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Kwan et al.

[56]

[54] STABLE EXTENDED RELEASE ORAL DOSAGE COMPOSITION COMPRISING LORATADINE AND PSEUDOEPHEDRINE [75] Inventors: Henry K. Kwan, Summit; Stephen M. Liebowitz, Neshanic Station, both of N.J. Schering Corporation, Kenilworth, [73] Assignee: N.J. [21] Appl. No.: 965,470 [22] Filed: Oct. 23, 1992 [52] **U.S. Cl.** 424/480; 424/463; 424/465; 424/468; 424/469; 424/470; 424/474; 424/475; 514/849; 514/853; 514/964; 514/965 [58] Field of Search 424/480, 463, 465, 468, 424/469, 470, 474, 475; 514/849, 853

References Cited

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4,990,535 2/1991 Cho et al. 514/556 5,100,675 3/1992 Cho et al. 424/468

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OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Package Label for Claritin ® (Loratadine, 5 mg, pseudoephedrine sulfate, 120 mg) Extra Repetabs Schering, Canada.

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57] ABSTRACT

A film-coated extended release oral dosage composition containing the nasal decongestant pseudoephedrine sulfate in a unique polymer matrix core and a film-coating on such core containing the non-sedating antihistamine, lorated ine, and use of the said composition for treating patients showing the signs and symptoms associated with upper respiratory diseases and nasal congestion are disclosed.

7 Claims, No Drawings

STABLE EXTENDED RELEASE ORAL DOSAGE COMPOSITION COMPRISING LORATADINE AND PSEUDOEPHEDRINE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a film-coated extended release oral dosage composition containing the nasal decongestant pseudoephedrine in a unique polymer matrix core and a film-coating on such core containing the non-sedating antihistamine, loratadine. The oral dosage composition is useful for treating patients showing the signs and symptoms associated with upper respiratory diseases and nasal congestion.

Loratadine is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 4,282,233 as a non-sedating antihistamine and it is useful as an antiallergy agent in, for example, the treatment of seasonal allergic rhinitis symptoms such as sneezing and itching.

Pseudephedrine as well as pharmaceutically acceptable acid additional salts, e.g., those of HCl or H₂SO₄, is a sympathomimetic drug recognized by those skilled in the art as a safe therapeutic agent effective for treating nasal congestion and is commonly administered orally and comcomitantly with an antihistamine for treatment of nasal congestion associated with allergic rhinitis. For example, 5 mg of loratadine and 120 mg of pseudoephedrine sulfate ("PES") in a matrix core repetab tablet product is available wherein the PES is equally distributed in the tablet coating and barrier core and all the loratadine is in the coating. The product is recommended for twice-a-day dosing for effectiveness. It would be desirable to have a once-a-day loratadine-pseudoephedrine product.

The successful development of a formulation of a Ioratadine-pseudoephedrine once-a-day product requires achieving a release rate profile for pseudoephedrine component over an extended period in excess of twelve hours while maintaining the safety and effective- 40 ness of loratadine. Products containing non-sedating antihistamines in combination with pseudoephedrine such as Seldane-D, a press-coated product of terfenadine and pseudoephedrine and Hismanal-D, a combination of pseudoephedrine prills and a separate astemizole 4. tablet are known. However, the administration of terfenadine and astemizole products to humans has been found to cause adverse effects including cardiac arrhythmias and occurrence of these arrhythmias have increased when the terfenadine or astemizole products 50 are co-administered with other drugs such as ketoconazole and erythromycin or upon overdose of the nonsedating anti-histamine.

It would be desirable for increased patient compliance to have an extended release product effective and safe when used on a once-a-day basis.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

We have discovered that a film-coating of loratadine on a core tablet containing pseudoephedrine sulfate in a specific polymer matrix provides immediate release of loratadine and extended release of pseudoephedrine sulfate from the matrix core over a period in excess of twelve hours.

