PT0/AIA/01 (06-12)
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DECLARATION (37 CFR 1.63) FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN APPLICATION USING AN APPLICATION DATA SHEET (37 CFR 1.76)
Title of Invention Multimedia Time Warping System
As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:
This declaration The attached application, or
is directed to: United States application or PCT international application number 9/126,071 filed on July 30, 1998
The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.
I believe that I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.
I hereby acknowledge that any willful false statement made in this declaration is punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001 by fine or imprisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.
WARNING:
Petitioner/applicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in documents filed in a patent application that may contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card number (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USP to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitted to the USPTO, petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application) or issuance of a patent. Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is referenced in a published application or an lasued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not publicly available.
LEGAL NAME OF INVENTOR
Inventor James M. Barton Date (Optional) :
Signature:
Note: An application data sheet (PTO/SB/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire inventive entity, must accompany this form. Use an additional PTO/SB/AIA01 form for each additional inventor.
This collection of Information is required by 35 U S.C. 115 and 37 CFR 1.63. The information is required to obtain or netain a benefit by the public which is to file (an by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 minute to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sant to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P II. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, DD NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, <b>P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450</b> .

If you need essistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTC-9199 and select option 2

Under	U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.
	CLARATION (37 CFR 1.63) FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN APPLICATION USING AN APPLICATION DATA SHEET (37 CFR 1.76)
Title of Invention	Multimedia Time Warping System
As the belo	w named inventor, I hereby declare that:
This declar is directed t	
	United States application or PCT international application number 9/126,071 filed on July 30, 1998
The above-i	dentified application was made or authorized to be made by me.
l believe tha	t I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.
l hereby ack by fine or im	nowledge that any willful faise statement made in this declaration is punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001 prisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.
Petitioner/ap	WARNING: plicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in documents filed in a patent application that may identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers
(other than a to support a petitioners/a USPTO. Pe application ( patent. Furt referenced in	check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USPTO petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitting them to the USPTO, pplicant should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the titioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application) or issuance of a nermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms ubmitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not public/y available.
LEGAL NA	ME OF INVENTOR
Inventor: _	Andrew Martin Goodman Date (Optional): 5/7/2014
Note: An appli Use an additio	cation data sheet (PTO/SB/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire inventive entity, must accompany this form. nal PTO/SB/AIA01 form for each additional inventor.
by the USPTO to complete, includi comments on the Patent and Trade	Information is required by 35 U.S.C. 115 and 37 CFR 1.63. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 minute to fing sathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application from tote USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any a samular of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. track Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 2231-4450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-970-9199 and select option 2.

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2

#### Privacy Act Statement

The **Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579)** requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
   A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of
- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to apposing caused in the course of settlement neodicitions.
- A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
  5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in
- A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
   A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal
- A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
   A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator,
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (*i.e.*, GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- be used to make determinations about individuals.
  A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

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Title of Multimedia Time Warping System	
As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:	
This declaration The attached application, or	0/400 074
United States application or PCT international applic filed onJuly 30, 1998	ation number 9/126,071
The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.	
	e ta construction de la construc
I believe that I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed	invention in the application.
I hereby acknowledge that any willful false statement made in this declaration is by fine or imprisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.	s punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001
WARNING:	
Petitioner/applicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in doc contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbe (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for p- to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is inc petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application i application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213 patent. Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be ar referenced in a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). C PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application for	rs, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers ayment purposes) is never required by the USPTO luded in documents submitted to the USPTO, in the documents before submitting them to the s available to the public after publication of the (a) is made in the application) or issuance of a vailable to the public if the application is Checks and credit card authorization forms
LEGAL NAME OF INVENTOR	
	ē - ,
Inventor: Alan S. Moskowjtz	Date (Optional) :
Signature:	
Note: An application data sheet (PTO/SB/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire in Use an additional PTO/SB/AIA01 form for each additional inventor.	nventive entity, must accompany this form,
This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 115 and 37 CFR 1.63. The information is require by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1. complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTC comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing thi Patent and Trademark Office. U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313- THIS ADDRESS. <b>SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA</b>	11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 minute to . Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any s burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. 1450. DC NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

SUE	STITUTE STATEMENT IN L OR DESIGN PATENT APP			
Title of Invention	Multimedia Time Warping S	ystem		
This stateme	ent is directed to:			
The atta	ached application,			
OR				
United S	States application or PCT international	application number	( <b>126,071</b> <sub>filed or</sub>	July 30, 1998
LEGAL NA	ME of inventor to whom this sul	bstitute statement appl	ies:	
	Name (first and middle (if any)) and F	amily Name or Surname)		
	ong Chow			
Residence (e	except for a deceased or legally incapa	acitated inventor):		
Frer	mont	State CA	Country	
Mailing Addre	ss (except for a deceased or legally incapa	citated inventor):		
920 Sevi	lle Place			
<sub>city</sub> Frer	mont	State CA	<sub>Zip</sub> 94539	Country US
I believe the in the ap	above-named inventor or joint inventor plication.	or to be the original inventor	r or an original joint invent	or of a claimed invention
The above-i	dentified application was made or auth	norized to be made by me.		
	mowledge that any willful false statement of not more than five (5) years, o		is punishable under 18 U.s	S.C. 1001 by fine or
Relationsh	ip to the inventor to whom this substitu	te statement applies:		
	egal Representative (for deceased or le	egally incapacitated invento	or only).	
	ssignee,	- <u>-</u>		
	erson to whom the inventor is under ar	n obligation to assign,		
	erson who otherwise shows a sufficien	t proprietary interest in the	matter (petition under 37 0	CFR 1.46 is required), or
	int Inventor.			

#### [Page 1 of 2]

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If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

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SUBSTITUTE STATEMENT						
Circumstances permitting execution of this substitute statement:						
Inventor is deceased,						
Inventor is under legal incap	oacity,					
Inventor cannot be found or	reached after diligent effort, or					
Inventor has refused to exec	cute the oath or declaration unde	r 37 CFR 1.63.				
If there are joint inventors, please ch	eck the appropriate box below:					
An application data sheet ur or is currently submitted.	nder 37 CFR 1.76 (PTO/AIA/14 o	r equivalent) naming the entir	e inventive entity has been			
OR						
	nder 37 CFR 1.76 (PTO/AIA/14 o neet (PTO/AIA/11 or equivalent) r e 37 CFR 1.64(b).					
	WARNING:					
(other than a check or credit card author to support a petition or an application. petitioners/applicants should consider of USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised application (unless a non-publication re patent. Furthermore, the record from a referenced in a published application of	Petitioner/applicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in documents filed in a patent application that may contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USPTO to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitted to the USPTO, petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application) or issuance of a patent. Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is referenced in a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not publicly available.					
PERSON EXECUTING THIS SUBSTIT	UTE STATEMENT:					
<sub>Name:</sub> Kirk D. Wong			Date (Optional):			
		OTITUTE OT ATEMENT.				
APPLICANT NAME AND TITLE OF P If the applicant is a juristic entity, list th						
TiVo Inc.						
Applicant Name: Title of Person Executing This Substitute Statement: Attorney The signer, whose title is supplied abc	ove, is authorized to act on behalf					
Residence of the signer (unless pro	vided in an application data sh	eet, PTO/AIA/14 or equivale	ent):			
<sub>City</sub> Fremont	$_{State}CA$	$_{\text{Country}}$ US				
Mailing Address of the signer (unle		~	quivalent)			
4677 Old Ironsides Drive, Suite 370						
city Santa Clara	CA	_ 95054	US			
City Oana Olara	State ON		Country <b>US</b>			

[Page 2 of 2]

#### Privacy Act Statement

The **Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579)** requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
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SUE	STITUTE STATEMENT IN I OR DESIGN PATENT APP			
Title of Invention	Multimedia Time Warping S	ystem		
This stateme	ent is directed to:			
The att	ached application,			
OR				
United S	States application or PCT international	application number	(126,071 <sub>filed or</sub>	July 30, 1998
LEGAL NA	ME of inventor to whom this su	bstitute statement appl	ies:	
( <i>E.g.</i> , Given	Name (first and middle (if any)) and F	amily Name or Surname)		
	wey Kao			
Residence (	except for a deceased or legally incapa	acitated inventor): I	1	
<sub>citv</sub> Cup	pertino	State CA	Country	
Mailing Addre	ss (except for a deceased or legally incapa		loodinay	
21876 M	eadow View Lane			
0			05014	
<sub>city</sub> Cup		<sub>State</sub> CA	<sub>zip</sub> 95014	
I believe the in the ap	above-named inventor or joint inventor plication.	or to be the original inventor	r or an original joint invent	or of a claimed invention
The above-i	dentified application was made or auth	norized to be made by me.		
	mowledge that any willful false statement of not more than five (5) years, o		is punishable under 18 U.s	S.C. 1001 by fine or
Relationsh	ip to the inventor to whom this substitu	te statement applies:		
	egal Representative (for deceased or l	egally incapacitated invento	or only).	
	ssignee,	sgang moapaonatoa moonto		
	erson to whom the inventor is under ar	n obligation to assign,		
	erson who otherwise shows a sufficien		matter (petition under 37 (	CFR 1.46 is required), or
	int Inventor.		v	. //

#### [Page 1 of 2]

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SUBSTITUTE STATEMENT						
Circumstances permitting execution of this substitute statement:						
Inventor is deceased,						
Inventor is under legal incap	oacity,					
Inventor cannot be found or	reached after diligent effort, or					
Inventor has refused to exec	cute the oath or declaration unde	r 37 CFR 1.63.				
If there are joint inventors, please ch	eck the appropriate box below:					
An application data sheet ur or is currently submitted.	nder 37 CFR 1.76 (PTO/AIA/14 o	r equivalent) naming the entir	e inventive entity has been			
OR						
	nder 37 CFR 1.76 (PTO/AIA/14 o neet (PTO/AIA/11 or equivalent) r e 37 CFR 1.64(b).					
	WARNING:					
(other than a check or credit card author to support a petition or an application. petitioners/applicants should consider of USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised application (unless a non-publication re patent. Furthermore, the record from a referenced in a published application of	Petitioner/applicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in documents filed in a patent application that may contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USPTO to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitted to the USPTO, petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application) or issuance of a patent. Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is referenced in a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not publicly available.					
PERSON EXECUTING THIS SUBSTIT	UTE STATEMENT:					
<sub>Name:</sub> Kirk D. Wong			Date (Optional):			
		OTITUTE OT ATEMENT.				
APPLICANT NAME AND TITLE OF P If the applicant is a juristic entity, list th						
TiVo Inc.						
Applicant Name: Title of Person Executing This Substitute Statement: Attorney The signer, whose title is supplied abc	ove, is authorized to act on behalf					
Residence of the signer (unless pro	vided in an application data sh	eet, PTO/AIA/14 or equivale	ent):			
<sub>City</sub> Fremont	$_{State}CA$	$_{\text{Country}}$ US				
Mailing Address of the signer (unle		~	quivalent)			
4677 Old Ironsides Drive, Suite 370						
city Santa Clara	CA	_ 95054	US			
City Oana Olara	State ON		Country <b>US</b>			

[Page 2 of 2]

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- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (*i.e.*, GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

SUE	SUBSTITUTE STATEMENT IN LIEU OF AN OATH OR DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION (35 U.S.C. 115(d) AND 37 CFR 1.64)					
Title of Invention	Multimedia Time Warping S	ystem				
This stateme	ent is directed to:					
The atta	ached application,					
OR						
United S	States application or PCT international	application number	(126,071 filed on	July 30, 1998		
LEGAL NA	ME of inventor to whom this su	ostitute statement appl	ies:			
	Name (first and middle (if any)) and F	amily Name or Surname)				
Roderic	k James McInnis					
Residence (e	except for a deceased or legally incapa	acitated inventor):	I			
<sub>city</sub> Milp	oitas	State CA	Country			
1299 Ca	ss (except for a deceased or legally incapa		05005			
<sub>city</sub> Milp	itas	<sub>State</sub> CA	<sub>zip</sub> 95035	<sub>Country</sub> US		
in the ap The above-i I hereby ack	<ul> <li>I believe the above-named inventor or joint inventor to be the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.</li> <li>The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.</li> <li>I hereby acknowledge that any willful false statement made in this statement is punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001 by fine or imprisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.</li> </ul>					
Relationshi	p to the inventor to whom this substitu	te statement annlies:				
Le     Le     Pe     Pe     Pe	egal Representative (for deceased or le ssignee, erson to whom the inventor is under ar erson who otherwise shows a sufficien wint Inventor.	egally incapacitated invento n obligation to assign,		FR 1.46 is required), or		
		[Page 1 of 2]				

This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 115 and 37 CFR 1.63. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 minute to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.** 

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

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(	SUBSTITUTE STATEMENT						
Circums	Circumstances permitting execution of this substitute statement:						
	Inventor is deceased,						
	Inventor is under legal incapacity,						
	Inventor cannot be found or reached	l after diligent effort, or					
	Inventor has refused to execute the	oath or declaration under	r 37 CFR 1.63.				
If there	are joint inventors, please check the a	appropriate box below:					
	An application data sheet under 37 or is currently submitted.	CFR 1.76 (PTO/AIA/14 or	r equivalent) naming the ent	ire inventive entity has been			
OR	, T						
	An application data sheet under 37 ( Statement Supplemental Sheet (PT) information is attached. See 37 CFF	O/AIA/11 or equivalent) n					
		WARNING:					
(other that to support petitioners USPTO. application patent. Fi reference	contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USPTO to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitted to the USPTO, petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application) or issuance of a patent. Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is referenced in a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not publicly available.						
PERSON	EXECUTING THIS SUBSTITUTE ST	ATEMENT:					
<sub>Name:</sub> K	(irk D. Wong			Date (Optional):			
	KirkDWong#4328		OTITUTE OF ATEMENT.				
	NT NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON						
Applicant	TiVo Inc.						
Title of Pe This Sub	erson Executing stitute Statement: Attorney for A er, whose title is supplied above, is au	pplicant	of the applicant				
	ce of the signer (unless provided in			ent):			
<sub>city</sub> Fr	remont	$_{\text{State}}CA$	<sub>Country</sub> US				
-	Address of the signer (unless provi	ided in an application d	ata sheet, PTO/AIA/14 or e	quivalent)			
4677 C	Dld Ironsides Drive, Suite 37	0					
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[Page 2 of 2]

#### **Privacy Act Statement**

The **Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579)** requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
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- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (*i.e.*, GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt			
EFS ID:	20899302		
Application Number:	09126071		
International Application Number:			
Confirmation Number:	8489		
Title of Invention:	MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM		
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	JAMES M. BARTON		
Customer Number:	29989		
Filer:	Kirk D. Wong		
Filer Authorized By:			
Attorney Docket Number:	TIVO0003		
Receipt Date:	08-DEC-2014		
Filing Date:	30-JUL-1998		
Time Stamp:	18:46:42		
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)		

# Payment information:

Submitted with Payment no						
File Listing:						
Document Number	Document Description	File Nam	e File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)	
1	Oath or Declaration filed	Barton.pd	f 28252 835725d84a3440bb53043c104c0299740a ade7	no	1	
Warnings:						
Information:						

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.           New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111           If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.           National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371           If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35           U.S.C. 371 and other application requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.           New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office           If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international Application Security (Security Context), and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international application includes the necessary components for an international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Ackn					
		Total Files Size (in bytes)	: 8	50344	
Information:					
Warnings:			1		<u> </u>
Information:	Oath or Declaration filed	McInnis_Substitute_oath.pdf	204528 3b256ca83a898392ab0504da48032ae435f 81ea8	no	3
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5	Oath or Declaration filed	Kao_Substitute_oath.pdf	204596 03c6672e4788675b1b766280e00ac40f36c 6dbbc	no	3
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4	Oath or Declaration filed	Chow_Substitute_oath.pdf	204564 f2382ccede403895f74decd3894a5a58ba3a b499	no	3
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3	Oath or Declaration filed	Moskowitz.pdf	89658 de46c6136b384c5019692de32c973d0ec0a	no	1
Information:					
Warnings:			I		
2	Oath or Declaration filed	Goodman.pdf	e07bdc14a9740f39fa95e7f6ee3fcd84ff9a0 908	no	2
			118746		

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#### REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK

In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Eastern District of Texas, Texarkana Division on the following □ Trademarks or Patents. (□ the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.):

DOCKET NO. 5:11-cv-00053	DATE FILED 3/26/2012	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Eastern District of Texas, Texarkana Division	
PLAINTIFF	,I	DEFENDANT	
TiVo Inc. (Counterclaim Plaintiff)		Motorola Mobility, Inc., General Instrument Corporation, Time Warner Cable Inc., and Time Warner Cable LLC (Counterclaim Defendants)	
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	
1 6,233,389	5/15/2001	TiVo Inc.	
2 7,529,465	5/5/2009	TiVo Inc.	
3 5,949,948	9/7/1999	General Instrument Corporation	
4 6,304,714	10/16/2001	General Instrument Corporation	
5 6,356,708	3/12/2002	General Instrument Corporation	

In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	
	Amen	idment 🗹 Answer 🗌 Cross Bill 🗌 Other Pleading
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
1 6,792,195	9/14/2004	TiVo Inc.
2		
3		
4		
5		

In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT		
CLERK	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK	DATE

SAO 120 (Rev. 2/99)

TO:	Mail Stop 8	
	Director of the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office	
	P.O. Box 1450	
	Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	

#### REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK

In Compliance with 35 § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Northern District California on the

filed in the U.S. Di	strict Court <u>Northern Dist</u>	<u>rict California</u> on the $\checkmark$ Patents or $\Box$ Trademarks:
DOCKET NO.	DATE FILED	U.S. DISTRICT COURT
<u>CV 12-02766 RS</u>	5/30/2012	450 Golden Gate Avenue, 16th Floor San Francisco CA 94102
PLAINTIFF		DEFENDANT
CISCO SYSTEMS IN	С.	TIVO, INC.
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
	ORTRADEMARK	
16,233,389		
27,529,465		
37,493,015		
4 6,792,195		
5		

In the above-entitled case, the following patent(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	
		nt 🗌 Answer 🗌 Cross Bill 🔲 Other Pleading
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT Order granting Motion to Transfer was entered on 8/10/2012

CLERK	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK DATE		
Richard W. Wieking	Gina Agustine-Rivas	September 4, 2012	

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relating to the interest of justice." Micron Tech., 518 F.3d at 902-05. While the "general rule favors 1 the forum of the first-filed action, whether or not it is a declaratory judgment action," the Federal 2 3 Circuit has recognized that "trial courts have discretion to make exceptions to this general rule in the interest of justice or expediency, as in any issue of choice of forum." Id. at 904 (citing Genentech, 4 5 998 F.2d at 937). Thus, a "district court may consider a party's intention to preempt another's infringement suit when ruling on the dismissal of a declaratory action, but that consideration is 6 7 merely one factor" of many to be assessed, including "the convenience and availability of witnesses, 8 the absence of jurisdiction over all necessary or desirable parties, and the possibility of 9 consolidation with related litigation." Id.

1. Interests of justice

11 Analyzing the interests of justice entails an inquiry into "whether efficient and expeditious administration of justice would be furthered" by transfer. Sherar v. Harless, 561 F.2d 791, 794 (9th 12 Cir. 1977); accord Regents of the Univ. of Cal. v. Eli Lilly & Co., 119 F.3d 1559, 1565 (Fed. Cir. 13 1997). Matters of judicial economy "may be determinative to a particular transfer motion, even if 14 the convenience of the parties and witnesses might call for a different result." Regents, 119 F.3d at 15 1565 (quoting Coffey v. Van Dorn Iron Works, 796 F.2d 217, 220-21 (7th Cir. 1986)). Thus, in 16 patent litigation "in which several highly technical factual issues are presented and the other relevant 17 factors are in equipoise, the interest of judicial economy may favor transfer to a court that has 18 19 become familiar with the issues." Id.

20 Here, the interests of justice favor transfer, as the E.D. Tex. Court is entertaining the weight of the litigation concerning TiVo's DVR patents, and will soon have invested significant resources 21 in claims construction and trial proceedings in TiVo's other cases, regardless of where the dispute 22 between TiVo and Cisco is resolved. Should TiVo's motion to transfer be denied, and this case 23 progress in parallel to the E.D. Tex. cases, there is certainly some risk of duplicative proceedings 24 and inconsistent judicial decisions, given the substantial overlap in subject matter. To be sure, 25 Verizon and Motorola are much farther along in the process than TiVo's recently-filed direct 26 27 infringement action against Cisco, a factor that was apparently of some moment to the E.D. Tex. Court when it determined to sever TiVo's claims against Cisco from those previously-filed matters. 28

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Still, the Texas Court is likely to develop considerable familiarity with TiVo's claims and 1 2 defendants' counterclaims in disposing of the earlier-filed cases. The Federal Circuit has noted that 3 "[e]xceptions [to the first-to-file rule] are not rare, and are made when justice or expediency requires, as in any issue of choice of forum." Genentech, 998 F.2d at 937. Even if the first-to-file 4 5 rule does not, strictly speaking, apply, a departure may be warranted if there is "the possibility of 6 consolidation with related litigation." Id. at 938. That is because "the existence of multiple lawsuits involving the same issues is a paramount consideration when determining whether a transfer is in 7 8 the interest of justice." In re Volkswagen of Am., Inc., 566 F.3d 1349, 1351 (Fed. Cir. 2009).

9 Granted, it is not unusual for the claims of heavily-litigated patents to be construed in 10 separate proceedings or even multiple fora, and the fact that the E.D. Tex. Court will soon be 11 required to hold Markman hearings in Verizon and Motorola, and in all likelihood, construe many of the same claims to be advanced against Cisco in these proceedings, does not necessarily settle the 12 matter. Noting that invalidity and infringement analysis require individual assessment of the 13 asserted claims, as well the accused product, Cisco insists that its "DVRs are substantially different 14 15 from Motorola DVRs because they have different software, hardware, design, and functionality, which were developed by different engineers and different companies." Pl.'s Opp'n at 12:2-4. 16 Cisco also emphasizes that not all of its DVR product lines have been accused of infringement in the 17 Texas cases. To this, TiVo replies that the "underlying basic technology is in the same area and the 18 19 infringement issues will involve similar technical concepts." Def.'s Reply at 4:22-23. While the 20 arguments advanced by each side are valid, the balance tips in favor of the E.D. Tex. in light of its "head start" in these matters. 21

# United States District Court For the Northern District of California

2. Other factors

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In assessing a motion to transfer, the Court may also consider, *inter alia*, the convenience of
the parties and witnesses, and ease of access to sources of proof. *See Gulf Oil Co. v. Gilbert*, 330
U.S. 501, 508-09 (1947); *Micron Tech.*, 518 F.3d at 902-05. Cisco urges that these factors support
its position. Indeed, it has identified some documentary evidence, as well as non-party witnesses,
who reside in this District, beyond the jurisdiction of the Texas Court. TiVo replies that Cisco's
DVR business is mainly operated from Atlanta, Georgia, rather than this District, and that most

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#### Case3:12-cv-02766-RS Document31 Filed08/10/12 Page11 of 11

evidence and many witnesses are located there. Such considerations would have greater salience if 1 2 this were a dispute between genuinely local parties. In reality, however, both Cisco and TiVo are 3 large and sophisticated companies, quite accustomed to operating - and litigating - all around the country, including in the E.D. Tex. Both Cisco and TiVo are undoubtedly capable of furnishing 4 documentary evidence in electronic form wherever it may be needed. As TiVo further points out, 5 6 the inventors named in its DVR patents have already been deposed repeatedly in connection with the preexisting E.D. Tex. proceedings without incident. To the extent Cisco suggests that it would 7 8 be costly for witnesses to travel to the E.D. Tex. to give testimony, in light of the scope and overall 9 expense of litigating a case such as this, as well as the parties' resources, that contention is similarly unpersuasive. The transfer statute's "private interest" factors do not strongly support granting or 10 11 denying the motion.

