## AMERICA INVENTS ACT

## HEARING

BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, COMPETITION, AND THE INTERNET OF THE

# COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ONE HUNDRED TWELFTH CONGRESS

FIRST SESSION

ON

### H.R. 1249

MARCH 30, 2011

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Canfield Scientific, Inc. - Exhibit 1022 Canfield Scientific, Inc. v. Melanoscan, LLC IPR2017-02125

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### Committee on the Judiciary United States House of Representative

Hearing

## "America Invents Act"

Prepared Statement of

### Mark Chandler

Senior Vice President and General Counsel Cisco Systems Inc.

March 30, 2011

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resolution of complex questions of patent validity by the experts at the PTO instead of lay jurors. The proposed House bill improves on S.23's inter partes review (1) by retaining the "substantial new question of patentability" threshold necessary to institute a review; and (2) by extending the deadline from six months to nine months within which defendants in district court patent litigation may seek inter partes review. Despite these improvements, the proposed House bill still imposes standards on inter partes review that are more restrictive than current law. Several critical changes must be made to the bill's inter partes review provisions to ensure that the procedure is available as a viable, efficient alternative to litigation for weeding out bad patents.

# 1. Provide a Meaningful Period of Time for a Defendant to File a Reexamination

The proposed 35 U.S.C. § 315(b) from the draft bill bars defendants in a district court patent litigation from seeking inter partes reexamination after nine months after service of the complaint. This provision creates an extremely compressed schedule for defendants to review the patents, search for invalidating prior art documents, and prepare a inter partes petition to the PTO. Many cases that those in the technology industry face now involve multiple patents and multiple defendants. For example, in *In re Katz Interactive Call Processing Litigation*, Nos. 2009-1450, -1451, -1452, -1468, -1469, 2010-1017, 2011 WL 607381 (Fed. Cir. Feb. 18, 2011), thirty one patents were at issue with 1,975 claims in a case involving sixty five different defendants. In such complex litigation, time bars on reexamination petitions simply closes the door to inter partes reexamination. Recent studies show that such complex litigation is becoming more common such that longer timelines are needed for dealing with these complex cases.

Additionally, the proposed House bill creates tension with many district court scheduling orders in patent litigation. It is often difficult for defendants to determine the likelihood of success in an inter partes examination – or even the relevant prior art documents to present in a petition – before the claims of the patent at issue have been interpreted. District courts, however, routinely wait to interpret the patent claims until after considerable discovery has been made in a case. For example, the District Court for Eastern District of Texas's local rules provide for hearings on patent claim construction more than nine months after institution of the case. *See* Local P.R. 4-6 (E.D. Tex.).