure.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGS. 1A-1G illustrate an example deal sheet generated by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. **1H-1J** illustrate formulae for calculating certain terms of financial arrangements, as used by one embodiment 45 of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. 1K-8 are example screen shots illustrating functionality of various embodiments of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. **9** and **10** illustrate an example deal sheet generated 50 by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIGS. **11-33** are example screen shots illustrating functionality of various embodiments of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **34** is a block diagram illustrating how, in one embodiment of a financial alert generation system, internal data, external data, and historical data are used to generate one or more alerts.

FIG. **35** illustrates an example deal sheet generated by one 60 embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **36** is a flowchart that illustrates a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new lease or other financial arrangement, as performed by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **37** is a flowchart that illustrates another embodiment of a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be

offered a new lease or other financial arrangement, as performed by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **38** is a flowchart that illustrates process for detecting and presenting a deal to a customer in real-time, as performed by one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

FIG. **39** is a block diagram that illustrates one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system attached to a computer network.

FIG. **40** is an example screen shot that illustrates a class selection feature of one embodiment of a financial terms alert generation system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Embodiments of the system described herein may be used to assess the desirability of a new financial arrangement such as a replacement agreement. For example, in response to a customer's inquiry, a salesperson may use certain embodiments of the system to generate a deal sheet to determine whether replacement product and payments are acceptable to the client. In another example, certain embodiments of the system may generate notifications or alerts, which may advantageously indicate a potential replacement agreement satisfies certain parameters that indicate that the potential replacement agreement has terms favorable to the customer. Using these alerts, a person (such as a salesperson) may proactively contact a customer to offer the potential replacement agreement. To help manage client-contact-related tasks, certain embodiments may advantageously include contact management features.

Details regarding several illustrative preferred embodi-³⁵ ments for implementing the system and method described herein are described below with reference to the figures. At times, features of certain embodiments are described below in accordance with that which will be understood or appreciated by a person of ordinary skill in the art to which the system and ⁴⁰ method described herein pertain. For conciseness and readability, such a "person of ordinary skill in the art" is often referred to as a "skilled artisan."

It will be apparent to a skilled artisan, in light of this disclosure, that the system and method described herein can advantageously be implemented using computer software, hardware, firmware, or any combination of software, hardware, and firmware. In one embodiment, the system is implemented as a number of software modules that comprise computer executable code for performing the functions described herein. In one embodiment, the computer-executable code is executed on one or more general purpose computers. However, a skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that any module that can be implemented using software to be executed on a general purpose computer can also be implemented using a different combination of hardware, software, or firmware. For example, such a module can be implemented completely in hardware using a combination of integrated circuits. Alternatively or additionally, such a module can be implemented completely or partially using specialized computers designed to perform the particular functions described herein rather than by general purpose computers.

It will also be apparent to a skilled artisan, in light of this disclosure, that the modules described herein can be combined or divided. For example, a skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that any two or more modules can be combined into one module. Thus, referring to FIG. **39**, the information retrieval module **3930** and the financial terms comparison module **3935** can be combined into a single module that performs the functions of both modules. Conversely, any one module can be divided into multiple modules. For example, the information retrieval module **3930** can be divided into multiple modules such that each individual module performs part of the functions of the information retrieval module **3930** and all of the modules collectively perform all such functions.

Similarly, a number of databases are described herein. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that 10 any two or more databases can be combined into one database and that any one database can be divided into multiple databases.

A skilled artisan will also appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that multiple distributed computing devices can be 15 substituted for any one computing device illustrated herein. In such distributed embodiments, the functions of the one computing device are distributed such that some functions are performed on each of the distributed computing devices.

The foregoing and other variations understood by a skilled 20 artisan can be made to the embodiments described herein without departing from the invention. With the understanding therefore, that the described embodiments are illustrative and that the invention is not limited to the described embodiments, certain embodiments are described below with refer- 25 ence to the drawings.

FIG. 1A illustrates an embodiment of a deal sheet 102, which may advantageously include a description of a client's current agreement (FIG. 1B), the client's contact information and a description of the replacement product (FIG. 1C), and a 30 comparison between the client's current agreement and one or more replacement agreements (FIG. 1D). Any suitable number of replacement agreements may be displayed, including but not limited to one, two, three, four, five, six, or more replacement agreements. Any suitable number of lenders for 35 replacement agreements may be displayed, including but not limited to one, two, or more lenders. The replacement agreements may be for any suitable term, including but not limited to 36 months, 48 months, 60 months, or any other period. As illustrated, a replacement agreement's payment is advanta- 40 geously shown along with the difference between the client's current financial agreement's payment and the replacement agreement's payment. Thus, using the deal sheet, a salesperson may advantageously review a plurality of replacement agreements from a plurality of lenders.

FIGS. 1E, 1F, and 1G illustrate portions of an embodiment of a deal sheet. As illustrated in FIG. 1E, the text 104 indicates that the deal sheet is associated with an alert. Text 106 advantageously identifies information about the deal sheet. As illustrated, text 106 illustrates that it is a manager-level view of a 50 lease. In one embodiment, varying levels of detail from the detail sheet are shown to different persons accessing the system. Accordingly, the system may be advantageously used to customize varying views for the persons accessing the system to an appropriate level of detail. For example, a salesperson 55 may need less detail than a manager. In one embodiment, the system determines the identity, the employment position, or both to ascertain the level of detail to display to a user of the system. Although a lease is illustrated, the information displayed may be use for other agreements, such as a purchase 60 agreement. Text 108 may indicate that the alert is associated with a particular person (e.g., a salesperson) or a group of persons (e.g., a "house account" for some or all salespersons).

As illustrated in FIG. 1E, section 110 of the deal sheet includes information about the current product. The information about the current product may include any suitable information, including but not limited to a product identifier that

65

6

preferably uniquely identifies the product (e.g., a vehicle identification number or VIN or the like), a class identifier identifying a group of models, a series identifier identifying a particular model, a model year, a make, a model, or the like. The information about the current product may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), the current product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the current product (e.g., the local car dealership that sold the current product or the like), an online database of transactions, or the like. The information about the current product may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, the local car dealership that sold the current product may have some or all of the information about the current product in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the current product's manufacturer may have some or all of the information about the current agreement in a website from which the information may be obtained.

As illustrated in FIG. 1E, section 112 includes information about the current agreement, which may include any suitable information, including but not limited to the date the agreement started, the date the agreement ends, the original capitalized cost (or amount financed), the end of term residual (or deferred) payment, the term of the agreement, a base periodic payment (which may be pre tax in certain states), an actual periodic payment (which may be post-tax in certain states), the payoff amount (e.g., the amount owed to the lender to satisfy the agreement), a date until which the lender will accept the payoff amount in satisfaction of the agreement (e.g., a date representing the end of a ten-day period or other suitable period), a trade-in value associated with the product under the agreement, a trade equity (e.g., the trade-in value less the payoff amount), and a security deposit (if any) held by the lender. In one embodiment, the trade-in value is an average of trade-in values over a suitable period, which values may be obtained from one or more suitable sources. In one embodiment, values over a ten-year period are obtained from an online auction website and grouped by a suitable geographic region. In one embodiment, the trade-in value is manually adjustable. Trade-in values may be selected from any suitable location, including but not limited to one or more car dealerships. In one embodiment, trade-in values may have associated assumptions (e.g., mileage, condition, or the like). Of course, any suitable method for calculating a trade-in value may be used. The term "trade-in value" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. As illustrated in FIG. 1E, section 114 includes additional information concerning the current agreement, including the number of payments the client has made under the agreement, the number of payments remaining under the agreement, the number of times (if any) the client has made late payments (including payments 30 days late, 60 days late, 90 days late, or the like), and the total of remaining payments and any additional fees to conclude the agreement as scheduled under the agreement.