#### V. CONCLUSION

In service of the interests of justice and judicial economy, TiVo's motion to transfer is
granted. To the extent TiVo requests dismissal, the motion is denied. The Clerk is directed to
transfer the case file to the E.D. Tex.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

18 Dated: 8/10/12

RICHARD SEEBORG UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

No. C 12-02766 RS

Order

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United States District Court For the Northern District of California

#### Case3:12-cv-02766-RS Document31 Filed08/10/12 Page2 of 11

Defendant TiVo is a supplier of digital video recorders ("DVRs"). It holds the right to the 1 patents at issue in this action, including U.S. Patent Numbers 6,233,389 ("the '389 patent"), which 2 3 claims DVR technology that allows users to record and replay television broadcasts, 7,529,465 ("the 4 '465 patent"), directed to allowing multi-room viewing of television content, 7,493,015 ("the '015 5 patent"), claiming "overshoot correction" functionality for fast forwarding and rewinding, and 6 6,792,195 ("the '195 patent"), directed to "trickplay" functionality. TiVo is headquartered and has 7 its principal place of business in Alviso, California, which is located in this District. It apparently 8 maintains a distribution center in Fort Worth, Texas, a city located in the Northern District of Texas. Plaintiff Cisco similarly develops and supplies DVR technology. It sells approximately twenty 9 different DVR models to customers that include cable and telecommunications providers such as 10 Verizon, AT&T, and Time Warner Cable. It is headquartered and has its principal place of business 11 in San Jose, California, but also maintains offices in Texas. TiVo insists that Cisco's DVR business 12 is primarily based in Atlanta, Georgia, the location of Scientific Atlanta, a DVR vendor that Cisco 13 14 purchased in 2006 to supplement its own business.

15 The procedural history underlying the patent battle between these parties reveals a dizzying back and forth between this district and its counterpart in eastern Texas. Cisco filed this suit on 16 May 30, 2012, challenging the validity of the '389, '465, '015, and '195 patents, and seeking a 17 declaration of non-infringement with respect to its DVR product lines. It did so purportedly to 18 "ensure that all of TiVo's claims will be resolved against all of Cisco's DVRs in one suit, rather 19 than having TiVo file separate lawsuits on Cisco's DVRs against each of Cisco's many customers." 20 Pl.'s Opp'n at 1:14-16 (emphasis in original). A few days later, on June 4, 2012, TiVo filed a direct 21 infringement action against Cisco in the E.D. Tex. alleging that numerous Cisco DVR products 22 infringe the same four patents in dispute in this matter. As detailed below, that case now also 23 encompasses claims later asserted by TiVo against several of Cisco's customers. Infringement 24 contentions are due in that matter on August 15, and a fully-briefed motion by Cisco to transfer that 25 case to this District is currently pending in the E.D. Tex. 26

Both parties have extensive experience litigating cases in this District, as well as in the E.D.
Tex. Cisco notes that TiVo first asserted the '389 patent in the Northern District of California as

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No. C 12-02766 RS Order

#### Case3:12-cv-02766-RS Document31 Filed08/10/12 Page3 of 11

early as 2002, and the '195 patent in a 2011 case filed against Microsoft, which was transferred to
 this Court from the Western District of Washington.<sup>1</sup> In 2004, TiVo successfully asserted the '389
 patent against EchoStar in January 2004 in that District, and ultimately won substantial damages and
 injunctive relief. Then, in 2009, TiVo sued AT&T in the E.D. Tex. on the '389, '465, and '015
 patents, alleging that Cisco DVRs infringed its patents. After TiVo obtained discovery against
 Cisco, and the Court issued a claim construction order, the parties ultimately settled.

7 TiVo is presently in active litigation against Verizon, Motorola, Time Warner, and Cisco, in 8 the E.D. Tex., in three cases pending before the same presiding judge. Like the prior AT&T action, TiVo's case against Verizon rests upon the '389, '465, and '015 patents, and initially concerned 9 10 DVR products supplied to Verizon by Motorola. In the course of discovery, however, Verizon disclosed that it had distributed a Cisco DVR to customers in late 2010, prompting TiVo to move 11 for leave to amend its infringement contentions in July of 2011. Owing to the retirement of the 12 presiding judge and the reassignment of the action, the motion was not granted until June 5, 2012, a 13 date after the initiation of this case. TiVo thus filed its amended infringement contentions 14 encompassing the Cisco DVR on the day fact discovery closed, roughly three years into the 15 16 proceedings. Verizon is scheduled to go to trial in the E.D. Tex. in October of 2012.

17By the time TiVo filed its motion to dismiss or to transfer in this case, the E.D. Tex. Court18had recognized Cisco's DVR products were at issue in *Verizon*, prompting Cisco to file a motion for19leave to intervene, in hopes of obtaining a stay. On July 18, 2012, however, after TiVo filed suit20directly against Cisco, the successor presiding judge in the E.D. Tex. reconsidered that Court's prior21order permitting TiVo to file amended infringement contentions against Cisco's DVR, and instead22severed those claims and consolidated them with the later-filed direct infringement suit.

Following the initiation of *Verizon*, Motorola filed its own declaratory judgment action against TiVo in the E.D. Tex., challenging the '389, '465, and '195 patents. TiVo, in turn, named Time Warner Cable as a counterclaim defendant. Although TiVo served pleadings accusing Time Warner of selling infringing DVR devices "without limitation," it did not specifically identify any

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No. C 12-02766 RS Order

TiVo counters that Cisco has also voluntarily availed itself of the E.D. Tex. as a plaintiff in other patent actions, although those matters do not have any apparent connection to the products or patents at issue here.

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allegedly infringing Cisco products in its pleadings until June 29, 2012 - again, after initiation of the 1 2 instant suit, and in fact, during briefing on the instant motion. As in Verizon, the E.D. Tex. Court 3 ultimately severed TiVo's claims concerning Cisco DVRs supplied to Time Warner in the Motorola 4 action and transferred them to the later-filed direct infringement case between TiVo and Cisco. Claim construction in Motorola is currently scheduled for November of 2012, and trial is set to 5 6 begin in May of 2013.

7 In support of its motion to dismiss or to transfer, TiVo emphasizes the E.D. Tex.'s 8 familiarity with the underlying DVR technology. Cisco, by contrast, argues that all of its DVR 9 products are at issue in these proceedings, whereas only one product line was challenged in the preexisting Verizon action. To the extent Cisco now has more product lines at issue in the E.D. Tex. 10 litigation, it emphasizes that all of those matters have been consolidated into the later-filed direct 11 infringement action. Cisco also urges that the bulk of the documentary evidence and the witnesses, 12 all of the named inventors (seven are non-parties), several of the patent prosecutors, and some 13 inventors of the relevant prior art, reside here, beyond the subpoena power of the E.D. Tex. Court. 14 15

#### **III. LEGAL STANDARD**

The Declaratory Judgment Act permits courts the discretion to decline jurisdiction over 16 declaratory judgment claims. Wilton v. Seven Falls Co., 515 U.S. 277, 282 (1995); 28 U.S.C. § 17 2201 ("...any court of the United States, upon the filing of an appropriate pleading, may declare the 18 rights and other legal relations of any interested party seeking such declaration ....") (emphasis 19 added). Courts routinely do so under the "first-to-file" rule, the "generally recognized doctrine of 20 federal comity which permits a district court to decline jurisdiction over an action when a complaint 21 involving the same parties and issues has already been filed in another district." Pacesetter Sys., 22 Inc. v. Medtronic, Inc., 678 F.2d 93, 94-95 (9th Cir. 1982). The rule "favors the forum of the first-23 filed action, whether or not it is a declaratory action," see Genetech, Inc. v. Eli Lilly & Co., 998 F.2d 24 931, 937 (Fed. Cir. 1993), in the service of "promot[ing] judicial efficiency and prevent[ing] the risk 25 of inconsistent decisions that would arise from multiple litigations of identical claims." Interactive 26 Fitness Holdings, LLC v. Icon Health & Fitness, Inc., No. C 10-04628, 2011 WL 1302633, at \*3 27 (N.D. Cal. Apr. 5, 2011). The rule "should not be disregarded lightly." Alltrade, Inc. v. Uniwield 28

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Prods., Inc., 946 F.2d 622, 625 (9th Cir. 1991). That said, it is "not a rigid or inflexible rule to be 1 mechanically applied, but rather is to be applied with a view to the dictates of sound judicial 2 3 administration." Pacesetter, 678 F.2d at 95.

4 In applying the rule, courts focus primarily on the chronology of the filings, the identity of the parties, and whether the issues presented in the successive actions "substantially overlap." 5 Intersearch Worldwide, Ltd. v. Intersearch Grp., Inc., 544 F. Supp. 2d 949, 957-58 (N.D. Cal. 6

7 2008). The analysis may also encompass consideration of the "convenience factors" set forth in the

8 transfer statute, 28 U.S.C. § 1404(a), including, "the convenience and availability of witnesses,

absence of jurisdiction over all necessary or desirable parties, possibility of consolidation with 9

related litigation, or considerations relating to the interest of justice." Micron Tech., Inc. v. Mosaid 10 11 Techs., Inc., 518 F.3d 897, 902-05 (Fed. Cir. 2008).

13 <u>A.</u> Threshold factors

#### IV. DISCUSSION

14 Although the first-to-file rule provides a relatively straightforward test for prioritizing proceedings between districts, here, application of the rule does not produce a clear result. TiVo 15 requests dismissal or transfer on the premise that its existing cases in the E.D. Tex. meet the 16 threshold requirements of the first-to-file rule: (1) chronology; (2) identity of the parties; and (3) 17 "substantial overlap" of issues. As the foregoing procedural history makes clear, however, on the 18 date that this case was filed, Cisco was not a party to any of the proceedings in Texas, and, with the 19 exception of the settled AT&T matter, no Cisco products had been formally identified as infringing 20 21 TiVo's patents. 22 In an attempt to minimize the significance of those facts, TiVo downplays the extent to which the identity of the parties and substantive issues must present commonality under the first-to-23

file rule. It quotes Intersearch Worldwide, a decision from this District,<sup>2</sup> noting that "exact identity 24

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<sup>25</sup> <sup>2</sup> TiVo also identifies some out-of-circuit cases standing for the principle that the analysis "turns on which court first obtains possession of the subject of the dispute, not the parties of the dispute." Shire U.S., Inc. v. Johnson Matthey, Inc., 543 F. Supp. 2d 404, 407 (E.D. Pa. 2008). Those cases, 26

however, arguably conflate the distinct requirements set forth by this Court's precedents – namely, the identity of the parties and issues that "substantially overlap." See Intersearch, 544 F. Supp. 2d at 957-58. Moreover, even accepting that position for argument's sake, Cisco's products were not 27 28

#### Case3:12-cv-02766-RS\_Document31\_Filed08/10/12\_Page6 of 11

is not required to satisfy the first-to-file rule." 544 F. Supp. 2d at 959 n.6. The rule requires only 1 that "some [of] the parties in one matter are also in the other matter, regardless of whether there are 2 3 additional unmatched parties in one or both matters." Id. The word "parties," however, implies that 4 more than one overlapping party is ordinarily required to meet the first-to-file rule's "identity" 5 requirement, and the particular facts of Intersearch support that conclusion. There, the court 6 granted defendant's motion to dismiss plaintiff's trademark claims, pursuant to the first-to-file rule, where the defendant had previously sued plaintiff in New York over the same issues. Of course, 7 8 were a patentee's preexisting litigation against third parties to preclude all other alleged infringers from obtaining declaratory relief in other venues, regardless of convenience or economy 9 considerations, the identity requirement would have no meaning, the rule would be rendered 10 11 unworkable. See, e.g., In re Vistaprint Ltd., 628 F.3d 1342, 1347 n.3 (Fed. Cir. 2010) (litigating a patent in a particular venue does not confer upon the patentee a "free pass to maintain all future 12 13 litigation involving that patent in that venue").

14 Invoking another recent decision from this District, Proofpoint, Inc. v. InNova Patent Licensing, LLC, No. C 11-02288, 2011 WL 4915847, at \*6-7 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 17, 2011), TiVo 15 alternatively argues that a patentee's prior litigation against an alleged infringer's customers may 16 meet the first-to-file rule's requirements. That suggestion is somewhat at odds with the "customer 17 18 suit" exception to the first-to-file rule, which generally holds that "litigation against or brought by 19 the manufacturer of infringing goods takes precedence over a suit by the patent owner against customers of the manufacturer." See Katz v. Lear Siegler, Inc., 909 F.2d 1459, 1464 (Fed. Cir. 20 1990).<sup>3</sup> Although TiVo and Cisco debate the applicability of that doctrine to this action, it is not 21 22 necessary to resolve that dispute in light of the result reached below, and given that Proofpoint is not as supportive to TiVo as it suggests. 23

In *Proofpoint*, plaintiff's declaratory judgment action was dismissed because the pleadings
failed to establish the existence of an "actual controversy" sufficient to confer jurisdiction under the
Declaratory Judgment Act. *Id.* at \*2-6. The decision went on to note that even were declaratory

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> It is typically invoked "where the first suit is filed against a customer who is simply a reseller of the accused goods, while the second suit is a declaratory action brought by the manufacturer of the accused goods." *Proofpoint*, 2011 WL 4915847, at \*7 n.5.

#### Case3:12-cv-02766-RS Document31 Filed08/10/12 Page7 of 11

jurisdiction perfected, it would be prudent to decline jurisdiction because of the pendency of 1 2 preexisting litigation against Proofpoint's customers in the E.D. Tex. The opinion recognized that 3 "[a]lthough the first-filed rule is not *clearly* applicable here because [plaintiff] Proofpoint is not a party to the Texas Action, the focus on judicial efficiency that underlies both the first-filed rule and 4 5 the transfer analysis plainly supports the Court's decision to decline jurisdiction." Id. at \*7 (internal citation omitted) (emphasis in original). The Court thus declined to exercise jurisdiction given that: 6 7 (1) the challenged patents were asserted in the patentee's preexisting litigation; (2) the parties to the 8 preexisting case were sophisticated and well-represented, and likely to raise many of the same 9 defenses asserted in Proofpoint; and (3) the E.D. Tex. Court had already invested "considerable 10 energy" in adjudicating the previously-filed case, including the likely issuance of a claim construction order, raising the prospect of conflicting judicial opinions should the later-filed case go 11 12 forward. Id. at \*7. TiVo maintains that the same analysis applies in this instance, where, 13 analogously, the first-to-file rule is not met in the usual fashion since Cisco is not party to TiVo's previously-filed E.D. Tex. cases. While there are certainly some parallels between the instant case 14 15 and Proofpoint, in that case, by the time the later suit was filed, Proofpoint's products had already been formally accused of infringement in the E.D. Tex. proceedings. Here, again, Cisco's products 16 were not formally implicated in Verizon and Motorola at the time this matter was filed.<sup>4</sup> 17 Cisco insists that simple application of the first-to-file rule suggests that TiVo's motion 18

19 should be denied because it had not been drawn into the E.D. Tex. litigation before it filed this suit, 20 and invokes many cases for support. While that position might, at first blush, seem persuasive, it 21 ignores the fact that TiVo made efforts to amend its infringement contentions to encompass Cisco's 22 products almost a year before these proceedings were initiated. Those efforts were unavailing, not

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defend itself in the proceedings which have just begun on TiVo's direct infringement claims. As for judicial economy, a consideration that figures prominently in application of the first-to-file rule, see Meru Networks, Inc. v. Extricom, Ltd., No. C 10-02021, 2010 WL 3464315, at \*1 (N.D. Cal. Aug.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Cisco attempts to distinguish *Proofpoint* further on the grounds that there, unlike here: (1) the transfer statute's convenience considerations were not debated; and (2) intervention in the E.D. Tex. case was still reasonably available to the declaratory judgment plaintiff. Turning to the latter point first, now that Cisco is not a party to *Verizon* or *Motorola*, it will plainly have ample opportunity to defend itself in the proceedings which have just begun on TiVo's direct infringement claims. As for

 <sup>28 31, 2010) (</sup>citing Alltrade, Inc. v. Uniweld Products, Inc., 946 F.2d 622, 625 (9th Cir. 1991)), TiVo arguably has the stronger position, for reasons explained below.

due to any fault of TiVo's, but merely because the presiding judicial officer retired, and the case was
 reassigned. Had TiVo's motion to amend been granted more promptly, it would have had a fairly
 strong basis to invoke the first-to-file rule against Cisco's declaratory judgment action. None of the
 precedents Cisco identifies address this unusual factual circumstance. Instead, Cisco argues that
 TiVo "manufactured" the connection between Cisco DVRs and those earlier-filed cases. For the
 reasons set forth above, that is not entirely fair.

7 Moreover, to the extent that prior cases are helpful, they teach the first-to-file rule is not to 8 be applied mechanistically, nor set aside only in "extraordinary circumstances," as Cisco suggests. Pacesetter, 678 F.2d at 95 ("not a rigid or inflexible rule"); Genentech, 998 F.2d at 937 (exceptions 9 10 not unusual); Church of Scientology of California v. United States Dep't of the Army, 611 F.2d 738, 749, 750 (9th Cir. 1979) ("[T]he "first to file" rule normally serves the purpose of promoting 11 12 efficiency well and should not be disregarded lightly. Circumstances and modern judicial reality, 13 however, may demand that we follow a different approach from time to time...."). The simplistic approach urged by Cisco, which essentially calls for comparing the parties listed on the dockets in 14 15 the relevant actions and the dates each was filed, is of little assistance in a case such as this, where both parties lay a plausible claim to first filer status, and the substantive overlap of the issues 16 17 litigated, though not complete, is significant. In short, the first-to-file rule does not supply the answer to the pending venue related motions in this particular case. 18

19 B. Section 1404 factors

As noted above, the first-to-file rule encompasses the transfer statute's "convenience factors." Section 1404(a) provides: "For the convenience of parties and witnesses, in the interest of justice, a district court may transfer any civil action to any other district or division where it might have been brought....<sup>5</sup> In adjudicating the instant motion it is therefore appropriate to consider such matters as "the convenience and availability of witnesses, absence of jurisdiction over all necessary or desirable parties, possibility of consolidation with related litigation, or considerations

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No. C 12-02766 RS Order

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> As an initial matter, the parties do not dispute that this case could have been brought in either venue. See Glaxo Group Ltd. v. Genentech, Inc., No. C 10-00675, 2010 WL 1445666, at \*2 (N.D. Cal. Apr. 12, 2010) (movant must show that the transferee court is one in which the original action could have been brought).

👁 AO 120 (Rev. 2/99)

TO:	Mail Stop 8
	Director of the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office
	P.O. Box 1450
	Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

#### REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK

In Compliance with 35 § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been

filed in the U.S. District Court	Northern District of California	on the following	Patents or	☐ Trademarks:
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DATE FILED	U.S. DISTRICT COURT		
5/30/12	450 Golden Gate Ave, Box 36060, San Francisco, CA 94102		
	DEFENDANT		
С.	TIVO, INC.		
DATE OF PATENT	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		
OR TRADEMARK			
	SEE ATTACHED COMPLAINT		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	-		
	5/30/12 C. DATE OF PATENT		

#### In the above-entitled case, the following patent(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	
1	Amendmen	nt 🗌 Answer 🗌 Cross Bill 🗌 Other Pleading
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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#### In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT

CLERK	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK	DATE
Richard W. Wieking	Felicia Reloba	June 1, 2012

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

TO:	Mail Stop 8 Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
	P.O. Box 1450
1	Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

#### REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK

In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Eastern District of Texas on the following

DOCKET NO. 2:12-cv-00311	DATE FILED 6/4/2012	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Eastern District of Texas	
PLAINTIFF		DEFENDANT	
TiVo Inc.		Cisco Systems, Inc.	
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	
1 6,233,389	5/15/2001	TiVo Inc.	
2 7,529,465	5/5/2009	TiVo Inc.	
3 7,493,015	2/17/2009	TiVo Inc.	
4 6,792,195	9/14/2004	TiVo Inc.	
5			

In the above--entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY		
		ent 🗌 Answer 🗌 Cross Bill 🔲 Other Pl	eading
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	
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In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT		
CLERK	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK	DATE

#### Case 5:11-cv-00053-DF -CMC Document 4 Filed 02/25/11 Page 1 of 1

AO 120 (Rev. 08/10)

TO: Mail Stop 8	REPORT ON THE
Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN
P.O. Box 1450	ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	TRADEMARK

In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Eastern District of Texas, Texarkana Division on the following

□ Trademarks or □ ☑ Patents. (□ the patent action involves 35 U.S.C. § 292.):

DOCKET NO. 5:11-cv-00053	DATE FILED 2/25/2011	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Eastern District of Texas, Texarkana Division		
PLAINTIFF		DEFENDANT		
Motorola Mobility, Inc. Corporation	and General Instrument	TiVo Inc.		
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		
1 5,949,948	9/7/1999	General Instrument Corporation		
2 6,304,714	10/16/2001	General Instrument Corporation		
3 6,356,708	3/12/2002	General Instrument Corporation		
4 6,233,389	5/15/2001	TiVo, Inc.		
5 7,529,465	5/5/2009	TiVo, Inc.		

In the above—entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	
		Answer Cross Bill Other Pleading
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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In the above --entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT			
CLERK	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK	DATE	
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CLERK	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK	DATE	

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S AO 120 (Rev. 3/04)		AUG	2 8 2009			
Mail Stop 8			REPORT ON THE TRADEMARKING FOR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK			
filed in the U.S. D	Enderen Dinter	ct of Tex	On the following E ratents of C Tratentarks.			
DOCKET NO. 2:09-cv-257	DATE FILED	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Eastern District of Texas				
PLAINTIFF			DEFENDANT			
TiVo Inc.			Verizon Communications, Inc.			
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK			
1 6,233,389	5/15/2001	TiVo Inc.				
2 7,529,465 B2	5/5/2009	TiVo Inc.				
3 7,493,015 B1	2/17/2009	TiVo Inc.				
4						
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#### In the above---entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY			
	Amen	dment Answer	Cross Bill	Other Pleading
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLD	ER OF PATENT OR	TRADEMARK
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In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT

CLERK (BY) DEPUTY CLERK DATE

Case 2:09-cv-00259-TJW Document 2 Filed 08/26/2009 Page 1 of 1

🔊 AO 120 (Rev. 3/04)

то:	Mail Stop 8 Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	
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	Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	

#### REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK

In Compliance with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15 U.S.C. § 1116 you are hereby advised that a court action has been filed in the U.S. District Court Eastern District of Texas, Marson the following Patents or Trademarks:

DOCKET NO- 2:09-cv-259	DATE FILED 8/26/2009	U.S. DISTRICT COURT Eastern District of Texas, Marshall Division		
PLAINTIFF		DEFENDANT		
TiVo, Inc.		AT&T, Inc.		
PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		
1 6,233,389	5/15/2001	TiVo, Inc.		
2 7,529,465	5/5/2009	TíVo, Inc.		
3 7,493,015	2/17/2009	TiVo, Inc.		
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In the above-entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

DATE INCLUDED	INCLUDED BY	
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PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK	HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK
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In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT
CLERK
(BY) DEPUTY CLERK
DATE

💊 A(	) 120 (Rev. 3/0 ase 1:0	08-cv-00327-UNA Dc	ocume	nt 4 Filed 06/02/.	2008 Page	e 1 of 1
TO: Mail Stop 8 Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450			REPORT ON THE FILING OR DETERMINATION OF AN ACTION REGARDING A PATENT OR TRADEMARK			
		ce with 35 U.S.C. § 290 and/or 15				
	filed in the U.S. D	istrict Court Delaw	are	on the following	X Patents or	Trademarks:
DOC	CKET NO. 08cv327	DATE FILED 5/30/08	U.S. D	STRICT COURT	T OF DELAWAR	LE .
	INTIFF h Network Corporation, e	et al.		DEFENDANT TiVo Inc.		
	PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK		HOLDER OF PA	ATENT OR TRAD	DEMARK
1	US 6,233,389 B1	5/15/01		TiVo Inc.		
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#### In the above-entitled case, the following patent(s)/ trademark(s) have been included:

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PATENT OR TRADEMARK NO.	DATE OF PATENT OR TRADEMARK HOLDER OF PATENT OR TRADE		TRADEMARK	
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In the above-entitled case, the following decision has been rendered or judgement issued:

DECISION/JUDGEMENT

CLERK	(BY) DEPUTY CLERK	DATE
PETER T. DALLEO, CLERK OF COURT		June 2, 2008



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE UNDER SECRETARY OF COMMERCE FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND DIRECTOR OF THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE Alexandria, Virginia 22313

Patent No. <u>6, 233, 389</u>

Paper No.  $1^2$ 

### NOTICE OF EX PARTE REEXAMINATION

Notice is hereby given that a request for *ex parte* reexamination of U.S. Patent No.

6, 233,389 was filed on 10/17/05 under 35 U.S.C. 302 and

37 CFR 1.510(a).

The reexamination proceeding has been assigned Control No. 90/ <u>נו לט לי גע הקר</u>.

