Exhibit 1030 (A)

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16 17	Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.		
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
19	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. 12CV1654 CAB RBB	
21	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR DATENT	
22	v.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
23	EXPEDIA, INC.,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
24	Defendant.		
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Expedia, Inc. ("Expedia"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, inter alia, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Expedia, Inc. ("Expedia") is, on information and belief, a Washington corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in Bellevue, Washington. On information and belief, Expedia makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses hotel and lodging, property management system (PMS) and other hospitality information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Expedia Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the

installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00737-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Expedia Reservation system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, hotel/lodging-reservation and property management system (PMS) integration, online and mobile hotel/lodging reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Expedia Reservation System").

On information and belief, the Expedia Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Expedia, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database

and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant Expedia has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of Expedia, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Expedia Reservation System. Expedia provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Expedia Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Expedia Reservation System.
- 21. On information and belief, the Expedia Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, Expedia has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Expedia Reservation System, and its continued support of consumers, hotel/restaurant operators, and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Expedia intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Expedia Reservation System, Expedia provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Expedia provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Expedia Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Expedia Reservation System. Users of one or more of the Expedia Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the Expedia Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, Expedia has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Expedia Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Expedia Reservation System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Expedia have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Expedia has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing

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systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Expedia Reservation System.

- On information and belief, the Expedia Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Expedia, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 35. On information and belief, customers of Expedia, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Expedia Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Expedia provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Expedia Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Expedia Reservation System.

- 36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Expedia, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Expedia Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Expedia Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Expedia provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Expedia Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Expedia Reservation System. Users of the Expedia Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the Expedia Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Expedia has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Expedia Reservation System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Expedia Reservation System.
- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Expedia have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Expedia has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made

but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Expedia Reservation System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Expedia Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Expedia, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display

layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of Expedia, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Expedia Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Expedia provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Expedia Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Expedia Reservation System.
- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Expedia, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Expedia Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

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- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Expedia Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Expedia provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Expedia Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Expedia Reservation System. Users of the Expedia Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Expedia Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Expedia has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Expedia Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Expedia Reservation System.
- 55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Expedia have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Expedia has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Expedia Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;
 - 8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and
- 9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Ameranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. Respectfully submitted, Dated: June 29, 2012 CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP By:/s/ William J. Caldarelli William J. Caldarelli FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.

Exhibit 1030 (B)

1 2 3 4	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAC William J. Caldarelli (SBN #149573) 12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130 Tel: (858) 720-8080 Fax: (858) 720-6680 wjc@chplawfirm.com	GE LLP	
5 6 7 8 9 10	FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano (SBN #167058) 12526 High Bluff Drive, Suite 300 San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (619) 742-9631 mdfabiano@fabianolawfirm.com OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne (Pro Hac Vice App. Pendin 33 Habitat Lane Cortlandt Manor, NY 10567 Telephone: (914) 714-5936 josborne@osborneipl.com	g)	
12 13 14 15 16	WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts (SBN #234441) 12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (858) 509-0808 Facsimile: (619) 878-5784 emw@ewattslaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.		
18	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT	
19	SOUTHERN DISTI	RICT OF CALIFORNIA	
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. '12CV1651 DMS WMC	
21 22	Plaintiff, v.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
23 24	FANDANGO, INC.,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
25	Defendant.		
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 18

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Fandango, Inc. ("Fandango"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, *inter alia*, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Fandango, Inc. ("Fandango") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in Los Angeles, California. On information and belief, Fandango makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses entertainment box office management and ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Fandango System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, and/or ordering products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects;

 (b) the installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

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companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

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17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Fandango system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, wireless and internet ticketing integration, online and mobile ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party webbased applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Fandango System").

18. On information and belief, the Fandango System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Fandango, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless

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at least one central database and to Web pages. 19. On information and belief, defendant Fandango has indirectly infringed and

handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to

continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.

- 20. On information and belief, customers of Fandango, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, use the Fandango System. Fandango provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Fandango System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Fandango System.
- On information and belief, the Fandango System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, Fandango has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Fandango System, and its continued support of consumers and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Fandango intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Fandango System, Fandango provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Fandango provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Fandango System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Fandango System. Users of one or more of the Fandango System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the Fandango System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, Fandango has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Fandango System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Fandango System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Fandango have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Fandango has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing

systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Fandango System.

33. On information and belief, the Fandango System, as deployed and/or used at or from

- one or more locations by Fandango, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 35. On information and belief, customers of Fandango, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, use the Fandango System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Fandango provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Fandango System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Fandango System.

- 36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Fandango, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, to use the infringing Fandango System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Fandango System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Fandango provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Fandango System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Fandango System. Users of the Fandango System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the Fandango System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Fandango has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Fandango System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Fandango System.
- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Fandango have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Fandango has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made

but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Fandango System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Fandango System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Fandango, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display

layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of Fandango, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, use the Fandango System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Fandango provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Fandango System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Fandango System.
- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Fandango, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, to use the infringing Fandango System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Fandango System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Fandango provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Fandango System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Fandango System. Users of the Fandango System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Fandango System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Fandango has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Fandango System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Fandango System.
- 55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Fandango have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Fandango has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Fandango System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;
 - 8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and
- 9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem just and proper.

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1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
2	Ameranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum exter	
3	permitted by law.	
4	Respectfully submitted,	
5	Dated: June 29, 2012 CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LI	P
6	By:/s/ William J. Caldarelli William J. Caldarelli	
7 8	FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano	
9	OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne	
10 11	WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts	
12	Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.	
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Exhibit 1030 (C)

1 2 3 4	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAC William J. Caldarelli (SBN #149573) 12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130 Tel: (858) 720-8080 Fax: (858) 720-6680 wjc@chplawfirm.com	GE LLP	
5 6 7 8 9 10	FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano (SBN #167058) 12526 High Bluff Drive, Suite 300 San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (619) 742-9631 mdfabiano@fabianolawfirm.com OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne (Pro Hac Vice App. Pending 33 Habitat Lane Cortlandt Manor, NY 10567 Telephone: (914) 714-5936	ng)	
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	josborne@osborneipl.com WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts (SBN #234441) 12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (858) 509-0808 Facsimile: (619) 878-5784 emw@ewattslaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT	
19	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. '12CV1634 WQHBLM	
21 22	Plaintiff, v.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT	
23 24	HOTELS.COM, LP, Defendant.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 34

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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Hotels.com, LP ("Hotels.com"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, inter alia, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Hotels.com, LP. ("Hotels.com") is, on information and belief, a Texas limited partnership having a principal place of business and headquarters in Dallas, Texas. On information and belief, Hotels.com, LP is owned by Expedia, Inc. On information and belief, Hotels.com makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses hotel and lodging, property management system (PMS) and other hospitality information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Hotels.com Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and

components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century Communications™ innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-

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available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality, were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "'850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "'325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "'077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotels.com Reservation system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, hotel/lodging-reservation and property management system (PMS) integration, online and mobile hotel/lodging reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Hotels.com Reservation System").

18. On information and belief, the Hotels.com Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotels.com, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database

and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant Hotels.com has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of Hotels.com, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotels.com Reservation System. Hotels.com provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System.
- 21. On information and belief, the Hotels.com Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, Hotels.com has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Hotels.com Reservation System, and its continued support of consumers, hotel/restaurant operators, and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Hotels.com intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotels.com Reservation System, Hotels.com provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotels.com provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System. Users of

one or more of the Hotels.com Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the Hotels.com Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, Hotels.com has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Hotels.com Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotels.com Reservation System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotels.com have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotels.com has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.

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On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotels.com Reservation System.

- 33. On information and belief, the Hotels.com Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotels.com, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- On information and belief, customers of Hotels.com, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotels.com Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Hotels.com provides

instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System.

- 36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Hotels.com, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Hotels.com Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotels.com Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotels.com provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System. Users of the Hotels.com Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the Hotels.com Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Hotels.com has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Hotels.com Reservation System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotels.com Reservation System.

- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotels.com have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotels.com has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotels.com Reservation System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Hotels.com Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotels.com, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims

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of the '077 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of Hotels.com, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotels.com Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Hotels.com provides

instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System.

- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Hotels.com, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Hotels.com Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotels.com Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotels.com provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotels.com Reservation System. Users of the Hotels.com Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Hotels.com Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Hotels.com has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Hotels.com Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotels.com Reservation System.

	55.	On	information	and	belief,	the	aforesaid	infringing	activities	of	defendant
Но	tels.co	m ha	ave been done	with	knowled	dge a	nd willful o	disregard of	Ameranth'	s pa	tent rights,
making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.											

56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotels.com has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Hotels.com Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

1	6.	Awarding Ameranth increase	d damages of three times the amount of damages		
2	found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of				
3	Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;				
4	7.	Adjudging this to be an excep	ptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's		
5	fees pursuant	t to 35 U.S.C. §285;			
6	8.	Awarding to Ameranth its cos	sts of suit, and interest as provided by law; and		
7	9.	Awarding to Ameranth such	other and further relief that this Court may deem		
8	just and prop	er.			
9		DEMAND F	OR JURY TRIAL		
10	Amer	ranth demands trial by jury of i	its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent		
11	permitted by	law.			
12			Respectfully submitted,		
13	Dated: June 2	29, 2012	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP		
14			By: <u>/s/ William J. Caldarelli</u> William J. Caldarelli		
1516			FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano		
17			OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne		
18 19			WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts		
20			Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.		
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Exhibit 1030 (D)

1	CALDARELLI HEJMAN William J. Caldarelli (SBN #	† 149573)	LLP		
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6	Michael D. Fabiano (SBN # 12526 High Bluff Drive, Sui	ite 300			
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8	OSBORNE LAW LLC				
9	John W. Osborne (<i>Pro Hac</i>) 33 Habitat Lane	11 0,			
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14	Telephone: (858) 509-0808 Facsimile: (619) 878-5784				
15	emw@ewattslaw.com				
16 17	Attorneys for Plaintiff Amer	antn, inc.			
18	T	NITED CTATEC	DISTRICT COLIDT		
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
19		THERN DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA Case No. '12CV1633 LAB JMA		
20	AMERANTH, INC.		Case No. 120V 1033 LAB SIVIA		
21		Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT		
22	v.		INFRINGEMENT		
23	HOTEL TONIGHT, INC.,		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
24		Defendant.			
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 50

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Hotel Tonight, Inc. ("Hotel Tonight"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, *inter alia*, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Hotel Tonight, Inc. ("Hotel Tonight") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in San Francisco, California. On information and belief, Hotel Tonight makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses hotel and lodging, property management system (PMS) and other hospitality information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Hotel Tonight Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the

installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

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17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotel Tonight Reservation system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, hotel/lodging-reservation and property management system (PMS) integration, online and mobile hotel/lodging reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Hotel Tonight Reservation System").

18. On information and belief, the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotel Tonight, agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and

automatically communicated to at least one central database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant Hotel Tonight has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of Hotel Tonight, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotel Tonight Reservation System. Hotel Tonight provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.
- 21. On information and belief, the Hotel Tonight Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, Hotel Tonight has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, and its continued support of consumers, hotel/restaurant operators, and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Hotel Tonight intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, Hotel Tonight provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotel Tonight provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.

Users of one or more of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the Hotel Tonight Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, Hotel Tonight has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotel Tonight have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotel Tonight has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.

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On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.

- 33. On information and belief, the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotel Tonight, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- On information and belief, customers of Hotel Tonight, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotel Tonight Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Hotel Tonight provides

instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.

- 36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Hotel Tonight, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Hotel Tonight Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotel Tonight provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System. Users of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the Hotel Tonight Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Hotel Tonight has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.

- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotel Tonight have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotel Tonight has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotel Tonight, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more

valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the

following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing

unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface,

one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a

menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized

display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu

configuration for a customized display layout of at least two different wireless handheld

computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality

functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing

devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one

database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server

and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to

applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld

computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications

control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one

database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web

pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow

information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically

communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing

information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the

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internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages. 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.

49. On information and belief, customers of Hotel Tonight, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotel Tonight Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Hotel Tonight provides

instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.

- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Hotel Tonight, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Hotel Tonight Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotel Tonight provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System. Users of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Hotel Tonight has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Hotel Tonight Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotel Tonight Reservation System.

55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotel Tonight have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.

56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotel Tonight has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Hotel Tonight Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

1	6.	Awarding Ameranth increased da	mages of three times the amount of damages		
2	found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of				
3	Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;				
4	7.	7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's			
5	fees pursuant	t to 35 U.S.C. §285;			
6	8.	Awarding to Ameranth its costs of	suit, and interest as provided by law; and		
7	9.	Awarding to Ameranth such other	r and further relief that this Court may deem		
8	just and prop	per.			
9		DEMAND FOR	JURY TRIAL		
10	Amei	ranth demands trial by jury of its cl	aims set forth herein to the maximum extent		
11	permitted by	law.			
12		Resp	pectfully submitted,		
13	Dated: June 2	29, 2012 CAL	DARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP		
14		By:/ <u>/</u>	s/ William J. Caldarelli Villiam J. Caldarelli		
1516			IANO LAW FIRM, P.C. nael D. Fabiano		
17			ORNE LAW LLC W. Osborne		
18 19			TTS LAW OFFICES n M. Watts		
20		Atto	rneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.		
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Exhibit 1030 (E)

	I .				
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15	Facsimile: (619) 878-5784 emw@ewattslaw.com				
16	Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.				
17	Auomeys for Framum Ameranui, me.				
18	UNITED OF A TEC DICTRICE COURT				
19	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. <u>'12CV1653 MMABGS</u>			
21	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT			
22	V.	INFRINGEMENT			
23	HOTWIRE, INC.,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL			
24	Defendant.				
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 66

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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Hotwire, Inc. ("Hotwire"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, inter alia, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Hotwire, Inc. ("Hotwire") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in San Francisco, California. On information and belief, Hotwire makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses hotel and lodging, property management system (PMS) and other hospitality information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Hotwire Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the

installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century Communications[™] innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotwire Reservation system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, hotel/lodging-reservation and property management system (PMS) integration, online and mobile hotel/lodging reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Hotwire Reservation System").

18. On information and belief, the Hotwire Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotwire, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to reservations, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database

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and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant Hotwire has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of Hotwire, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotwire Reservation System. Hotwire provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotwire Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotwire Reservation System.
- On information and belief, the Hotwire Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- On information and belief, Hotwire has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Hotwire Reservation System, and its continued support of consumers, hotel/restaurant operators, and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Hotwire intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotwire Reservation System, Hotwire provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotwire provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotwire Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotwire Reservation System. Users of one or more of the Hotwire Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the Hotwire Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, Hotwire has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Hotwire Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotwire Reservation System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotwire have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotwire has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing

Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotwire Reservation System.

systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from

orders to various wireless mobile devices.

33. On information and belief, the Hotwire Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotwire, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality

information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld

computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing

applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders,

between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one

Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding

34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.

35. On information and belief, customers of Hotwire, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotwire Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Hotwire provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotwire Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotwire Reservation System.

36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Hotwire, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Hotwire Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotwire Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotwire provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotwire Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotwire Reservation System. Users of the Hotwire Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the Hotwire Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Hotwire has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Hotwire Reservation System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotwire Reservation System.
- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotwire have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotwire has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made

but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Hotwire Reservation System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Hotwire Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Hotwire, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display

layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of Hotwire, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Hotwire Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Hotwire provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotwire Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotwire Reservation System.
- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Hotwire, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Hotwire Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

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- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Hotwire Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Hotwire provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Hotwire Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Hotwire Reservation System. Users of the Hotwire Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Hotwire Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Hotwire has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Hotwire Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Hotwire Reservation System.
- 55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Hotwire have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Hotwire has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Hotwire Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;
 - 8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and
- 9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem just and proper.

