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cad-e-mism (ə-kăd'ə-miz'əm) ►n. Traditional formalism, esp. when reflected in art.

ac-a-dem-ics (ăk'a-dem/iks) >n. (takes pl. v.)

College or university studies.

a-cad-e-my (ə-kăd'ə-mē) ►n., pl. -mies 1. A school for special instruction. 2. A secondary or college-preparatory school, esp. a private one. 3a. Academia. b. A society of scholars, scientists, or artists. [< Gk. Akadēmia, school where Plato taught.]

A-ca-di-a (a-kā'dē-a) A region and former French colony of E Canada and E ME. -A.

ca'di·an adj. & n.

a-can-thus (a-kăn'thas) >n., pl. -thus-es or -thi (-thī') 1. Any of various Mediterranean shrubs with large, segmented, thistlelike leaves. 2. Archit. A design patterned after acanthus leaves. [< Gk. akantha, thorn.]

a cap·pel·la (ä' kə-pĕl'ə) ►adv. Mus. Without instrumental accompaniment. [Ital., chapel

style.]

ac·cede (ăk-sēd¹) ►v. -ced·ed, -ced·ing 1. To give one's consent; agree. 2. To come into an office or dignity: accede to the throne. [< Lat. accedere, go near.] -ac-ced'ence n.

ac·cel·er·an·do (ä-chěl'ə-rän'dō) ►adv. & adj. Mus. Gradually accelerating in tempo. [Ital.]

ac-cel-er-ant (ăk-sĕl'ər-ənt) ►n. A substance used as a catalyst, as in spreading an intentionally set fire.

ac·cel·er·ate (ăk-sĕl'ə-rāt') ▶v. -at·ed, -at·ing 1. To make or become faster. 2. To cause to occur sooner than expected. 3. To cause to develop or progress more quickly. [Lat. accelerāre.] —ac·cel'er·a'tion n. —ac·cel'er· a'tive adj.

ac·cel·er·a·tor (ăk-sĕl'a-rā'tər) ▶n. 1. A device, esp. the gas pedal of a motor vehicle, for increasing speed. 2. Chem. A substance that increases the speed of a reaction. 3. Phys. A

particle accelerator.

ac·cel·er·om·e·ter (ăk-sĕl'ə-rŏm'ĭ-tər) ▶n. An instrument used to measure acceleration.

ac·cent (ăk'sĕnt') ►n. 1. Vocal emphasis given to a particular syllable, word, or phrase. 2. A characteristic manner of speech or pronunciation: a British accent. 3. A mark placed over a letter to indicate vocal stress or phonetic quality: an acute accent. 4. Rhythmical stress in a line of verse. 5. A distinctive quality, as of decorative style. 6. Particular importance or interest. See Synonyms at emphasis. ▶v. To stress or emphasize. [< Lat. accentus, accentuation.]

ac·cen·tu·ate (ăk-sĕn/choo-āt') ▶v. -at·ed, -at·

ing To stress; accent.

ac•cept ▶v. 1. To receive willingly: accepted a glass of water. 2. To admit to a group or place. 3. To regard as proper or true: accept a new theory. 4. To answer affirmatively: accept an invitation. 5. To consent to pay, as by a signed agreement. 6. To take payment in the form of: does not accept checks. 7. Med. To receive without immunological rejection. [< Lat. accipere, take on, receive.]

ac·cept·a·ble (ăk-sĕp'tə-bəl) ▶adj. 1. Adequate; satisfactory: an acceptable excuse. See Synonyms at sufficient. 2. Satisfactory but not superior; passable. —ac·cept'a·bil'i·ty n. —ac·cept'a·

ac-cep-tance (ăk-sĕp'təns) ▶n. 1. The act or process of accepting. 2. The state of being

accepted or acceptable. 3. A formal agreement to pay a draft or bill of exchange.

ac-cept-ed (ăk-sĕp'tĭd) ►adj. Widely encountered, used, or recognized.

ac·cep·tor (ăk-sĕp/tər) ▶n. Chem. An atom that incorporates electrons to form a bond with another atom.

ac·cess (ăk'sĕs) ▶n. 1. A means of approaching, entering, exiting, communicating with, or making use of. 2. The ability or right to approach, enter, exit, communicate with, or make use of: has access to classified material. 3. An outburst: an access of rage. Dv. To obtain access to, esp. by computer. [< Lat. accēdere, access-, come toward.]

ac·ces·si·ble (ăk-sĕs/ə-bəl) ►adj. Easily approached, entered, or obtained. -ac·ces'si-

bil'i·ty n. —ac·ces'si·bly adv.

ac·ces·sion ($\check{a}k$ -s $\check{e}sh'$ ən) $\triangleright n$. **1.** The attainment of a dignity or rank. 2a. Something acquired or added. b. An increase by means of something added. -ac·ces'sion·al adj.

ac·ces·so·ry (ăk-sĕs/ə-rē) ►n., pl. -ries 1a. A supplementary item; adjunct. b. Something nonessential but desirable. 2. Law One who knowingly assists a lawbreaker in the commission of a crime but does not actually participate in that crime. ►adj. Supplementary; adjunct.

ac·ci·dent (ăk'sĭ-dənt) ▶n. 1a. An unexpected, undesirable event. b. An unforeseen incident. 2. Chance; fortuity: discovered the secret by accident. 3. Philos. An attribute that is not essential to the nature of something. [< Lat. accidere, happen.]

ac·ci·den·tal (ăk'sĭ-děn'tl) ▶adj. Occurring unexpectedly, unintentionally, or by chance. ▶n. Mus. A sharp, flat, or natural not indicated in the key signature. -ac'ci-den'tal-ly adv.