The information about the current agreement (e.g., FIG. 1E) may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to the lender that financed the current agreement, a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), the current product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the current product (e.g., the local car dealership

that sold the current product or the like), an online database of transactions, or the like. The information about the current agreement may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static 5 addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, the local car dealership that sold the current product may have some or all of the information about the current agreement in a software system from which the information 10 may be obtained. In some instances, the current product's manufacturer may have some or all of the information about the current product in a website from which the information may be obtained.

As illustrated in FIG. 1F, the text 120 indicates that the deal 15 sheet is provided by a particular car dealership. Text 122 indicates the client for whom the deal sheet was created. Section 124 includes information contact information for the client, such as the client's name, address, and telephone numbers. The information about the client may be obtained from 20 any suitable resource, including but not limited to a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), the current product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the current product (e.g., the local car dealership that sold the current product or the like), an online database of transactions, or the 25 like. The information about the client may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat 30 file, or the like). In some instances, the local car dealership that sold the current product may have some or all of the information about the client in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the current product's manufacturer may have some or all of the 35 information about the client in a website from which the information may be obtained.

As illustrated in FIG. 1F, section 126 may include any suitable information about the replacement product, including but not limited to a class identifier identifying a group of 40 models, a series identifier identifying a particular model, a model year, a make, a model, a selling price associated with the product (e.g., an average selling price), the trade equity value illustrated in section 112 (FIG. 1E), a subsidy amount (if any) the seller of the replacement product would be willing 45 to accept below the selling price associated with the product, the total selling price (or capitalized cost) on the replacement product including any equity and including sales tax (if any), sales tax (if any), and the total amount financed including trade equity and sales tax. The information about the replace- 50 ment product may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to a governmental agency (e.g., a department of motor vehicles), to the replacement product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the replacement product (e.g., a local dealership), an online database of transactions, 55 or the like. The information about the replacement product may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of 60 data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, a local car dealership may have some or all of the information about the replacement product in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the replacement product's manufacturer may have some or all 65 of the information about the replacement product in a website from which the information may be obtained.

8

As illustrated in FIG. 1G, the section headings 130 indicate the names of the lenders associated with the replacement agreements shown under the section headings 130. Any suitable information about the replacement agreements may be displayed, including but not limited to a contract term (e.g., 36 months, 48 months, 60 months, or the like), the type of agreement (e.g., lease, purchase, deferred payment), a residual or deferred payment amount, a capitalized cost or amount financed, a money factor or interest rate charged on the replacement agreement, a periodic payment associated with the replacement agreement, and difference (e.g., text 134) between the client's periodic payment under the current agreement (e.g., text 116 in FIG. 1E) and the payment under the replacement agreement (e.g., text 132). For one of the illustrated replacements agreements, text 134 indicates that the replacement agreement's payment is twelve dollars less than the current agreement's payment. In one embodiment, the actual replacement agreement that the client enters may differ from those displayed in the FIG. 1G; for example, upon review of the current product, particular values (e.g., a tradein value or selling price) may be adjusted higher or lower for any suitable reason. Accordingly, a deal sheet may advantageously display an indication that the values on the deal sheet are estimates.

The information about the replacement agreements (FIG. 1G) may be obtained from any suitable resource, including but not limited to the lenders offering financing for the replacement agreement, the replacement product's manufacturer, a local distributor of the replacement product (e.g., a local dealership), an online database of transactions, or the like. The information about the replacement agreement may be added to the system in any suitable manner (e.g., including but not limited to manual entry, automated entry, manual importation, automatic importation, static addition, dynamic addition, or the like) and using any suitable form of data (e.g., database, flat file, or the like). In some instances, a local car dealership may have some or all of the information about the replacement agreement in a software system from which the information may be obtained. In some instances, the replacement product's manufacturer may have some or all of the information about the replacement agreement in a website from which the information may be obtained.

In the example illustrated in FIG. 1G, the replacement agreements are leases; however, replacement agreements may be any suitable type of agreement, including but not limited to a lease agreement, a deferred or balloon agreement, a purchase agreement, or the like. The term "agreement" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 1H illustrates one embodiment of a lease payment formula; however, any suitable lease payment formula may be used. The term "lease" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 11 illustrates one embodiment of a deferred or balloon payment formula; however, any suitable deferred or balloon payment formula may be used. The term "deferred" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. The term "balloon" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 1J illustrates one embodiment of a purchase payment formula; however, any suitable purchase payment formula may be used. The term "purchase" is a broad term and is used herein in its ordinary sense and further includes without limitation aspects of some embodiments disclosed herein.

Q

10

A general architecture that implements the various features of embodiments of the invention will now be described with reference to drawings. The drawings and the associated descriptions are provided to illustrate embodiments of the invention and not to limit the scope of the invention.

Certain figures illustrate various views of a system, which may be displayed to a user of the system and which the user may access, review, use, or any suitable combination thereof. Some or all of these views may be used with any other suitable views. In one embodiment, the system uses a hypertext interface, such as HTML, MICROSOFT[™] Active Server Pages, or the like. In one embodiment, the system is accessed via a secure system, such as a local area network or the like. For example, the system may be hosted using an in-house server with one or more local computers. However, any network 15 may be used, including wide area networks, the Internet, or the like. Further, the system may be implemented using one or more computers.

As described with respect to some embodiments herein, persons employed at an automobile dealership use the sys- 20 tem; however, other suitable uses are contemplated outside of the automobile context. Further, although in some embodiments particular features are described with reference to a salesperson and a management person, any persons may use some or all aspects of the embodiments of the system. 25

FIG. 1K illustrates an internet browser that has buttons 101 advantageously used to access functions of various embodiments

FIG. 2 illustrates an initial log in screen in which a user enters a username and password into fields 201 to gain autho- 30 rized access to the system.

When the user accesses the system, an initial view screen is advantageously displayed as illustrated in FIG. 3. The screen advantageously displays the name 302 of the person associated with the username and password. In the instance illus- 35 trated in FIG. 3, the person is a salesperson. The system may advantageously associate the salesperson with clients. Any suitable association with clients may be used. For example, the clients may include but are not limited to persons to whom the salesperson may have sold an automobile, persons to 40 whom the salesperson has been assigned by a supervisor, other persons, or any suitable combination thereof. Thus, by managing the salesperson-client associations, the system may advantageously be used to limit the client data that a salesperson may view to the associated clients.