This Notice incorporates by reference into the <u>patent file</u>, all papers entered into the reexamination file.

Note: This Notice should be entered into the patent file and given a paper number.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE P.O. BOX 1450 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450 www.uspio.go

# MAIL

Paper No. 13

#### GLENN PATENT GROUP 3475 EDISON WAY, SUITE L MENLO PARK CA 94025

MAR 0 8 2004

DIRECTOR OFFICE TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

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In re Application of BARTON et al. Application No. 09/126,071 Filed: July 30, 1998 For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

DECISION ON REQUEST TO WITHDRAW FROM RECORD

This is a decision on the request for withdrawal as agent of record filed on January 13, 2004.

A grantable request to withdraw as attorney/agent of record must:

(1) indicate the present mailing address of the attorney(s)/agent(s) who seek(s) to withdraw, and (2) be signed by each attorney/agent seeking to withdraw or clearly be signed on their behalf, and

(3) be *approved* at least thirty (30) days prior to the maximum extendable period for response to any outstanding Office Action, and

(4) indicate the address to which future correspondence should be mailed.

Petitioner has met all of the above. Accordingly, the request is **GRANTED**.

Attorneys/agents listed in the Request to withdraw are withdrawn.

All future communications from the Office will be directed to the address listed below until otherwise notified by applicant. Applicant is reminded of the obligation to promptly notify the Patent and Trademark Office of any change in correspondence address to ensure receipt of all communications from the Office.

The file is being returned to TC 2600 Technical Support Staff to update the correspondence address and then will be forwarded to the files repository.

Krista Zele

Special Program Examiner Technology Center 2600 Communications (703) 305-4701

Cc: Hickman Palermo Truong & Becker LLP 1600 Willow Street San Jose, CA 95125-5106


HICKMAN PALERMO TRUONG & BECKER, LLP 1600 WILLOW STREET SAN JOSE, CA 95125

Date Mailed: 03/08/2004

Page 1 of 1

#### NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 01/13/2004.

• The withdrawal as attorney in this application has been accepted. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record. 37 CFR 1.33.

espert

ALLYSON L DESPERTT 2600 (703) 305-4800

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 www.uspio.gov

Paper No. 11

#### CHRISTOPHER J. PALERMO HICKMAN PALERMO TRUONG & BECKER LLP 1600 WILLOW STREET SAN JOSE, CA 95125-5106

COPY MAILED

**JAN 2 9** 2004

OFFICE OF PETITIONS NOTICE

In re Application of James M. Barton et al Application No. 09/126,071 Filed: July 30, 1998 Attorney Docket No. TIVO0003

This is a notice regarding your request for acceptance of a fee deficiency submission under 37 CFR 1.28. On September 1, 1998, the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit held that 37 CFR 1.28(c) is the sole provision governing the time for correction of the erroneous payment of the issue fee as a small entity. <u>See DH Technology v. Synergystex International, Inc.</u> 154 F.3d 1333, 47 USPQ2d 1865 (Fed. Cir. Sept. 1, 1998).

The Office no longer investigates or rejects original or reissue applications under 37 CFR 1.56. **1098 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 502 (January 3, 1989)**. Therefore, nothing in this Notice is intended to imply that an investigation was done.

Your fee deficiency submission under 37 CFR 1.28 is hereby ACCEPTED.

Inquiries related to this communication should be directed to the Office of Petitions Staff at (703) 305-9285.

This file is being forwarded to the Files Repository.

Irvin Dingle

Petitions Examiner Office of Petitions Office of the Deputy Commissioner for Patent Examination Policy

JAN 13 ZUU4	3		•	- 61)	
			Approved for use through 1	PTO/SB/83 (09-03) 1/30/2005. OMB 0651-0035	
Under the Paperwork Re	duction Act of 1995, no persons ar	U.S. Patent and e required to respond to a collection of i	Trademark Office, U.S. DEPA		
		Application Number	09/126,071		
-	RWITHDRAWAL	Filing Date	7/30/1998		
	EY OR AGENT	First Named Inventor	Barton	,	
		Art Unit	2711		
CORRESPOND	ENCE ADDRESS	Examiner Name	Unassigned		
<u> </u>		Attorney Docket Number	TIVO0003		
To: Commissioner f	or Patents				
P.O. Box 1450	or ratents			<i>Ŷ</i> ₀	
Alexandria, VA 2	22313-1450		•	Ĩ,	
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the attorneys/	agents (with registration nu	umbers) listed on the attached [		en va	
	agents associated with Cu	stomer Number 228	62	10	
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.36. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.





November 13, 2003

Via Facsimile (650) 474-8401

Michael Glenn, Esq. Glenn Patent Group 3475 Edison Way, Suite L Menlo Park, CA 94025



<u>Re:</u> Patent Matters—File Transfer

Dear Michael:

As we have discussed, TiVo has decided to change counsel for its patent matters effective immediately. Please send your files for all TiVo patent applications and other matters to:

- Christopher J. Palermo
- Hickman Palermo Truong & Becker LLP 1600 Willow Street San Jose, CA 95125-5106

Tel. 408/414-1080 x202 Fax 408/414-1076 cpalermo@hptb-law.com

We will pay shipping costs associated with the transfer, but we do not authorize photocopying of the files or any part thereof for the purpose of your own recordkeeping. Copying of any materials that you need to retain should be done at your own cost.

Because past fees invoiced to us have covered, in part, docketing of our cases, please generate and send with the files, a current docket report showing all dates currently docketed by you for all cases. HPTB will be solely responsible for our matters, and all associated response dates or deadlines, effective upon its receipt of the files. HPTB will prepare and file documents to effect a change in counsel in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office and advise you, although you may prepare and file resignation documents at your own cost if desired. Please send us a closing invoice by the end of the month.

TiVo Inc. • 2160 Gold Street • Alviso, CA 95002

Tel 408.519.9100 » Fax 408.519.5333 • www.tivo.com

	Attorney Docket No. 60097-0010	(S)
JAN	0 8 2004 IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND	TRADEMARK OFFICE
NES I	Application of: ()	
J	James M. BARTON	
	Serial No.: 09/126,071 )	
]	Filing Date: July 30, 1998)	
]	Patent No.: 6,233,389 )	
]	)	RECEIVED
J	For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM )	JAN - 9 2004
Ţ	Hon Commissioner for Patents	OFFICE OF PETITIONS

Hon. Commissioner for Patents P. O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22301-1450

#### SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION OF FEES—ISSUED PATENT—37 C.F.R. 1.28(c)

<u>``</u>}

#### AND NOTIFICATION REGARDING STATUS-37 C.F.R. 1.27(g)(2)

Sir:

4

The undersigned patent owner hereby submits an issue fee payment of \$1,330.00 under 37 C.F.R. §1.28(c) for deficient payments made in error. The following is an itemization of the fees paid in error:

Date Paid	Fee Type	Surcharge	Fee Paid	Fee Now Due	e Difference
2001	Issue Fee	None	Unknown	\$1,330.00	\$1,330.00

The patent owner's file of papers relating to the patent does not presently permit determination of the issue fee that was originally paid. Therefore, enclosed herewith is a law firm check in the amount of \$1,330.00 for the difference due, i.e., the issue fee at large entity rates

01/09/2004 AWONDAF2 00000137 09126071

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1330.00 OP

effective as at October 1, 2003. The patent owner hereby requests acceptance of the enclosed check in full payment of the deficiency due. However, if the check is missing or insufficient, or in excess of the amount actually due, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the foregoing total deficiency amount (including any applicable processing fee) or to credit any overpayment to our deposit account 50-1302.

The patent owner further states that, at the time of payment of each of the fees itemized above for the patent, the applicant and the patent owner believed in good faith that the applicant had small entity status. The patent owner recently discovered that such small entity status was claimed in error.

The patent owner also hereby notifies the Office, by this paper and the within payment, of loss of entitlement to small entity status under 37 C.F.R.  $\S1.27(g)(2)$ .

Questions regarding the within payment may be addressed to the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted, HICKMAN PALERMO TRUONG & BECKER LLP

Christoples Ital

Christopher J. Palermo Registration No. 42,056

1600 Willow Street San Jose, California 95125-5106 **Date: January 5, 2004** CJP:aj Telephone: (408) 414-1080 Facsimile: (408) 414-1076

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Hon. Commissioner for Patents, P. O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22301-1450.
on 115/04 by Juna huston

60096-0010

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03-16-01

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MAR 1 4 200 ate of Deposit: March 14, 2001 Indee by certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Pressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and ademarks, Washington, D. C, 20231.

Jessica Pallach

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Barton et al. Serial No.: 09/126,071 Filed: July 30, 1998 **Title: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM** 

Docket No.: TIVO0003 Art Unit: 2615 Examiner: T. Tran

March 14, 2001

P

TRADE

#### TRANSMITTAL OF ISSUE FEE AND FORMAL DRAWINGS

Assistant Commissioner for Patents BOX ISSUE FEE Washington, DC 20231

Dear Sir:

Enclosed for the above-referenced patent are the following:

- 1. Issue Fee Transmittal in duplicate;
- 2. 12 Sheets of Formal Drawings; and
- 3. **Return Postcard**

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees, or credit any overpayments, to Deposit Account No. 07-1445 (Order No. TIVO0003). A copy is enclosed for this purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

7

Michael A. Glenn Reg. No. 30,176

Customer No. 22862

01.01









*FIG.2* 

2/12



3/12



FIG. 3



FIG. 4



*FIG*. 5



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FIG. 6

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*FIG.* 7



FIG.8



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FIG. 9





FIG. 10







FIG. 12

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MAILING Distrimutions: This forn through 4 should be completed where Receipt, the Patent, advance orders a correspondence address as indicated specifying a new correspondence ac maintenance fee notifications. CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (	appropriate. All further co nd notification of mainten unless corrected below ( ldress; and/or (b) indica	prrespondence including ance fees will be mailed or directed otherwise in ting a separate "FEE A	the issue Fea to the curren Block 1, by (a	<ul> <li>Note: The certrificate of mailing be mailings of the Issue Fee Transmit for any other accompanying papers assignment or formal drawing, mus r</li> </ul>	tal. This certifi Each addition thave its own of Mailing	cate cannot be used ral paper, such as an certificate of mailing.
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	UN 74020			March 14, 2001		(Signature)
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	TOTAL CLAIMS		EXAMINER AND GROUP ART UN	π	(Date) DATE MAILED
09/126,071	07/30/98	061	TRAN,	Т	2615	01/03/01

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First Named Applicant	BARTON,	35 USC	154(Б)	term ext. =	0 Days.

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INVENTION		A COURSE A LA	1.1.1.1	WARPING	SISIEM

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Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363). Use of PTO torm(s) and Customer Number are recommended, but not required. Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. Tee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" indication form PTO/SB/47) attached. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type) PLEABE NOTE: Unless an assignee is is is only appropriate when an assignment that is only appropriate assignment that is only appropriate assignment. (a) NAME OF ASSIGNEE T1V0, Inc. (b) RESIDENCE: (CITY & STATE OR COUNTRY) Alvis on (2 submitted under separate cover. Complision of this form is NOT a substitue for filing an assignment. (c) NAME OF ASSIGNEE T1V0, C Inc. (b) RESIDENCE: (CITY & STATE OR COUNTRY) Alvis 0, Callifornia DecoMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS IS requested to apply the issue Fee to the application dentified above. Winfortad Startmant: Mincha el A. Glenn, Reg. No. 30, 176 Micha el A. Glenn, Reg. No. 30, 176 Complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Pattern and Trademarks: Mincha el Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary epending on the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the applicant, a registered atomey regent or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the Pattent and addremark Office. Mincha Mour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Pattent and Trademarks (20, 00 CH DEFESS. SND FEES AND THIS FORM TO: Box Issue Fee Assignment for the assignment for the pattent of the assignment of the CMMISSI	ATTY'S DOCKET NO.	CLASS-SUBCLASS	BATCH NO.	APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	FEE DUE	DATE DUE
Use of PTO form(s) and Customer Number are recommended, but not required.       (1) the names of up to 3 registered patient introney or agents OR, alternatively, (2) introney are agents OR, alternatively, (3) internet of a single tim fhaving as a member a registered attorney or agents OR, alternatively, (3) internet of a single tim fhaving as a member a registered attorney or agents OR, alternatively, (3) internet of a single tim fhaving as a member a registered attorney or agents OR, alternatively, (4) is a substitute of the name of a single tim fhaving as a member a registered attorney or agents OR, alternatively, (4) is a substitute of the name of a single tim fhaving as a member a registered attorney or agents OR on a substitute in the names of up to 2 registered patient attorney or agents, if no name is listed, no mark will be printed.         ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)       4. The following fees are enclosed (make check payable to Commissione of Patents and Trademarks):         Inclusion of assignee data is only appropriate when an assignme thas been previously symptimized to a substitute for filling an assignment. This form is exignment thas been previously symptime fees or deficiency in these fees should be charged to: DEPOSIT ACCOUNT NUMBER _ 50 - 12.40         (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE       T1 C , (B) RESIDENCE: (CTY & STATE OR COUNTRY)         A1 vis o , Call if Ornia       (D) originate assignee catagory indicated below (will not be printed on the patent)         Please check the appropriate assignee catagory indicated below (will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant, a registered attorney or effect. This FORM         Mitcha el 1 A. Glenna, Reg. No. 30, 176       3/14//01         With	2 TIV00003	23 UTI	LITY YES	\$620.00	04/03/01		
FLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent.       of Patents and Trademarks):         Industor of assignee data is only appropriate when an assignment has been previously submitted to the PTO or is being submitted under separate cover. Completion of this tom is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.       of Patents and Trademarks):         (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE       issue Fee         T1Vo, Inc.       Advance Order - # of Copies         (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY & STATE OR COUNTRY)       Al. vis o, Callfornia         Al. vis o, Callfornia       government         Individual       Corporation or other private group entity       government         Individual       Corporation or other private group on the patent and reademark Office.       Image: No. 30, 176         Michael A.       Glenn.       Rag.       No. 30, 176         Muthorized Signature)       (Date)       3/11//01         Michael A.       Glenn & segme or ther party in interest as shown by the records of the Patent and Trademark Office.       3/19/2001         Bunden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary lepending on	Use of PTO form(s) and Customer Number are recommended, but not required. (1) the rationary Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. (1) "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" indication form PTO/SB/47) attached. (3) ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (orfmt or type) PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the pate inclusion of assignee data is only appropriate when an assignment has been previously submitted the PTO or is being submitted under separate cover. Completion of this form is NOT a substitue filing an assignment. (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE T1Vo, Inc. (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY & STATE OR COUNTRY) Alviso, California Please check the appropriate assignee category indicated below (will not be printed on the patent				s of up to 3 registered pate agents OR, alternatively, ( a single firm (having as ogistered attorney or ager s of up to 2 registered pate gents. If no name is listed, r	nt 1 <sup>MIChael</sup> 2) a nt) 2 Kirk W	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Authorized Signature) M1 chael A. Glenn, Reg. No. 30, 176 OTE: The Issue Fee will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney r agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the Patent and rademark Office. Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary lepending on the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark MDRESS. SEND FEES AND THIS FORM TO: Box Issue Fee, Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington D.C. 20231 Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection					<ul> <li>of Patents and Tradem</li> <li>issue Fee</li> <li>Advance Order - #</li> <li>4b. The following fees or of DEPOSIT ACCOUNT (ENCLOSE AN EXTR.</li> <li>Issue Fee</li> <li>Advance Order - #</li> </ul>	of Copies	should be charged to: 2,4,0
	Authorized Signature) Michael A. Glenn KOTE: The Issue Fee will not be accept w egent; or the assignee or other party rademark Office. Burden Hour Statement: This form sepending on the needs of the indivi- to complete this form should be ser Office, Washington, D.C. 20231. DC ADDRESS. SEND FEES AND THIS Patents, Washington D.C. 20231 Jnder the Paperwork Reduction Act	Reg. No. 30. ted from anyone other than th in interest as shown by the re is estimated to take 0.2 hou dual case. Any comments of it to the Chief Information C NOT SEND FEES OR CC S FORM TO: Box Issue Fer of 1995, no persons are requ	(Date 176 3 e applicant; a regi cords of the Pater urs to complete. on the amount of Officer, Paternt ar MPLETED FOR e, Assistant Corr	) /14/01 stered attorney tt and Time will vary time required nd Trademark IMS TO THIS umissioner for		620.00 CH	0 09126071

<u>}</u>		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Notice of Allowability	09/126,071	BARTON ET AL.
Notice of Allowability	Examiner	Art Unit
	Thai Tran	2615
The MAILING DATE of this communication All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERI herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance and THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See	TS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED ir Issue Fee Due or other appropriat <b>PATENT RIGHTS</b> . This application	n this application. If not included e communication will be mailed in due cour
<ol> <li>This communication is responsive to <u>the amendmen</u></li> <li>The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>1-61</u>.</li> <li>The drawings filed on are acceptable as form</li> </ol>		
4. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign prior		
a) ( All b) Some* c) None of the:		
1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority document		on No
3.  Copies of the certified copies of the prior		
International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2)	a)).	
* Certified copies not received:		
5. 🗌 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic p	iority under 35 U.S.C. & 119(e).	
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DA below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONME	TE" of this communication to file a NT of this application. THIS THR	a reply complying with the requirements not REE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDAB
6. Note the attached EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT or N the oath or declaration is deficient. A SUBSTITUTE	OTICE OF INFORMAL APPLICA E OATH OR DECLARATION IS R	TION (PTO-152) which gives reason(s) why EQUIRED.
7. 🛛 Applicant MUST submit NEW FORMAL DRAWINGS		
(a) 🛛 including changes required by the Notice of Dra	ftsperson's Patent Drawing Revie	w( PTO-948) attached
1) ☐ hereto or 2) ⊠ to Paper No. <u>6</u> .		
(b) including changes required by the proposed dra		
(c) 🔲 including changes required by the attached Exa	miner's Amendment / Comment o	or in the Office action of Paper No
Identifying indicia such as the application number ( should be filed as a separate paper with a transmitt	see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be v al letter addressed to the Officia	written on the drawings. The drawings al Draftsperson.
8. 🔲 Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding R	EQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOS	SIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.
Any reply to this letter should include, in the upper right han applicant has received a Notice of Allowance and Issue Fee ALLOWANCE should also be included.	d corner, the APPLICATION NUM Due, the ISSUE BATCH NUMBE	IBER (SERIES CODE / SERIAL NUMBER) ER and DATE of the NOTICE OF
Attachment(s)		
1 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3 Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9	-	w Summary (PTO-413), Paper No
5 Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449), Paper 7 Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deport 2019 Department Regarding Requirement for Deport 2019 Department Regarding Requirement for Deport 2019 Department Regarding Requirement Statement Paper 2019 Department Regarding Requirement Statement Statement Statement Paper 2019 Department Regarding Requirement Statement		er's Amendment/Comment er's Statement of Reasons for Allowance
of Biological Material	9 Other	
		TANKAN ELASIMER

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# <u>ATTACHMENT TO AND MODIFICATION OF</u> <u>NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY (PTO-37)</u> (November, 2000)

· . . . .

NO EXTENSIONS OF TIME ARE PERMITTED TO FILE CORRECTED OR FORMAL DRAWINGS, OR A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION, notwithstanding any indication to the contrary in the attached Notice of Allowability (PTO-37).

If the following language appears on the attached Notice of Allowability, the portion lined through below is of no force and effect and is to be ignored<sup>1</sup>:

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE to comply with the requirements noted below is set to EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE "DATE MAILED" of this Office action. Failure to comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application. Extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Similar language appearing in any attachments to the Notice of Allowability, such as in an Examiner's Amendment/Comment or in a Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948, is also to be ignored.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The language which is crossed out is contrary to amended 37 CFR 1.85(c) and 1.136. See "Changes to Implement the Patent Business Goals", 65 Fed. Reg. 54603, 54629, 54641, 54670, 54674 (September 8, 2000), 1238 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 77, 99, 110, 135, 139 (September 19, 2000).





UNITED STATE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Tredemark Office

#### NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND ISSUE FEE DUE

· 树村02/0100

022062 GLENN PATENT GROUP 3475 EDICON WAY SUITE L MENLO PARK CA 94025

APPLIC	CATION NO.	FILING DATE	TOTAL CLAIMS	EXAMINER AND GROUP ART UNIT		DATE MAILED
	09/126,071	07/30/98	061	TRAN, T	2615	01/03/01
First Named Applicant	BARTON,		35	USC 154(b) term ext. =	0 Day	/9

TITLE OF MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

ATTY'S	DOCKET NO.	CLASS-SUBCLASS	BATCH NO.	APPL	N. TYPE S	MALL ENTITY	FEE DUE	DATE DUE
2	TIV00003	386-(	)46.000	A23	UTILITY	YES	\$620.00	04/03/01

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED.

THE ISSUE FEE MUST BE PAID WITHIN <u>THREE MONTHS</u> FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. <u>THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED.</u>

#### HOW TO RESPOND TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the SMALL ENTITY status shown above. If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as YES, verify your current SMALL ENTITY status:

- A. If the status is changed, pay twice the amount of the FEE DUE shown above and notify the Patent and Trademark Office of the change in status, or
- B. If the status is the same, pay the FEE DUE shown above.

If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as NO:

A. Pay FEE DUE shown above, or

B. File verified statement of Small Entity Status before, or with, payment of 1/2 the FEE DUE shown above.

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II. Part B-Issue Fee Transmittal should be completed and returned to the Patent and Trademark Office (PTO) with your ISSUE FEE. Even if the ISSUE FEE has already been paid by charge to deposit account, Part B Issue Fee Transmittal should be completed and returned. If you are charging the ISSUE FEE to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B-Issue Fee Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted.

III. All communications regarding this application must give application number and batch number.

Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Box ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

#### IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

#### PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE COPY

PTOL-85 (REV. 10-96) Approved for use through 06/30/99. (0651-0033)

Dat L he Offi	press Mail mailing label no. EL556467543US te of Deposit: December 13, 2000 ereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited ice to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date in Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D. C. 20231.	
In	re Application of: Barton	Docket No.: TIVO0003
Se	erial No. : 09/126,071	Art Unit: 2615
Fil	l <b>ed:</b> 30 July 1998	Examiner: Tran, T.
Tit	IIE: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTE	RECEIVED
De	ecember 13, 2000	DEC 1 8 2000
BC	sistant Commissioner for Patents DX NO FEE ashington, DC 20231	Technology Center 2600
	AMEND	IENT
Siı	r:	
1	is Amendment is responsive to the Office A ove-identified patent application.	Action, dated 22 November 2000, for the
Ple	ease amend the above application as follow	/S:
·	In The C	laims
Ple	ease amend Claims 1, 21, 25, 30, 32, 52, 55	5 and 60 as follows:

(first amended) A process for the simultaneous storage and play back of 1. multimedia data, comprising the steps of:

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accepting television (TV) broadcast signals, wherein said TV signals are based on a multitude of standards, including, but not limited to, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) broadcast, PAL broadcast, satellite transmission, DSS, DBS, or ATSC;

tuning said TV signals to a specific program;

providing at least one Input Section, wherein said [input section] <u>Input Section</u> converts said specific program to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation;

providing a Media Switch, wherein said Media Switch parses said MPEG stream, said MPEG stream is separated into its video and audio components;

storing said video and audio components on a storage device;

providing at least one Output Section, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from [a] <u>said</u> storage device;

wherein said Output Section assembles said video and audio components into an MPEG stream;

wherein said Output Section sends said MPEG stream to a decoder; wherein said decoder converts said MPEG stream into TV output signals; wherein said decoder delivers said TV output signals to a TV receiver; and accepting control commands from a user, wherein said control commands are sent through the system and affect the flow of said MPEG stream.

21. (first amended) The process of claim 1, wherein [a] said storage device is connected to said Media Switch.

25. (first amended) The process of claim 24, wherein said user queues up programs from said [disk] <u>storage device</u> to be stored on said recording device.

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30. (first amended) The process of claim 24, wherein the output of said recording device is routed to said [input section] <u>Input Section</u>, allowing said recording device to act as a storage back up system, said recording device accepts overflow storage, TV programs, software updates, or other data that are later retrieved and sent to said [input section] <u>Input Section</u>.

