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accepts the use of both of and to with oblivious: The party appeared oblivious to (or of) the mounting pressures for political re-

form.

ob*long (ŏb'lông', -lŏng') adj. 1.a. Deviating from a square, circular, or spherical form by being elongated in one direction. b. Rectangular or elliptical. 2. Bot. Elongated. [< Lat. oblongus.] -ob'long' n.

ob*lo*quy (ŏb'lə-kwē) n., pl. -qules. 1. Abusively detractive language. 2. Disgrace; ill repute. [< Lat. obloquī, speak against.]

ob*nox*ious (ŏb-nŏk/shəs, əb-) adj. Very objectionable; odious. [< Lat. obnoxius, punishable.] -ob*nox/ious*ly adv. -ob*nox/lous*ness n.</p>

o·boe (ō'bō) n. A woodwind instrument with a conical bore and a double reed mouthpiece. [< Fr. hautbois.] -o'bo·ist

n.

ob·scene (ŏb·sēn', əb·) adj. 1. Offensive to accepted standards of decency. See Syns at coarse. 2. Inciting lust; lewd. 3. Offensive to the senses. [Lat. obscēnus.] — ob·scene'ly adv. — ob·scen'i·ty (-sēn'i·tē) n. ob·scur·ant·ism (ŏb·skyoor'ən-tiz'əm, əb-, ŏb'skyoorān'-) n. 1. The practice of deliberate abstruseness. 2. A policy of withholding information from the public. — ob·scur'ant·ist n.

ob scure (ob-skyoor, ob-) adj. -scurer, -scurest. 1. Dim; dark. 2. Indistinctly heard or perceived. 3. Out of sight; hidden. 4. Of undistinguished station or reputation. 5. Ambiguous or vague; unclear. -v. -scured, -scuring. 1. To make dim or unclear. See Syns at block. 2. To conceal or cover. [< Lat. obscūrus.] -ob scure/ly adv. -ob scure/ness, ob scu/ri ty n.

ob·se·qui·ous (ob·se/kwe-os, ob-) adj. Full of or exhibiting servile compliance. [< Lat. obsequi, comply.] —ob·se/qui·ous·ly adv. —ob·se/qui·ous·ness n.

ob·se·quy (ŏb/sĭ-kwē) n., pl. -quies. A funeral rite or ceremony. [< Lat. obsequium,

compliance.]

ob*ser*vance (ab-zûr/vans) n. 1. The act or practice of complying with a law, custom, command, or rule. 2. The custom of celebrating a holiday or other ritual occasion. 3. A customary rite or ceremony.

ob·ser·vant (ob-zûr/vont) adj. 1. Quick to perceive or apprehend; alert. See Syns at careful. 2. Diligent in observing a law, custom, or principle. —ob·ser/vant·ly adv.

ob·ser·va·tion (öb'zər-vā'shən) n. 1. The act of observing or the fact of being observed. 2. The act of noting and recording something with instruments. 3. A comment or remark. See Syns at comment. —ob'ser·va'tion·al adj. —ob'ser·va'tion·al·ly adv. ob·ser·va·to·ry (əb-zûr'və-tôr'ē, -tōr'ē) n., pl. -ries. A place designed for making observations of astronomical, meteorologi-

cal, or other natural phenomena.

ob*serve (ab-zûrv') v. -served, -serv*ing. 1. To be or become aware of, esp. through careful attention; notice. 2. To watch attentively. 3. To make a systematic or scientific observation of. 4. To say casually; remark. 5. To adhere to or abide by. 6. To keep or celebrate (e.g., a holiday). [< Lat. observare, abide by.] -ob*serv*a*ble adj. -ob*serv*a*bly adv. -ob*serv*er n.

ob·sess (əb-ses', ŏb-) v. To preoccupy the mind of excessively. [Lat. obsidere, obsess-: ob-, on + sedere, sit; see sed-:] ob·ses·sion (əb-sesh'ən, ŏb-) n. 1. Compulsive preoccupation with a fixed idea or unwanted emotion. 2. A compulsive, often unreasonable idea or emotion. —ob·ses'sion·al adj. —ob·ses'sive adj. —ob·ses'sive·ly adv. —ob·ses'sive·ness n.

ob·sid·l·an (öb-sĭd/ē-ən) n. A hard, usu. black or banded volcanic glass. [Lat. obsi-

diānus.]

ob·so·les·cent (ŏb'sə-lĕs/ənt) adj. Becoming obsolete. [< Lat. obsolēscere, go out of use.] -ob'so·les/cence n. -ob'so·les/-

cent·ly adv.

ob·so·lete (ŏb'sə-lēt', ŏb'sə-lēt') adj. 1.

No longer in use or in effect. 2. Outmoded in style or construction. [Lat. obsolētus, p.part. of obsolēscere, fall into disuse.]

-ob'so·lete'ly adv. -ob'so·lete'ness n.

-ob'so·let'ism n.

ob·sta·cle (ŏb·sta-kəl) n. One that opposes, stands in the way of, or holds up progress. [< Lat. obstāculum < obstāre, impede : ob-, against + stāre, stand; see stā-.]

ob ste tri cian (ŏb'stī-trīsh'ən) n. A physician who specializes in obstetrics.

ob•stet•rics (öb-stet/riks, əb-) n. (takes sing: or pl. v.) The branch of medicine that deals with the care of women during and after pregnancy and childbirth. [< Lat. obstetrix, midwife: ob-, opposite + stare, stand; see sta-.] —ob•stet/ric, ob•stet/-ri-cal adj.

ob*sti*nate (ŏb'stə-nĭt) adj. 1. Stubbornly adhering to an attitude, opinion, or course of action. 2. Difficult to manage, control, or subdue. [< Lat. obstināre, persist. See stā-'.] —ob'sti*na*cy (-nə-sē) n. —ob'sti*

nate • ly adv.

ob strep er ous (öb strep or os, ob) adj.

Noisily and stubbornly defiant. [< Lat. obstrepere, make a noise against.] - ob strep er ous ly adv. - ob strep er ous ness n.

ob struct (ab-strukt', ob-) v. 1. To block (a passage) with obstacles. See Syns at block.

2. To impede; retard. 3. To get in the way of; hide from sight. [Lat. obstruere, obstruct-, pile up against.] —ob struct'er, ob struc'tor n. —ob struc'tive adj. —ob struc'tive ly adv. —ob struc'tive ness n. ob struc tion (ab-struk'shan, ob-) n. 1. An obstacle.

2. The act or an instance of obstructing.

3. The causing of a delay.

ob * struc * tion * ist (ab * struk * sha-nist, ob *)
n. One who systematically blocks or delays a process. — ob * struc * tion * ism n. — ob * struc * tion * is * tic * adj.

ob•tain (əb-tān', ŏb-) v. 1. To succeed in gaining possession of; acquire. 2. To be accepted or customary. [< Lat. obtinēre.] —ob•tain'a•ble adj. —ob•tain'er n.

ob *trude (öb-trood', əb-) v. -trud *ed, -trud *ing. 1. To impose (oneself or one's ideas) on others. 2. To thrust out; push forward. [Lat. obtrūdere.] —ob *trud'er n. —ob *tru'sion (-troo'zhən) n. —ob *tru'sive (-troo'siv, -ziv) adj. —ob *tru'sive *iy adv. ob *tuse (öb-toos', -tyoos', əb-) adj. -tus *er, -tus *est. 1. Lacking quickness of perception or intellect. 2. Not sharp, pointed, or acute in form; blunt. [< Lat. obtūsus,