FIG. 3 illustrates contact management entries 300, which advantageously may include client information, transaction information, or any other suitable information associated with clients. A client may have an entry associated with the client's current automobile transaction, as illustrated by 50 hyperlinks 304 that display the client name and one or more associated automobile identifiers (e.g., make, model, year, or the like). In response to selecting one of the hyperlinks 304, a contact management view associated with the client is displayed, as described below. In one embodiment, contact man- 55 agement entries may advantageously be associated with a particular date. Contract management entries may advantageously be displayed and grouped according to one or more dates. In another embodiment, new contact management entries are displayed. The displayed entries may display any 60 suitable parameter in the system, including but not limited to a stage in the contact management process, items associated with a particular date, tasks associated with a particular date, actions taken during the contact management process, or the like. In one embodiment, the contact management entries 65 may be used to schedule and track tasks associated with contact management. The user may advantageously scroll

10

down through this area and view tasks that have scheduled for future follow up. In one embodiment, a contact management entry is associated with a deal sheet. In one embodiment, when a new deal sheet is generated, an associated contact management entry is also created. The system may generate deal sheets or contact management entries at any suitable time. In one embodiment, the system generates a deal sheet and an associated contact management entry when the system receives an update of information used to calculate replacement agreements that are advantageously displayed in deal sheets. In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated periodically (e.g., weekly). In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated dynamically. In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated substantially continuously. In one embodiment, when a new deal sheet is calculated, the prior deal sheet is retained and accessible through the client's history accessible through a contact management entry or the like. In one embodiment, deal sheets are generated in response to a user request. In an embodiment wherein one or more deal sheet parameters are customizable (e.g., a rebate amount or the like), a person may alter the one or more parameters and review the number and types of deal sheets generated (e.g., how many alerts). Categories of deal sheets include, but are not limited to, an "alert," a "sale," an "expired alert," and a "lease ending."

As illustrated in FIG. 3, a user may choose to customize the display of the contact management entries by filtering entries, sorting entries, ordering entries, ranking entries, or any suitable combination thereof. Although particular parameters are illustrated in FIG. 3, any suitable parameter in the system may be used as a reference for customization. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 306 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to a particular combination of sale or transaction types associated with a client, such as a lease, a retail sale, a balloon, or the like. For example, a client may have an existing lease of an automobile or may have purchased an automobile and is currently making payments. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 308 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to a category of deal sheets associated with a client, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. In one embodiment, an alert comprises a deal sheet that fits into one or more parameters. For example, in one embodiment, an alert comprises a deal sheet in which a replacement agreement for an associated replacement product has an associated payment within 10% of a payment associated with the client's current agreement. Any suitable range may be used. For example, the range could be set from at any value from 1% to 200% or more than 200%. In one embodiment, a lease ending deal sheet comprises a deal sheet for a client whose current agreement is a lease and that lease will end within a specified time (e.g., near the end of the lease). In one embodiment, a lease ending deal sheet comprises a deal sheet for a client whose lease will end in 6 months, 180 days, or the like. Any suitable time prior to the end of the client's lease may be used to identify a lease ending deal sheet. Accordingly, the contact management entries may be queried for leases ending within a specific period. In one embodiment, the display of entries may be ordered to view contact management entries associated with lease ending deal sheets beginning with those furthest from maturity or beginning with the leases which will end soonest. In one embodiment, an "expired alert" deal sheet comprises a deal sheet that was previously within one or more parameters associated with an alert, but no longer is because one or more parameter values changed. The expired alert deal sheet advantageously provides a reference point as sales associates continue to communicate with their clients. In one embodiment, a "sale" deal sheet comprises a deal sheet that is a

default category that is not an alert, a lease ending, or an expired alert. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 310 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to those at one or more particular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a tele-5 phone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. Entering one or more words into field 312 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to those 10 including those words. For example, if the user wanted to see only entries associated with a particular model of car, the user could enter the particular model of car into field 312. Similarly, to view entries associated with a client having a particular name, the user could enter the name into field 312. In one 15 embodiment, to view the customized display of contact management entries, button 314 is selected. In one embodiment, radio buttons or other suitable graphical user interface elements (not shown) associated with data fields in the system may be used to sort the contact management entries.

FIG. 4 illustrates an embodiment of the display shown in FIG. 3 in which the hyperlink 402 is selected. In response to the selection of hyperlink 402, a contact management view 500 is displayed as illustrated in FIG. 5. Text 501 identifies the name of client associated with hyperlink 402. The client name 25 and vehicle descriptor is also shown in text 502. Listbox 503 displays the owner of the entry (e.g., a salesperson assigned to the client). Listbox 504 indicates the current stage in the contact management process. In one embodiment, a user may select a stage and save the newly selected stage in the system. 30 Listbox 505 indicates a priority associated with the contact management process. In one embodiment, a user may select a priority and save the newly selected priority in the system. Priorities may advantageously indicate whether specific contact must take place, should take place, or is not needed. In 35 one embodiment, an icon, text, or the like (not shown) is advantageously displayed adjacent entries 304 (FIG. 3) to indicate an associated priority. Any suitable icon, color, or text may be used to indicate different priorities. In one embodiment, a different colored icon is associated with each 40 priority. Listbox 506 indicates a status associated with the contact management process. For example, the user may record contact management-related actions taken for the client by selecting a particular status from the list box 506, which displays a list of selectable statuses 601 (FIG. 6). In one 45 embodiment, a user may select a status and save the newly selected status in the system. A status may indicate, for example, that the salesperson called the client and left a message, called the client and set an appointment, or the like. Field 507 allows text to be entered and subsequently stored 50 for display in history list 508. Selection of listbox 510 allows a user to select a time from list 702 (FIG. 7A). Selection button 512 allows a user to select a date displayed in a calendar view 708 (FIG. 7B), where selection of a date from the calendar view 708 causes the date to appear in field 514. The 55 user may also enter a date directly into field 514. The dates and times may be advantageously used to schedule future activities such as a future call, or an appointment set. The history log may advantageously record a user's use of the contact management screen, list what deal sheet calculations 60 and generations the system has performed, and show any saved remarks. In one embodiment, newly generated contact management entries are associated with a "new" stage indication. A salesperson may advantageously use view 500 to track contact with the client through various contact stages, to 65 document appointments made, and schedule future contacts. In one embodiment, a status change will advantageously be

recorded in history section **508**. In one embodiment, when the save button is selected, the information from view **500** is logged into the history section as a separate line showing the date the entries were made along with the information entered.

FIG. 8 illustrates an embodiment of the contact management view from FIG. 5 in which remarks are entered the field 507 and then stored in the history view. When a view button 802 is selected, a deal sheet view 902 (FIG. 9) is displayed. When a print button 803 is selected, a deal sheet formatted for printing is displayed.

FIG. 9 illustrates the deal sheet 902. A deal sheet may include some or all of the data displayed in deal sheet or any other suitable data. Thus, a deal sheet showing a different set
15 of data is shown in FIG. 9. For example, FIG. 10 illustrates a view of a deal sheet highlighting the client's current transaction. Although a particular presentation is illustrated in FIG. 9, a deal sheet may use any suitable presentation and, thus, may be configured to show the data in a variety of ways,
20 whether similar to or not similar to that shown in FIG. 9. A user may browse from a displayed deal sheet to the contact management view (FIG. 11). For example, after calling a client and discussing the displayed deal sheet, a salesperson may wish to access the contract management view to update
25 the current status of the contact management process.

FIG. 12 illustrates an internet browser that has buttons 1201 advantageously used to access functions in various embodiments. FIG. 13 illustrates an initial log in screen in which a user enters a username and password into fields 1201 to gain authorized access to the system. When the user accesses the system, an initial view 1400 is advantageously displayed as illustrated in FIG. 14. The view 1400 advantageously displays the name of the person associated with the username and password. In the instance illustrated in FIG. 14, the person is a manager.