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32. (first amended) An apparatus for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising:

a module for accepting television (TV) broadcast signals, wherein said TV signals are based on a multitude of standards, including, but not limited to, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) broadcast, PAL broadcast, satellite transmission, DSS, DBS, or ATSC;

a module for tuning said TV signals to a specific program;

at least one Input Section, wherein said [input section] <u>Input Section</u> converts said specific program to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation;

a Media Switch, wherein said Media Switch parses said MPEG stream, said MPEG stream is separated into its video and audio components;

a module for storing said video and audio components on a storage device;

at least one Output Section, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from [a] said storage device;

wherein said Output Section assembles said video and audio components into an MPEG stream;

wherein said Output Section sends said MPEG stream to a decoder; wherein said decoder converts said MPEG stream into TV output signals; wherein said decoder delivers said TV output signals to a TV receiver; and accepting control commands from a user, wherein said control commands are sent through the system and affect the flow of said MPEG stream.

4 6 52. (first amended) The apparatus of claim 32, wherein [a] <u>said</u> storage device is connected to said Media Switch.

55. (first amended) The apparatus of claim 54, wherein said user queues up programs from said [disk] <u>storage device</u> to be stored on said recording device.

60. (first amended) The apparatus of claim 54, wherein the output of said recording device is routed to said [input section] <u>Input Section</u>, allowing said recording

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device to act as a storage back up system, said recording device accepts overflow storage, TV programs, software updates, or other data that are later retrieved and sent to said [input section] Input Section.

#### REMARKS

1. Applicant thanks the Examiner for the Examiner's comments which have greatly assisted Applicant in responding.

2. 35 U.S.C. §112. The Examiner has rejected Claims 1-30 and 32-60 under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Applicant has amended Claims 1, 21, 25, 30, 32, 52, 55 and 60 as the Examiner has suggested.

Therefore, Applicant believes Claims 1-30 and 32-60 to be in allowable condition. Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner withdraw the rejection under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph.

3. Allowable Subject Matter. The Examiner states that Claims 1-30 and 32-60 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejections under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph. As noted above, Applicant has amended said Claims. Therefore, Applicant believes Claims 1-30 and 32-60 to be in allowable condition.

4. Allowable Subject Matter. Applicant acknowledges that Claims 31 and 61 are allowed as the Examiner states.

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Based on the foregoing, Applicant considers the present invention to be distinguished from the art of record. Accordingly, Applicant earnestly solicits the Examiner's withdrawal of the rejections raised in the above referenced Office Action, such that a Notice of Allowance is forwarded to Applicant, and the present application is therefore allowed to issue as a United States patent.

Respectfully Submitted,

Michael A. Glenn Reg. No. 30,176

Customer No. 22862

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SUITE L MENLO PARK (	CA 94025			2615	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	
				DATE MAILED	: 11/22/00	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

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Office Action Summary			Barton et al	tai
	Examiner Thai Tra	l	Group Art Unit 2615	
] Responsive to communication(s) filed on				
] This action is FINAL.				
Since this application is in condition for allowance ex in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Que	cept for formal matters, aฬ935 C.D. 11; 453 O:G.	prosecu 213.	tion as to the m	erits is closed
A shortened statutory period for response to this action i onger, from the mailing date of this communication. Fa upplication to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). I 87 CFR 1.136(a).	ilure to respond within th	e period for	response will ca	use the
Disposition of Claim				
X Claim(s) <u>1-61</u>			is/are pend	ling in the applic
Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdrawr	n from considerat
X Claim(s) <u>31 and 61</u>				
X Claim(s) <u>1-30 and 32-60</u>				
□ Claim(s)				
Claims				
<ul> <li>The proposed drawing correction, filed on</li> <li>The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exar</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119</li> <li>Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>All Some* None of the CERTIFIED c</li> <li>received.</li> <li>received in Application No. (Series Code/S</li> <li>received in this national stage application for the certified copies not received:</li> <li>Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domest</li> </ul>	opies of the priority docu Serial Number) from the International Bu	ments have reau (PCT F	been	
Attachment(s)				
<ul> <li>Notice of References Cited, PTO-892</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449,</li> </ul>	Paper No(s) 2 3 + 5	i		
<ul> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449,</li> <li>Interview Summary, PTO-413</li> </ul>	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$			
X Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review,	PTO-948			
Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 1-30 and 32-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being

indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which

applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1,

line 8, the term "said input section" should be changed to --said Input Section -- for

proper antecedent basis; and

line 15, the term "a storage device" should be changed to --said storage device--

for proper antecedent basis.

In claim 21,

first line, the term "a storage device" should be changed to --said storage device--

for proper antecedent basis.

In claim 25,

lines 1-2, the term "said disk" lacks proper antecedent basis.

In claim 30,

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- line 2, the term "said input section" should be changed to --said Input Section-- for proper antecedent basis; and
- lines 4-5, the term "said input section" should be changed to --said Input Section-for proper antecedent basis.
- In claim 32,
  - line 8, the term "said input section" should be changed to --said Input Section-- for proper antecedent basis; and
  - line 15, the term "a storage device" should be changed to --said storage device--

for proper antecedent basis.

In claim 52,

first line, the term "a storage device" should be changed to --said storage device--

for proper antecedent basis.

In claim 55,

line 2, the term "said disk" lacks proper antecedent basis.

In claim 60,

- line 2, the term "said input section" should be changed to --said Input Section-- for proper antecedent basis, and
- lines 4-5, the term "said input section" should be changed to --said Input Section-for proper antecedent basis.

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#### Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 1-30 and 32-60 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, set forth in this Office action.

Claims 1-30 and 32-60 are considered allowable over the prior art since none of the references of record alone or in combination disclose or suggest a method/apparatus for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data having a module for accepting television (TV) broadcast signals, wherein the TV signals are based on a multitude of standards, including, but not limited to, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) broadcast, PAL broadcast, satellite transmission, DSS, DBS, or ATSC; a module for tuning the TV signals to a specific program; at least one Input Section, wherein the Input Section converts the specific program to an Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation; a Media Switch, wherein the Media Switch parses the MPEG stream, the MPEG stream is separated into its video and audio components; a module for storing the video and audio components on a storage device; at least one Output Section, wherein the Output Section extracts the video and audio components from the storage device; wherein the Output Section sends the MPEG stream to a decoder; wherein the decoder converts the MPEG stream into TV output signals; wherein the decoder delivers the TV output signals to a TV receiver; and accepting control commands form a user, wherein the control commands are sent through the system and affect the flow of the MPEG stream as recited in independent claims 1 and 32.

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#### 4. Claims 31 and 61 are allowed.

Claims 31 and 61 are considered allowable over the prior art since none of the references of record alone or in combination disclose or suggest a method/apparatus for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data having a physical data source, wherein the physical data source accepts broadcast data from an input device, parses video and audio data from the broadcast data, and temporarily stores the video and audio data; a source object, wherein the source object extracts video and audio data from the physical data source; a transform object, wherein the transform object stores and retrieves data streams onto a storage device; wherein the source object obtains a buffer from the transform object, the source object converts video data into data streams and fills the buffer with the streams; wherein the source object is automatically flow controlled by the transform object; a sink object, wherein the sink object obtains data stream buffers from the transform object and outputs the streams to video and audio decoder; wherein the decoder converts the streams into display signals and sends the signals to a display, wherein the sink object is automatically flow controlled by the transform object; a control object, wherein the control object receives commands from a user, the commands control the flow of the broadcast data through the system; and wherein the control object sends flow command events to the source, transform, and sink objects as recited in independent claims 31 and 61.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thai Tran whose telephone number is (703) 305-4725.

Art Unit: 2615

## Any response to this action should be mailed to:

or faxed to:

(703) 308-6306 or (703) 308-6296, (for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).



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November 16, 2000

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231



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Α	Re. 33,535	2/14/1991	Cooper	358	149	10/23/1989			
В	4,313,135	1/26/1982	Cooper	358	149	7/28/1980			
С	4,665,431	5/12/1987	Cooper	358	145	8/16/1982			
D	5,202,761	4/13/1993	Cooper	358	149	5/28/1991			
Е	5,550,594	8/27/1996 -	Cooper et al.	348	513	7/26/1993			
F	5,572,261	11/5/1996	Cooper	348	512	6/7/1995			
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#### Other Documents

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Form 1449 (Modified)	Atty Docket No.	Serial No.:
	TIV00003	09/126,071 <sup>·</sup>
Information Disclosure	Applicant:	
Statement By Applicant	Barton et al.	
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TTG	A	5,438,423	8/1/95	Lynch et al.	358	335	5/11/94
TTG	В	5,706,388	1/6/98	Isaka	386	125	12/30/96
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#### U.S. Patent Documents

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Notice of References Cited		ances Cited	Application No. 09/126,071	Applicant(s)	Barton	et al	
1	Notice of References Cited		Examiner Thai 1	ran	Group Art Unit 2615	F	Page 1 of 1
		U.	S. PATENT DOCUMENTS			I	
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U. S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-892 (Rev. 9-95)

Notice of References Cited

09/126071 FORM PTO 948 (REV. 01-97) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE-Patent and Trademark Office **NOTICE OF DRAFTPERSON'S** PATENT DRAWING REVIEW aftperson under 37 CFR 1.84 or 1.152. objected to by the Draftperson under 37 CFR 1.84 or 1.152 as indicated below. The Examiner will require submission of new, corrected drawings whe necessary. Corrected drawings must be submitted according to the instructions on the back of this notice. 1. DRAWINGS. 37 CFR 1.84(a): Acceptable categories of drawings: 7. SECTIONAL VIEWS. 37 CFR 1.84(h)(3) Black ink. Color. Hatching not indicated for sectional portions of an object. Color drawing are not acceptable until petition is granted. Fig.(s)\_ Fig.(s). Sectional designation should be noted with Arabic or Pencil and non black ink is not permitted. Fig(s)\_ Roman numbers. Fig.(s)\_ 2. PHOTOGRAPHS. 37 CFR 1.84(b) 8. ARRANGEMENT OF VIEWS, 37 CFR 1.84(i) Photographs are not acceptable until petition is granted, Words do not appear on a horizontal, left-to-right fashion when 3 full-tone sets are required. Fig(s)\_ page is either upright or turned, so that the top becomes the right Photographs not properly mounted (must brystol board or side, except for graphs. Fig.(s)\_ photographic double-weight paper). Fig(s)\_\_\_\_ Views not on the same plane on drawing sheet. Fig.(s) Poor quailty (half-tone). Fig(s) 9. SCALE. 37 CFR 1.84(k) 3. TYPE OF PAPER. 37 CFR 1.84(e) Scale not large enough to show mechansim with crowding Paper not flexible, strong, white and durable. when drawing is reduced in size to two-thirds in reproduction. Fig.(s) Fig.(s) Erasures, alterations, overwritings, interlineations, 10. CHARACTER OF LINES, NUMBERS, & LETTERS. 37 CFR 1.84(I) folds, copy machine marks not acceptable. (too thin) Lines, numbers & letters not uniformly thick and well defined, Mylar, vellum paper is not acceptable (too thin). clean, durable and black (poor line quality). 5.2 Fig(s)\_ Fig.(s)\_ 4. SIZE OF PAPER. 37 CFR 1.84(F): Acceptable sizes: 11. SHADING. 37 CFR 1.84(m) 21.0 cm by 29.7 cm (DIN size A4) Solid black areas pale. Fig.(s)\_ 21.6 cm by 27.9 cm (8 1/2 x 11 inches) - Solid black shading not permitted. Fig.(s)\_ All drawings sheets not the same size. - Shade lines, pale, rough and blurred. Fig.(s) Sheet(s) 12. NUMBERS, LETTERS, & REFERENCE CHARACTERS. 5. MARGINS. 37 CFR 18.4(g): Acceptable margins: 37 CFR 1.48(p) Top 2.5 cm Left 2.5 cm Right 1.5 cm Bottom 1.0 cm Numbers and reference characters not plain and legible. SIZE: A4 Size Fig.(s)\_ Top 2.5 cm Left 2.5 cm Right 1.5 cm Bottom 1.0 cm Figure legends are poor. Fig.(s) SIZE: 8 1/2 x 11 Numbers and reference characters not oriented in the same Margins not acceptable, Fig(s) direction as the view. 37 CFR 1.84(p)(3) Fig.(s)\_ Top (T) \_\_\_\_ Left (L) Engligh alphabet not used. 37 CFR 1.84(p)(3) Fig.(s) Right (R) \_ Bottom (B) Numbers, letters and reference characters must be at least VIEWS. CFR 1.84(h) .32 cm (1/8 inch) in height. 37 CFR 1.84(p)(3) Fig.(s) **REMINDER:** Specification may require revision to 13. LEAD LINES. 37 CFR 1.84(q) correspond to drawing changes. 11-1 Views connected by projection lines or lead lines. Lead lines cross each other. Fig.(s) Fig.(s) Lead lines missing. Fig.(s)\_ Partial views. 37 CFR 1.84(h)(2) 14. NUMBERING OF SHEETS OF DRAWINGS. 37 CFR 1.48(t) Brackets needed to show figure as one entity. Sheets not numbered consecutively, and in Ababic numerals Fig.(s)\_ beginning with number 1. Fig.(s) Views not labeled separately or properly. 15. NUMBERING OF VIEWS. 37 CFR 1.84(u) Fig.(s) Views not numbered consecutively, and in Abrabic numerals, Enlarged view not labeled separately or properly. beginning with number 1. Fig.(s)\_ Fig.(s) 16. CORRECTIONS. 37 CFR 1.84(w) Corrections not made from PTO-948 dated 17. DESIGN DRAWINGS. 37 CFR 1.152 Surface shading shown not appropriate. Fig.(s)\_ Solid black shading not used for color contrast. Fig.(s)\_ COMMENTS **BEST AVAILABLE COPY** 

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2 41 11 11 化化学学校 网络马马拉 1.5.5 REMINDER . Drawing changes may also require changes in the specification, e.g., if Fig. I is changed to Fig. IA, Fig. IB, Fig. IC, etc., the specification, at the Brief Description of the Drawings, must likewise be changed. Please makesuch changes by 37 CFR 1.312 Amendment at the time of submitting drawing changes. a construction and 1.19.10.10.10.10 1.1.1.1.1 1. R. 1. 18 1. 18 1. 19 19<sup>10</sup> - Paparan Salar 1 201120020000 adde after a sector of a conference and 14.1 . INFORMATION ON HOW TO EFFECT DRAWING CHANGES 1999 - 1999 1999 - 1999 - 1999 and the second second No. 1991 1.3 - 1.2 / 1 1. Correction of Informalities--37 CFR 1.85 ela gent d'al como actual Nor Di a sales es drift and we a station of west in File new drawings with the changes incorporated therein. The application number or the title of the invention, inventor's name, docket number (if any), and the name and telephone number of a person to call if the Office is unable to match the drawings to the proper application, should be placed on the back of each sheet of drawings in accordance with 37 CFR I-84(c). "Applicant" may delay filing of the new drawings until receipt of the Notice of Allowability (PTOL-37). Extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1:136. The drawing should be filed as a separate paper with a transmittal letter addressed to the Drawing Review Branch. want of a too 8 milling does the second 2. Timing of Corrections may be gade to build late ...... on a stary of east story's strong of th Applicant is required to submit acceptable corrected drawings within the three-month shortened statutory period set in the Notice of Allowability (PTOL-37). If a correction is determined to be unacceptable by the Office, applicant must arrange to have acceptable correction resubmitted within the original three month period to avoid the necessity of obtaining as extension of time and paying the extension fee. Therefore, applicant should file corrected drawings as soon as possible. \_ \_ 10 PR . roug one damped stupPI . \_ . . SEE CONTRACTOR anazia tam bonsara nasi lamanah appendi kari pilan appel Failure to take corrective action within set (or extended) period will result in ABANDONMENT of the Application. provide states and the second second second 3. Corrections other than Informalities Noted by the Drawing Review Branch on the Form PTO 948 a set at at and the second All changes to the drawings, other than informalities noted by the Drawing Review Branch, MUST be approved by the examiner before the application will be allowed. No changes will be permitted to be made, other than correction of informalities, unless the examiner has approved the proposed changes. ·常心是这些发露了你的变形。""你还是她提出你了你。" Contraction of a growthe strugglow house and h and a line of an an Britsea . . . bet 2. . 医外周膜的 医外外的 网络马马马 and the second secon بالمتلجق والاختيار والمستعدين Second and the second Line on say that the set of the 16.1.3 CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR is a transfer provide the descent of the remain influe post on the gradient of the second BEST AVAILABLE COF AMANTA . -

GA I hereby certify that this transmittal of the below described document is being deposited with the United States Postal Service in an envelope bearing First Class Postage and addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C., 20231, on the below date of deposit Date of Name of Person Signature of the Perso 10/2/00 Making the Deposit Making the Deposit Deposit: IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE In re Application of: Barton et al. Docket No.: TIVO0003 Serial No.: 09/126,071 Art Unit: 2711 Filed:7/30/98 Examiner: Not Assigned Title: **MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM** FECH CENTER 2700 18 2000 **INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT** Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231 Sir: This Information Disclosure Statement is submitted: () under 37 CFR 1.97(b), or

(within three months of filing national application; or date of entry of international application; or before mailing date of first office action on the merits; whichever occurs last)

- (X) under 37 CFR 1.97(c) together with either a:
  - (X) Certification under 37 CFR 1.97(e), or
  - a \$220.00 fee under 37 CFR 1.17(p), or
    (After the CFR 1.97(b) time period, but before final action or notice of allowance, whichever occurs first)
- () under 37 CFR 1.97(d) together with a:
  - () Certification under 37 CFR 1.97(e), and
  - () a \$220.00 fee under 37 CFR 1.17(d)(2)(ii), and

a \$130.00 petition fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(i)(1) (Filed after final action or notice of allowance, whichever occurs first, but before payment of the issue fee)

() The Commissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-1240 (Order No. TIVO0003). A copy of this sheet is enclosed for accounting purposes.

()

(X) Applicant(s) submit herewith Form PTO 1449 -- Information Disclosure Citation together with copies of patents, publications or other information of which applicant(s) are aware, which applicant(s) believe(s) may be material to the examination of this application and for which there may be a duty to disclose in accordance with 37 CFR 1.25.

() A concise explanation of the relevance of foreign language patents, foreign language publications and other foreign language information listed on PTO Form 1449, as presently understood by the individual(s) designated in 37 CFR 156(c) most knowledgeable about the content is given on the attached sheet, or where a foreign language patent is cited in a search report or other action by a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, an English language version of the search report or action which indicates the degree of relevance found by the foreign office is listed on form PTO 1449 and is enclosed herewith.

It is requested that the information disclosed herein be made of record in this application.

Respectfully Submitted,

Michael A. Glenn Attorney For Applicant Reg. No. 30,176



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#### **CERTIFICATION**

I, the person signing below, certify

ALL STRATES

(x) that each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the statement. (37 - CFR 1.97(e)(1))

() that no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign

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application or to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, was known to any individual designated in §1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the statement. 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

The person making this certification is the attorney who signs below on the basis of the information:

- () supplied by the inventor(s)
- () supplied by an individual designated in §1.56(c)
- (x) in the attorney's file

the attorney who signs below on the basis on the information in the attorney's files.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael A. Glenn Reg. No. 30,176

125 Lake Road Portola Valley, CA 94028 Telephone: (650) 851-7138





### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Barton et al. Serial No.: 09/126,071 Filed: July 30, 1998 Title:

Docket No.: TIVO0003 Art Unit: 2711 Examiner: Not Assigned

TC 2700 MAIL ROOM

MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

#### INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

This Information Disclosure Statement is submitted:

- () under 37 CFR 1.97(b), or (within three months of filing national application; or date of entry of international application; or before mailing date of first office action on the merits; whichever occurs last)
- (X) under 37 CFR 1.97(c) together with either a:
  - Certification under 37 CFR 1.97(e), or (X)
  - a \$220.00 fee under 37 CFR 1.17(p), or () (After the CFR 1.97(b) time period, but before final action or notice of allowance, whichever occurs first)
- () under 37 CFR 1.97(d) together with a:
  - Certification under 37 CFR 1.97(e), and ()
  - a \$220.00 fee under 37 CFR 1.17(d)(2)(ii), and ()
  - a \$130.00 petition fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(i)(1) () (Filed after final action or notice of allowance, whichever occurs first, but before payment of the issue fee)

() The Commissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 07-1445 (Order No. \_\_\_\_). A copy of this sheet is enclosed for accounting purposes.

(X) Applicant(s) submit herewith Form PTO 1449 -- Information Disclosure Citation together with copies of patents, publications or other information of which applicant(s) are aware, which applicant(s) believe(s) may be material to the examination of this application and for which there may be a duty to disclose in accordance with 37 CFR 1.25.

(X) A concise explanation of the relevance of foreign language patents, foreign language publications and other foreign language information listed on PTO Form 1449, as presently understood by the individual(s) designated in 37 CFR 156(c) most knowledgeable about the content is given on the attached sheet, or where a foreign language patent is cited in a search report or other action by a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, an English language version of the search report or action which indicates the degree of relevance found by the foreign office is listed on form PTO 1449 and is enclosed herewith.

It is requested that the information disclosed herein be made of record in this application.

Respectfully Submitted,

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Michael A. Glenn Attorney For Applicant Reg. No. 30,176

125 Lake Road Portola Valley, CA 94028 (650) 851-7138

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Express Mail mailing label no. EL090779905US Date of deposit: July 29, 1998	A
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Assistant Commissioner for Patents	97
PATENT APPLICATIONS	C54
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Sir:	

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Inventors: James M. BARTON, Roderick James McINNIS, Alan S. MOSKOWITZ, Andrew Martin GOODMAN, Ching Tong CHOW, Jean Swey KAO

For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

Docket No .:	TIVO0003
Enclosed are:	

	(X)	13 sheets of drawings
	(X)	A copy of a patent application
<b>a</b>	(X)	A declaration and power of attorney
*	(X)	An assignment of the invention to: TIVO, INC.
i.	(X)	Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status- Individual
	(X)	Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status- Business
-	(X)	An Information Disclosure Statement, 1449 Form and cited references
	(X)	One self addressed postcard
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The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:

Fee Calculation ( small entity )

Fee	Claims	Included with	Extra				
Items	Filed	Basic Fee	Claims		Fee Rate	Total	
Total Claims	61	20	41	\$	11.00	\$	451.00
Independent Claims	4	3	1	\$	41.00	\$	41.00
	lultiple Dependent Claim Fee ( for one or more )				135.00		
Assignment Recordation	Fee			\$	40.00	\$	40.00
Basic Filing Fee				\$	395.00	\$	395.00
Total Fees				• • •		\$	927.00

A check in the amount of \$927 is enclosed to cover the filing fee and assignment recording fee. The Commmissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees or credit any overpayments to Deposit Account No. 07-1445 (Order No. TIVO0003). A copy of this sheet is enclosed for accounting purposes.

All correspondence connected herewith should be sent to:

Michael A. Glenn P.O. Box 7831 Menlo Park, CA 94026

All telephone calls connected herewith should be directed to: Michael A. Glenn (650) 851-7138

Respectfully submitted,

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Michael A. Glenn Reg. No. 30,176

# MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

#### **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

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#### **TECHNICAL FIELD**

The invention relates to the time shifting of television broadcast signals. More particularly, the invention relates to the real time capture, storage, and display of television broadcast signals.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART

The Video Cassette Recorder (VCR) has changed the lives of television (TV) viewers throughout the world. The VCR has offered viewers the flexibility to time-shift TV programs to match their lifestyles.

The viewer stores TV programs onto magnetic tape using the VCR. The VCR gives the viewer the ability to play, rewind, fast forward and pause the stored program material. These functions enable the viewer to pause the program playback whenever he desires, fast forward through unwanted program material or commercials, and to replay favorite scenes. However, a VCR cannot both capture and play back information at the same time.

25 One approach to solving this problem is to use several VCRs. For example, if two video tape recorders are available, it might be possible to Ping-Pong between the two. In this case, the first recorder is started at the beginning of the program of interest. If the viewer wishes to rewind the broadcast, the second

recorder begins recording, while the first recorder is halted, rewound to the appropriate place, and playback initiated. However, at least a third video tape recorder is required if the viewer wishes to fast forward to some point in time after the initial rewind was requested. In this case, the third recorder starts recording the broadcast stream while the second is halted and rewound to the appropriate position. Continuing this exercise, one can quickly see that the equipment becomes unwieldy, unreliable, expensive, and hard to operate, while never supporting all desired functions. In addition, tapes are of finite length, and may potentially end at inconvenient times, drastically lowering the value of the solution.