1	1 DEMAND FOR J	URY TRIAL
2	2 Ameranth demands trial by jury of its cla	ims set forth herein to the maximum exten
3	3 permitted by law.	
4	4 Respo	ectfully submitted,
5	5 Dated: June 29, 2012 CAL	DARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP
6	6 By: <u>/s</u>	' William J. Caldarelli 'illiam J. Caldarelli
7	7	ANO LAW FIRM, P.C.
8	8 Mich	ael D. Fabiano
9	John	ORNE LAW LLC W. Osborne
10 11	WAT	TS LAW OFFICES M. Watts
12	12 Attor	neys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.
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Exhibit 1030 (F)

1 2 3 4	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAG William J. Caldarelli (SBN #149573) 12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130 Tel: (858) 720-8080 Fax: (858) 720-6680 wjc@chplawfirm.com	E LLP			
5 6 7 8 9 10	FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano (SBN #167058) 12526 High Bluff Drive, Suite 300 San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (619) 742-9631 mdfabiano@fabianolawfirm.com OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> App. Pendin 33 Habitat Lane Cortlandt Manor, NY 10567 Telephone: (914) 714-5936 josborne@osborneipl.com	g)			
12 13 14 15 16 17	WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts (SBN #234441) 12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (858) 509-0808 Facsimile: (619) 878-5784 emw@ewattslaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.				
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
19	SOUTHERN DISTR	RICT OF CALIFORNIA			
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. '12CV1640 BEN RBB			
21 22	Plaintiff, v.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT			
23 24 25	KAYAK SOFTWARE CORPORATION, Defendant.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL			
26 27 28					

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 82

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Kayak Software Corporation ("KAYAK"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, *inter alia*, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Kayak Software Corporation ("KAYAK") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in Norwalk, Connecticut. On information and belief, KAYAK makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses hotel and lodging, property management system (PMS) and other hospitality information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the KAYAK Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the

 installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

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and to the '850 pat

companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00737-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the KAYAK Reservation system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, hotel/lodging-reservation and property management system (PMS) integration, online and mobile hotel/lodging reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("KAYAK Reservation System").

On information and belief, the KAYAK Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by KAYAK, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database

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and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant KAYAK has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of KAYAK, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the KAYAK Reservation System. KAYAK provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the KAYAK Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the KAYAK Reservation System.
- On information and belief, the KAYAK Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- On information and belief, KAYAK has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the KAYAK Reservation System, and its continued support of consumers, hotel/restaurant operators, and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, KAYAK intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the KAYAK Reservation System, KAYAK provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, KAYAK provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the KAYAK Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the KAYAK Reservation System. Users of one or more of the KAYAK Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

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25.	On information	and belief,	the KAYAI	K Reservation	System	infringes	one or	more
valid and	enforceable cla	ims of the '8:	50 patent, fo	r the reasons s	set forth l	nereinabo	ve.	

- On information and belief, KAYAK has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the KAYAK Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the KAYAK Reservation System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant KAYAK have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant KAYAK has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing

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systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the KAYAK Reservation System.

- On information and belief, the KAYAK Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by KAYAK, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 35. On information and belief, customers of KAYAK, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the KAYAK Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. KAYAK provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the KAYAK Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the KAYAK Reservation System.

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36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of KAYAK, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing KAYAK Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the KAYAK Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, KAYAK provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the KAYAK Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the KAYAK Reservation System. Users of the KAYAK Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the KAYAK Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, KAYAK has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the KAYAK Reservation System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the KAYAK Reservation System.
- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant KAYAK have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.

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45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in

The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant KAYAK has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit** C and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the KAYAK Reservation System.
- 47. On information and belief, the KAYAK Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by KAYAK, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld

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27 28 computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of KAYAK, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the KAYAK Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. KAYAK provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the KAYAK Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the KAYAK Reservation System.
- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting

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customers	of	KAYAK,	including	consumers	and	hotel/restaurant	operators,	to	use	the
nfringing	KA	YAK Resei	rvation Sys	tem in the U	Jnited	States without	authority or	lice	nse f	rom
Ameranth.										

- On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the KAYAK Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, KAYAK provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the KAYAK Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the KAYAK Reservation System. Users of the KAYAK Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the KAYAK Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, KAYAK has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the KAYAK Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the KAYAK Reservation System.
- 55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant KAYAK have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant KAYAK has directly and proximately 56. caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made

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27 28 but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the KAYAK Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;
 - 8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and
- 9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem just and proper.

1	DEMA	AND FOR JURY TRIAL
2	Ameranth demands trial by ju	ary of its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent
3	permitted by law.	
4		Respectfully submitted,
5	Dated: June 29, 2012	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP
6		By:/s/ William J. Caldarelli William J. Caldarelli
7		
8		FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano
9		OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne
10 11		WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts
12		Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.
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Exhibit 1030 (G)

1 2	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAC William J. Caldarelli (SBN #149573) 12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430	GE LLP				
3	San Diego, CA 92130 Tel: (858) 720-8080					
4	Fax: (858) 720-6680 wjc@chplawfirm.com					
5	FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C.					
6	Michael D. Fabiano (SBN #167058) 12526 High Bluff Drive, Suite 300					
7	San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (619) 742-9631					
8	mdfabiano@fabianolawfirm.com					
9	OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> App. Pendir	na)				
	33 Habitat Lane					
10	Cortlandt Manor, NY 10567 Telephone: (914) 714-5936					
11	josborne@osborneipl.com					
12	WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts (SBN #234441)					
13	12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130					
14	Telephone: (858) 509-0808 Facsimile: (619) 878-5784					
15	emw@ewattslaw.com					
16	Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.					
17						
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
19	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. 12CV0731 MMABGS				
21	Plaintiff,					
22	V.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT				
23						
24	OPENTABLE, INC.,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
25	Defendant.					
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	COMPLAINT FOR I	PATENT INFRINGEMENT				
		Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 98				

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant OpenTable, Inc. ("OpenTable"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, *inter alia*, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant OpenTable, Inc. ("OpenTable") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business in San Francisco, California. On information and belief, OpenTable makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses restaurant and foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the OpenTable Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems

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in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, inter alia, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, <u>e.g.</u>, restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the thenavailable wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality, were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive

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ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows attended by various of the Defendants since the first of the two presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASE PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patent asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "'077 patent"), is the fourth patent to issue in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting eight claims of the first three of its patents in a separate litigation pending in this Court (*Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS) against several parties, including OpenTable.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-14 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the OpenTable system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, wireless and internet POS and restaurant-reservation and table management integration, online and mobile reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other

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third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("OpenTable Reservation System").

- 18. On information and belief, the OpenTable Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by OpenTable, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.
- 19. On information and belief, Defendant indirectly infringes, as of the date of filing and/or service of this complaint, one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of OpenTable, including consumers and restaurant operators, use the OpenTable Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. OpenTable provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the OpenTable Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the OpenTable Reservation System.

21. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of OpenTable, including consumers and restaurant operators, to use the infringing OpenTable Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 22. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 23. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the OpenTable Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, OpenTable provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the OpenTable Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the OpenTable Reservation System. Users of the OpenTable Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 24. On information and belief, the OpenTable Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 25. If Defendant does not cease and desist the aforesaid infringing activities, and instead continues to infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent after the date of filing and/or service of this complaint, then such infringing actions will have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 26. The aforesaid infringing activity of Defendant directly and proximately causes damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for

the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the OpenTable Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. If Defendant does not cease and desist the aforesaid infringing activities and instead continues to infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent after the date of filing and/or service of this Complaint, adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. If Defendant does not cease and desist the aforesaid infringing activities and instead continues to infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent after the date of filing and/or service of this Complaint, awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

1	7.	Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's			
2	fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;				
3	8.	Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and			
4	9.	Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem			
5	just and prop	per.			
6		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL			
7	Ame	ranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent			
8	permitted by	law.			
9		Respectfully submitted,			
10	Dated: Marc	h 27, 2012 CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP			
11		By:/s/ William J. Caldarelli William J. Caldarelli			
12 13		FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano			
14		OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne			
15 16		WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts			
17		Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.			
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Exhibit 1030 (H)

1	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGI William J. Caldarelli (SBN #149573)	ELLP				
2	12340 El Camino Real, Suite 430 San Diego, CA 92130					
3	Tel: (858) 720-8080 Fax: (858) 720-6680					
4	wjc@chplawfirm.com					
5	FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano (SBN #167058)					
6	12526 High Bluff Drive, Suite 300 San Diego, CA 92130					
7	Telephone: (619) 742-9631 mdfabiano@fabianolawfirm.com					
8	OSBORNE LAW LLC					
9	John W. Osborne (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> App. Pending 33 Habitat Lane					
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11	josborne@osborneipl.com					
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14	Telephone: (858) 509-0808 Facsimile: (619) 878-5784					
15	emw@ewattslaw.com					
16	Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.					
17						
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
19	SOUTHERN DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA				
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. <u>'12CV1644 AJB BGS</u>				
21	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT				
22	V.	INFRINGEMENT				
23	ORBITZ, LLC,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
24	Defendant.	DEMAND FOR JUNI TRIAL				
25	Detendant.					
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 108

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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Orbitz, LLC ("Orbitz"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, inter alia, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Orbitz, LLC ("Orbitz") is, on information and belief, a Delaware limited liability corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in Chicago, Illinois. On information and belief, Orbitz makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses hotel and lodging, property management system (PMS) and other hospitality informationtechnology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Orbitz Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the

installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

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companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "'850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al., Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00737-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Orbitz Reservation system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, hotel/lodging-reservation and property management system (PMS) integration, online and mobile hotel/lodging reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Orbitz Reservation System").

18. On information and belief, the Orbitz Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Orbitz, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database

and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant Orbitz has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of Orbitz, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Orbitz Reservation System. Orbitz provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Orbitz Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Orbitz Reservation System.
- 21. On information and belief, the Orbitz Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, Orbitz has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Orbitz Reservation System, and its continued support of consumers, hotel/restaurant operators, and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Orbitz intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Orbitz Reservation System, Orbitz provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Orbitz provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Orbitz Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Orbitz Reservation System. Users of one or more of the Orbitz Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the Orbitz Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, Orbitz has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Orbitz Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Orbitz Reservation System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Orbitz have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Orbitz has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing

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systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Orbitz Reservation System.

- 33. On information and belief, the Orbitz Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Orbitz, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internetenabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 35. On information and belief, customers of Orbitz, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Orbitz Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Orbitz provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Orbitz Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Orbitz Reservation System.

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- 36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Orbitz, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Orbitz Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Orbitz Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Orbitz provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Orbitz Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Orbitz Reservation System. Users of the Orbitz Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- On information and belief, the Orbitz Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Orbitz has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Orbitz Reservation System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Orbitz Reservation System.
- On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Orbitz have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Orbitz has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made

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out for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Orbitz Reservation System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Orbitz Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Orbitz, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display

layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of Orbitz, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Orbitz Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Orbitz provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Orbitz Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Orbitz Reservation System.
- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Orbitz, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Orbitz Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

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- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Orbitz Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Orbitz provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Orbitz Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Orbitz Reservation System. Users of the Orbitz Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Orbitz Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Orbitz has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Orbitz Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Orbitz Reservation System.
- 55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Orbitz have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Orbitz has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Orbitz Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;
 - 8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and
- 9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Ameranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. Respectfully submitted, Dated: June 29, 2012 CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP By:/s/ William J. Caldarelli William J. Caldarelli FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.

Exhibit 1030 (I)

1 2 3 4 5 6	MAZZARELLA CALDARELLI LLP William J. Caldarelli (SBN #149573) Michael D. Fabiano (SBN #167058) 550 West C Street, Suite 700 San Diego, CA 92101 Tel: (619) 238-4900 Fax: (619) 238-4959 wjc@mazzcal.com mfabiano@mazzcal.com Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.	
8	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10	AND ANTELL DIC	1
11	AMERANTH, INC.	Civil Action No.: '11CV1810 JLS NLS
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
14	PIZZA HUT, INC., PIZZA HUT OF	
15	AMERICA, INC., DOMINO'S PIZZA, LLC, DOMINO'S PIZZA, INC., PAPA JOHN'S	
16	USA, INC., OPENTABLE, INC., GRUBHUB, INC., NETWAITER, LLC and	
17	LAUGHSTUB LLC,	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
18	Defendants.	
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendants Pizza Hut, Inc., Pizza Hut of America, Inc., Domino's Pizza, LLC, Domino's Pizza, Inc., Papa John's USA, Inc., OpenTable, Inc., GrubHub, Inc., Netwaiter, LLC and LaughStub LLC (collectively, "Defendants"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, *inter alia*, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld devices..
- 2. Defendant Pizza Hut, Inc., is, on information and belief, a California corporation having a principal place of business in Plano, Texas. Defendant Pizza Hut of America, Inc., is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business in Plano, Texas. On information and belief, Pizza Hut, Inc. and Pizza Hut of America, Inc. are agents and affiliates of one another and knowingly and intentionally acted in concert and under common and coordinated plan, design and control in committing the acts alleged herein, such that each entity is jointly and severally liable for the acts of each other. Pizza Hut, Inc. and Pizza Hut of America, Inc. shall be referred to herein collectively as "Pizza Hut." On information and belief, Pizza Hut makes, uses, sells and/or offers for sale restaurant and foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including products, software, components and/or systems comprising wireless and internet Point of Sale ("POS") and/or hospitality aspects.

- 3. Defendant Domino's Pizza, LLC, is, on information and belief, a Michigan limited liability company having a principal place of business in Ann Arbor, Michigan. Defendant Domino's Pizza, Inc. is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business in Ann Arbor, Michigan. On information and belief, Domino's Pizza, LLC and Domino's Pizza, Inc. are agents and affiliates of one another and knowingly and intentionally acted in concert and under common and coordinated plan, design and control in committing the acts alleged herein, such that each entity is jointly and severally liable for the acts of each other. Domino's Pizza, LLC and Domino's Pizza, Inc. shall be referred to herein collectively as "Domino's." On information and belief, Domino's makes, uses, sells and/or offers for sale restaurant and foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including products, software, components and/or systems comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects.
- 4. Defendant Papa John's USA, Inc., ("Papa John's") is, on information and belief, a Kentucky corporation having a principal place of business in Louisville, Kentucky. On information and belief, Papa John's makes, uses, sells and/or offers for sale restaurant and foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including products, software, components and/or systems comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects.
- 5. Defendant OpenTable, Inc., ("OpenTable") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business in San Francisco, California. On information and belief, OpenTable makes, uses, sells and/or offers for sale restaurant and foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including products, software, components and/or systems comprising wireless and internet hospitality aspects.
- 6. Defendant GrubHub, Inc. ("GrubHub") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business in Chicago, Illinois. On information and belief, GrubHub makes, uses, sells and/or offers for sale restaurant and

foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including products, software, components and/or systems comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects.

- 7. Defendant Netwaiter, LLC ("Netwaiter") is, on information and belief, a California limited liability company having a principal place of business in Redlands, California. On information and belief, Netwaiter makes, uses, sells and/or offers for sale restaurant and foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including products, software, components and/or systems comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects.
- 8. Defendant LaughStub LLC, ("LaughStub") is, on information and belief, a California limited liability company having a principal place of business in Los Angeles, California. On information and belief, LaughStub makes, uses, sells and/or offers for sale entertainment box office management and ticketing information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including products, software, components and/or systems comprising wireless and internet hospitality aspects.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 10. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 11. On information and belief, Defendants, and each of them, have engaged in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ticketing and/or entertainment technology services, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, components, tickets and/or systems comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality

industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 12. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants, and each of them, as each Defendant has committed acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 13. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b) as regards all Defendants, both separately and together.