Using the view 1400, the manager may customize the data displayed in view by filtering data, sorting data, ordering data, ranking data, or any suitable combination thereof. Although particular parameters are illustrated in FIG. 14, any suitable parameter in the system may be used as a reference for customization. Entering one or more words into field 1401 may be used to limit the displayed data to those including those words. For example, if the user wanted to see only entries associated with a particular car name, model, make, or year, the user could enter some or all of those into field 1401. Similarly, to view entries associated with a client having a particular name, the user could enter the name into field 1401. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 1402 may be used to limit the displayed data to a particular combination of sale or transaction types associated with a client, such as a lease, a retail sale, a balloon, or the like. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 1403 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to a category of deal sheets associated with a client, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. Selecting one or more of checkboxes 1404 may be used to limit the displayed contact management entries to those at one or more particular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a telephone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. For example, the user can see all of the new deal sheets calculated, those that are scheduled to receive a call, appointments set, and so on. Selecting the sort radio buttons 1405 may be used to sort the data in a variety of ways such as follow up date, by prospect or client, by maturity date as in when the term of the purchase or lease will expire, and by series of vehicle. Select10

ing radio buttons 1406 may be used to view the data in ascending or descending order. After configuring the filtering, sorting, and ordering functions, the search button 1407 may be selected to see data associated with the selected the parameters. For example, FIG. 15A illustrates an example of search 5 criteria, including a particular client name, and FIG. 15B illustrates the results of that search. In one embodiment, to view data associated with a particular salesperson, a hyperlink (e.g., hyperlink 1408) is selected. The hyperlink may advantageously display the name of the salesperson.

Any screens suitable for performing administrative functions may be used in connection with the system. These screens may be used to maintain and manage information used to perform the calculations within the system. For example, FIG. 16 illustrates a reports generator screen. 15 Selecting hyperlink 1602 opens an average selling price screen 1701.

Using screen 1702, the user may view a display of costs associated with some or all of a set of car models. In one embodiment, the set comprises a set of available car models 20 offered by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 1706). The "active series" designation indicates the series which may be displayed in the display of costs. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double- 25 arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to the other. Checkboxes 1710 may be used to select the data to be displayed, including but not limited to a series or model identifier, a replacement series identifier, a base price, a delivery charge, a sunroof package, automatic 30 transmission, metallic paint, other costs associated with the financing or price of automotive-related features, or any other suitable costs. A submit button 1714 is selected to display the data in a report 1802 (FIG. 18), which may advantageously be used to evaluate the average selling price information the 35 system uses to calculate the deal sheets. In one embodiment, the average selling price information the system uses to calculate the deal sheets may be edited or entered manually. Accordingly, the report 1802 advantageously allows a person to review the average selling price information used by the 40 system determine whether to edit that information.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1604 opens a bank rate screen 1902 (FIG. 19). Using screen 1902, the user may view a display of financing rates associated with some or all of a set of car models. The "active series" designation 45 indicate the series which may be displayed in the display of financing rates. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to 50 the other. In one embodiment, the set comprises a set of available car models offered by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 1908). In one embodiment, the user may limit the financing rates displayed to those rates offered by one or more financial institutions. For example, listbox 1912 may be used 55 to select a financial institution. In response to selecting button 1916 A submit button 1912 is selected to display the data in a report 2002 (FIG. 20), which may advantageously evaluate the financing rates used in the system. The report 2002 advantageously may include financing rate information, including a 60 model identifier, the duration of the term, a money factor, a residual percentage, and MRM. A model identifier may be advantageously used to associate a rate residual with a particular model because rates and residuals may vary by model. The duration of the term is the length of the agreement. The 65 money factor comprises a leasing interest rate or APR of the lease. The residual percentage comprises the portion of the

original selling price that the financing company expects the product to be worth at the end of the lease or purchase. MRM is a maximum residual amount used that may be used for calculating payoffs.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1606 opens a mailing list screen 2102 (FIG. 21). Using screen 2102, the user may view a display of client-related, contact information associated with some or all of a set of clients. In an embodiment where sets of clients are associated with one or more salespersons, the display of the client-related, contact information may be displayed for one or more selected salespersons. The "active sales associate" designation indicate the sales associates which may be displayed in the display of the client-related, contact information. To move one or more sales associates from one sales associates box to the other, the sales associates may be selected and the appropriate singlearrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one sales associates box to the other. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the column-displayed, client-related, contact information to particular parameters, including but not limited to names, organization name, addresses, city, state, zip, home telephone, work telephone, mobile telephone, or the like. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the displayed client-related contact information to a category of deal sheets associated with a client, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the displayed client-related contact information to those at one or more particular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a telephone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. A submit button 2116 is selected to display the data in a report 2202 (FIG. 22), which may advantageously to view list of the client-related, contact information.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1608 opens a salesperson screen 2302 (FIG. 23). Using screen 2302, the user may view a display of information associated with some or all of a set of salespersons. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the column-displayed salesperson information, which may include but is not limited to a salesperson identifier, a username, a password, an email address, or the like. A submit button 2316 is selected to display the data in a report 2402 (FIG. 24), which may advantageously to review a display of the salesperson information.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1610 opens a subsidy screen 2502 (FIG. 25). Using screen 2502, the user may view a display of information associated with subsidies (e.g., rebates, discounts, promotions, or the like) associated with some or all of a set of car models. The "active series" designation indicate the series which may be displayed in the display of financing rates. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to the other. In one embodiment, the set comprises a set of available car models offered by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 2508). A submit button 2516 is selected to display the data in a report 2602 (FIG. 26), which may advantageously to assess one or more models and any associated subsidies. In one embodiment, the system uses the subsidies to create deal sheets.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1612 opens a task stage by task owner screen 2702 (FIG. 27). Using screen 2702, the user may view a display of contact management task information associated with some or all of a set of task owners (e.g., a salesperson). In an embodiment where set tasks are associated with one or more salespersons, the display of the task information may be displayed for one or more selected salespersons. The "active sales associate" designation indicate the sales associates which may be displayed in 5 the display of the client-related, contact information. To move one or more sales associates from one sales associates box to the other, the sales associates may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one sales 10 associates box to the other. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the task information to a category of deal sheets, such as a sale, an alert, an expired alert, a lease ending, or the like. Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the task information columns displayed to those at one or more par- 15 ticular stages in the contact management process, such as where the entry is new, where a telephone call has been made, where an appointment has been made, where a sale occurred, where no sale occurred, or any other stage suitable for managing contacts with persons. In an embodiment where the task 20 information is associated with a particular date, a range of one or more dates may be entered into one or more of the start field and finish field using any suitable method, including but not limited to manual entry or using calendar buttons in a manner substantially similar to that described above with respect to 25 calendar view 708 (FIG. 7B) and field 514 (FIG. 5). A submit button 2716 is selected to display the task information in a report 2802 (FIG. 28). As illustrated in FIG. 28, report 2802 advantageously displays each selected salesperson with a total number of tasks for the sales person, a subtotal of tasks 30 at each particular stage for the sales person, and an associated percentage relative to the total number of tasks for the particular stage and sales person. In one embodiment, report 2802 may include totals by any suitable group, including by division, type of sales, organization, or the like.