The use of digital computer systems to solve this problem has been suggested. U.S. Pat. No. 5,371,551 issued to Logan *et al*., on 6 December 1994, teaches a method for concurrent video recording and playback. It presents a microprocessor controlled broadcast and playback device. Said device compresses and stores video data onto a hard disk. However, this approach is difficult to implement because the processor requirements for keeping up with the high video rates makes the device expensive and problematic. The microprocessor must be extremely fast to keep up with the incoming and outgoing video data.

It would be advantageous to provide a multimedia time warping system that gives the user the ability to simultaneously record and play back TV broadcast programs. It would further be advantageous to provide a multimedia time warping system that utilizes an approach that decouples the microprocessor from the high video data rates, thereby reducing the microprocessor and system requirements which are at a premium.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides a multimedia time warping system. The invention utilizes an easily manipulated, low cost multimedia storage and display system that allows the user to view a television broadcast program with the option of instantly reviewing previous scenes within the program. In addition, the invention allows the user to store selected television broadcast programs while the user is simultaneously watching or reviewing another program.

10 A preferred embodiment of the invention accepts television (TV) input streams in a multitude of forms, for example, analog forms such as National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) or PAL broadcast, and digital forms such as Digital Satellite System (DSS), Digital Broadcast Services (DBS), or Advanced Television Standards Committee (ATSC). Analog TV streams are converted to 15 an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation, while pre-formatted MPEG streams are extracted from the digital TV signal and presented in a similar format to encoded analog streams.

The invention parses the resulting MPEG stream and separates it into its video and audio components. It then stores the components into temporary buffers. Events are recorded that indicate the type of component that has been found, where it is located, and when it occurred. The program logic is notified that an event has occurred and the data is extracted from the buffers.

25 The parser and event buffer decouple the CPU from having to parse the MPEG stream and from the real time nature of the data streams. This decoupling allows for slower CPU and bus speeds which translate to lower system costs.

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The video and audio components are stored on a storage device. When the program is requested for display, the video and audio components are extracted from the storage device and reassembled into an MPEG stream. The MPEG stream is sent to a decoder. The decoder converts the MPEG stream into TV output signals and delivers the TV output signals to a TV receiver.

User control commands are accepted and sent through the system. These commands affect the flow of said MPEG stream and allow the user to view stored programs with at least the following functions: reverse, fast forward, play, pause, index, fast/slow reverse play, and fast/slow play.

Other aspects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description in combination with the accompanying drawings, illustrating, by way of example, the principles of the invention.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block schematic diagram of a high level view of a preferred embodiment of the invention according to the invention;

Fig. 2 is a block schematic diagram of a preferred embodiment of the invention using multiple input and output modules according to the invention;

Fig. 3 is a schematic diagram of an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) data stream and its video and audio components according to the invention;

Fig. 4 is a block schematic diagram of a parser and four direct memory access (DMA) input engines contained in the Media Switch according to the invention;

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Fig. 5 is a schematic diagram of the components of a packetized elementary stream (PES) buffer according to the invention;

Fig. 6 is a schematic diagram of the construction of a PES buffer from the parsed components in the Media Switch output circular buffers;

Fig. 7 is a block schematic diagram of the Media Switch and the various components that it communicates with according to the invention;

10 Fig. 8 is a block schematic diagram of a high level view of the program logic according to the invention;

Fig. 9 is a block schematic diagram of a class hierarchy of the program logic according to the invention;

Fig. 10 is a block schematic diagram of a preferred embodiment of the clip cache component of the invention according to the invention;

Fig. 11 is a block schematic diagram of a preferred embodiment of the invention that emulates a broadcast studio video mixer according to the invention;

Fig. 12 is a block schematic diagram of a closed caption parser according to the invention; and

25 Fig. 13 is a block schematic diagram of a high level view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing a VCR as an integral component of the invention according to the invention.

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#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The invention is embodied in a multimedia time warping system. A system according to the invention provides a multimedia storage and display system that allows the user to view a television broadcast program with the option of instantly reviewing previous scenes within the program. The invention additionally provides the user with the ability to store selected television broadcast programs while simultaneously watching or reviewing another program and to view stored programs with at least the following functions: reverse, fast forward, play, pause, index, fast/slow reverse play, and fast/slow play.

Referring to Fig. 1, a preferred embodiment of the invention has an Input Section 101, Media Switch 102, and an Output Section 103. The Input Section 101 takes television (TV) input streams in a multitude of forms, for example, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) or PAL broadcast, and digital forms such as Digital Satellite System (DSS), Digital Broadcast Services (DBS), or Advanced Television Standards Committee (ATSC). DBS, DSS and ATSC are based on standards called Moving Pictures Experts Group 2 (MPEG2) and MPEG2 Transport. MPEG2 Transport is a standard for formatting the digital data stream from the TV source transmitter so that a TV receiver can disassemble the input stream to find programs in the multiplexed signal. The Input Section 101 produces MPEG streams. An MPEG2 transport multiplex supports multiple programs in the same broadcast channel, with multiple video and audio feeds and private data. The Input Section 101 tunes the channel to a particular program, extracts a specific MPEG program out of it, and feeds it to the rest of the system. Analog TV signals are encoded into a similar MPEG format using separate video and audio encoders, such that the remainder of the system is unaware of how the signal was obtained. Information may be

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modulated into the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) of the analog TV signal in a number of standard ways; for example, the North American Broadcast Teletext Standard (NABTS) may be used to modulate information onto lines 10 through 20 of an NTSC signal, while the FCC mandates the use of line 21 for Closed Caption (CC) and Extended Data Services (EDS). Such signals are decoded by the input section and passed to the other sections as if they were delivered via an MPEG2 private data channel.

The Media Switch 102 mediates between a microprocessor CPU 106, hard disk or storage device 105, and memory 104. Input streams are converted to an MPEG stream and sent to the Media Switch 102. The Media Switch 102 buffers the MPEG stream into memory. It then performs two operations if the user is watching real time TV: the stream is sent to the Output Section 103 and it is written simultaneously to the hard disk or storage device 105.

The Output Section 103 takes MPEG streams as input and produces an analog TV signal according to the NTSC, PAL, or other required TV standards. The Output Section 103 contains an MPEG decoder, On-Screen Display (OSD) generator, analog TV encoder and audio logic. The OSD generator allows the program logic to supply images which will be overlayed on top of the resulting analog TV signal. Additionally, the Output Section can modulate information supplied by the program logic onto the VBI of the output signal in a number of standard formats, including NABTS, CC and EDS.

25 With respect to Fig. 2, the invention easily expands to accommodate multiple Input Sections (tuners) 201, 202, 203, 204, each can be tuned to different types of input. Multiple Output Modules (decoders) 206, 207, 208, 209 are added as well. Special effects such as picture in a picture can be implemented with multiple decoders. The Media Switch 205 records one program while the user

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is watching another. This means that a stream can be extracted off the disk while another stream is being stored onto the disk.

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Referring to Fig. 3, the incoming MPEG stream 301 has interleaved video 302, 305, 306 and audio 303, 304, 307 segments. These elements must be separated and recombined to create separate video 308 and audio 309 streams or buffers. This is necessary because separate decoders are used to convert MPEG elements back into audio or video analog components. Such separate delivery requires that time sequence information be generated so that the decoders may be properly synchronized for accurate playback of the signal.

The Media Switch enables the program logic to associate proper time sequence information with each segment, possibly embedding it directly into the stream. The time sequence information for each segment is called a time stamp. These time stamps are monotonically increasing and start at zero each time the system boots up. This allows the invention to find any particular spot in any particular video segment. For example, if the system needs to read five seconds into an incoming contiguous video stream that is being cached, the system simply has to start reading forward into the stream and look for the appropriate time stamp.

A binary search can be performed on a stored file to index into a stream. Each stream is stored as a sequence of fixed-size segments enabling fast binary searches because of the uniform time stamping. If the user wants to start in the middle of the program, the system performs a binary search of the stored segments until it finds the appropriate spot, obtaining the desired results with a minimal amount of information. If the signal were instead stored as an MPEG stream, it would be necessary to linearly parse the stream from the beginning to find the desired location.

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With respect to Fig. 4, the Media Switch contains four input Direct Memory Access (DMA) engines 402, 403, 404, 405 each DMA engine has an associated buffer 410, 411, 412, 413. Conceptually, each DMA engine has a pointer 406, a limit for that pointer 407, a next pointer 408, and a limit for the next pointer 409. Each DMA engine is dedicated to a particular type of information, for example, video 402, audio 403, and parsed events 405. The buffers 410, 411, 412, 413 are circular and collect the specific information. The DMA engine increments the pointer 406 into the associated buffer until it reaches the limit 407 and then loads the next pointer 408 and limit 409. Setting the pointer 406 and next pointer 408 to the same value, along with the corresponding limit value creates a circular buffer. The next pointer 408 can be set to a different address to provide vector DMA.

The input stream flows through a parser 401. The parser 401 parses the stream looking for MPEG distinguished events indicating the start of video, audio or private data segments. For example, when the parser 401 finds a video event, it directs the stream to the video DMA engine 402. The parser 401 buffers up data and DMAs it into the video buffer 410 through the video DMA engine 402. At the same time, the parser 401 directs an event to the event DMA engine 405 which generates an event into the event buffer 413. When the parser 401 sees an audio event, it redirects the byte stream to the audio DMA engine 403 and generates an event into the event buffer 413. Similarly, when the parser 401 sees a private data event, it directs the byte stream to the private data DMA engine 404 and directs an event to the event buffer 413. The Media Switch notifies the program logic via an interrupt mechanism when events are placed in the event buffer.

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Referring to Figs. 4 and 5, the event buffer 413 is filled by the parser 401 with events. Each event 501 in the event buffer has an offset 502, event type 503, and time stamp field 504. The parser 401 provides the type and offset of each event as it is placed into the buffer. For example, when an audio event occurs, the event type field is set to an audio event and the offset indicates the location in the audio buffer 411. The program logic knows where the audio buffer 411 starts and adds the offset to find the event in the stream. The address offset 502 tells the program logic where the next event occurred, but not where it ended. The previous event is cached so the end of the current event can be found as well as the length of the segment.

With respect to Figs. 5 and 6, the program logic reads accumulated events in the event buffer 602 when it is interrupted by the Media Switch 601. From these events the program logic generates a sequence of logical segments 603 which correspond to the parsed MPEG segments 615. The program logic converts the offset 502 into the actual address 610 of each segment, and records the event length 609 using the last cached event. If the stream was produced by encoding an analog signal, it will not contain Program Time Stamp (PTS) values, which are used by the decoders to properly present the resulting output. Thus, the program logic uses the generated time stamp 504 to calculate a simulated PTS for each segment and places that into the logical segment time stamp 607. In the case of a digital TV stream, PTS values are already encoded in the stream. The program logic extracts this information and places it in the logical segment time stamp 607.

The program logic continues collecting logical segments 603 until it reaches the fixed buffer size. When this occurs, the program logic generates a new buffer, called a Packetized Elementary Stream (PES) 605 buffer containing these logical segments 603 in order, plus ancillary control information. Each logical

segment points 604 directly to the circular buffer,*e.g.*, the video buffer 613, filled by the Media Switch 601. This new buffer is then passed to other logic components, which may further process the stream in the buffer in some way, such as presenting it for decoding or writing it to the storage media. Thus, the MPEG data is not copied from one location in memory to another by the processor. This results in a more cost effective design since lower memory bandwidth and processor bandwidth is required.

A unique feature of the MPEG stream transformation into PES buffers is that the data associated with logical segments need not be present in the buffer itself, as presented above. When a PES buffer is written to storage, these logical segments are written to the storage medium in the logical order in which they appear. This has the effect of gathering components of the stream, whether they be in the video, audio or private data circular buffers, into a single linear buffer of stream data on the storage medium. The buffer is read back from the storage medium with a single transfer from the storage media, and the logical segment information is updated to correspond with the actual locations in the buffer 606. Higher level program logic is unaware of this transformation, since it handles only the logical segments, thus stream data is easily managed without requiring that the data ever be copied between locations in DRAM by the CPU.

A unique aspect of the Media Switch is the ability to handle high data rates effectively and inexpensively. It performs the functions of taking video and audio data in, sending video and audio data out, sending video and audio data to disk, and extracting video and audio data from the disk on a low cost platform. Generally, the Media Switch runs asynchronously and autonomously with the microprocessor CPU, using its DMA capabilities to move large quantities of information with minimal intervention by the CPU.

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Referring to Fig. 7, the input side of the Media Switch 701 is connected to an MPEG encoder 703. There are also circuits specific to MPEG audio 704 and vertical blanking interval (VBI) data 702 feeding into the Media Switch 701. If a digital TV signal is being processed instead, the MPEG encoder 703 is replaced with an MPEG2 Transport Demultiplexor, and the MPEG audio encoder 704 and VBI decoder 702 are deleted. The demultiplexor multiplexes the extracted audio, video and private data channel streams through the video input Media Switch port.

10 The parser 705 parses the input data stream from the MPEG encoder 703, audio encoder 704 and VBI decoder 702, or from the transport demultiplexor in the case of a digital TV stream. The parser 705 detects the beginning of all of the important events in a video or audio stream, the start of all of the frames, the start of sequence headers - all of the pieces of information that the program logic needs to know about in order to both properly play back and perform special effects on the stream, *e.g.* fast forward, reverse, play, pause, fast/slow play, indexing, and fast/slow reverse play.

The parser 705 places tags 707 into the FIFO 706 when it identifies video or audio segments, or is given private data. The DMA 709 controls when these tags are taken out. The tags 707 and the DMA addresses of the segments are placed into the event queue 708. The frame type information, whether it is a start of a video I-frame, video B-frame, video P-frame, video PES, audio PES, a sequence header, an audio frame, or private data packet, is placed into the event queue 708 along with the offset in the related circular buffer where the piece of information was placed. The program logic operating in the CPU 713 examines events in the circular buffer after it is transferred to the DRAM 714.

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The Media Switch 701 has a data bus 711 that connects to the CPU 713 and DRAM 714. An address bus 712 is also shared between the Media Switch 701, CPU 713, and DRAM 714. A hard disk or storage device 710 is connected to one of the ports of the Media Switch 701. The Media Switch 701 outputs streams to an MPEG video decoder 715 and a separate audio decoder 717. The audio decoder 717 signals contain audio cues generated by the system in response to the user's commands on a remote control or other internal events. The decoded audio output from the MPEG decoder is digitally mixed 718 with the separate audio signal. The resulting signals contain video, audio, and on-screen displays and are sent to the TV 716.

The Media Switch 701 takes in 8-bit data and sends it to the disk, while at the same time extracts another stream of data off of the disk and sends it to the MPEG decoder 715. All of the DMA engines described above can be working at the same time. The Media Switch 701 can be implemented in hardware using a Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA), ASIC, or discrete logic.

Rather than having to parse through an immense data stream looking for the start of where each frame would be, the program logic only has to look at the circular event buffer in DRAM 714 and it can tell where the start of each frame is and the frame type. This approach saves a large amount of CPU power, keeping the real time requirements of the CPU 713 small. The CPU 713 does not have to be very fast at any point in time. The Media Switch 701 gives the CPU 713 as much time as possible to complete tasks. The parsing mechanism 705 and event queue 708 decouple the CPU 713 from parsing the audio, video, and buffers and the real time nature of the streams, which allows for lower costs. It also allows the use of a bus structure in a CPU environment that operates at a much lower clock rate with much cheaper memory than would be required otherwise.

The CPU 713 has the ability to queue up one DMA transfer and can set up the next DMA transfer at its leisure. This gives the CPU 713 large time intervals within which it can service the DMA controller 709. The CPU 713 may respond to a DMA interrupt within a larger time window because of the large latency allowed. MPEG streams, whether extracted from an MPEG2 Transport or encoded from an analog TV signal, are typically encoded using a technique called Variable Bit Rate encoding (VBR). This technique varies the amount of data required to represent a sequence of images by the amount of movement between those images. This technique can greatly reduce the required bandwidth for a signal, however sequences with rapid movement (such as a basketball game) may be encoded with much greater bandwidth requirements. For example, the Hughes DirecTV satellite system encodes signals with anywhere from 1 to 10Mb/s of required bandwidth, varying from frame to frame. It would be difficult for any computer system to keep up with such rapidly varying data rates without this structure.

With respect to Fig. 8, the program logic within the CPU has three conceptual components: sources 801, transforms 802, and sinks 803. The sources 801 produce buffers of data. Transforms 802 process buffers of data and sinks 803 consume buffers of data. A transform is responsible for allocating and queuing the buffers of data on which it will operate. Buffers are allocated as if "empty" to sources of data, which give them back "full". The buffers are then queued and given to sinks as "full", and the sink will return the buffer "empty".

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A source 801 accepts data from encoders, *e.g.*, a digital satellite receiver. It acquires buffers for this data from the downstream transform, packages the data into a buffer, then pushes the buffer down the pipeline as described above. The source object 801 does not know anything about the rest of the system. The

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sink 803 consumes buffers, taking a buffer from the upstream transform, sending the data to the decoder, and then releasing the buffer for reuse.

There are two types of transforms 802 used: spatial and temporal. Spatial transforms are transforms that perform, for example, an image convolution or compression/decompression on the buffered data that is passing through. Temporal transforms are used when there is no time relation that is expressible between buffers going in and buffers coming out of a system. Such a transform writes the buffer to a file 804 on the storage medium. The buffer is pulled out at a later time, sent down the pipeline, and properly sequenced within the stream.

Referring to Fig. 9, a C++ class hierarchy derivation of the program logic is shown. The TiVo Media Kernel (Tmk) 904, 908, 913 mediates with the operating system kernel. The kernel provides operations such as: memory allocation, synchronization, and threading. The TmkCore 904, 908, 913 structures memory taken from the media kernel as an object. It provides operators, new and delete, for constructing and deconstructing the object. Each object (source 901, transform 902, and sink 903) is multi-threaded by definition and can run in parallel.

The TmkPipeline class 905, 909, 914 is responsible for flow control through the system. The pipelines point to the next pipeline in the flow from source 901 to sink 903. To pause the pipeline, for example, an event called "pause" is sent to the first object in the pipeline. The event is relayed on to the next object and so on down the pipeline. This all happens asynchronously to the data going through the pipeline. Thus, similar to applications such as telephony, control of the flow of MPEG streams is asynchronous and separate from the streams themselves. This allows for a simple logic design that is at the same time powerful enough to support the features described previously, including pause,

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rewind, fast forward and others. In addition, this structure allows fast and efficient switching between stream sources, since buffered data can be simply discarded and decoders reset using a single event, after which data from the new stream will pass down the pipeline. Such a capability is needed, for example, when switching the channel being captured by the input section, or when switching between a live signal from the input section and a stored stream.

The source object 901 is a TmkSource 906 and the transform object 902 is a TmkXfrm 910. These are intermediate classes that define standard behaviors for the classes in the pipeline. Conceptually, they handshake buffers down the pipeline. The source object 901 takes data out of a physical data source, such as the Media Switch, and places it into a PES buffer. To obtain the buffer, the source object 901 asks the down stream object in his pipeline for a buffer (allocEmptyBuf). The source object 901 is blocked until there is sufficient memory. This means that the pipeline is self-regulating; it has automatic flow control. When the source object 901 has filled up the buffer, it hands it back to the transform 902 through the pushFullBuf function.

The sink 903 is flow controlled as well. It calls nextFullBuf which tells the transform 902 that it is ready for the next filled buffer. This operation can block the sink 903 until a buffer is ready. When the sink 903 is finished with a buffer (*i.e.*, it has consumed the data in the buffer) it calls releaseEmptyBuf. ReleaseEmptyBuf gives the buffer back to the transform 902. The transform 902 can then hand that buffer, for example, back to the source object 901 to fill up again. In addition to the automatic flow-control benefit of this method, it also provides for limiting the amount of memory dedicated to buffers by allowing enforcement of a fixed allocation of buffers by a transform. This is an important feature in achieving a cost-effective limited DRAM environment.

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The MediaSwitch class 909 calls the allocEmptyBuf method of the TmkClipCache 912 object and receives a PES buffer from it . It then goes out to the circular buffers in the Media Switch hardware and generates PES buffers. The MediaSwitch class 909 fills the buffer up and pushes it back to the TmkClipCache 912 object.

The TmkClipCache 912 maintains a cache file 918 on a storage medium. It also maintains two pointers into this cache: a push pointer 919 that shows where the next buffer coming from the source 901 is inserted; and a current pointer 920 which points to the current buffer used.

The buffer that is pointed to by the current pointer is handed to the Vela decoder class 916. The Vela decoder class 916 talks to the decoder 921 in the hardware. The decoder 921 produces a decoded TV signal that is subsequently encoded into an analog TV signal in NTSC, PAL or other analog format. When the Vela decoder class 916 is finished with the buffer it calls releaseEmptyBuf.

- The structure of the classes makes the system easy to test and debug. Each level can be tested separately to make sure it performs in the appropriate manner, and the classes may be gradually aggregated to achieve the desired functionality while retaining the ability to effectively test each object.
- The control object 917 accepts commands from the user and sends events into the pipeline to control what the pipeline is doing. For example, if the user has a remote control and is watching TV, the user presses pause and the control object 917 sends an event to the sink 903, that tells it pause. The sink 903 stops asking for new buffers. The current pointer 920 stays where it is at. The

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sink 903 starts taking buffers out again when it receives another event that tells it to play. The system is in perfect synchronization; it starts from the frame that it stopped at.

5 The remote control may also have a fast forward key. When the fast forward key is pressed, the control object 917 sends an event to the transform 902, that tells it to move forward two seconds. The transform 902 finds that the two second time span requires it to move forward three buffers. It then issues a reset event to the downstream pipeline, so that any queued data or state that may be present in the hardware decoders is flushed. This is a critical step, since the structure of MPEG streams requires maintenance of state across multiple frames of data, and that state will be rendered invalid by repositioning the pointer. It then moves the current pointer 920 forward three buffers. The next time the sink 903 calls nextFullBuf it gets the new current buffer. The same method works for fast reverse in that the transform 902 moves the current pointer 920 backwards.

A system clock reference resides in the decoder. The system clock reference is sped up for fast play or slowed down for slow play. The sink simply asks for full buffers faster or slower, depending on the clock speed.

With respect to Fig. 10, two other objects derived from the TmkXfrm class are placed in the pipeline for disk access. One is called TmkClipReader 1003 and the other is called TmkClipWriter 1001. Buffers come into the TmkClipWriter 1001 and are pushed to a file on a storage medium 1004. TmkClipReader 1003 asks for buffers which are taken off of a file on a storage medium 1005. A TmkClipReader 1003 provides only the allocEmptyBuf and pushFullBuf methods, while a TmkClipWriter 1001 provides only the nextFullBuf and releaseEmptyBuf methods. A TmkClipReader 1003 therefore performs the

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same function as the input, or "push" side of a TmkClipCache 1002, while a TmkClipWriter 1001 therefore performs the same function as the output, or "pull" side of a TmkClipCache 1002.

5 Referring to Fig. 11, a preferred embodiment that accomplishes multiple functions is shown. A source 1101 has a TV signal input. The source sends data to a PushSwitch 1102 which is a transform derived from TmkXfrm. The PushSwitch 1102 has multiple outputs that can be switched by the control object 1114. This means that one part of the pipeline can be stopped and another can be started at the users whim. The user can switch to different storage devices. The PushSwitch 1102 could output to a TmkClipWriter 1106, which goes onto a storage device 1107 or write to the cache transform 1103.

An important feature of this apparatus is the ease with which it can selectively capture portions of an incoming signal under the control of program logic. Based on information such as the current time, or perhaps a specific time span, or perhaps via a remote control button press by the viewer, a TmkClipWriter 1106 may be switched on to record a portion of the signal, and switched off at some later time. This switching is typically caused by sending a "switch" event to the PushSwitch 1102 object.

An additional method for triggering selective capture is through information modulated into the VBI or placed into an MPEG private data channel. Data decoded from the VBI or private data channel is passed to the program logic. The program logic examines this data to determine if the data indicates that capture of the TV signal into which it was modulated should begin. Similarly, this information may also indicate when recording should end, or another data item may be modulated into the signal indicating when the capture should end. The starting and ending indicators may be explicitly modulated into the signal or

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other information that is placed into the signal in a standard fashion may be used to encode this information.