Thus the present invention provides a film-coated extended release oral dosage composition comprising:

a. a matrix core comprising:

_		mg/core
_	Pseudoephedrine Sulfate	120-360
5	Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2208 100,000 cps	160-480
	Ethylcellulose	40-120
	Dibasic Calcium Phosphate Dihydrate	56-164
	Povidone	20-60
	Silicon Dioxide and	6–12
0	Magnesium Stearate	2-6
	Matrix Core Weight Range:	400-1200 mg

and

b. a coating on said core comprising:

	****	mg/tablet
	Loratadine	5-15
	Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 6 cps	17-50
20	Polyethylene Glycol 400	0.25-5.0
	Polyethylene Glycol 3350	3.4-10.15
	Approximate Coating Weight	26-80.0 mg
	Composition Weight Range	427-1280 mg

In a preferred aspects, the present invention provides film-coated extended release oral dosage composition comprising a

a. a matrix core comprising:

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30		mg/core
	Pseudoephedrine Sulfate	240
	Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2208 100,000 cps.	160-480
	Ethylcellulose	40-120
	Dibasic Calcium Phosphate Dihydrate	56-164
35	Povidone	20-60
	Silicon Dioxide and	6–12
	Magnesium Stearate	2-6
	Approximate Core Weight Range	520-1080 mg

and

b. a coating on said core comprising:

£		mg/tablet
·J	Loratadine	10
	Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 6 cps.	17-50
	Polyethylene Glycol 400	0.25-5.0
	Polyethylene Glycol 3350	3.4-10.15
	Approximate Coating Weight Range	31-75 mg
0	Approximate Composition Weight Range	552-1155 mg

In a more preferred aspect, the present invention provides a film-coated extended release oral dosage composition comprising:

a. a matrix core

	mg/core
Pseudoephedrine Sulfate USP	240
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2208 USP 100,000 cps	320
Ethylcellulose NF Type 7	80
Dibasic Calcium Phosphate USP Dihydrate	108
Povidone USP	40
Silicon Dioxide NF and	8
Magnesium Stearate NF	4_
Approximate Matrix Core weight	800 mg

and

	mg/tablet
Loratadine, Micronized	10
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 USP 6 cps	33
Polyethylene Glycol 400 NF	0.67
Polyethylene Glycol 3350 NF	6.75
Color Dispersion (Solids)	6.25
Approximate Coating Weight	57 mg
Approximate Composition Weight	857 mg

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

We have discovered a unique oral dosage composition containing a specific selection of ingredients including specific amounts of pseudoephedrine sulfate in a matrix core and of loratadine in an immediate release polymer film coating on the core. The oral dosage composition of this invention provides (1) immediate release 20 (i.e., within one hour after oral administration to a patient) of the total dose of loratadine to maintain the once-a-day efficacy of Loratadine (2) the extended release of pseudoephedrine from the matrix polymer cover over a period of at least 12 preferably 12 to 16 25 hours and more preferably at least 16 hours from oral administration (3) reasonable dose size for enhancing patients' compliance and (4) a shelf life of at least 24 months.

In the course of development of the oral dosage com- 30 position of this invention, it was discovered that the selection of the polymers for the polymer matrix core was critical to achieve the desired extended release period of at least 12 hours, preferably 12 to 16 hours and more preferably for at least 16 hours for pseudoephed- 35 rine. For example, the use of hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose 4,000 cps and 15,000 cps did not provide this desired extended release period for dose of pseudoephedrine sulfate. Only by combining four parts by weight of hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose 2208 USP, 40 100,000 cps with one part by weight of ethyl cellulose together with ½ part by weight of povidone as a secondary binder was the desired extended release profile for pseudoephedrine achieved. The matrix core also contains specific amounts of silicon dioxide as a glidant and 45 magnesium stearate as a lubricant. The tablet hardness 22±6 Strong-Cobb Units (SCU) is not greatly affected by the higher level of lubricant (6 mg/tablet) but it is preferred to maintain the lubricant level at I/IO part by weight of lubricant to one part by weight of povidone 50 as secondary binder.

The hydroxyl propyl methyl cellulose 2910 acts as a film-forming agent in the film coating, and the polyethylene glycols act as plasticizers. Other suitable film-forming polymers which may be used include hydroxy- 55 propyl cellulose, methyl hydroxyethyl cellulose and sodium carboxymethyl cellulose.