BACKGROUND

- 14. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of e.g. restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld devices.
- 15. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patents-in-suit in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality, were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter

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conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 16. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 17. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows attended by various of the Defendants since the first of the three presently-asserted patents issued in 2002.

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COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 18. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-17 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 19. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 20. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.
- 21. On information and belief, defendant Pizza Hut has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 22. On information and belief, defendant Pizza Hut has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 23. On information and belief, defendant Pizza Hut has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable

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claims of the '850 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 24. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Pizza Hut has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 25. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 26. On information and belief, defendant Domino's has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 27. On information and belief, defendant Domino's has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 28. On information and belief, defendant Domino's has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of

claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 29. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Domino's has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 30. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 31. On information and belief, defendant Papa John's has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 32. On information and belief, defendant Papa John's has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- On information and belief, defendant Papa John's has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 34. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Papa John's has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 35. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 36. On information and belief, defendant OpenTable has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, defendant OpenTable has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems

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and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 38. On information and belief, defendant OpenTable has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 39. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant OpenTable has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 40. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 41. On information and belief, defendant GrubHub has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 42. On information and belief, defendant GrubHub has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly

encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- On information and belief, defendant GrubHub has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 44. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant GrubHub has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 45. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 46. On information and belief, defendant Netwaiter has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 47. On information and belief, defendant Netwaiter has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 48. On information and belief, defendant Netwaiter has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 49. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Netwaiter has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 50. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 51. On information and belief, defendant LaughStub has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems

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including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 52. On information and belief, defendant LaughStub has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting entertainment venue users to use infringing ticketing and box office management systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- On information and belief, defendant LaughStub has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, to distributors and/or to entertainment venue users for use in infringing ticketing and box office management systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 54. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant LaughStub has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 55. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 56. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-18 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 57. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 58. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- On information and belief, defendant Pizza Hut has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- On information and belief, defendant Pizza Hut has actively induced others to one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- On information and belief, defendant Pizza Hut has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems

on which valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 62. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Pizza Hut has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 63. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- On information and belief, defendant Domino's has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- On information and belief, defendant Domino's has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 66. On information and belief, defendant Domino's has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of

claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 67. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Domino's has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 68. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- On information and belief, defendant Papa John's has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 70. On information and belief, defendant Papa John's has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

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- 71. On information and belief, defendant Papa John's has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 72. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Papa John's has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 73. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 74. On information and belief, defendant OpenTable has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 75. On information and belief, defendant OpenTable has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services

including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- On information and belief, defendant OpenTable has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 77. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant OpenTable has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 78. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 79. On information and belief, defendant GrubHub has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 80. On information and belief, defendant GrubHub has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35

U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services including but not limited to systems and services, including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 81. On information and belief, defendant GrubHub has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 82. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant GrubHub has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 83. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 84. On information and belief, defendant Netwaiter has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 85. On information and belief, defendant Netwaiter has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting restaurant and food service users to use infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, to distributors and/or to restaurant and foodservice users for use in infringing systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 87. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant Netwaiter has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 88. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 89. On information and belief, defendant LaughStub has infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems,

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including but not limited to systems including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

- 90. On information and belief, defendant LaughStub has actively induced others to infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting entertainment venue users to use infringing ticketing and box office management systems and services, including but not limited to systems and services including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 91. On information and belief, defendant LaughStub has contributorily infringed one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(c) by offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing components of systems on which valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, to distributors and/or to entertainment venue users for use in infringing ticketing and box office management systems and services including but not limited to systems and services, including wireless and internet hospitality aspects in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 92. On information and belief, the infringement of defendant LaughStub has been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §285.
- 93. The aforesaid infringing activity has caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of each of the Defendants' accused products, services, software and/or hardware infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, and valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent;
- 2. Adjudging that each of the Defendants has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, and valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent;
- 3. Adjudging that each of the Defendants has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, specifically one or more of claims 5 through 16 of the '850 patent, and valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, specifically one or more of claims 2 through 5, 7 through 8, and 11 through 15 of the '325 patent;
- 4. Adjudging that Defendants' infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 and '325 patents has been knowing and willful;
- 5. Enjoining each of the Defendants, and their respective officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with them, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 and '325 patents;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendants' infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

Exhibit 1030 (J)

- 1					
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12	WATTS LAW OFFICES				
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14	San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (858) 509-0808				
15	Facsimile: (619) 878-5784 emw@ewattslaw.com				
16	Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.				
17					
18	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT			
19	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. 12CV1646 DMS JMA			
21	Plaintiff,				
22		COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT			
23	V.				
24	STUBHUB, INC.,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL			
25	Defendant.				
$\begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 26 \end{bmatrix}$					
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 149

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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant StubHub, Inc. ("StubHub"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, inter alia, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant StubHub, Inc. ("StubHub") is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in San Jose, California. On information and belief, StubHub makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses entertainment box office management and ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases informationtechnology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the StubHub System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, and/or ordering products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects;

(b) the installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

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companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00737-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

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17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the StubHub system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, wireless and internet ticketing integration, online and mobile ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party webbased applications, and other hospitality aspects ("StubHub System").

18. On information and belief, the StubHub System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by StubHub, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless

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27 28 handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant StubHub has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of StubHub, including consumers and others, use the StubHub System. StubHub provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the StubHub System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the StubHub System.
- On information and belief, the StubHub System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, StubHub has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the StubHub System, and its continued support of consumers and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, StubHub intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the StubHub System, StubHub provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, StubHub provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the StubHub System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the StubHub System. Users of one or more of the StubHub System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 25. On information and belief, the StubHub System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

26. On information and belief, StubHub has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including				
knowledge that the StubHub System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used				
as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial				
non-infringing uses for the StubHub System.				

- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant StubHub have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant StubHub has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the StubHub System.

33. On information and belief, the StubHub System, as deployed and/or used at or from				
one or more locations by StubHub, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or				
their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, inter				
alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system				
including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system				
containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus,				
and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and				
transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling				
ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and				
other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing				
hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless				
handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing				
applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders,				
between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one				
Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding				
orders to various wireless mobile devices.				

- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 35. On information and belief, customers of StubHub, including consumers and others, use the StubHub System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. StubHub provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the StubHub System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the StubHub System.
- 36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of StubHub, including consumers and others, to use the infringing StubHub System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.

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- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the StubHub System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, StubHub provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the StubHub System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the StubHub System. Users of the StubHub System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the StubHub System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, StubHub has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the StubHub System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the StubHub System.
- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant StubHub have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant StubHub has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the StubHub System.
- 47. On information and belief, the StubHub System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by StubHub, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone,

Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of StubHub, including consumers and others, use the StubHub System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. StubHub provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the StubHub System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the StubHub System.
- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of StubHub, including consumers and others, to use the infringing StubHub System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims

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of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.

- By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing 52. the StubHub System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, StubHub provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the StubHub System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the StubHub System. Users of the StubHub System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- On information and belief, each of the StubHub System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- On information and belief, StubHub has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the StubHub System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the StubHub System.
- 55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant StubHub have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant StubHub has directly and proximately 56. caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the StubHub System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;

- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;
 - 8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and
- 9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem just and proper.

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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Ameranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. Respectfully submitted, Dated: June 29, 2012 CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP By:/s/ William J. Caldarelli William J. Caldarelli FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.