Referring to FIG. 16, selecting hyperlink 1616 opens a trade-in history screen 2902 (FIG. 29). Using screen 2902, the user may view a history of trade-in values associated with some or all of a set of car models. The "active series" designation indicate the series which may be displayed in the 40 display of financing rates. To move one or more series from one series box to the other, the series may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one series box to the other. In one embodiment, the set of car models 45 comprises a set of car models accepted as a trade-in by a particular car dealership (e.g., list 2908). The user may view a history of trade-in values associated with some or all of a set of dates. The "active trade-in date" designation indicate the trade-in dates which may be displayed in the display of 50 financing rates. To move one or more trade-in dates from one trade-in dates box to the other, the trade-in dates may be selected and the appropriate single-arrow button pressed. The double-arrows buttons are for selecting and moving all items from one trade-in dates box to the other. In one embodiment, 55 the set of dates comprises a set of dates on which a particular car dealership accepted particular models accepted as a tradein (e.g., list **2916**). Selecting one or more checkboxes may limit the column-displayed trade-in information, which may include but is not limited to a vehicle identification number, 60 the trade-in amount, an auction price, and a dealer adjustment. The dealer adjustments are those figures where the dealer can actually make changes to the average trade in value. These values are subsequently put into and become part of the calculations. A submit button 2924 is selected to 65 display the + information in a report 3002 (FIG. 30), which may be used to evaluate the trade-in values used by the sys-

tem. In one embodiment, a trade-in value, adjustment, or other parameter value associated with a particular current product may be manually altered (e.g., receive user input) to customize that parameter value. In one embodiment, any parameter value associated with a particular replacement product may be manually altered (e.g., receive user input) to customize that parameter value.

FIG. **31** illustrates an embodiment wherein money factor, residual percentage, or both may be altered for one or more replacement products and for one or more suitable replacement agreement terms (e.g., 36 months, 48 months, 60 months, or the like). Accordingly, a person may enter suitable values to update such values in the system. In one embodiment, these changes are advantageously reflected in view **2002** (FIG. **20**).

FIG. **32** illustrates an embodiment wherein money factor, residual percentage, both may be altered for one or more replacement products. Accordingly, a person may enter suitable values to update such values in the system. In one embodiment, these changes are advantageously reflected in view **2602** (FIG. **26**).

FIG. **33** illustrates a display of contact management related activities for one or more accounts (e.g., a house account, a salesperson account, or the like), a group of one or more accounts, or both.

FIG. 34 illustrates one embodiment in which internal data, external data, and historical data are used to generate one or more alerts. The external data comprises trade-in data, payoff
 ³⁰ amount data, money factor data, and residual data. The internal data comprises rebates and adjustments, average selling price data, and sales effort results data. Management reports, alert lists, and deal sheets are advantageously provided. Further, a sales associate may access the system via a sales associate interface and a manager may access the system from an interface.

FIG. **35** illustrates an embodiment of a deal sheet. As illustrated in FIG. **35**, deal sheet may have one, two, three, or more types of agreements (e.g., lease, balloon, retail purchase, or the like). Further, different types of agreements may have the same or different sets of parameters displayed in the deal sheet.

In one embodiment, a server computer collects information advantageously used to assess the potential replacement agreement, including but not limited to automobile trade-in values. The server computer may reside in any suitable location, including but not limited to a location remote from a dealership.

In one embodiment, when a client with a current agreement visits a dealership, information sufficient to identify the client is provided to the system. For example, in one embodiment, the current product's vehicle identification number is entered into the system. In response, a deal sheet or an alert sheet associated with the client's current agreement may advantageously be created. In one embodiment, a notification is automatically sent to one or more persons at the dealership. Thus, persons at a dealership may proactively offer the client with potential replacement agreements. For example, in one embodiment, when a client visits a dealership for car maintenance, a car maintenance system may automatically communicate with the system to generate a notification to a salesperson.

In some embodiments, a replacement product may comprise one or more automobiles among the dealership's new or pre owned inventory, a new car offered by a manufacturer, or an automobile from any other suitable provider. 10

45

In some instances, the lease or contract-ending customers may advantageously be directed to a contract-ending specialist who can adjust the parameters on the remaining months left.

In one embodiment, a manager or sales representative may 5 advantageously adjust the rebates and finance parameters to change when a deal sheet is considered an alert. Thus, a person may try various scenarios and view the results. For example, if an automobile dealership is considering a \$1,000 rebate for a certain model of automobile, a manager could enter the \$1,000 rebate into the system and then evaluate the number of new alerts generated by this rebate. Similarly, the manager could view the results from altering the interest rate, money factor, or any other suitable parameter associated with an alert

In one embodiment, the alerts will be integrated into an enterprise software system that tracks client-customer contact, facilitates outreach, facilitates follow through, or the like. For example, in one embodiment, the alerts are integrated into a Customer Relationship Manager system that 20 will function with one or more aspects of the daily working of an automotive dealership to include sales representatives, business development centers, call centers, lease termination departments, managers, finance departments and service departments. Thus, interaction with various aspects of these 25 systems may advantageously trigger a notification of a potential replacement contract. For example, when a call center receives a call from the client, the call center's system would preferably access the alert aspects of the system and, if an alert was associated with the client, the call center's system 30 would be automatically notified. In one embodiment, a person may be notified of new alerts, lease endings, or the like via a pop-up screen, an email, or the like. In one embodiment, a person may be notified of new alerts, lease endings, or the like via a wireless transmitter (e.g., PDA, cellular phone), a wired 35 transmission (e.g., telephone), or any suitable method. Any suitable person may receive such notifications.

In some embodiments, the system uses internal data, external data, or both. In one embodiment, the internal data comprises rebates, adjustments, average selling prices, historical 40 sales data. In one embodiment, the external data comprises trade-in values, payoff values, money factors, and residual. In one embodiment, alerts are provided to any suitable person, including but not limited to outbound marketers (e.g., telephone or the like), salespersons, managers, or the like.

In some embodiments, additional fees (e.g., license fee, bank acquisition fee, or the like) may be required in addition to the replacement product payments. In some embodiments, the payments calculated for a replacement product includes fees (e.g., delivery charge, fuel-economy tax) related to the 50 replacement agreement. The replacement product may have any suitable combination of features financed in its payment. In one embodiment, the replacement product includes a set of predetermined features. In one embodiment, a set of predetermined features includes automatic transmission, sunroof 55 package, and metallic paint.

In one embodiment, a current product is associated in the system with one or more replacement products. Accordingly, when the system executes a process to generate a deal sheet, the system determines the one or more replacement products 60 associated with the current product and displays a deal sheet for those one or more replacement products. Associations may be made in any suitable manner, including but not limited to a database, a data file, or the like. In one embodiment, a particular make, model, and year of an automobile may be 65 associated with one or more other combinations of make, model, and year. In this embodiment, when the system

executes a process to generate a deal sheet, the system identifies the make, model, and year of the current product and display a deal sheet with associated combinations of make, model, and year. In one embodiment, these associations are entered manually into the system for general use (e.g., a manager determines that customers generally would accept particular types of replacement products for certain types of current products). Any suitable way of determining what replacement products to display may be used. For example, where a client requests a particular make, model, and year, the system may advantageously receive that particular make, model, and year and display a corresponding deal sheet. Although automobiles may be categorized using make, model, series, class, year, or the like, any suitable category, classification, or grouping of automobile may be used to create associations for a client's current automobile and a replacement automobile. Further, for current products or replacement products, any category, classification, or grouping may be used to association current products with replacement products.