The oral dosage composition of this invention also provides a shelf life of more than 24 months, e.g., up to 36 and 48 months so long as the tablets are stored in 60 standard package at between 2° and 30° C. in an ambient environment.

In the preparation of the tablet core the povidone is dissolved in a mixture of alcohol and water. The pseudoephedrine sulfate, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 65 2208 USP, 100,000 cps, ethylcellulose, and dibasic calcium phosphate are blended and granulated with the alcoholic water solution containing povidone. The

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granulation is milled, and dried to a loss on drying between 0.5 to 2.0%.

The dried granulation is milled and blended with requisite amounts of silicon dioxide and magnesium stearate. The final blend is compressed to produce the oral dosage composition in the preferred form of a tablet.

The coating is normally applied to the tablet cores in the following manner:

Cores are charged into a suitable coating pan. A water dispersion of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 2910 USP and polyethylene glycol 3350 NF is applied to the cores. These sub-coated cores are then coated with a dispersion of loratadine, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 2910 USP, polyethylene glycol 3350 NF and white color dispersion. This is followed by an application of polishing coating dispersion containing hydroxypropyl methylcellulose and polyethylene glycol 400 NF. The coated tablets are then branded (with black ink) and packaged in plastic bottles and blisters for storage at a temperature between 2° and 30° C. in an ambient environment

EXAMPLE I

This example illustrate preparation of the preferred oral dosage composition of this invention. The ingredients and specific amounts thereof are listed below.

1. Tablet Core

- A. Method of Manufacture
 - Dissolve povidone in a mixture of alcohol and water.
 - Combine the pseudoephedrine sulfate, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 2208, ethylcellulose and dibasic calcium phosphate, dihydrate in a suitable mixing bowl and blend.
 - 3. Granulate the blend from Step 2 with the solution from Step 1. pass the wet granulation through a screen.
 - Dry the granulation to a loss on drying between 0.5 to 2.0% as determined by a moisture balance or equivalent.
 - 5. Pass the dried granules through a screen.
 - Add the requisite amount of silicon dioxide and magnesium stearate to the dried, milled granules and blend.
 - Compress the blend on a suitable tablet press.
 During the compression operation, representative samples of the cores are taken and in-process tests are performed.

The core matrix meets the following specification:

Weight: 800±5% (mg) Thickness: 0.280±0.010 inches

Hardness: 22±6 Strong-Cobb Units

The cores are coated in the following manners:

- A. Preparation of Coating Dispersions and Solutions
 - 1. Sub-Coating Solution
 - (1) Disperse hydroxypropyl methylcellulose USP 2910 and polyethylene glycol 3350 in a portion of hot purified water.
 - (2) Add the remainder of the purified water and cool the solution to room temperature.
 - 2. Active Coating Dispersion
 - Disperse hydroxypropyl methylcellulose USP 2910 and polyethylene glycol 3350 in a portion of hot purified water. Add additional water and cool the dispersion to room temperature.

- (2) Disperse Loratadine in the remaining portion of room temperature purified water. Combine with hydroxypropyl methylcellulose polyethylene glycol dispersion (Step 1).
- (3) Add white color dispersion. Mix until uniform. 5
- 3. Polishing Coating Solution
 - Disperse hydroxypropyl methylcellulose USP 2910 and polyethylene glycol 400 in a portion of hot purified water.
 - (2) Add the remainder of the purified water and 10 cool the solution to room temperature.
- B. Coating of Tablet Core
 - (1) Charge the requisite quantity of tablet cores to a suitable coating pan.
 - (2) Apply the sub-coating solution.
 - (3) Quantatively apply the active coating dispersion
 - (4) Apply the polishing coating solution
- C Branding
- (1) Brand the coated tablets with black imprinting ink