With respect to Fig. 12, an example is shown which demonstrates how the program logic scans the words contained within the closed caption (CC) fields to determine starting and ending times, using particular words or phrases to trigger the capture. A stream of NTSC or PAL fields 1201 is presented. CC bytes are extracted from each odd field 1202, and entered in a circular buffer 1203 for processing by the Word Parser 1204. The Word Parser 1204 collects characters until it encounters a word boundary, usually a space, period or other 10 delineating character. Recall from above, that the MPEG audio and video segments are collected into a series of fixed-size PES buffers. A special segment is added to each PES buffer to hold the words extracted from the CC field 1205. Thus, the CC information is preserved in time synchronization with the audio and video, and can be correctly presented to the viewer when the 15 stream is displayed. This also allows the stored stream to be processed for CC information at the leisure of the program logic, which spreads out load, reducing cost and improving efficiency. In such a case, the words stored in the special segment are simply passed to the state table logic 1206.

> During stream capture, each word is looked up in a table 1206 which indicates the action to take on recognizing that word. This action may simply change the state of the recognizer state machine 1207, or may cause the state machine 1207 to issue an action request, such as "start capture", "stop capture", "phrase seen", or other similar requests. Indeed, a recognized word or phrase may cause the pipeline to be switched; for example, to overlay a different audio track if undesirable language is used in the program.

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Note that the parsing state table 1206 and recognizer state machine 1207 may be modified or changed at any time. For example, a different table and state machine may be provided for each input channel. Alternatively, these elements may be switched depending on the time of day, or because of other events.

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Referring to Fig. 11, a PullSwitch is added 1104 which outputs to the sink 1105. The sink 1105 calls nextFullBuf and releaseEmptyBuf to get or return buffers from the PullSwitch 1104. The PullSwitch 1104 can have any number of inputs. One input could be an ActionClip 1113. The remote control can switch between input sources. The control object 1114 sends an event to the PullSwitch 1104, telling it to switch. It will switch from the current input source to whatever input source the control object selects.

An ActionClip class provides for sequencing a number of different stored signals in a predictable and controllable manner, possibly with the added control of viewer selection via a remote control. Thus, it appears as a derivative of a TmkXfrm object that accepts a "switch" event for switching to the next stored signal.

This allows the program logic or user to create custom sequences of video 20 output. Any number of video segments can be lined up and combined as if the program logic or user were using a broadcast studio video mixer. TmkClipReaders 1108, 1109, 1110 are allocated and each is hooked into the PullSwitch 1104. The PullSwitch 1104 switches between the TmkClipReaders 1108, 1109, 1110 to combine video and audio clips. Flow control is automatic because of the way the pipeline is constructed. The Push and Pull Switches are the same as video switches in a broadcast studio.

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The derived class and resulting objects described here may be combined in an arbitrary way to create a number of different useful configurations for storing, retrieving, switching and viewing of TV streams. For example, if multiple input and output sections are available, one input is viewed while another is stored, and a picture-in-picture window generated by the second output is used to preview previously stored streams. Such configurations represent a unique and novel application of software transformations to achieve the functionality expected of expensive, sophisticated hardware solutions within a single cost-effective device.

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With respect to Fig. 13, a high-level system view is shown which implements a VCR backup. The Output Module 1303 sends TV signals to the VCR 1307. This allows the user to record TV programs directly on to video tape. The invention allows the user to queue up programs from disk to be recorded on to video tape and to schedule the time that the programs are sent to the VCR 1307. Title pages (EPG data) can be sent to the VCR 1307 before a program is sent. Longer programs can be scaled to fit onto smaller video tapes by speeding up the play speed or dropping frames.

The VCR 1307 output can also be routed back into the Input Module 1301. In this configuration the VCR acts as a backup system for the Media Switch 1302. Any overflow storage or lower priority programming is sent to the VCR 1307 for later retrieval.

The Input Module 1301 can decode and pass to the remainder of the system information encoded on the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI). The Output Module 1303 can encode into the output VBI data provided by the remainder of the system. The program logic may arrange to encode identifying information of various kinds into the output signal, which will be recorded onto tape using the

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VCR 1307. Playing this tape back into the input allows the program logic to read back this identifying information, such that the TV signal recorded on the tape is properly handled. For example, a particular program may be recorded to tape along with information about when it was recorded, the source network, etc. When this program is played back into the Input Module, this information

can be used to control storage of the signal, presentation to the viewer, etc.

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One skilled in the art will readily appreciate that such a mechanism may be used to introduce various data items to the program logic which are not properly conceived of as television signals. For instance, software updates or other data may be passed to the system. The program logic receiving this data from the television stream may impose controls on how the data is handled, such as requiring certain authentication sequences and/or decrypting the embedded information according to some previously acquired key. Such a method works for normal broadcast signals as well, leading to an efficient means of providing non-TV control information and data to the program logic.

Additionally, one skilled in the art will readily appreciate that although a VCR is specifically mentioned above, any multimedia recording device (*e.g.*, a Digital Video Disk-Random Access Memory (DVD-RAM) recorder) is easily substituted in its place.

Although the invention is described herein with reference to the preferred embodiment, one skilled in the art will readily appreciate that other applications may be substituted for those set forth herein without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention. For example, the invention can be used in the detection of gambling casino crime. The input section of the invention is connected to the casino's video surveillance system. Recorded video is cached and simultaneously output to external VCRs. The user can switch to any video

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feed and examine (*i.e.*, rewind, play, slow play, fast forward, etc.) a specific segment of the recorded video while the external VCRs are being loaded with the real-time input video. Accordingly, the invention should only be limited by the Claims included below.

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## <u>CLAIMS</u>

1. A process for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data,

comprising the steps of:

accepting television (TV) broadcast signals, wherein said TV signals are based on a multitude of standards, including, but not limited to, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) broadcast, PAL broadcast, satellite transmission, DSS, DBS, or ATSC;

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tuning said TV signals to a specific program;

providing at least one Input Section, wherein said input section converts said specific program to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation;

providing a Media Switch, wherein said Media Switch parses said MPEG stream, said MPEG stream is separated into its video and audio components; storing said video and audio components on a storage device;

providing at least one Output Section, wherein said Output Section

extracts said video and audio components from a storage device;

wherein said Output Section assembles said video and audio components into an MPEG stream;

wherein said Output Section sends said MPEG stream to a decoder; wherein said decoder converts said MPEG stream into TV output signals; wherein said decoder delivers said TV output signals to a TV receiver; and accepting control commands from a user, wherein said control commands are sent through the system and affect the flow of said MPEG stream.

2. The process of claim 1, wherein said Input Section directs said MPEG stream to the destination indicated by said control commands.

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3. The process of claim 1, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from the storage device indicated by said control commands.

### 4. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

creating custom video output sequences, wherein said sequences are specified by a user or program control.

5. The process of claim 1, wherein the storing and extracting of said video and audio components from said storage device are performed simultaneously.

6. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch calculates and logically associates a time stamp to said video and audio components.

7. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch extracts time stamp values from a digital TV stream and logically associates said time stamp values to said video and audio components.

8. The process of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

placing said video component into a circular video buffer;

posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event contains an indication that a video component was found and the location of said video component in said circular video buffer; and sending notice of said event posting.

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9. The process of claim 1, further comprising the steps of: placing said audio component into a circular audio buffer;

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posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event contains an indication that an audio component was found and the location of said audio component in said circular audio buffer; and

sending notice of said event posting.

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 The process of claims 8 or 9, further comprising the steps of: receiving said notice; retrieving said event posting from said event buffer; and indexing into the appropriate buffer indicated by the type and location

10 information in said event buffer.

11. The process of claim 10, further comprising the steps of:

generating a buffer containing the logical audio or video segments in order, including ancillary information, wherein each of said logical segments points to the appropriate circular buffer location where corresponding audio or video components have been placed.

 The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of: increasing the decoder system clock rate for fast playback or fast reverse playback.

 The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of: decreasing the decoder system clock rate for slow playback or slow reverse playback.

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14. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

combining system audio cues and on-screen displays with said TV output signals.

15. The process of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

decoding the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) data or private data channel information from said TV signal; and

examining said data to determine the starting or ending indicators of a specific program.

16. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

scanning the words contained within the closed caption (CC) fields to determine program starting and ending times, wherein particular words or phrases are used to trigger the recording of a specific program and wherein the CC information is preserved in time synchronization with the audio and video, and can be correctly presented to the viewer when the stream is displayed.

17. The process of claim 16, further comprising the step of:

performing a specific action when a specific word is found in said CC information.

18. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch has a data bus connecting it to a CPU and DRAM.

19. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch shares an address bus with a CPU and DRAM.

20. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch operates asychronously and autonomously with a CPU.

21. The process of claim 1, wherein a storage device is connected to said Media Switch.

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22. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch allows the CPU to queue up Direct Memory Access (DMA) transfers.

23. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch is implemented in hardware.

24. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

providing a multimedia recording device, including, but not limited to, a Video Cassette Recorder (VCR) or a Digital Video Disk-Random Access Memory (DVD-RAM) device, wherein said recording device is attached to the output side of said decoder, allowing said user to record said TV output signals.

25. The process of claim 24, wherein said user queues up programs from said disk to be stored on said recording device.

26. The process of claim 24, wherein said user sets time schedules for said programs to be sent to said recording device.

27. The process of claim 24, wherein title pages may be sent to said recording device before sending a program to be stored on said recording device.

28. The process of claim 24, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, is sped up to fit within the desired time limit.

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29. The process of claim 24, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, has frames dropped from it to fit within the desired time limit.

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30. The process of claim 24, wherein the output of said recording device is routed to said input section, allowing said recording device to act as a storage back up system, said recording device accepts overflow storage, TV programs, software updates, or other data that are later retrieved and sent to said input section.

5 section

31. A process for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising the steps of:

providing a physical data source, wherein said physical data source accepts broadcast data from an input device, parses video and audio data from said broadcast data, and temporarily stores said video and audio data;

providing a source object, wherein said source object extracts video and audio data from said physical data source;

providing a transform object, wherein said transform object stores and retrieves data streams onto a storage device;

wherein said source object obtains a buffer from said transform object, said source object converts video data into data streams and fills said buffer with said streams;

wherein said source object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;

providing a sink object, wherein said sink object obtains data stream buffers from said transform object and outputs said streams to a video and audio decoder;

wherein said decoder converts said streams into display signals and sends said signals to a display;

wherein said sink object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;

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providing a control object, wherein said control object receives commands from a user, said commands control the flow of the broadcast data through the system; and

wherein said control object sends flow command events to said source, transform, and sink objects.

32. An apparatus for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising:

a module for accepting television (TV) broadcast signals, wherein said TV signals are based on a multitude of standards, including, but not limited to, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) broadcast, PAL broadcast, satellite transmission, DSS, DBS, or ATSC;

a module for tuning said TV signals to a specific program;

at least one Input Section, wherein said input section converts said specific program to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation;

a Media Switch, wherein said Media Switch parses said MPEG stream, said MPEG stream is separated into its video and audio components;

a module for storing said video and audio components on a storage device;

at least one Output Section, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from a storage device;

wherein said Output Section assembles said video and audio components into an MPEG stream;

wherein said Output Section sends said MPEG stream to a decoder; wherein said decoder converts said MPEG stream into TV output signals; wherein said decoder delivers said TV output signals to a TV receiver; and accepting control commands from a user, wherein said control commands are sent through the system and affect the flow of said MPEG stream.

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33. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Input Section directs said MPEG stream to the destination indicated by said control commands.

- 5 34. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from the storage device indicated by said control commands.
  - 35. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for creating custom video output sequences, wherein said sequences are specified by a user or program control.

36. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein the storing and extracting of said video and audio components from said storage device are performed simultaneously.

37. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch calculates and logically associates a time stamp to said video and audio components.

38. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch extracts time stamp values from a digital TV stream and logically associates said time stamp values to said video and audio components.

39. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for placing said video component into a circular video buffer;

- a module for posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event contains an indication that a video component was found and the location of said video component in said circular video buffer; and
  - a module for sending notice of said event posting.

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40. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:
a module for placing said audio component into a circular audio buffer;
a module for posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event
contains an indication that an audio component was found and the location of

5 said audio component in said circular audio buffer; and a module for sending notice of said event posting.

> 41. The apparatus of claims 39 or 40, further comprising: a module for receiving said notice;

a module for retrieving said event posting from said event buffer; and a module for indexing into the appropriate buffer indicated by the type and location information in said event buffer.

42. The apparatus of claim 41, further comprising:

a module for generating a buffer containing the logical audio or video segments in order, including ancillary information, wherein each of said logical segments points to the appropriate circular buffer location where corresponding audio or video components have been placed.

43. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising: a module for increasing the decoder system clock rate for fast playback or fast reverse playback.

44. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

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a module for decreasing the decoder system clock rate for slow playback or slow reverse playback.

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45. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for combining system audio cues and on-screen displays with said TV output signals.

46. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for decoding the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) data or private data channel information from said TV signal; and

a module for examining said data to determine the starting or ending indicators of a specific program.

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47. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for scanning the words contained within the closed caption (CC) fields to determine program starting and ending times, wherein particular words or phrases are used to trigger the recording of a specific program and wherein the CC information is preserved in time synchronization with the audio and video, and can be correctly presented to the viewer when the stream is displayed.

48. The apparatus of claim 47, further comprising:

a module for performing a specific action when a specific word is found in said CC information.

49. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch has a data bus connecting it to a CPU and DRAM.

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50. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch shares an address bus with a CPU and DRAM.

51. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch operates asychronously and autonomously with a CPU.

52. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein a storage device is connected to said Media Switch.

53. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch allows the CPU to queue up Direct Memory Access (DMA) transfers.

10 54. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a multimedia recording device, including, but not limited to, a Video Cassette Recorder (VCR) or a Digital Video Disk-Random Access Memory (DVD-RAM) device, wherein said recording device is attached to the output side of said decoder, allowing said user to record said TV output signals.

55. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein said user queues up programs from said disk to be stored on said recording device.

56. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein said user sets time schedules for said programs to be sent to said recording device.

57. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein title pages may be sent to said recording device before sending a program to be stored on said recording device.

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58. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, is sped up to fit within the desired time limit.

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59. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, has frames dropped from it to fit within the desired time limit.

60. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein the output of said recording device is 5 routed to said input section, allowing said recording device to act as a storage back up system, said recording device accepts overflow storage, TV programs, software updates, or other data that are later retrieved and sent to said input section.

61. An apparatus for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising:

a physical data source, wherein said physical data source accepts broadcast data from an input device, parses video and audio data from said broadcast data, and temporarily stores said video and audio data;

a source object, wherein said source object extracts video and audio data from said physical data source;

a transform object, wherein said transform object stores and retrieves data streams onto a storage device;

wherein said source object obtains a buffer from said transform object, said source object converts video data into data streams and fills said buffer with said streams;

wherein said source object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;

a sink object, wherein said sink object obtains data stream buffers from said transform object and outputs said streams to a video and audio decoder;

wherein said decoder converts said streams into display signals and sends said signals to a display;

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wherein said sink object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;

a control object, wherein said control object receives commands from a user, said commands control the flow of the broadcast data through the system;

and

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wherein said control object sends flow command events to said source, transform, and sink objects.

# MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

A multimedia time warping system. The invention allows the user to store

5 selected television broadcast programs while the user is simultaneously watching or reviewing another program. A preferred embodiment of the invention accepts television (TV) input streams in a multitude of forms, for example, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) or PAL broadcast, and digital forms such as Digital Satellite System (DSS), Digital Broadcast 10 Services (DBS), or Advanced Television Standards Committee (ATSC). The TV streams are converted to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation and are parsed and separated it into video and audio components. The components are stored in temporary buffers. Events are recorded that indicate the type of component that 15 has been found, where it is located, and when it occurred. The program logic is notified that an event has occurred and the data is extracted from the buffers. The parser and event buffer decouple the CPU from having to parse the MPEG stream and from the real time nature of the data streams which allows for slower CPU and bus speeds and translate to lower system costs. The video and audio 20 components are stored on a storage device and when the program is requested for display, the video and audio components are extracted from the storage device and reassembled into an MPEG stream which is sent to a decoder. The decoder converts the MPEG stream into TV output signals and delivers the TV output signals to a TV receiver. User control commands are accepted and sent 25 through the system. These commands affect the flow of said MPEG stream and allow the user to view stored programs with at least the following functions: reverse, fast forward, play, pause, index, fast/slow reverse play, and fast/slow

play.

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Fig. 2

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<u>Fig. 4</u>

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<u>Fig. 5</u>

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<u>Fig. 6</u>







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<u>Fig. 8</u>



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Fig. 9



Fig. 10

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#### **DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first, and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first, and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

#### MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

the specification of which (check one) X is attached hereto, or was filed on as Application Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United Sates Code, Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Claimed Yes No	
Number	Country	Day/Month/Year Filed		
Number	Country	Day/Month/Year Filed	<u> </u>	

\_\_\_\_\_\_

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

MICHAEL A. GLENN, Reg. No. 30,176 DONALD M. HENDRICKS, Reg. No. 40,355 KIRK D. WONG, Reg. No. P-43,284

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:

MICHAEL A. GLENN, P.O. Box 7831, Menlo Park, CA 94026

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#### 

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Ser. No. Filing Date Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned \_\_\_\_\_ I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. Full name of sole or first inventor JAMES <u>M. BARTON</u> Inventor's signature 101 Sund Avenue, L Residence os Gatos, California 95032 Post Office Address Same Citizenship \_\_\_\_ United States of America Full name of second inventor: RODERICK JAMES MCINNIS 98 Inventor's signature n 1299 Canton Drive, Milpitas, California 95035 Residence Post Office Address \_\_\_\_ Same United States of America Citizenship \_\_\_\_ Full name of third inventor: ALAN S. MOSKOWITZ Inventor's signature Date Residence 300 Third Street, San Francisco, California 94107

Post Office Address <u>Same</u>

Citizenship United States of America

Full name of fourth inventor:ANDREW MARTIN GOODMAN
Inventor's signature ANGOGOC 7/27/98
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Post Office Address Same
Citizenship United States of America
Full name of fifth inventor:CHING_TONG_CHOW
Inventor's signature 7/21/98 Date
Residence920 Seville Place, Fremont, California 94539
Post Office Address <u>Same</u>
Citizenship Hong Kong
Full name of sixth inventor:JEAN SWEY KAO
Inventor's signature <u>Jem Swey fer</u> <u>7/24/98</u> Date
Residence21876 Meadow View Lane, Cupertino, California 95014
Post Office Address <u>Same</u>
CitizenshipUnited States of America

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Applicants or Patentees: James M. Barton, Roderick J. McInnis, Alan Moskowitz, Andrew Goodman, Ching Tong Chow, and Jean Kao

Serial No.: Unassigned	Filing Date:	Herewith
Patent No.: Unassigned	Issued:	Unassigned

For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS 37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(b) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that I am:

- () the owner of the small business concern identified below:
- (X) an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN _	TiVo, Inc.		
ADDRESS OF CONCER	N 894 Ross Drive, Suit	e 100. Sunnvvale.	California 94089

I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3 - 18 and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time, or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention entitled: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING by inventor(s) James M. Barton, Roderick J. McInnis, Alan Moskowitz, Andrew Goodman, Ching Tong Chow, and Jean Kao described in:

(x) the application filed herewith

() application serial no. \_\_\_\_\_, filed \_\_\_\_\_,

( ) patent no. \_\_\_\_\_, issued \_\_\_\_\_

If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern, or organization having rights to the invention is listed below\* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than an inventor, who could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or by any concern that could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

- () no such person, concern, or organization
- () persons, concerns, or organizations listed below\*

\* NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern, or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities (37 CFR 1.27).

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

BARTON Name: JAM Signature of Inventor Date

Name: RODERICK MCINNIS

Signature of Inventor ß Date

Name: ALAN MOSKOWITZ

Signature a 9¢

Name: ANDREW GOODMAN

anature of Inventor

Name: CHING TONG CHOW

Date

Name: JEAN KAO

Date

Applicants or Patentees: James M. Barton, Roderick McInnis, Alan Moskowitz, Andrew Goodman, Ching Tong Chow, and Jean Kao

Serial No.:	Filing Date: Herewith
Patent No.:	Issued:
For MULTIMEDIA TIME WADDING	

#### For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

### VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS 37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(b) - INDEPENDENT INVENTOR

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that I qualify as an independent inventor as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, to the Patent and Trademark Office with regard to the invention entitled:

#### MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

described in:

(

(X) the application filed herewith

)	application serial n	o, filed
)	patent no.	, issued

I have not assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed and am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention to any person who could not be classified as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person had made the invention, or to any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern, or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- (x) no such person, concern, or organization
- () persons, concerns, or organizations listed below\*

\* NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern, or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities (37 CFR 1.27).

#### FULL NAME \_

ADDRESS

() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN () NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

#### FULL NAME \_

ADDRESS \_

() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN () NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate (37 CFR 1.28(b)).

FULL NAMEADDRESS	
() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN	() NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION
FULL NAMEADDRESS	
() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN	

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate (37 CFR 1.28(b)).

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING	ton
TITLE OF PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER	Chief Technical Officer & Vice President Engineering
ADDRESS OF PERSON/SIGNING	101 Sund Avenue
	Los Gatos, California 95032
SIGNATURE DATE 7/27/18	



If more than 150 claims or 10 actions staple additional sheet here

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I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the United States Pe stal Service " Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37-GER 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231.

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Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Inventors:

James M. BARTON, Roderick James McINNIS, Alan S. MOSKOWITZ, Andrew Martin GOODMAN, Ching Tong CHOW, Jean Swey KAO

For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

TIVO0003 Docket No .:

Enclosed are:

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	(X)	13 sheets of drawings
	(X)	A copy of a patent application
		A declaration and power of attorney
1	(X)	An assignment of the invention to: TIVO, INC.
ļ	(X)	Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status- Individual
		Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status- Business
ų		An Information Disclosure Statement, 1449 Form and cited references
Φ		One self addressed postcard
1. E	The filing tee has been	calculated as shown below:

een calculated as shown below:

14	Fee Calculation ( small entity )										
Э	Fee	Claims	Included with	Extra							
	Items	Filed	Basic Fee	Claims	F	Fee Rate		Total			
,	Total Claims	61	20	41	\$	11.00	\$	451.00			
9.E	Independent Claims	4	3	1	\$	41.00	\$	41.00			
	Multiple Dependent Claim Fee ( for one or more )				\$	135.00					
	Assignment Recordatio	n Fee			\$	40.00	\$	40.00			
	Basic Filing Fee				\$	395.00	\$	395.00			
Ш	Total Fees						\$	927.00			

A check in the amount of \$927 is enclosed to cover the filing fee and assignment recording fee.

The Commmissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees or credit any overpayments to Deposit Account No. 07-1445 (Order No. TIVO0003). A copy of this sheet is enclosed for accounting purposes.

All correspondence connected herewith should be sent to:

Michael A. Glenn

P.O. Box 7831

Menlo Park, CA 94026

All telephone calls connected herewith should be directed to: Michael A. Glenn (650) 851-7138

Respectfully submitted,

Michael A. Glenn Reg. No. 30,176

# MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

# **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

# **TECHNICAL FIELD**

The invention relates to the time shifting of television broadcast signals. More particularly, the invention relates to the real time capture, storage, and display of television broadcast signals.

# DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART

The Video Cassette Recorder (VCR) has changed the lives of television (TV) viewers throughout the world. The VCR has offered viewers the flexibility to time-shift TV programs to match their lifestyles.

The viewer stores TV programs onto magnetic tape using the VCR. The VCR gives the viewer the ability to play, rewind, fast forward and pause the stored program material. These functions enable the viewer to pause the program playback whenever he desires, fast forward through unwanted program material or commercials, and to replay favorite scenes. However, a VCR cannot both capture and play back information at the same time.

25 One approach to solving this problem is to use several VCRs. For example, if two video tape recorders are available, it might be possible to Ping-Pong between the two. In this case, the first recorder is started at the beginning of the program of interest. If the viewer wishes to rewind the broadcast, the second

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recorder begins recording, while the first recorder is halted, rewound to the appropriate place, and playback initiated. However, at least a third video tape recorder is required if the viewer wishes to fast forward to some point in time after the initial rewind was requested. In this case, the third recorder starts recording the broadcast stream while the second is halted and rewound to the appropriate position. Continuing this exercise, one can quickly see that the equipment becomes unwieldy, unreliable, expensive, and hard to operate, while never supporting all desired functions. In addition, tapes are of finite length, and may potentially end at inconvenient times, drastically lowering the value of the solution.