In one embodiment, when the system executes a process to generate a deal sheet (e.g., for an alert), the system identifies one or more replacement products associated with the current product and determines whether a payment associated with the replacement agreements is less than or equal to a certain threshold percentage value relative to a payment associated with the current agreement. For example, in one embodiment where the threshold percentage value is 10 percent, if a client leases a first automobile at \$500 a month and a second associated automobile is available for lease at \$550 a month, the system would generate an alert because the second automobile's payment is within 10%. Any suitable threshold percentage value may be used. In one embodiment, the threshold value is 5%. The threshold percentage value may be between and including 3% and 10%. Of course, the threshold percentage value may be at or about any suitable value. Further, this comparison of payments may be used to generate an alert alone, in combination with associations among products within the system, or in combination with any other suitable parameters. Further, alerts may be generated without reference to a comparison of payments.

In one embodiment, a local distributor tracks the identity of a person that sold the client the current product, and the system uses that information to route one or more alerts related to that client's current product to the person. In one embodiment, any suitable person may receive an alert.

As will be apparent to a skilled artisan in light of the foregoing disclosure, the system disclosed herein perform a number of useful processes for alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new and advantageous lease or other financial arrangement. Advantageously, providing such information to a dealership in a timely fashion can drive a significant number of sales and leasing arrangements for a dealership. Accordingly, embodiments as described herein allow for the automated performance of a number of processes that can significantly increase dealership profits. Embodiments of such processes are described below with regard to FIGS. 36 through 38.

FIG. 36 illustrates a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new lease or other financial arrangement. Such a process 3600 commences with a block 3610. In the block 3610, the process 3600 retrieves customer information, financing information, and product information. Preferably, such customer information and financing information includes information about any leases or other financial arrangements that each customer is already involved in, along with information about financial arrangements cur15

rently available from financial institutions. Accordingly, such information provides a basis for allowing the process **3600** to compare current financial arrangements with potential financial arrangements to determine whether a customer can switch to an advantageous financial arrangement. In one ⁵ embodiment, an automated information retrieval module, such as the information retrieval module **3930** of FIG. **39**, automatically retrieves the customer and financial information from various electronic sources, such as, for example, public and private web pages, databases maintained by a dealership, external databases, and the like. A number of techniques for automatically retrieving such information are known to skilled artisans and can be employed to implement the information retrieval module **3930**.

In a block 3620, the process 3600 compares each customer's current financial terms with potential financial terms being offered by financial institutions. Preferably, the comparison block 3620 takes into account all available financial variables that affect whether a customer can advantageously 20 switch financial arrangements, including, for example, interest rates, payoff periods, amount due on the current financial arrangement, any dealer or manufacturer incentives currently available, and the like. The foregoing list of financial variables is exemplary and non-exhaustive; a skilled artisan will 25 appreciate, in light of this disclosure, other financial variables that are relevant, under some circumstances, for determining whether a customer can advantageously switch financial arrangements. In one embodiment, a financial terms comparison module, such as the financial terms comparison module 30 **3935** of FIG. **39**, performs the processing of the block **3620**.

In a block 3630, the process 3600 generates, based on the comparison of the block 3620, a number of alerts to inform a dealership that a customer can advantageously switch financial arrangements. In one embodiment, the process 3600 gen- 35 erates an alert whenever the difference between the amount that a customer will pay for a new but comparable financial arrangement as compared to the customer's current financial arrangement is below a threshold value. For example, in one embodiment, the process 3600 generates an alert whenever 40 the difference in payment amount is less 10%, such that, for example, an alert is generated when a new payment amount would be \$540 and a current payment amount is \$500. Alternatively, the process 3600 can be configured to generate an alert only when the difference between a new payment 45 amount and a current payment amount is negative; that is, when the new payment amount is less than the current payment amount. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that a wide variety of thresholds can be set depending on the particular types of sales opportunities that a 50 dealer wants to know about. In one embodiment, the processing of the block 3630 is performed by the financial terms comparison module 3935. Alternatively, as will be apparent to a skilled artisan, the processing of the block 3630 can be performed by a separate module, such as, for example, an 55 alert generation module.

In a block **3640**, the process **3600** transmits the generated alerts to a dealership. Advantageously, the transmission of alerts informs the dealership of sales opportunities that may provide to the dealership a significant opportunity to boost ⁶⁰ profits. As will be apparent from the description of the system provided above, the alerts can be transmitted by email, pager, web page, database record, fax, or any other known method of transmitting electronic data. In one embodiment, the processing of the block **3640** is performed by an alert transmission ⁶⁵ module, such as, for example, the alert transmission module **3940** of FIG. **39**.

Though additional blocks are not illustrated by FIG. **36**, it will be apparent to a skilled artisan in light of this disclosure that the dealer can invoke additional processing of the alerts once the dealer has received the alerts. For example, the dealer can invoke the contact management and task management functions as have been described herein. Accordingly, in addition to alerting the dealer, embodiments of the system can perform a number of processes for managing alerts. Advantageously, such alert management provides dealers an effective way to follow up with each alert in a way that maximized the dealer's chances to convert an alert of a potential sale into an actual sale.

FIG. **37** illustrates another embodiment of a process of alerting a dealership when a customer can be offered a new lease or other financial arrangement. In this embodiment, in a block **3710**, the process **3700** receives at least one modified financial variable. For example, in one embodiment, the process **3700** may receive a financial variable that indicates that a dealer rebate has increased from \$500 to \$1,000.

Based on the new information, the process 3700 executes much of the same processing that was explained with regard to FIG. 36 in order to generate alerts that take into account the newly entered information. Advantageously, therefore, the process 3700 can be used by a dealer to answer questions such as "How many customers could be switched to a new financial arrangement if we increase the dealer incentive to \$1,000?" In one embodiment, the modified financial variables received in the block 3710 are received by an automated process such as the information retrieval module 3930. In another embodiment, the modified variables are entered manually using a data entry module, such as, for example, the data entry module 3925 of FIG. 39. Advantageously, allowing for manual entry allows for great flexibility in allowing a dealership to change variables over which the dealership has control in order to determine whether new sales opportunities can be generated.

As indicated, the process **3700** performs much of the same processing that is performed by the process **3600**. In a block **3720**, the process **3700** compares current financial terms to potential financial terms, substantially as explained with respect to the block **3620**. In a block **3730**, the process **3700** generates alerts, substantially as explained with respect to the block **3630**. In a block **3740**, the process **3700** transmits the alerts, substantially as explained with respect to the block **3640**.

Advantageously, one embodiment of the system can be used to determine, in real time, whether a deal can be presented to a customer, while the customer is, for example, in a dealership showroom. FIG. 38 illustrates such a process for detecting and presenting a deal to a customer in real-time. The process 3800 commences, in a block 3810, to receive a potential customer identification. In one embodiment, a potential customer identification, such as, for example, a customer number, can be entered manually into the system using the data entry module 3925. In a block 3820, the process 3800 retrieves the potential customer's financial information in real-time. In a block 3830, the process 3800 compares the current financial terms of the financial arrangements associated with the identified potential customer with potential financial terms for comparable financial arrangements, substantially as explained with regard to the block 3620. In a block 3840, the process 3800 generates alerts, substantially as explained with regard to the block 3630. In a block 3850, the process 3800 transmits the alerts, substantially as explained with regard to the block 3640. In a block 3860, the dealership uses the transmitted alert to present a deal to the potential customer. Advantageously, the entire process 3800 occurs while the potential customer is still in the presence of the dealer, giving the dealer a higher probability to derive increased sales based on the alerts.