Exhibit 1030 (K)

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16	Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.				
17					
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
19	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. <u>'12CV1648 WQHJMA</u>			
21	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT			
22	v.	INFRINGEMENT			
23	TICKETMASTER, LLC and LIVE NATION	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL			
24	ENTERTAINMENT, INC.,				
25	Defendants.				
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 165

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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against Defendants TicketMaster, LLC and Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. (collectively "TicketMaster"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, inter alia, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant TicketMaster, LLC is, on information and belief, a Virginia limited liability corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in Beverly Hills, California. Defendant Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. is, on information and belief, a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business and headquarters in Beverly Hills, California. These two entities are collectively referred to herein as "TicketMaster". On information and belief, TicketMaster makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses entertainment box office management and ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the TicketMaster System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

5. On information and belief, TicketMaster engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, and/or ordering products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over TicketMaster because TicketMaster commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to,

computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.

- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality, were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.
- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, *e.g.*, The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology.

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Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 12. The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled *Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00737-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 14. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850

by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.

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16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued

- 17. On information and belief, TicketMaster directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the TicketMaster system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, wireless and internet ticketing integration, online and mobile ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("TicketMaster System").
- 18. On information and belief, the TicketMaster System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by TicketMaster, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry

that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, TicketMaster has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of TicketMaster, including consumers, venue operators, and others, use the TicketMaster System. TicketMaster provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the TicketMaster System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the TicketMaster System.
- 21. On information and belief, the TicketMaster System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, TicketMaster has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the TicketMaster System, and its continued support of consumers and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, TicketMaster intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, TicketMaster has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the TicketMaster System, TicketMaster provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, TicketMaster provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the TicketMaster System, and advertises,

promotes, and encourages the use of the TicketMaster System. Users of one or more of the TicketMaster System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the TicketMaster System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, TicketMaster has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the TicketMaster System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the TicketMaster System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of TicketMaster have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of TicketMaster has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.

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On information and belief, TicketMaster directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the TicketMaster System.

33. On information and belief, the TicketMaster System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by TicketMaster, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the "325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.

34. On information and belief, TicketMaster has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.

On information and belief, customers of TicketMaster, including consumers, venue operators, and others, use the TicketMaster System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. TicketMaster provides instruction and

direction regarding the use of the TicketMaster System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the TicketMaster System.

- 36. On information and belief, TicketMaster actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of TicketMaster, including consumers, venue operators, and others, to use the infringing TicketMaster System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, TicketMaster contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the TicketMaster System, TicketMaster provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, TicketMaster provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the TicketMaster System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the TicketMaster System. Users of the TicketMaster System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the TicketMaster System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, TicketMaster has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the TicketMaster System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the TicketMaster System.

- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of TicketMaster have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of TicketMaster has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

(35 U.S.C. § 271)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, TicketMaster directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the TicketMaster System.
- 47. On information and belief, the TicketMaster System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by TicketMaster, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting

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menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, TicketMaster has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of TicketMaster, including consumers, venue operators, and others, use the TicketMaster System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. TicketMaster provides instruction and

direction regarding the use of the TicketMaster System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the TicketMaster System.

- 50. On information and belief, TicketMaster actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of TicketMaster, including consumers, venue operators, and others, to use the infringing TicketMaster System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 51. On information and belief, TicketMaster contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the TicketMaster System, TicketMaster provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, TicketMaster provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the TicketMaster System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the TicketMaster System. Users of the TicketMaster System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the TicketMaster System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, TicketMaster has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the TicketMaster System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the TicketMaster System.

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On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of TicketMaster have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.

The aforesaid infringing activity of TicketMaster has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against TicketMaster, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the TicketMaster System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that TicketMaster has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that TicketMaster's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining TicketMaster, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with TicketMaster, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of TicketMaster's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against TicketMaster by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of TicketMaster's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

1	7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's		
2	fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;		
3	8. Awa	8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and	
4	9. Awa	9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem	
5	just and proper.		
6	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
7	Ameranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent		
8	permitted by law.		
9		Respectfully submitted,	
10	Dated: June 29, 201	2 CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP	
11		By: <u>/s/ William J. Caldarelli</u> William J. Caldarelli	
12		FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C.	
13		Michael D. Fabiano	
14		OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne	
15		WATTS LAW OFFICES	
16		Ethan M. Watts	
17		Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.	
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$\begin{bmatrix} 27 \\ 28 \end{bmatrix}$			
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Exhibit 1030 (L)

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18	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT				
19	SOUTHERN DISTI	RICT OF CALIFORNIA				
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. 12CV1649 JAH WMc				
21	Plaintiff,					
22	v.	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT				
23						
24	TRAVELOCITY.COM, LP,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
25	Defendant.					
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28						
	COMPLAINT FOR F	PATENT INFRINGEMENT				
		Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 181				

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Travelocity.com, LP ("Travelocity"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, *inter alia*, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Travelocity.com, LP ("Travelocity") is, on information and belief, a Delaware limited partnership having a principal place of business and headquarters in Southlake, Texas. On information and belief, Travelocity makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses hotel and lodging, property management system (PMS) and other hospitality information-technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Travelocity Reservation System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality, restaurant, food service, ordering, products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects; (b) the

installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, restaurant, food service, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century Communications[™] innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

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companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "'850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al., Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00737-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

- Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Travelocity Reservation system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, hotel/lodging-reservation and property management system (PMS) integration, online and mobile hotel/lodging reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Travelocity Reservation System").

18. On information and belief, the Travelocity Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Travelocity, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to ordering, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database

and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant Travelocity has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of Travelocity, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Travelocity Reservation System. Travelocity provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Travelocity Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Travelocity Reservation System.
- 21. On information and belief, the Travelocity Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, Travelocity has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Travelocity Reservation System, and its continued support of consumers, hotel/restaurant operators, and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Travelocity intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Travelocity Reservation System, Travelocity provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Travelocity provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Travelocity Reservation System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Travelocity Reservation System. Users of

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one or more of the Travelocity Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- 25. On information and belief, the Travelocity Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 26. On information and belief, Travelocity has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Travelocity Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Travelocity Reservation System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Travelocity have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 28. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Travelocity has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

- 29. Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.

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32. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Travelocity Reservation System.

- 33. On information and belief, the Travelocity Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Travelocity, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 35. On information and belief, customers of Travelocity, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Travelocity Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Travelocity provides

instruction and direction regarding the use of the Travelocity Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Travelocity Reservation System.

- 36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Travelocity, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Travelocity Reservation System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Travelocity Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Travelocity provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Travelocity Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Travelocity Reservation System. Users of the Travelocity Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the Travelocity Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Travelocity has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Travelocity Reservation System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Travelocity Reservation System.

- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Travelocity have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- 42. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Travelocity has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Travelocity Reservation System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Travelocity Reservation System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Travelocity, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims

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of the '077 patent, by, inter alia, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus, menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display layout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b) Enabling reservations and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of Travelocity, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, use the Travelocity Reservation System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Travelocity provides

advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Travelocity Reservation System.

50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting

instruction and direction regarding the use of the Travelocity Reservation System and

customers of Travelocity, including consumers and hotel/restaurant operators, to use the infringing Travelocity Reservation System in the United States without authority or license

from Ameranth.

51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.

- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Travelocity Reservation System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Travelocity provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Travelocity Reservation System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Travelocity Reservation System. Users of the Travelocity Reservation System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Travelocity Reservation System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Travelocity has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Travelocity Reservation System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Travelocity Reservation System.

55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Travelocity have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.