The use of digital computer systems to solve this problem has been suggested. U.S. Pat. No. 5,371,551 issued to Logan et al .. on 6 December 1994, teaches a method for concurrent video recording and playback. It presents a microprocessor controlled broadcast and playback device. Said device compresses and stores video data onto a hard disk. However, this approach is difficult to implement because the processor requirements for keeping up with the high video rates makes the device expensive and problematic. The microprocessor must be extremely fast to keep up with the incoming and outgoing video data.

It would be advantageous to provide a multimedia time warping system that gives the user the ability to simultaneously record and play back TV broadcast programs. It would further be advantageous to provide a multimedia time warping system that utilizes an approach that decouples the microprocessor from the high video data rates, thereby reducing the microprocessor and system requirements which are at a premium.

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## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides a multimedia time warping system. The invention utilizes an easily manipulated, low cost multimedia storage and display system that allows the user to view a television broadcast program with the option of instantly reviewing previous scenes within the program. In addition, the invention allows the user to store selected television broadcast programs while the user is simultaneously watching or reviewing another program.

10 A preferred embodiment of the invention accepts television (TV) input streams in a multitude of forms, for example, analog forms such as National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) or PAL broadcast, and digital forms such as Digital Satellite System (DSS), Digital Broadcast Services (DBS), or Advanced Television Standards Committee (ATSC). Analog TV streams are converted to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation, while pre-formatted MPEG streams are extracted from the digital TV signal and presented in a similar format to encoded analog streams.

The invention parses the resulting MPEG stream and separates it into its video and audio components. It then stores the components into temporary buffers. Events are recorded that indicate the type of component that has been found, where it is located, and when it occurred. The program logic is notified that an event has occurred and the data is extracted from the buffers.

The parser and event buffer decouple the CPU from having to parse the MPEG stream and from the real time nature of the data streams. This decoupling allows for slower CPU and bus speeds which translate to lower system costs.

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The video and audio components are stored on a storage device. When the program is requested for display, the video and audio components are extracted from the storage device and reassembled into an MPEG stream. The MPEG stream is sent to a decoder. The decoder converts the MPEG stream into TV output signals and delivers the TV output signals to a TV receiver.

User control commands are accepted and sent through the system. These commands affect the flow of said MPEG stream and allow the user to view stored programs with at least the following functions: reverse, fast forward, play, pause, index, fast/slow reverse play, and fast/slow play.

Other aspects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description in combination with the accompanying drawings, illustrating, by way of example, the principles of the invention.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block schematic diagram of a high level view of a preferred embodiment of the invention according to the invention;

Fig. 2 is a block schematic diagram of a preferred embodiment of the invention using multiple input and output modules according to the invention;

Fig. 3 is a schematic diagram of an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) data stream and its video and audio components according to the invention;

Fig. 4 is a block schematic diagram of a parser and four direct memory access (DMA) input engines contained in the Media Switch according to the invention;

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Fig. 5 is a schematic diagram of the components of a packetized elementary stream (PES) buffer according to the invention;

Fig. 6 is a schematic diagram of the construction of a PES buffer from the parsed components in the Media Switch output circular buffers;

Fig. 7 is a block schematic diagram of the Media Switch and the various components that it communicates with according to the invention;

Fig. 8 is a block schematic diagram of a high level view of the program logic according to the invention;

Fig. 9 is a block schematic diagram of a class hierarchy of the program logic according to the invention;

Fig. 10 is a block schematic diagram of a preferred embodiment of the clip cache component of the invention according to the invention;

Fig. 11 is a block schematic diagram of a preferred embodiment of the invention that emulates a broadcast studio video mixer according to the invention;

Fig. 12 is a block schematic diagram of a closed caption parser according to the invention; and

Fig. 13 is a block schematic diagram of a high level view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing a VCR as an integral component of the invention according to the invention.

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#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The invention is embodied in a multimedia time warping system. A system according to the invention provides a multimedia storage and display system that allows the user to view a television broadcast program with the option of instantly reviewing previous scenes within the program. The invention additionally provides the user with the ability to store selected television broadcast programs while simultaneously watching or reviewing another program and to view stored programs with at least the following functions: reverse, fast forward, play, pause, index, fast/slow reverse play, and fast/slow play.

Referring to Fig. 1, a preferred embodiment of the invention has an Input Section 101, Media Switch 102, and an Output Section 103. The Input Section 101 takes television (TV) input streams in a multitude of forms, for example, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) or PAL broadcast, and digital forms such as Digital Satellite System (DSS), Digital Broadcast Services (DBS), or Advanced Television Standards Committee (ATSC). DBS, DSS and ATSC are based on standards called Moving Pictures Experts Group 2 (MPEG2) and MPEG2 Transport. MPEG2 Transport is a standard for formatting the digital data stream from the TV source transmitter so that a TV receiver can disassemble the input stream to find programs in the multiplexed signal. The Input Section 101 produces MPEG streams. An MPEG2 transport multiplex supports multiple programs in the same broadcast channel, with multiple video and audio feeds and private data. The Input Section 101 tunes the channel to a particular program, extracts a specific MPEG program out of it, and feeds it to the rest of the system. Analog TV signals are encoded into a similar MPEG format using separate video and audio encoders, such that the remainder of the system is unaware of how the signal was obtained. Information may be

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modulated into the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) of the analog TV signal in a number of standard ways; for example, the North American Broadcast Teletext Standard (NABTS) may be used to modulate information onto lines 10 through 20 of an NTSC signal, while the FCC mandates the use of line 21 for Closed Caption (CC) and Extended Data Services (EDS). Such signals are decoded by the input section and passed to the other sections as if they were delivered via an MPEG2 private data channel.

The Media Switch 102 mediates between a microprocessor CPU 106, hard disk or storage device 105, and memory 104. Input streams are converted to an MPEG stream and sent to the Media Switch 102. The Media Switch 102 buffers the MPEG stream into memory. It then performs two operations if the user is watching real time TV: the stream is sent to the Output Section 103 and it is written simultaneously to the hard disk or storage device 105.

The Output Section 103 takes MPEG streams as input and produces an analog TV signal according to the NTSC, PAL, or other required TV standards. The Output Section 103 contains an MPEG decoder, On-Screen Display (OSD) generator, analog TV encoder and audio logic. The OSD generator allows the program logic to supply images which will be overlayed on top of the resulting analog TV signal. Additionally, the Output Section can modulate information supplied by the program logic onto the VBI of the output signal in a number of standard formats, including NABTS, CC and EDS.

With respect to Fig. 2, the invention easily expands to accommodate multiple Input Sections (tuners) 201, 202, 203, 204, each can be tuned to different types of input. Multiple Output Modules (decoders) 206, 207, 208, 209 are added as well. Special effects such as picture in a picture can be implemented with multiple decoders. The Media Switch 205 records one program while the user

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is watching another. This means that a stream can be extracted off the disk while another stream is being stored onto the disk.

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Referring to Fig. 3, the incoming MPEG stream 301 has interleaved video 302, 305, 306 and audio 303, 304, 307 segments. These elements must be separated and recombined to create separate video 308 and audio 309 streams or buffers. This is necessary because separate decoders are used to convert MPEG elements back into audio or video analog components. Such separate delivery requires that time sequence information be generated so that the decoders may be properly synchronized for accurate playback of the signal.

The Media Switch enables the program logic to associate proper time sequence information with each segment, possibly embedding it directly into the stream. The time sequence information for each segment is called a time stamp. These time stamps are monotonically increasing and start at zero each time the system boots up. This allows the invention to find any particular spot in any particular video segment. For example, if the system needs to read five seconds into an incoming contiguous video stream that is being cached, the system simply has to start reading forward into the stream and look for the appropriate time stamp.

A binary search can be performed on a stored file to index into a stream. Each stream is stored as a sequence of fixed-size segments enabling fast binary searches because of the uniform time stamping. If the user wants to start in the middle of the program, the system performs a binary search of the stored segments until it finds the appropriate spot, obtaining the desired results with a minimal amount of information. If the signal were instead stored as an MPEG stream, it would be necessary to linearly parse the stream from the beginning to find the desired location.

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With respect to Fig. 4, the Media Switch contains four input Direct Memory Access (DMA) engines 402, 403, 404, 405 each DMA engine has an associated buffer 410, 411, 412, 413. Conceptually, each DMA engine has a pointer 406, a limit for that pointer 407, a next pointer 408, and a limit for the next pointer 409. Each DMA engine is dedicated to a particular type of information, for example, video 402, audio 403, and parsed events 405. The buffers 410, 411, 412, 413 are circular and collect the specific information. The DMA engine increments the pointer 406 into the associated buffer until it reaches the limit 407 and then loads the next pointer 408 and limit 409. Setting the pointer 406 and next pointer 408 to the same value, along with the corresponding limit value creates a circular buffer. The next pointer 408 can be set to a different address to provide vector DMA.

The input stream flows through a parser 401. The parser 401 parses the stream looking for MPEG distinguished events indicating the start of video, audio or private data segments. For example, when the parser 401 finds a video event, it directs the stream to the video DMA engine 402. The parser 401 buffers up data and DMAs it into the video buffer 410 through the video DMA engine 402. At the same time, the parser 401 directs an event to the event DMA engine 405 which generates an event into the event buffer 413. When the parser 401 sees an audio event, it redirects the byte stream to the audio DMA engine 403 and generates an event into the event buffer 413. Similarly, when the parser 401 sees a private data event, it directs the byte stream to the private data DMA engine 404 and directs an event to the event buffer 413. The Media Switch notifies the program logic via an interrupt mechanism when events are placed in the event buffer.

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Referring to Figs. 4 and 5, the event buffer 413 is filled by the parser 401 with events. Each event 501 in the event buffer has an offset 502, event type 503, and time stamp field 504. The parser 401 provides the type and offset of each event as it is placed into the buffer. For example, when an audio event occurs, the event type field is set to an audio event and the offset indicates the location in the audio buffer 411. The program logic knows where the audio buffer 411 starts and adds the offset to find the event in the stream. The address offset 502 tells the program logic where the next event occurred, but not where it ended. The previous event is cached so the end of the current event can be found as well as the length of the segment.

With respect to Figs. 5 and 6, the program logic reads accumulated events in the event buffer 602 when it is interrupted by the Media Switch 601. From these events the program logic generates a sequence of logical segments 603 which correspond to the parsed MPEG segments 615. The program logic converts the offset 502 into the actual address 610 of each segment, and records the event length 609 using the last cached event. If the stream was produced by encoding an analog signal, it will not contain Program Time Stamp (PTS) values, which are used by the decoders to properly present the resulting output. Thus, the program logic uses the generated time stamp 504 to calculate a simulated PTS for each segment and places that into the logical segment time stamp 607. In the case of a digital TV stream, PTS values are already encoded in the stream. The program logic extracts this information and places it in the logical segment time stamp 607.

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The program logic continues collecting logical segments 603 until it reaches the fixed buffer size. When this occurs, the program logic generates a new buffer, called a Packetized Elementary Stream (PES) 605 buffer containing these logical segments 603 in order, plus ancillary control information. Each logical

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segment points 604 directly to the circular buffer, *e.g.*, the video buffer 613, filled by the Media Switch 601. This new buffer is then passed to other logic components, which may further process the stream in the buffer in some way, such as presenting it for decoding or writing it to the storage media. Thus, the MPEG data is not copied from one location in memory to another by the processor. This results in a more cost effective design since lower memory bandwidth and processor bandwidth is required.

A unique feature of the MPEG stream transformation into PES buffers is that the data associated with logical segments need not be present in the buffer itself, as presented above. When a PES buffer is written to storage, these logical segments are written to the storage medium in the logical order in which they appear. This has the effect of gathering components of the stream, whether they be in the video, audio or private data circular buffers, into a single linear buffer of stream data on the storage medium. The buffer is read back from the storage medium with a single transfer from the storage media, and the logical segment information is updated to correspond with the actual locations in the buffer 606. Higher level program logic is unaware of this transformation, since it handles only the logical segments, thus stream data is easily managed without requiring that the data ever be copied between locations in DRAM by the CPU.

A unique aspect of the Media Switch is the ability to handle high data rates effectively and inexpensively. It performs the functions of taking video and audio data in, sending video and audio data out, sending video and audio data to disk, and extracting video and audio data from the disk on a low cost platform. Generally, the Media Switch runs asynchronously and autonomously with the microprocessor CPU, using its DMA capabilities to move large quantities of information with minimal intervention by the CPU.

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Referring to Fig: 7, the input side of the Media Switch 701 is connected to an MPEG encoder 703. There are also circuits specific to MPEG audio 704 and vertical blanking interval (VBI) data 702 feeding into the Media Switch 701. If a digital TV signal is being processed instead, the MPEG encoder 703 is replaced with an MPEG2 Transport Demultiplexor, and the MPEG audio encoder 704 and VBI decoder 702 are deleted. The demultiplexor multiplexes the extracted audio, video and private data channel streams through the video input Media Switch port.

The parser 705 parses the input data stream from the MPEG encoder 703, 10 audio encoder 704 and VBI decoder 702, or from the transport demultiplexor in the case of a digital TV stream. The parser 705 detects the beginning of all of the important events in a video or audio stream, the start of all of the frames, the start of sequence headers - all of the pieces of information that the program 15 logic needs to know about in order to both properly play back and perform special effects on the stream, e.g. fast forward, reverse, play, pause, fast/slow play, indexing, and fast/slow reverse play.

The parser 705 places tags 707 into the FIFO 706 when it identifies video or audio segments, or is given private data. The DMA 709 controls when these tags are taken out. The tags 707 and the DMA addresses of the segments are placed into the event queue 708. The frame type information, whether it is a start of a video I-frame, video B-frame, video P-frame, video PES, audio PES, a sequence header, an audio frame, or private data packet, is placed into the event queue 708 along with the offset in the related circular buffer where the piece of information was placed. The program logic operating in the CPU 713 examines events in the circular buffer after it is transferred to the DRAM 714.

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The Media Switch 701 has a data bus 711 that connects to the CPU 713 and DRAM 714. An address bus 712 is also shared between the Media Switch 701, CPU 713, and DRAM 714. A hard disk or storage device 710 is connected to one of the ports of the Media Switch 701. The Media Switch 701 outputs streams to an MPEG video decoder 715 and a separate audio decoder 717. The audio decoder 717 signals contain audio cues generated by the system in response to the user's commands on a remote control or other internal events. The decoded audio output from the MPEG decoder is digitally mixed 718 with the separate audio signal. The resulting signals contain video, audio, and on-screen displays and are sent to the TV 716.

The Media Switch 701 takes in 8-bit data and sends it to the disk, while at the same time extracts another stream of data off of the disk and sends it to the MPEG decoder 715. All of the DMA engines described above can be working at the same time. The Media Switch 701 can be implemented in hardware using a Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA), ASIC, or discrete logic.

Rather than having to parse through an immense data stream looking for the start of where each frame would be, the program logic only has to look at the circular event buffer in DRAM 714 and it can tell where the start of each frame is and the frame type. This approach saves a large amount of CPU power, keeping the real time requirements of the CPU 713 small. The CPU 713 does not have to be very fast at any point in time. The Media Switch 701 gives the CPU 713 as much time as possible to complete tasks. The parsing mechanism 705 and event queue 708 decouple the CPU 713 from parsing the audio, video, and buffers and the real time nature of the streams, which allows for lower costs. It also allows the use of a bus structure in a CPU environment that operates at a much lower clock rate with much cheaper memory than would be required otherwise.

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The CPU 713 has the ability to queue up one DMA transfer and can set up the next DMA transfer at its leisure. This gives the CPU 713 large time intervals within which it can service the DMA controller 709. The CPU 713 may respond to a DMA interrupt within a larger time window because of the large latency allowed. MPEG streams, whether extracted from an MPEG2 Transport or encoded from an analog TV signal, are typically encoded using a technique called Variable Bit Rate encoding (VBR). This technique varies the amount of data required to represent a sequence of images by the amount of movement between those images. This technique can greatly reduce the required bandwidth for a signal, however sequences with rapid movement (such as a basketball game) may be encoded with much greater bandwidth requirements. For example, the Hughes DirecTV satellite system encodes signals with anywhere from 1 to 10Mb/s of required bandwidth, varying from frame to frame. It would be difficult for any computer system to keep up with such rapidly varying data rates without this structure.

With respect to Fig. 8, the program logic within the CPU has three conceptual components: sources 801, transforms 802, and sinks 803. The sources 801 produce buffers of data. Transforms 802 process buffers of data and sinks 803 consume buffers of data. A transform is responsible for allocating and queuing the buffers of data on which it will operate. Buffers are allocated as if "empty" to sources of data, which give them back "full". The buffers are then queued and given to sinks as "full", and the sink will return the buffer "empty".

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A source 801 accepts data from encoders, *e.g.*, a digital satellite receiver. It acquires buffers for this data from the downstream transform, packages the data into a buffer, then pushes the buffer down the pipeline as described above. The source object 801 does not know anything about the rest of the system. The

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sink 803 consumes buffers, taking a buffer from the upstream transform, sending the data to the decoder, and then releasing the buffer for reuse.

There are two types of transforms 802 used: spatial and temporal. Spatial transforms are transforms that perform, for example, an image convolution or compression/decompression on the buffered data that is passing through. Temporal transforms are used when there is no time relation that is expressible between buffers going in and buffers coming out of a system. Such a transform writes the buffer to a file 804 on the storage medium. The buffer is pulled out at a later time, sent down the pipeline, and properly sequenced within the stream.

Referring to Fig. 9, a C++ class hierarchy derivation of the program logic is shown. The TiVo Media Kernel (Tmk) 904, 908, 913 mediates with the operating system kernel. The kernel provides operations such as: memory allocation, synchronization, and threading. The TmkCore 904, 908, 913 structures memory taken from the media kernel as an object. It provides operators, new and delete, for constructing and deconstructing the object. Each object (source 901, transform 902, and sink 903) is multi-threaded by definition and can run in parallel.

The TmkPipeline class 905, 909, 914 is responsible for flow control through the system. The pipelines point to the next pipeline in the flow from source 901 to sink 903. To pause the pipeline, for example, an event called "pause" is sent to the first object in the pipeline. The event is relayed on to the next object and so on down the pipeline. This all happens asynchronously to the data going through the pipeline. Thus, similar to applications such as telephony, control of the flow of MPEG streams is asynchronous and separate from the streams themselves. This allows for a simple logic design that is at the same time powerful enough to support the features described previously, including pause,

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rewind, fast forward and others. In addition, this structure allows fast and efficient switching between stream sources, since buffered data can be simply discarded and decoders reset using a single event, after which data from the new stream will pass down the pipeline. Such a capability is needed, for example, when switching the channel being captured by the input section, or when switching between a live signal from the input section and a stored stream.

The source object 901 is a TmkSource 906 and the transform object 902 is a TmkXfrm 910. These are intermediate classes that define standard behaviors for the classes in the pipeline. Conceptually, they handshake buffers down the pipeline. The source object 901 takes data out of a physical data source, such as the Media Switch, and places it into a PES buffer. To obtain the buffer, the source object 901 asks the down stream object in his pipeline for a buffer (allocEmptyBuf). The source object 901 is blocked until there is sufficient memory. This means that the pipeline is self-regulating; it has automatic flow control. When the source object 901 has filled up the buffer, it hands it back to the transform 902 through the pushFullBuf function.

The sink 903 is flow controlled as well. It calls nextFullBuf which tells the transform 902 that it is ready for the next filled buffer. This operation can block the sink 903 until a buffer is ready. When the sink 903 is finished with a buffer (*i.e.*, it has consumed the data in the buffer) it calls releaseEmptyBuf. ReleaseEmptyBuf gives the buffer back to the transform 902. The transform 902 can then hand that buffer, for example, back to the source object 901 to fill up again. In addition to the automatic flow-control benefit of this method, it also provides for limiting the amount of memory dedicated to buffers by allowing enforcement of a fixed allocation of buffers by a transform. This is an important feature in achieving a cost-effective limited DRAM environment.

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The MediaSwitch class 909 calls the allocEmptyBuf method of the TmkClipCache 912 object and receives a PES buffer from it. It then goes out to the circular buffers in the Media Switch hardware and generates PES buffers. The MediaSwitch class 909 fills the buffer up and pushes it back to the TmkClipCache 912 object.

The TmkClipCache 912 maintains a cache file 918 on a storage medium. It also maintains two pointers into this cache: a push pointer 919 that shows where the next buffer coming from the source 901 is inserted; and a current pointer 920 which points to the current buffer used.

The buffer that is pointed to by the current pointer is handed to the Vela decoder class 916. The Vela decoder class 916 talks to the decoder 921 in the hardware. The decoder 921 produces a decoded TV signal that is subsequently encoded into an analog TV signal in NTSC, PAL or other analog format. When the Vela decoder class 916 is finished with the buffer it calls releaseEmptyBuf.

The structure of the classes makes the system easy to test and debug. Each level can be tested separately to make sure it performs in the appropriate manner, and the classes may be gradually aggregated to achieve the desired functionality while retaining the ability to effectively test each object.

The control object 917 accepts commands from the user and sends events into the pipeline to control what the pipeline is doing. For example, if the user has a remote control and is watching TV, the user presses pause and the control object 917 sends an event to the sink 903, that tells it pause. The sink 903 stops asking for new buffers. The current pointer 920 stays where it is at. The



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sink 903 starts taking buffers out again when it receives another event that tells it to play. The system is in perfect synchronization; it starts from the frame that it stopped at.

5 The remote control may also have a fast forward key. When the fast forward key is pressed, the control object 917 sends an event to the transform 902, that tells it to move forward two seconds. The transform 902 finds that the two second time span requires it to move forward three buffers. It then issues a reset event to the downstream pipeline, so that any queued data or state that may be present in the hardware decoders is flushed. This is a critical step, since the structure of MPEG streams requires maintenance of state across multiple frames of data, and that state will be rendered invalid by repositioning the pointer. It then moves the current pointer 920 forward three buffers. The next time the sink 903 calls nextFullBuf it gets the new current buffer. The same method works for fast reverse in that the transform 902 moves the current pointer 920 backwards.

A system clock reference resides in the decoder. The system clock reference is sped up for fast play or slowed down for slow play. The sink simply asks for full buffers faster or slower, depending on the clock speed.

With respect to Fig. 10, two other objects derived from the TmkXfrm class are placed in the pipeline for disk access. One is called TmkClipReader 1003 and the other is called TmkClipWriter 1001. Buffers come into the TmkClipWriter 1001 and are pushed to a file on a storage medium 1004. TmkClipReader 1003 asks for buffers which are taken off of a file on a storage medium 1005. A TmkClipReader 1003 provides only the allocEmptyBuf and pushFullBuf methods, while a TmkClipWriter 1001 provides only the nextFullBuf and releaseEmptyBuf methods. A TmkClipReader 1003 therefore performs the

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same function as the input, or "push" side of a TmkClipCache 1002, while a TmkClipWriter 1001 therefore performs the same function as the output, or "pull" side of a TmkClipCache 1002.

5 Referring to Fig. 11, a preferred embodiment that accomplishes multiple functions is shown. A source 1101 has a TV signal input. The source sends data to a PushSwitch 1102 which is a transform derived from TmkXfrm. The PushSwitch 1102 has multiple outputs that can be switched by the control object 1114. This means that one part of the pipeline can be stopped and another can be started at the users whim. The user can switch to different storage devices. The PushSwitch 1102 could output to a TmkClipWriter 1106, which goes onto a storage device 1107 or write to the cache transform 1103.

An important feature of this apparatus is the ease with which it can selectively capture portions of an incoming signal under the control of program logic. Based on information such as the current time, or perhaps a specific time span, or perhaps via a remote control button press by the viewer, a TmkClipWriter 1106 may be switched on to record a portion of the signal, and switched off at some later time. This switching is typically caused by sending a "switch" event to the PushSwitch 1102 object.

An additional method for triggering selective capture is through information modulated into the VBI or placed into an MPEG private data channel. Data decoded from the VBI or private data channel is passed to the program logic. The program logic examines this data to determine if the data indicates that capture of the TV signal into which it was modulated should begin. Similarly, this information may also indicate when recording should end, or another data item may be modulated into the signal indicating when the capture should end. The starting and ending indicators may be explicitly modulated into the signal or

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other information that is placed into the signal in a standard fashion may be used to encode this information.