FIG. 39 illustrates a financial terms alert generation system attached to a computer network, according to one embodi-5 ment of the system described herein. A financial terms alert generation system 3905 comprises financing information 3910, customer information 3915, product information 3920, a data entry module 3925, an information retrieval module 3930, a financial terms comparison module 3935, and an alert 10 transmission module 3940. The financial terms alert generation system 3905 is preferably connected, via a computer network 3945, to external financing information 3950, external customer information 3955, external product information 3960, and at least one dealer terminal 3965. In some embodi- 15 ments, the financing information 3910, customer information 3915, and product information 3920 does not exist permanently within the financial terms alert generation system, but is retrieved from external sources 3950, 3955, and 3960, as needed. In other embodiments, at least portions of the financ- 20 ing information 3910, the customer information 3915, and product information 3920 is stored permanently within the financial terms alert generation system 3905 to provide local storage and caching of data. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of this disclosure, that the illustrated storage and 25 modules can be distributed across multiple network hosts rather than being centralized in one location.

In one embodiment, the data entry module 3925 is configured to receive input from a user to enter or modify data stored in the financing information **3910**, the customer information 30 **3915**, the product information **3920**, the external financing information 3950, the external customer information 3955, or the external product information 3960. In general, the data entry module 3925 is not used for a large percentage of data entry, because the information retrieval module 3930 gener- 35 ally automatically retrieves information from sources available on the network 3945. However, advantageously the data entry module 3925 provides a manual tool for entering data for cases in which a user desires to fine tune the information stored in the databases. For example, in certain cases, a deal- 40 ership may have special incentive programs that are not captured in sources available on the network 3945, and a dealer may want to manually enter data that takes such special incentive programs into account.

In one embodiment, the information retrieval module 3930 45 is configured to automatically retrieve information about products, customers, and financing from sources available on the network 3945, such as, for example, from the external financing information 3950, the external customer information 3955, and the external product information 3960. Upon 50 retrieving such information from sources available on the network 3945, the information retrieval module 3930 makes the information available to the financial terms alert generation system 3905, such that the system 3905 can use the information in order to perform the calculations necessary to 55 determine whether a customer can advantageously enter a new lease or purchase transaction. For example, in one embodiment, the information retrieval module 3930 stores the retrieved information in local storage accessible to the financial terms alert generation system 3905, such as by stor- 60 ing the information in the financing information 3910, the customer information 3915, and the product information **3920**. Alternatively or additionally, the information retrieval module 3930 can store the information in memory rather than in local storage. A skilled artisan will appreciate, in light of 65 this disclosure, a variety of techniques for retrieving information from sources available on the network 3945, including,

for example, by scraping public websites. In light of these known techniques, a skilled artisan will readily understand, in light of this disclosure, how to implement the information retrieval module **3930**.

As previously described, embodiments of the system and method described herein determine when a customer is able to enter into a new financial arrangement under financial terms that are favorable to the customer. In many cases, financial terms that are favorable to a customer are those in which the customer will pay less under a new arrangement than under an old arrangement. However, in certain cases, a customer may find terms favorable to the customer even when the customer will pay more under the new arrangement. For example, in certain cases, a customer may want to "buy up," or purchase a product with a higher level of quality of luxury. Accordingly, embodiments of the system and method described herein allow a dealer to determine financial arrangements that are available to a customer in such a "buy up" situation. In certain embodiments, for example, a dealer selects, using, for example, a pull-down menu, a class of products that a customer potentially desires to buy. For example, with respect to cars, a dealer may select a model of car, such as a Mercedes-Benz C class, or a Mercedes-Benz E class. FIG. 40 illustrates an example screen shot in which a dealer may make such a selection. Upon receiving such a selection, embodiments of the system determine new financial arrangements that are available to the customer for that class of product. Advantageously, the dealer can use such information to present the customer with an offer to "buy up" to a higher quality product.

Similarly, embodiments of the system and method allow a dealer to select a lower class of product to find out about opportunities for the customer to "buy down," or purchase a lower class product in order to save money. In certain embodiments, such "buy up" or "buy down" inquiries are limited to products from the same manufacturer as a product that the customer currently owns or is leasing. In other embodiments, such "buy up" or "buy down" inquiries can include manufacturers that are different from the manufacturer of a product that the customer currently owns or is leasing.

Advantageously, by automatically retrieving a large amount of information relating to products, customers, and financing, the information retrieval module **3930** contributes to the ability of the financial terms alert generation system **3905** to generate a large amount of alerts regarding financing opportunities in a timely fashion such that dealers can be informed of such opportunities in time to convert many such opportunities into sales. Advantageously, the automation provided by the information retrieval module **3930** also allows for periodic alert generation based on up-to-date information. Accordingly, the financial terms alert generation system **3905** can generate alerts whenever new information is retrieved by the information retrieval module **3930** that affects whether customers are able to advantageously enter a new lease or purchase transaction.

In one embodiment, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs comparisons and calculations necessary to determine whether a customer is able to advantageously enter a new lease or purchase transaction. In one mode of operation, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs batch comparisons periodically. In another mode of operation, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs batch comparisons whenever new information is added to any one or more of the financing information **3910**, the customer information **3915**, or the product information **3920**. In another mode of operation, the financial terms comparison module **3935** performs a comparison for a particular identi10

fied customer and returns results of such a comparison in real time. When operating in this mode, the financial terms comparison module 3935 can advantageously lead to the generation of an alert in real time while, for example, a customer is in a dealership showroom. Advantageously, the financial 5 terms comparison module 3935, in one embodiment, is configured to be able to perform comparisons and calculations in any one or more of the above-described modes of operation, such that the most advantageous mode of operation under the circumstances can be chosen.

Preferably, the financial terms comparison module 3935 compares each customer's current financial arrangements with potential financial arrangements for similar products in order to determine whether a replacement arrangement can be entered into on more favorable or almost as favorable terms. 15 To perform such calculations and comparisons, the financial terms comparison module 3935 employs the comparison method steps and calculation formulas as are described herein above. Upon performing the calculations and comparisons, the financial terms comparison module 3935 generates infor- 20 mation for an alert to a customer whenever a favorable replacement financial arrangement can be had.

In one embodiment, the alert transmission module 3940 receives alert information generated by the financial terms comparison module 3935 and transmits the alerts to a dealer. 25 In one embodiment, the alert transmission module 3940 transmits the alerts to a dealer terminal 3965 via email. Alternatively or additionally, the alert transmission module 3940 can be configured to transmit alerts via pager, telephone, fax transmission, a webpage accessible to the dealer terminal 30 **3965**, or any other known mechanism for communicating information using electronic devices. In one embodiment, the alert transmission module 3965 is configured to transmit an alert to the dealer terminal 3965 in real time, such that the dealer receives the alert, for example, while a customer is still 35 in a dealership showroom. Such real time alert generation and transmission can be advantageously employed to generate an alert for each customer that comes into a dealership's service department. That is, whenever, the customer brings a product to be serviced, the dealership can quickly run a comparison 40 and generate any alerts, as applicable, to determine whether the customer can advantageously enter into a new lease or purchase transaction. If the customer can enter into such a transaction under favorable terms, the dealer can use the information from the alert to make an offer to the customer 45 while the customer is in the service department. Advantageously, this usage of the financial terms alert generation system 3905 can lead to a substantial increase in sales, as it has been found that at any given time, approximately eight percent of customers can enter new loans or leases on favor- 50 able terms. Advantageously, the financial terms alert generation system 3905 identifies a large percentage of those customers that can enter new loans or leases on favorable terms.