56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Travelocity has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Travelocity Reservation System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;

1	6.	Awarding Ameranth increased	d damages of three times the amount of damages
2	found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of		
3	Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;		
4	7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney'		
5	fees pursuant	t to 35 U.S.C. §285;	
6	8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and		
7	9.	Awarding to Ameranth such	other and further relief that this Court may deem
8	just and proper.		
9		DEMAND F	OR JURY TRIAL
10	Ameranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum exten		
11	permitted by law.		
12		1	Respectfully submitted,
13	Dated: June 2	29, 2012	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP
14]	By: <u>/s/ William J. Caldarelli</u> William J. Caldarelli
15 16			FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano
17			OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne
18 19]	WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts
20			Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.
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- 1	1		1A

Exhibit 1030 (M)

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7	San Diego, CA 92130 Telephone: (619) 742-9631 mdfabiano@fabianolawfirm.com				
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16	Attorneys for Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc.				
17					
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
19	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
20	AMERANTH, INC.	Case No. <u>'12CV1652 JAH DHB</u>			
21	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT			
22	V.	INFRINGEMENT			
23	WANDERSPOT LLC,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL			
24	Defendant.				
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COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT
Petitioners' Exhibit 1030, Page 197

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc., for its Complaint against defendant Wanderspot LLC (referred to herein as "Urbanspoon"), avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Ameranth, Inc. ("Ameranth") is a Delaware corporation having a principal place of business at 5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 202, San Diego, California 92121. Ameranth develops, manufactures and sells, *inter alia*, hospitality industry, entertainment, restaurant and food service information technology solutions under the trademarks 21st Century CommunicationsTM, and 21st Century RestaurantTM, among others, comprising the synchronization and integration of hospitality information and hospitality software applications between fixed, wireless and/or internet applications, including but not limited to computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 2. Defendant Wanderspot LLC (referred to herein as "Urbanspoon") is, on information and belief, a Washington limited liability corporation having a principal place of business in Seattle, Washington. On information and belief, Urbanspoon makes, uses, offers for sale or license and/or sells or licenses restaurant and foodservice information technology products, software, components and/or systems within this Judicial District, including the Urbanspoon System as defined herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281-285.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. On information and belief, Defendant engages in (a) the offer for sale or license and sale or license of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, and/or ordering products and/or components in the United States, including this Judicial District, including services, products, software, and components, comprising wireless and internet POS and/or hospitality aspects;

(b) the installation and maintenance of said services, products, software, components and/or systems in hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems in the United States, including this Judicial District; and/or (c) the use of hospitality industry, ticketing, reservations, ordering, and/or entertainment information technology systems comprising said services, products, software, components and/or systems in the United States, including this Judicial District.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant commits acts of patent infringement in this Judicial District including, *inter alia*, making, using, offering for sale or license, and/or selling or licensing infringing services, products, software, components and/or systems in this Judicial District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

- 8. Ameranth was established in 1996 to develop and provide its 21st Century CommunicationsTM innovative information technology solutions for the hospitality industry (inclusive of, e.g., restaurants, hotels, casinos, nightclubs, cruise ships and other entertainment and sports venues). Ameranth has been widely recognized as a technology leader in the provision of wireless and internet-based systems and services to, *inter alia*, restaurants, hotels, casinos, cruise ships and entertainment and sports venues. Ameranth's award winning inventions enable, in relevant part, generation and synchronization of menus, including but not limited to restaurant menus, event tickets, and other products across fixed, wireless and/or internet platforms as well as synchronization of hospitality information and hospitality software applications across fixed, wireless and internet platforms, including but not limited to, computer servers, web servers, databases, affinity/social networking systems, desktop computers, laptops, "smart" phones and other wireless handheld computing devices.
- 9. Ameranth began development of the inventions leading to the patent-in-suit and the other patents in this patent family in the late Summer of 1998, at a time when the then-available wireless and internet hospitality offerings were extremely limited in functionality,

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were not synchronized and did not provide an integrated system-wide solution to the pervasive ordering, reservations, affinity program and information management needs of the hospitality industry. Ameranth uniquely recognized the actual problems that needed to be resolved in order to meet those needs, and thereafter conceived and developed its breakthrough inventions and products to provide systemic and comprehensive solutions directed to optimally meeting these industry needs. Ameranth has expended considerable effort and resources in inventing, developing and marketing its inventions and protecting its rights therein.

- 10. Ameranth's pioneering inventions have been widely adopted and are thus now essential to the modern wireless hospitality enterprise of the 21st Century. Ameranth's solutions have been adopted, licensed and/or deployed by numerous entities across the hospitality industry.
- 11. The adoption of Ameranth's technology by industry leaders and the wide acclaim received by Ameranth for its technological innovations are just some of the many confirmations of the breakthrough aspects of Ameranth's inventions. Ameranth has received twelve different technology awards (three with "end customer" partners) and has been widely recognized as a hospitality wireless/internet technology leader by almost all major national and hospitality print publications, e.g., The Wall Street Journal, New York Times, USA Today and many others. Ameranth was personally nominated by Bill Gates, the Founder of Microsoft, for the prestigious Computerworld Honors Award that Ameranth received in 2001 for its breakthrough synchronized reservations/ticketing system with the Improv Comedy Theatres. In his nomination, Mr. Gates described Ameranth as "one of the leading pioneers of information technology for the betterment of mankind." This prestigious award was based on Ameranth's innovative synchronization of wireless/web/fixed hospitality software technology. Subsequently, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted Ameranth a number of currently-issued patents, two of which are the basis for this lawsuit. Ameranth has issued press releases announcing these patent grants on business wires, on its web sites and at numerous trade shows since the first of the presently-asserted patents issued in 2002. A number of

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companies have licensed patents and technology from Ameranth, recognizing and confirming the value of Ameranth's innovations.

RELATED CASES PREVIOUSLY FILED

- The Ameranth patents asserted herein, U.S. Patent No. 6,384,850 (the "'850 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,871,325 (the "325 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,146,077 (the "077 patent"), are all patents in Ameranth's "Information Management and Synchronous Communications" patent family.
- 13. Ameranth is also currently asserting claims of these same patents in separate lawsuits, against other defendants, that are already pending in this Court. The first-filed lawsuit asserts claims of the '850 and '325 patents and is entitled Ameranth v. Pizza Hut, Inc. et al., Case No. 3:11-cv-01810-JLS-NLS. Lawsuits subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '077 patent, include Case Nos. 3:12-cv-00729-JLS-NLS; 3:12cv-00731-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00732-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00733-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00737-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00738-JLS-NLS; 3:12-cv-00739-JLS-NLS; and 3:12-cv-00742-JLS-NLS. Another lawsuit subsequently filed by Ameranth in this Court, asserting claims of the '850, '325, and '077 patents, is Case No. 3:12-cv-00858-JLS-NLS.

COUNT I

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,384,850)

- Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-13 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. On May 7, 2002, United States Patent No. 6,384,850 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '850 patent") (a true and copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 16. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '850 patent.

- 17. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Urbanspoon system/product/service, which includes, inter alia, wireless and internet POS and restaurant-reservation and table management integration, online and mobile reservations, integration with e-mail and affinity program and social media applications such as Facebook, Twitter, Groupon, and YouTube, and/or other third-party web-based applications, and other hospitality aspects ("Urbanspoon System").
- 18. On information and belief, the Urbanspoon System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Urbanspoon, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to reservations, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; utilizing an interface that provides a single point of entry that allows the synchronization of at least one wireless handheld computing device and at least one Web page with at least one central database; allowing information to be entered via Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be

entered via wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one central database and to Web pages.

- 19. On information and belief, defendant Urbanspoon has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 20. On information and belief, customers of Urbanspoon, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, use the Urbanspoon System. Urbanspoon provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Urbanspoon System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Urbanspoon System.
- 21. On information and belief, the Urbanspoon System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 22. On information and belief, Urbanspoon has had knowledge of the '850 patent, and knew or should have known that its continued offering and deployment of the Urbanspoon System, and its continued support of consumers and other users of this system/product/service, would induce direct infringement by those users. Additionally, Urbanspoon intended that its actions would induce direct infringement by those users.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).
- 24. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Urbanspoon System, Urbanspoon provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Urbanspoon provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Urbanspoon System, and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Urbanspoon System. Users of one or more of the Urbanspoon System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

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25. On information and belief, the Urbanspoon System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.