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With respect to Fig. 12, an example is shown which demonstrates how the program logic scans the words contained within the closed caption (CC) fields to determine starting and ending times, using particular words or phrases to trigger the capture. A stream of NTSC or PAL fields 1201 is presented. CC bytes are extracted from each odd field 1202, and entered in a circular buffer 1203 for processing by the Word Parser 1204. The Word Parser 1204 collects characters until it encounters a word boundary, usually a space, period or other delineating character. Recall from above, that the MPEG audio and video segments are collected into a series of fixed-size PES buffers. A special segment is added to each PES buffer to hold the words extracted from the CC field 1205. Thus, the CC information is preserved in time synchronization with the audio and video, and can be correctly presented to the viewer when the stream is displayed. This also allows the stored stream to be processed for CC information at the leisure of the program logic, which spreads out load, reducing cost and improving efficiency. In such a case, the words stored in the special segment are simply passed to the state table logic 1206.

During stream capture, each word is looked up in a table 1206 which indicates the action to take on recognizing that word. This action may simply change the state of the recognizer state machine 1207, or may cause the state machine 1207 to issue an action request, such as "start capture", "stop capture", "phrase seen", or other similar requests. Indeed, a recognized word or phrase may cause the pipeline to be switched; for example, to overlay a different audio track if undesirable language is used in the program.

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Note that the parsing state table 1206 and recognizer state machine 1207 may be modified or changed at any time. For example, a different table and state machine may be provided for each input channel. Alternatively, these elements may be switched depending on the time of day, or because of other events.

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Referring to Fig. 11, a PullSwitch is added 1104 which outputs to the sink 1105. The sink 1105 calls nextFullBuf and releaseEmptyBuf to get or return buffers from the PullSwitch 1104. The PullSwitch 1104 can have any number of inputs. One input could be an ActionClip 1113. The remote control can switch between input sources. The control object 1114 sends an event to the PullSwitch 1104, telling it to switch. It will switch from the current input source to whatever input source the control object selects.

An ActionClip class provides for sequencing a number of different stored signals in a predictable and controllable manner, possibly with the added control of viewer selection via a remote control. Thus, it appears as a derivative of a TmkXfrm object that accepts a "switch" event for switching to the next stored signal.

20 This allows the program logic or user to create custom sequences of video output. Any number of video segments can be lined up and combined as if the program logic or user were using a broadcast studio video mixer. TmkClipReaders 1108, 1109, 1110 are allocated and each is hooked into the PullSwitch 1104. The PullSwitch 1104 switches between the TmkClipReaders 1108, 1109, 1110 to combine video and audio clips. Flow control is automatic because of the way the pipeline is constructed. The Push and Pull Switches are the same as video switches in a broadcast studio.

21 11.

The derived class and resulting objects described here may be combined in an arbitrary way to create a number of different useful configurations for storing, retrieving, switching and viewing of TV streams. For example, if multiple input and output sections are available, one input is viewed while another is stored, and a picture-in-picture window generated by the second output is used to preview previously stored streams. Such configurations represent a unique and novel application of software transformations to achieve the functionality expected of expensive, sophisticated hardware solutions within a single cost-effective device.

With respect to Fig. 13, a high-level system view is shown which implements a VCR backup. The Output Module 1303 sends TV signals to the VCR 1307. This allows the user to record TV programs directly on to video tape. The invention allows the user to queue up programs from disk to be recorded on to video tape and to schedule the time that the programs are sent to the VCR 1307. Title pages (EPG data) can be sent to the VCR 1307 before a program is sent. Longer programs can be scaled to fit onto smaller video tapes by speeding up the play speed or dropping frames.

The VCR 1307 output can also be routed back into the Input Module 1301. In this configuration the VCR acts as a backup system for the Media Switch 1302. Any overflow storage or lower priority programming is sent to the VCR 1307 for later retrieval.

The Input Module 1301 can decode and pass to the remainder of the system information encoded on the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI). The Output Module 1303 can encode into the output VBI data provided by the remainder of the system. The program logic may arrange to encode identifying information of various kinds into the output signal, which will be recorded onto tape using the

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VCR 1307. Playing this tape back into the input allows the program logic to read back this identifying information, such that the TV signal recorded on the tape is properly handled. For example, a particular program may be recorded to tape along with information about when it was recorded, the source network, etc. When this program is played back into the Input Module, this information can be used to control storage of the signal, presentation to the viewer, etc.

One skilled in the art will readily appreciate that such a mechanism may be used to introduce various data items to the program logic which are not properly conceived of as television signals. For instance, software updates or other data may be passed to the system. The program logic receiving this data from the television stream may impose controls on how the data is handled, such as requiring certain authentication sequences and/or decrypting the embedded information according to some previously acquired key. Such a method works for normal broadcast signals as well, leading to an efficient means of providing non-TV control information and data to the program logic.

Additionally, one skilled in the art will readily appreciate that although a VCR is specifically mentioned above, any multimedia recording device (*e.g.*, a Digital Video Disk-Random Access Memory (DVD-RAM) recorder) is easily substituted in its place.

Although the invention is described herein with reference to the preferred embodiment, one skilled in the art will readily appreciate that other applications may be substituted for those set forth herein without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention. For example, the invention can be used in the detection of gambling casino crime. The input section of the invention is connected to the casino's video surveillance system. Recorded video is cached and simultaneously output to external VCRs. The user can switch to any video

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feed and examine (*i.e.*, rewind, play, slow play, fast forward, etc.) a specific segment of the recorded video while the external VCRs are being loaded with the real-time input video. Accordingly, the invention should only be limited by the Claims included below.



# <u>CLAIMS</u>

1. A process for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising the steps of:

accepting television (TV) broadcast signals, wherein said TV signals are based on a multitude of standards, including, but not limited to, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) broadcast, PAL broadcast, satellite transmission, DSS, DBS, or ATSC;

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tuning said TV signals to a specific program;

providing at least one Input Section, wherein said input section converts said specific program to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation;

providing a Media Switch, wherein said Media Switch parses said MPEG stream, said MPEG stream is separated into its video and audio components;

storing said video and audio components on a storage device;

providing at least one Output Section, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from a storage device;

wherein said Output Section assembles said video and audio components into an MPEG stream;

wherein said Output Section sends said MPEG stream to a decoder; wherein said decoder converts said MPEG stream into TV output signals; wherein said decoder delivers said TV output signals to a TV receiver; and accepting control commands from a user, wherein said control commands are sent through the system and affect the flow of said MPEG stream.

2. The process of claim 1, wherein said Input Section directs said MPEG stream to the destination indicated by said control commands.

3. The process of claim 1, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from the storage device indicated by said control commands.

 The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of: creating custom video output sequences, wherein said sequences are specified by a user or program control.

5. The process of claim 1, wherein the storing and extracting of said video and audio components from said storage device are performed simultaneously.

6. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch calculates and logically associates a time stamp to said video and audio components.

7. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch extracts time stamp values from a digital TV stream and logically associates said time stamp values to said video and audio components.

8. The process of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

placing said video component into a circular video buffer;

posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event contains an indication that a video component was found and the location of said video component in said circular video buffer; and sending notice of said event posting.

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 The process of claim 1, further comprising the steps of: placing said audio component into a circular audio buffer;



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posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event contains an indication that an audio component was found and the location of said audio component in said circular audio buffer; and

sending notice of said event posting.

 The process of claims 8 or 9, further comprising the steps of: receiving said notice; retrieving said event posting from said event buffer; and indexing into the appropriate buffer indicated by the type and location

10 information in said event buffer.

11. The process of claim 10, further comprising the steps of:

generating a buffer containing the logical audio or video segments in order, including ancillary information, wherein each of said logical segments points to the appropriate circular buffer location where corresponding audio or video components have been placed.

12. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

increasing the decoder system clock rate for fast playback or fast reverse playback.

13. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

decreasing the decoder system clock rate for slow playback or slow reverse playback.

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14. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

combining system audio cues and on-screen displays with said TV output signals.



15. The process of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

decoding the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) data or private data channel information from said TV signal; and

examining said data to determine the starting or ending indicators of a specific program.

16. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

scanning the words contained within the closed caption (CC) fields to determine program starting and ending times, wherein particular words or phrases are used to trigger the recording of a specific program and wherein the CC information is preserved in time synchronization with the audio and video, and can be correctly presented to the viewer when the stream is displayed.

17. The process of claim 16, further comprising the step of:

performing a specific action when a specific word is found in said CC information.

18. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch has a data bus connecting it to a CPU and DRAM.

19. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch shares an address bus with a CPU and DRAM.

20. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch operates asychronously and autonomously with a CPU.

>21. The process of claim 1, wherein a storage device is connected to said Media Switch.



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22. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch allows the CPU to queue up Direct Memory Access (DMA) transfers.

23. The process of claim 1, wherein said Media Switch is implemented in hardware.

24. The process of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

providing a multimedia recording device, including, but not limited to, a Video Cassette Recorder (VCR) or a Digital Video Disk-Random Access Memory (DVD-RAM) device, wherein said recording device is attached to the output side of said decoder, allowing said user to record said TV output signals.

25. The process of claim 24, wherein said user queues up programs from said disk to be stored on said recording device.

26. The process of claim 24, wherein said user sets time schedules for said programs to be sent to said recording device.

27. The process of claim 24, wherein title pages may be sent to said recording device before sending a program to be stored on said recording device.

28. The process of claim 24, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, is sped up to fit within the desired time limit.

29. The process of claim 24, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, has frames dropped from it to fit within the desired time limit.

30. The process of claim 24, wherein the output of said recording device is routed to said input section, allowing said recording device to act as a storage back up system, said recording device accepts overflow storage, TV programs, software updates, or other data that are later retrieved and sent to said input section.

31. A process for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising the steps of:

providing a physical data source, wherein said physical data source accepts broadcast data from an input device, parses video and audio data from said broadcast data, and temporarily stores said video and audio data;

providing a source object, wherein said source object extracts video and audio data from said physical data source;

providing a transform object, wherein said transform object stores and retrieves data streams onto a storage device;

wherein said source object obtains a buffer from said transform object, said source object converts video data into data streams and fills said buffer with said streams;

wherein said source object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;

providing a sink object, wherein said sink object obtains data stream buffers from said transform object and outputs said streams to a video and audio decoder;

wherein said decoder converts said streams into display signals and sends said signals to a display;

wherein said sink object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;



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providing a control object, wherein said control object receives commands from a user, said commands control the flow of the broadcast data through the system; and

wherein said control object sends flow command events to said source, transform, and sink objects.

32. An apparatus for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising:

a module for accepting television (TV) broadcast signals, wherein said TV signals are based on a multitude of standards, including, but not limited to, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) broadcast, PAL broadcast, satellite transmission, DSS, DBS, or ATSC;

a module for tuning said TV signals to a specific program;

at least one Input Section, wherein said input section converts said specific program to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation;

a Media Switch, wherein said Media Switch parses said MPEG stream, said MPEG stream is separated into its video and audio components;

a module for storing said video and audio components on a storage device;

at least one Output Section, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from a storage device;

wherein said Output Section assembles said video and audio components into an MPEG stream;

wherein said Output Section sends said MPEG stream to a decoder; wherein said decoder converts said MPEG stream into TV output signals; wherein said decoder delivers said TV output signals to a TV receiver; and accepting control commands from a user, wherein said control commands are sent through the system and affect the flow of said MPEG stream.

33. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Input Section directs said MPEG stream to the destination indicated by said control commands.

- 34. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Output Section extracts said video and audio components from the storage device indicated by said control commands.
  - 35. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for creating custom video output sequences, wherein said sequences are specified by a user or program control.

36. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein the storing and extracting of said video and audio components from said storage device are performed simultaneously.

37. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch calculates and logically associates a time stamp to said video and audio components.

38. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch extracts time stamp values from a digital TV stream and logically associates said time stamp values to said video and audio components.

39. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:a module for placing said video component into a circular video buffer;

a module for posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event contains an indication that a video component was found and the location of said video component in said circular video buffer; and

a module for sending notice of said event posting.



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40. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:
a module for placing said audio component into a circular audio buffer;
a module for posting an event in a circular event buffer, wherein said event
contains an indication that an audio component was found and the location of

5 said audio component in said circular audio buffer; and a module for sending notice of said event posting.

> 41. The apparatus of claims 39 or 40, further comprising: a module for receiving said notice;

a module for retrieving said event posting from said event buffer; and a module for indexing into the appropriate buffer indicated by the type and location information in said event buffer.

42. The apparatus of claim 41, further comprising:

a module for generating a buffer containing the logical audio or video segments in order, including ancillary information, wherein each of said logical segments points to the appropriate circular buffer location where corresponding audio or video components have been placed.

43. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for increasing the decoder system clock rate for fast playback or fast reverse playback.

44. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for decreasing the decoder system clock rate for slow playback or slow reverse playback.

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45. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for combining system audio cues and on-screen displays with said TV output signals.

46. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for decoding the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) data or private data channel information from said TV signal; and

a module for examining said data to determine the starting or ending indicators of a specific program.

47. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a module for scanning the words contained within the closed caption (CC) fields to determine program starting and ending times, wherein particular words or phrases are used to trigger the recording of a specific program and wherein the CC information is preserved in time synchronization with the audio and video, and can be correctly presented to the viewer when the stream is displayed.

48. The apparatus of claim 47, further comprising:

a module for performing a specific action when a specific word is found in said CC information.

49. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch has a data bus connecting it to a CPU and DRAM.

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50. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch shares an address bus with a CPU and DRAM.

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51. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch operates asychronously and autonomously with a CPU.

52. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein a storage device is connected to said Media Switch.

53. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein said Media Switch allows the CPU to queue up Direct Memory Access (DMA) transfers.

54. The apparatus of claim 32, further comprising:

a multimedia recording device, including, but not limited to, a Video Cassette Recorder (VCR) or a Digital Video Disk-Random Access Memory (DVD-RAM) device, wherein said recording device is attached to the output side of said decoder, allowing said user to record said TV output signals.

55. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein said user queues up programs from said disk to be stored on said recording device.

56. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein said user sets time schedules for said programs to be sent to said recording device.

57. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein title pages may be sent to said recording device before sending a program to be stored on said recording device.

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58. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, is sped up to fit within the desired time limit.



59. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein a program that is longer in duration than a magnetic tape in said recording device allows, has frames dropped from it to fit within the desired time limit.

50. The apparatus of claim 54, wherein the output of said recording device is routed to said input section, allowing said recording device to act as a storage back up system, said recording device accepts overflow storage, TV programs, software updates, or other data that are later retrieved and sent to said input section.

61. An apparatus for the simultaneous storage and play back of multimedia data, comprising:

a physical data source, wherein said physical data source accepts broadcast data from an input device, parses video and audio data from said broadcast data, and temporarily stores said video and audio data;

a source object, wherein said source object extracts video and audio data from said physical data source;

a transform object, wherein said transform object stores and retrieves data streams onto a storage device;

wherein said source object obtains a buffer from said transform object, said source object converts video data into data streams and fills said buffer with said streams;

wherein said source object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;

a sink object, wherein said sink object obtains data stream buffers from said transform object and outputs said streams to a video and audio decoder;

wherein said decoder converts said streams into display signals and sends said signals to a display;



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wherein said sink object is automatically flow controlled by said transform object;

a control object, wherein said control object receives commands from a user, said commands control the flow of the broadcast data through the system; and

wherein said control object sends flow command events to said source, transform, and sink objects.

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## MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM ABSTRACT

A multimedia time warping system. The invention allows the user to store selected television broadcast programs while the user is simultaneously watching or reviewing another program. A preferred embodiment of the invention accepts television (TV) input streams in a multitude of forms, for example, National Television Standards Committee (NTSC) or PAL broadcast, and digital forms such as Digital Satellite System (DSS), Digital Broadcast Services (DBS), or Advanced Television Standards Committee (ATSC). The TV streams are converted to an Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG) formatted stream for internal transfer and manipulation and are parsed and separated it into video and audio components. The components are stored in temporary buffers. Events are recorded that indicate the type of component that has been found, where it is located, and when it occurred. The program logic is notified that an event has occurred and the data is extracted from the buffers. The parser and event buffer decouple the CPU from having to parse the MPEG stream and from the real time nature of the data streams which allows for slower CPU and bus speeds and translate to lower system costs. The video and audio components are stored on a storage device and when the program is requested for display, the video and audio components are extracted from the storage device and reassembled into an MPEG stream which is sent to a decoder. The decoder converts the MPEG stream into TV output signals and delivers the TV output signals to a TV receiver. User control commands are accepted and sent through the system. These commands affect the flow of said MPEG stream and allow the user to view stored programs with at least the following functions: reverse, fast forward, play, pause, index, fast/slow reverse play, and fast/slow play.

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Fig. 1



Fig. 2



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<u>Fig. 3</u>

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Fig. 4



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<u>Fig. 8</u>



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Fig. 9



<u>Fig. 10</u>











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### **DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first, and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first, and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

#### MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

the specification of which (check one) X is attached hereto, or \_\_\_\_ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a).

#### 

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United Sates Code, Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Claimed Yes No

Number Country Day/Month/Year Filed

Number Country Day/Month/Year Filed

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

MICHAEL A. GLENN, Reg. No. 30,176 DONALD M. HENDRICKS, Reg. No. 40,355 KIRK D. WONG, Reg. No. P-43,284

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:

MICHAEL A. GLENN, P.O. Box 7831, Menlo Park, CA 94026

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Inventor's signature ASUGOOC 7/27/98
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Post Office Address <u>Same</u>
CitizenshipUnited States of America
Full name of fifth inventor:CHING TONG CHOW
Inventor's signature 7/2//98 Date
Residence920 Seville Place, Fremont, California 94539
Post Office AddressSame
CitizenshipHong Kong
Full name of sixth inventor:JEAN SWEY KAO
Inventor's signature Ker Swey Fer 7/24/98
Residence 21876 Meadow View Lane, Cupertino, California 95014
Post Office Address <u>Same</u>
Citizenship United States of America



For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS 37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(b) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that I am:

- () the owner of the small business concern identified below:
- (X) an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN <u>TiVo, Inc.</u> ADDRESS OF CONCERN <u>894 Ross Drive, Suite 100, Sunnvvale, California 94089</u>

I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3 - 18 and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time, or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention entitled: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING by inventor(s) James M. Barton, Roderick J. McInnis, Alan Moskowitz, Andrew Goodman, Ching Tong Chow, and Jean Kao described in:

(x) the application filed herewith

() application serial no. \_\_\_\_\_, filed \_\_\_\_\_

( ) patent no. \_\_\_\_\_, issued \_\_\_\_\_,

If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern, or organization having rights to the invention is listed below\* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than an inventor, who could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or by any concern that could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

() no such person, concern, or organization

() persons, concerns, or organizations listed below\*

\* NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern, or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities (37 CFR 1.27).



I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

BARTON Name: JAN ature of Inventor 98 Date

Name: ALAN MOSKOWITZ

Signature of Invento

Name: RODERICK MCINNIS

Signature of Inventor

ß Date

Name: ANDREW GOODMAN

Signature of Inventor

Jale

Name: JEAN KAO

Signature

Date

Name: CHING TONG CHOW Signature of Inventor 90 Date

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Applicants or Patentees: James M. Barton, Roderick McInnis, Alan Moskowitz, Andrew Goodman, Ching Tong Chow, and Jean Kao

Serial No.:	Filing Date:	Herewith
Patent No.:	Issued:	

### For: MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

### VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS 37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(b) - INDEPENDENT INVENTOR

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that I qualify as an independent inventor as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, to the Patent and Trademark Office with regard to the invention entitled:

#### MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

described in:

(X)	the application filed herewith		
()	application serial no.	, filed	
()	patent no.	, issued	

I have not assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed and am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention to any person who could not be classified as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person had made the invention, or to any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern, or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

(x) no such person, concern, or organization

() persons, concerns, or organizations listed below\*

\* NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern, or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities (37 CFR 1.27).

FULL NAME
ADDRESS
() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN () NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION
FULL NAME

ADDRESS

() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN () NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate (37 CFR 1.28(b)).

.

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FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS \_\_\_\_

### () INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN () NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

FULL NAME \_\_\_\_\_ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN () NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate (37 CFR 1.28(b)).

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING James M. Bart	on
TITLE OF PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER	Chief Technical Officer & Vice President Engineering
ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING	101 Sund Avenue
	Los Gatos, California 95032
SIGNATURE	DATE7/27/18

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I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Ser. No. Filing Date Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. ),

Full name of sole or first inventor: JAMES M. BARTON
Inventor's signature 7/27/98 Date
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Post Office Address <u>Same</u>
CitizenshipUnited States of America
Full name of second inventor:RODERICK JAMES MCINNIS
Inventor's signature Koderich Jams Relmin 7/21/98
Residence 1299 Canton Drive, Milpitas, California 95035
Post Office Address <u>Same</u>
Citizenship United States of America
Full name of third inventor:ALAN S. MOSKOWITZ
Inventor's signature
Residence 300 Third Street, San Francisco, California 94107
Post Office Address Same
CitizenshipUnited States of America

ATTORNEY DOCKET IN SERIAL NUMBER FILING DATE CLASS GROUP ART UNIT 09/126,071 07/30/98 348 2711 TIV00003 JAMES M. BARTON, LOS GATOS, CA; RODERICK JAMES MCINNIS, MILPITAS, CA; APPLICAN<sup>7</sup> ALAN S. 10SKOWITZ, SAN FRANCISCO, CA; ANDREW MARTIN GOODMAN, MENLO PARK, CA; CHIN TONG CHOW, FREMONT, CA; JEAN SWEY KAO, CUPERTINO, CA. \*\*CONTINUING DOMESTIC DATA\*\*\*\*\*\* VERIFIED TTG \*\*371 (NAT'L STAGE) DATA\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* VERIFIED TTG \*\*FOREIGN APPLICATIONS\*\*\*\*\*\* VERIFIED FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED 08/17/98 \*\*\*\*\* SMALL ENTITY \*\*\*\*\* Foreign Priority claimed ☐yes ∑no 35 USC 119 (a-d) conditions met ☐yes ∑no ☐Met after Allowance STATE OR COUNTRY TOTAL CLAIMS INDEPENDENT CLAIMS SHEETS DRAWING Verified and Acknowledged CA 13 65 4 Initials MICHAEL A GLENN ADDRESS P O BOX 7831 MENLO PARK CA 94026 MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM TITLE FILING FEE RECEIVED All Fees FEES: Authority has been given in Paper 1.16 Fees (Filing) No. \_\_\_\_\_ to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT 1.17 Fees (Processing Ext. of time) for the following: \$1,066 NO. 1.18 Fees (Issue) Other Credit

# PATENT APPLICATION SERIAL NO.09-12607(

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### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK O

In re Application of:Barton et al.Docket No. : TIVO0003Serial No. :Not AssignedArt Unit:Not AssignedFiled:HerewithExaminer:Not AssignedTitle:MULTIMEDIA TIME WARPING SYSTEM

### INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

This Information Disclosure Statement is submitted:

- (X) under 37 CFR 1.97(b), or (within three months of filing national application; or date of entry of international application; or before mailing date of first office action on the merits; whichever occurs last)
- () under 37 CFR 1.97(c) together with either a:
  - () Certification under 37 CFR 1.97(e), or
  - () a \$220.00 fee under 37 CFR 1.17(p), or (After the CFR 1.97(b) time period, but before final action or notice of allowance, whichever occurs first)
- () under 37 CFR 1.97(d) together with a:
  - () Certification under 37 CFR 1.97(e), and
  - () a \$220.00 fee under 37 CFR 1.17(d)(2)(ii), and
  - a \$130.00 petition fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(i)(1)
     (Filed after final action or notice of allowance, whichever occurs first, but before payment of the issue fee)

() The Commissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 07-1445 (Order No. \_\_\_\_). A copy of this sheet is enclosed for accounting purposes.

(X) Applicant(s) submit herewith Form PTO 1449 -- Information Disclosure Citation together with copies of patents, publications or other information of which applicant(s) are aware, which applicant(s) believe(s) may be material to the examination of this application and for which there may be a duty to disclose in accordance with 37 CFR 1.25.

() A concise explanation of the relevance of foreign language patents, foreign language publications and other foreign language information listed on PTO Form 1449, as presently understood by the individual(s) designated in 37 CFR 156(c) most knowledgeable about the content is given on the attached sheet, or where a foreign language patent is cited in a search report or other action by a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, an English language version of the search report or action which indicates the degree of relevance found by the foreign office is listed on form PTO 1449 and is enclosed herewith.

It is requested that the information disclosed herein be made of record in this application.

Respectfully Submitted,

Michael A. Glenn Attorney For Applicant Reg. No. 30,176

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