Although the system is disclosed with reference to preferred embodiments, the invention is not limited to the pre- 55 ferred embodiments only. Rather, a skilled artisan will recognize from the disclosure herein a wide number of alternatives for the system. Unless indicated otherwise, it may be assumed that the process steps described herein are implemented within one or more modules, including logic embod- 60 ied in hardware or firmware, or a collection of software instructions, possibly having entry and exit points, written in a programming language, such as, for example C++. A software module may be compiled and linked into an executable program, installed in a dynamic link library, or may be written 65 in an interpretive language such as BASIC. It will be appreciated that software modules may be callable from other

24

modules or from themselves, and/or may be invoked in response to detected events or interrupts. Software instructions may be embedded in firmware, such as an EPROM or EEPROM. It will be further appreciated that hardware modules may be comprised of connected logic units, such as gates and flip-flops, and/or may be comprised of programmable units, such as programmable gate arrays or processors. The modules described herein are preferably implemented as software modules, but may be represented in hardware or firmware. The software modules may be executed by one or more general purpose computers. The software modules may be stored on or within any suitable computer-readable medium. The data described herein may be stored in one or more suitable mediums, including but not limited to a computerreadable medium. The data described herein may be stored in one or more suitable formats, including but not limited to a data file, a database, an expert system, or the like.

Although the foregoing invention has been described in terms of certain preferred embodiments, other embodiments will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art from the disclosure herein. For example, although described in the context of automobiles, any good or service associated with a series of one or more payments may be used with embodiments of the invention. Thus, any good or service, whether related to automobiles or unrelated to automobiles, is contemplated. Accordingly, the concepts represented herein may apply to any consumer or commercial good that is financed or leased over time, such as aircraft, heavy equipment, high tech equipment, or the like. Further, although particular make, models, and other automobile-specific information is described, any make, model, or other information may be used. Also, any use related to vehicles or unrelated to vehicles may be used. Additionally, other combinations, omissions, substitutions and modifications will be apparent to the skilled artisan in view of the disclosure herein. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to the preferred embodiments. Rather, the claims that follow define the invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

by a computer system comprising computer hardware:

automatically retrieving at least a portion of customer information, first financial terms that a customer has for a first vehicle, and first vehicle information;

automatically retrieving at least a portion of second vehicle information for a second vehicle and second financial terms available to the customer for the second vehicle; receiving a configuration request for replacing the first

vehicle of the customer with a different vehicle;

- in response to the configuration request, retrieving in realtime changed information since past changed information associated with at least one of the customer information, the first financial terms that the customer has for the first vehicle, the first vehicle information, the second vehicle information, or the second financial terms available to the customer for the second vehicle;
- determining, by the computer system, whether the changed retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace a first vehicle and first financial terms with a second vehicle and second financial terms by at least:

automatically calculating one or more new payments based on an estimated equity value of the first vehicle derived from the first financial terms, and, based on the second financial terms; and

automatically determining if the one or more new payments satisfy at least a condition based at least in part on the first financial terms and the second financial terms, 5

55

wherein the determination comprises calculating a difference between the one or more new payments and an existing periodic payment for the first vehicle, and determining whether the difference is less than or equal to a preset acceptable threshold value;

automatically generating a message if it is determined that the changed retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace the first vehicle and first financial terms with the second vehicle and second financial terms, and not generating the message if it is determined that the changed retrieved information may not affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace the first vehicle and first financial terms with the second vehicle and second financial terms; and transmitting the message to a dealer.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the condition comprises determining if the customer, under the second financial terms, would pay no more than ten percent per periodic payment over what the customer pays under the first financial terms.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the condition comprises ²⁰ determining if the customer would pay no more per periodic payment under the second financial terms than under the first financial terms.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the message is configured to be read by a dealer terminal configured for managing the message, wherein managing the message includes at least one of assigning the message to a user for handling, associating a task with the message, and assigning a status to the message.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more new payments comprise payments for different respective time periods.

6. The method of claim **1**, wherein elements or functions may be executed out of order from that shown or discussed, including substantially concurrently or in reverse order, ³⁵ depending on the functionality involved.

7. A computing system comprising:

- a processor; and
- a computer readable medium storing machine-executable instructions including one or more modules configured for execution by the processor in order to cause the computing system to:

electronically retrieve at least a portion of customer information, first financial terms that a customer has for a first vehicle, and first vehicle information;

electronically retrieve at least a portion of second vehicle information for a second vehicle and second financial terms available to the customer for the second vehicle;

receive a configuration request for replacing the first vehicle of the customer with a different vehicle;

- in response to the configuration request, retrieve in realtime changed information associated with at least a portion of the customer information, the first financial terms that the customer has for the first vehicle, the first vehicle information, the second vehicle information, or the second financial terms available to the customer for the second vehicle;
- determine whether the changed retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace

26

a first vehicle and first financial terms with a second vehicle and second financial terms by at least causing the computing system to:

automatically calculate one or more new payments based on an estimated equity value of the first vehicle derived from the first financial terms, and derived from the second financial terms; and

- automatically determine if the one or more new payments satisfy at least a condition based at least in part on the first financial terms and the second financial terms, wherein the determination comprises calculating a difference between the one or more new payments and an existing periodic payment for the first vehicle, and determining whether the difference is less than or equal to a preset acceptable threshold value;
- automatically generate a message if it is determined that the changed retrieved information may affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace the first vehicle and first financial terms with the second vehicle and second financial terms, and not generating the message if it is determined that the changed retrieved information may not affect whether it is favorable for the customer to replace the first vehicle and first financial terms with the second vehicle and second financial terms; and

transmit the message to a client.

8. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the computing system is configured to retrieve the changed information with respect to a single specific customer.

9. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the computing system is configured to retrieve the changed information with respect to a plurality of customers.

10. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the computing system is configured to retrieve the changed information as a batch process.

11. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the client is a dealer.

12. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the configuration request is received before the customer enters a dealership.

13. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the configuration request is received when the customer enters a dealership.

14. The computing system of claim 7, wherein the message comprises a report.

15. The computing system of claim 7, wherein the message comprises an alert.

16. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the second vehicle is comparable in value to the first vehicle.

17. The computing system of claim 16, wherein the computing system determines the second vehicle.

18. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the configuration request is received from a requesting user.

19. The computing system of claim **7**, wherein the configuration request is received in response to a customer inquiry.

20. The computing system of claim 7, wherein elements or functions may be executed out of order from that shown or discussed, including substantially concurrently or in reverse order, depending on the functionality involved.

* * * * *

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

 PATENT NO.
 : 8,095,461 B2

 APPLICATION NO.
 : 13/076203

 DATED
 : January 10, 2012

 INVENTOR(S)
 : Jeffrey S. Cotton

Page 1 of 1

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Title Page (Item 56), Column 2, Line 13 (Approx.), Under Other Publications change

"Science," to --Sciences,--.

Signed and Sealed this Fourth Day of September, 2012

land S.

David J. Kappos Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office