- On information and belief, Urbanspoon has had knowledge of the '850 patent, including knowledge that the Urbanspoon System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '850 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Urbanspoon System.
- 27. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Urbanspoon have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.
- The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Urbanspoon has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT II

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 6,871,325)

- Plaintiff reiterates and reincorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-28 above as if fully set forth herein.
- On March 22, 2005, United States Patent No. 6,871,325 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation" ("the '325 patent") (a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 31. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '325 patent.
- 32. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing

systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Urbanspoon System.

33. On information and belief, the Urbanspoon System, as deployed and/or used at or

- from one or more locations by Urbanspoon, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Generating and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable main menus, modifier menus, and sub-modifier menus, and application software for generating a second menu and transmitting it to a wireless handheld computing device or a Web page; and/or (b) Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone, Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one central database, on at least one wireless handheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders, between at least one central database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web server and Web page; and sending alerts, confirmations, and other information regarding orders to various wireless mobile devices.
- 34. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 35. On information and belief, customers of Urbanspoon, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, use the Urbanspoon System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent. Urbanspoon provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Urbanspoon System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Urbanspoon System.

36. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '325
patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting
customers of Urbanspoon, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, to use the
infringing Urbanspoon System in the United States without authority or license from
Ameranth.

- 37. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '325 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '325 patent.
- 38. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Urbanspoon System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Urbanspoon provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Urbanspoon System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Urbanspoon System. Users of the Urbanspoon System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 39. On information and belief, the Urbanspoon System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '325 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 40. On information and belief, Urbanspoon has had knowledge of the '325 patent, including knowledge that the Urbanspoon System, which is a non-staple articles of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '325 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Urbanspoon System.
- 41. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Urbanspoon have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.

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The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Urbanspoon has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT III

Patent Infringement (U.S. Pat. No. 8,146,077)

- 43. Plaintiff reiterates and incorporates the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-42 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 44. On March 27, 2012, United States Patent No. 8,146,077 entitled "Information Management and Synchronous Communications System with Menu Generation, and Handwriting and Voice Modification of Orders" (a true copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit** C and incorporated herein by reference) was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office.
- 45. Plaintiff Ameranth is the lawful owner by assignment of all right, title and interest in and to the '077 patent.
- 46. On information and belief, Defendant directly infringes and continues to directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by making, using, offering for sale or license and/or selling or licensing infringing systems, products, and/or services in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth, including but not limited to the Urbanspoon System.
- 47. On information and belief, the Urbanspoon System, as deployed and/or used at or from one or more locations by Urbanspoon, its agents, distributors, partners, affiliates, licensees, and/or their customers, infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, by, *inter alia*, doing at least one of the following: (a) Configuring and transmitting menus in a system including a central processing unit, a data storage device, a computer operating system containing a graphical user interface, one or more displayable master menus,

menu configuration software enabled to generate a menu configuration for a wireless handheld				
computing device in conformity with a customized display layout, and enabled for				
synchronous communications and to format the menu configuration for a customized display				
ayout of at least two different wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and/or (b)				
Enabling ticketing/ticket sales/ticket purchases and other hospitality functions via iPhone,				
Android, and other internet-enabled wireless handheld computing devices as well as via Web				
pages, storing hospitality information and data on at least one database, on at least one wireless				
nandheld computing device, and on at least one Web server and Web page, and synchronizing				
applications and data, including but not limited to applications and data relating to orders,				
between at least one database, wireless handheld computing devices, and at least one Web				
server and Web page; utilizing communications control software enabled to link and				
synchronize hospitality information between at least one database, wireless handheld				
computing device, and web page, to display information on web pages and on different				
wireless handheld computing device display sizes, and to allow information to be entered via				
Web pages, transmitted over the internet, and automatically communicated to at least one				
database and to wireless handheld computing devices; allowing information to be entered via				
wireless handheld computing devices, transmitted over the internet, and automatically				
communicated to at least one database and to Web pages.				

- 48. On information and belief, Defendant has indirectly infringed and continues to indirectly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), by actively, knowingly, and intentionally inducing direct infringement by other persons.
- 49. On information and belief, customers of Urbanspoon, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, use the Urbanspoon System in a manner that infringes upon one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent. Urbanspoon provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Urbanspoon System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Urbanspoon System.

- 50. On information and belief, Defendant actively induces others to infringe the '077 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. §271(b) by knowingly encouraging, aiding and abetting customers of Urbanspoon, including consumers, theatre operators, and others, to use the infringing Urbanspoon System in the United States without authority or license from Ameranth.
- 51. On information and belief, Defendant contributorily infringes and continues to contributorily infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(c) by offering to sell and/or selling components of systems on which claims of the '077 patent read, constituting a material part of the invention, knowing that the components were especially adapted for use in systems which infringe claims of the '077 patent.
- 52. By distributing, selling, offering, offering to sell or license and/or selling or licensing the Urbanspoon System, Defendant provides non-staple articles of commerce to others for use in infringing systems, products, and/or services. Additionally, Urbanspoon provides instruction and direction regarding the use of the Urbanspoon System and advertises, promotes, and encourages the use of the Urbanspoon System. Users of the Urbanspoon System directly infringe one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 53. On information and belief, each of the Urbanspoon System infringes one or more valid and enforceable claims of the '077 patent, for the reasons set forth hereinabove.
- 54. On information and belief, Urbanspoon has had knowledge of the '077 patent, including knowledge that the Urbanspoon System, which is a non-staple article of commerce, has been used as a material part of the claimed invention of the '077 patent, and that there are no substantial non-infringing uses for the Urbanspoon System.
- 55. On information and belief, the aforesaid infringing activities of defendant Urbanspoon have been done with knowledge and willful disregard of Ameranth's patent rights, making this an exceptional case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285.

56. The aforesaid infringing activity of defendant Urbanspoon has directly and proximately caused damage to plaintiff Ameranth, including loss of profits from sales it would have made but for the infringements. Unless enjoined, the aforesaid infringing activity will continue and cause irreparable injury to Ameranth for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Ameranth respectfully prays for judgment against Defendant, as follows:

- 1. Adjudging that the manufacture, use, offer for sale or license and /or sale or license of the Urbanspoon System infringes valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 2. Adjudging that Defendant has infringed, actively induced others to infringe and/or contributorily infringed valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, as set forth hereinabove;
- 3. Adjudging that Defendant's infringement of the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent, has been knowing and willful;
- 4. Enjoining Defendant, and its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, agents, representatives, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates and all other persons acting in concert, participation or privity with Defendant, and their successors and assigns, from infringing, contributorily infringing and/or inducing others to infringe the valid and enforceable claims of the '850 patent, and the '325 patent, and the '077 patent;
- 5. Awarding Ameranth the damages it has sustained by reason of Defendant's infringement, together with interest and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 6. Awarding Ameranth increased damages of three times the amount of damages found or assessed against Defendant by reason of the knowing, willful and deliberate nature of Defendant's acts of infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284;
- 7. Adjudging this to be an exceptional case and awarding Ameranth its attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285;

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1	8. Awarding to Ameranth its costs of suit, and interest as provided by law; and					
2	9. Av	9. Awarding to Ameranth such other and further relief that this Court may deem				
3	just and proper.					
4	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					
5	Ameranth demands trial by jury of its claims set forth herein to the maximum extent					
6	permitted by law.					
7			Respectfully submitted,			
8	Dated: June 29, 2	012	CALDARELLI HEJMANOWSKI & PAGE LLP			
9			By: <u>/s/ William J. Caldarelli</u> William J. Caldarelli			
10 11			FABIANO LAW FIRM, P.C. Michael D. Fabiano			
12			OSBORNE LAW LLC John W. Osborne			
13 14			WATTS LAW OFFICES Ethan M. Watts			
15			Attorneys for Plaintiff AMERANTH, INC.			
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		COMPLAINT FO	D DATENIT INEDIACEMENT			