Invalidity of U.S. Patent No. 8,764,575 in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,624,122 ("Winkelhorn")

U.S. Patent No. 5,624,122, with a priority date of July 17, 1996, a filing date of July 17, 1996, and a issuance date of April 29, 1997 qualifies as prior art under at least 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as to the asserted claims of US Patent No. 8,764,575 to Gurley ("the '575 Patent"), as discussed in greater detail in the chart that follows.

To the extent Plaintiffs allege that Winkelhorn does not disclose any particular limitation of claims 1, 7, and 9 of the '575 Patent (the "Asserted Claims"), either expressly or inherently, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art as of the priority date of the '575 Patent to modify Winkelhorn and/or to combine the teachings of Winkelhorn with other prior art references, including but not limited to the prior art publications, commercial uses, and other prior art discussed in section II of the contentions, and including the present prior art references found in Exhibit A and the relevant section of charts for other prior art for the '575 Patent in a manner that would have rendered the Asserted Claims invalid as obvious. The inclusion of the particular frame structure and attachment mechanisms described in the '575 Patent would have been obvious for at least the following reasons: It would have been obvious to modify the methods and/or structures disclosed in Winkelhorn to meet these limitations based on: (a) the teachings in Winkelhorn itself; (b) a person of ordinary skill in the art implementing a predictable variation of the methods and/or systems disclosed in Winkelhorn; (c) the logic, judgment, intelligence, creativity, innovation and common sense a person of ordinary skill in the art ("POSITA") would employ; (d) the inferences and creative and routine steps that a person of ordinary skill in the art would employ; (e) market demand for methods and/or systems to include this limitation; and/or (f) design needs or market pressures to solve a problem with a finite number of solutions that could have produced the desired outcome.

Defendants reserve the right to amend or supplement this claim chart at a later date as more fully set forth in the cover document.

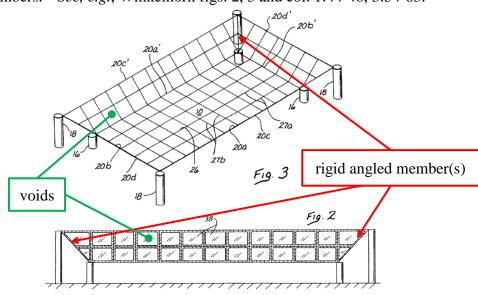
¹ Nothing in these claim charts should be construed as an admission regarding infringement, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, or as an admission regarding Defendants' understanding of the proper scope of the Asserted Claims. Given the ambiguities in Plaintiffs' infringement contentions, the exemplary citations herein necessarily account for a variety of possible infringement arguments and claim constructions. Defendants reserve the right to rely on additional citations or sources of evidence that also may be applicable, or that may become applicable in light of claim construction, changes in Plaintiffs' infringement contentions, and/or information obtained during discovery as the case progresses. Various positions put forth in this document are predicated on Plaintiffs' broad interpretation of its claims as evidenced by its infringement contentions served on Defendants. Those positions are not intended to and do not necessarily reflect Defendants' interpretation of the true and proper scope of Plaintiffs' claims, and Defendants reserve the right to adopt claim construction positions that differ from or even conflict with various positions put forth in this document.

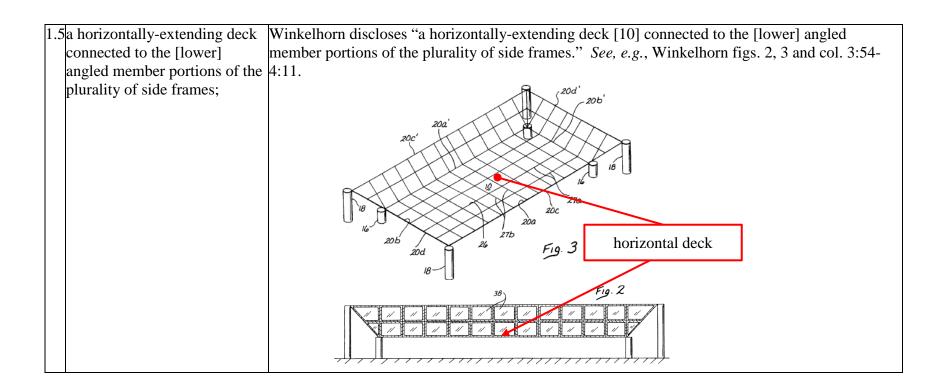
Defendants' Invalidity Contentions regarding U.S. Patent No. 5,624,122 ("Winkelhorn") Claim 1 1.1A trampoline arena To the extent the preamble of Claim 1 is found to be limiting, Winkelhorn discloses "[a] trampoline arena [10]." See, e.g., Winkelhorn Title, Abstract, fig. 1, and col. 1:37-48. comprising: Fig. 1 1.2a plurality of side frames Winkelhorn discloses "a plurality of side frames defining an outwardly sloping outer wall." See, defining an outwardly sloping e.g., Winkelhorn figs. 1, 2 and col. 1:59-2:1. outer wall, each of the plurality of side frames including: Fig.V side frames

1.3a rigid first upright member having a top first upright member portion and a bottom first upright member portion mountable to a floor; and

Winkelhorn discloses "a rigid first upright member [20c] having a top first upright member portion mountable to a floor." See, e.g., Winkelhorn fig. 1-3 and col. 1:37-48, 3:54-63.

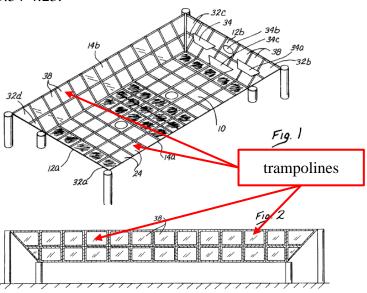
1.4a rigid angled member connected at an upper angled member portion to the top first upright member portion and extending at a downward angle therefrom to a lower angled member portion, a plurality of voids being defined between the plurality of angled members;





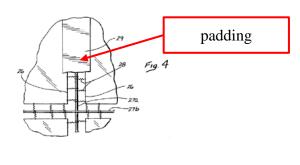
1.6a plurality of trampolines connected to the angled members along peripheries thereof and extending across the plurality of voids; and

Winkelhorn discloses "a plurality of trampolines [24, 38] connected to the angled members along peripheries thereof and extending across the plurality of voids." See, e.g., Winkelhorn figs. 1 and 2 and col. 3:54-4:23.



plurality of pads at least partially overlying the angled members and the peripheries of the trampolines.

1.7a padding assembly including a Winkelhorn discloses "a padding assembly [29] including a plurality of pads at least partially overlying the angled members and the peripheries of the trampolines." See, e.g., Winkelhorn fig. 4 and col. 2:20-27, 4:24-32.



Claim 7	
7.1 The arena of claim 1, further	See claim 1.
comprising:	Winkelborn discloses "at least one yoursefrom a member [200, 200, 20d, 20d] interconnecting the
7.2at least one upper frame member interconnecting the plurality of side frames	Winkelhorn discloses "at least one upper frame member [20c, 20c', 20d, 20d'] interconnecting the plurality of side frames." See, e.g., Winkelhorn fig. 3 and col. 1:37-48, 3:54-4:15. upper frame member(s) Fig. 2 Fig. 2
Claim 9	
9.1 The arena of claim 7, wherein the at least one upper frame member includes a plurality of upper frame members.	