The preferred composition of the tablet core and coating is given below

Tablet Core	mg/core	_ 2
Pseudoephedrine Sulfate USP	240	•
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2208 USP 100,000 cps	320	
Ethylcellulose NF Type 7	80	
Dibasic Calcium Phosphate USP Dihydrate	108	
Povidone USP	40	
Silicon Dioxide NF	8	3
Magnesium Stearate NF	4_	
Approximate Core Weight	800 mg	

		35
Tablet Coating	mg/tablet	_
Loratadine, Micronized	10	_
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 USP 6 cps	33	
Polyethylene Glycol 400 NF	0.67	
Polyethylene Glycol 3350 NF	6.75	40
Color Dispersion (Solids)	6.25	40
Imprinting Ink		
Approximate Coating Weight	57 mg	
Approximate Tablet Weight	857 mg	_

The in vitro dissolution profile of the tablet of Example 1 was measured in a stirred 0.1N HCl solution at 37° C. The loratadine in the coating was dissolved within the first hour and the total dose of pseudoephedrine sulfate in the core was slowly released via erosion and dissolution mechanisms over a 12 to 16 hour period.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A film-coated extended release oral dosage composition comprising:
 - a. a matrix core comprising:

	mg/core	
Pseudoephedrine Sulfate	120-360	_
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2208	160-480	
100,000 cps		
Ethylcellulose	40-120	•
Dibasic Calcium Phosphate Dihydrate	56-164	
Povidone	20-60	
Silicon Dioxide and	6–12	
Magnesium Stearate	2-6	
Matrix Core Weight Range:	400-1200 mg	,

b. a coating on said core comprising:

	mg/tablet
Loratadine	5-15
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 6 cps	17-50
Polyethylene Glycol 400	0.25-5.0
Polyethylene Glycol 3350	3.4-10.15
Approximate Coating Weight Range:	26-80.0 mg
Approximate Composition Weight Range:	427-1280 mg

- 2. A method of treating patients showing the signs and symptoms associated with upper respiratory diseases which comprises administering to such a patient the oral dosage composition of claim 1.
 - 3. The oral dosage composition of claim 1 wherein 240 mg. of pseudoephedrine sulfate is in the core and 10 mg. of loratedine is in the coating.
 - 4. A film-coated extended release oral dosage composition comprising:
 - a. a matrix core comprising:

	mg/core
Pseudoephedrine Sulfate	240
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2208 100,000 cps.	160-480
Ethylcellulose	40-120
Dibasic Calcium Phosphate Dihydrate	56-164
Povidone	2060
Silicon Dioxide and	6–12
Magnesium Stearate	2-6
Approximate Core Weight Range:	520-1080 m

and

b. a coating on said core comprising:

		mg/tablet
40	Loratadine	10
	Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 6 cps.	17-50
	Polyethylene Glycol 400	0.25-5.0
	Polyethylene Glycol 3350	3.4-10.15
	Approximate Coating Weight Range:	31-75 mg
45	Approximate Composition Weight Range:	552-1155 mg

- 5. A method of treating a patient showing the signs and/or symptoms associated with upper respiratory diseases which comprises administering to such a patient the oral dosage form of claim 4.
- **6.** A film-coated extended release oral dosage composition comprising:
 - a. a matrix core comprising:

	mg/core
Pseudoephedrine Sulfate USP	240
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2208 USP 100,000 cp	s 320
Ethylcellulose NF Type 7	80
Dibasic Calcium Phosphate USP Dihydrate	108
Povidone USP	40
Silicon Dioxide NF and	8
Magnesium Stearate NF	4
Approximate Core weight	800 mg

and

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b. a coating upon said core comprising:

-continued

Approximate Composition Weight

mg/tablet

857 mg

	mg/tablet	_
Loratadine, Micronized	10	5
Hydroxypropyl Methylcellulose 2910 USP 6 cps	33	
Polyethylene Glycol 400 NF	0.67	
Polyethylene Glycol 3350 NF	6.75	
Color Dispersion (Solids)	6.25	10
Approximate Coating Weight	57 mg	

7. A method of treating a patient suffering from the
signs and symptoms associated with upper respiratory
disease and nasal congestion which comprises adminis-
tering to such a patient the oral dosage composition of
claim 6.

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