ac·cip·i·ter (ăk-sĭp/ĭ-tər) ►n. Any of several hawks with short wings and a long tail. [Lat.]

ac·claim (ə-klām¹) ►v. To praise openly and enthusiastically; applaud. >n. Enthusiastic applause; acclamation. [< Lat. acclāmāre, shout at.] -ac·claim'er n.

ac·cla·ma·tion (ăk'lə-mā'shən) ▶n. 1. A show of enthusiastic approval. 2. An oral vote, esp. a vote of approval taken without formal ballot. -ac·clam'a·to'ry (ə-klăm'ə-tôr'ē) adj.

ac·cli·mate (ăk'lə-māt', ə-klī'mĭt) ▶v. -mat· ed, -mat-ing To make or become accustomed to a new environment or situation; adapt. See Synonyms at harden. [Fr. acclimater.] -ac'clima'tion n.

ac·cli·ma·tize (ə-klī/mə-tīz') ▶v. -tized, -tiz· ing To acclimate. See Synonyms at harden. -ac·cli'ma·ti·za/tion n.

ac·cliv·i·ty (ə-klĭv/ĭ-tē) ►n., pl. -ties An upward slope. [< Lat. acclīvis, uphill : ad-, ad- + clīvus, slope.]

ac·co·lade (ăk'ə-lād', -lād') ▶n. 1. High praise. A special acknowledgment or award. [< OFr. acoler, to embrace.]

ac·com·mo·date (ə-kŏm/ə-dāt') ▶v. -dat·ed, -dating 1a. To have enough space for: constructed a parking lot that accommodates over 2,000 cars. b. To provide lodging for: a hotel that accommodated the wedding guests. 2. To take into consideration; allow for. 3a. To do a favor for. See Synonyms at oblige. b. To provide or allow for: accommodate the needs of both groups. 4. To make suitable; adjust. See Synonyms at grant authority or power to. 2. To give permis-

sion for; sanction. 3. To justify.

Syns: accredit, commission, empower, license v. au-tism (ô'tĭz'əm) ►n. A developmental disorder marked by severe deficits in social interaction, a limited range of activities and interests, and often the presence of repetitive behaviors.

—au-tis'tic (-tĭs'tĭk) adj. & n.

au-to (ô/tō) ►n., pl. -tos An automobile.

auto- or aut- ref. 1. Self; same: autobiography.
 Automatic: autopilot. [< Gk. autos, self.]

au-to-bahn (ô/tə-bān', ou'tō-) ▶n. An expressway in Germany. [Ger. : Auto, automobile +

MHGer. ban, road.

au·to·bi·og·ra·phy (ô'tō-bī-ŏg'rɔ-fē) ▶n., pl.
-phies The biography of a person written by
that person. —au'to·bi·og'ra·pher n. —au'to·bi'o·graph'ic (-bī'ɔ-graff'īk), au'to·bi'o·
graph'i-cal adj.

au toch tho nous (ô-tŏk thə-nəs) ►adj. Originating where found; indigenous; native. [< Gk.

autokhthön: AUTO- + khthön, earth.]

au-toc-ra-cy (ô-tŏk/ra-sē) ►n., pl. -cies Government by a single person having unlimited power. —au/to-crat/ n. —au/to-crat/ic, au/to-crat/i-cal adj.

au·to·di·dact (ô'tō-dī'dăkt') ▶n. A self-taught person. [< Gk. autodidaktos, self-taught.]

-au'to·di·dac'tic adj.

au-to-graph (ô'tə-grăf') ►n. 1. A person's own signature. 2. A manuscript in the author's handwriting. ►v. To write one's signature on.

au-to-im-mune (ô'tō-ĭ-myōon') ►adj. Of or relating to an immune response by the body against one of its own cells or tissues. —au'to-im-mu'ni-ty n.

au-to-mate (ô/tə-māt') ▶v. -mat-ed, -mat-ing

1. To convert to automatic operation. 2. To

operate by automation.

au-to-mat-ed teller machine (ô'tə-mā'tid)

n. See ATM.

au-to-mat-ic (ô'tə-māt'īk) ►adj. 1. Acting or operating with little or no external influence or control. 2. Involuntary; reflex. 3. Responding or behaving in a mechanical way. 4. Capable of firing continuously until ammunition is exhausted. ►n. A machine or device, esp. a firearm or an automobile transmission, that is automatic. [< Gk. automatikos: AUTO-+matos, willing.] —au'to-mat'i-cal-ly adv.

automatic pilot ►n. A navigational mechanism, as on an aircraft, that automatically maintains a

preset course; autopilot.

automatic teller machine ►n. See ATM.

au·to·ma·tion (ô'tə-mā/shən) ►n. The automatic operation or control of equipment, a process, or a system.

au-tom-a-tism (ô-tŏm/a-tĭz/am) ►n. The state, quality, or action of being automatic.

au tom a tize (ô-tôm a tiz') > v. -tized, -tizing To make automatic. —au-tom a ti-zation n.

au·tom·a·ton (ô-tŏm/a-tən, -tŏn') ►n., pl. -tons or -ta (-ta) 1. An automatic machine or mechanism, esp. a robot. 2. One that behaves or responds in an automatic or mechanical way. [< Gk. automatos, AUTOMATIC.]

au to mo bile (ô'ta-mô-bēl', -mô'bēl') ►n. A land vehicle, esp. a four-wheeled passenger car powered by an internal-combustion engine.

au-to-mo-tive (ô'ta-mô'tĭv) ►adj. 1. Moving by

itself; self-propelled. **2.** Of or relating to self-propelled vehicles, esp. automobiles.

au•to•nom•ic nervous system (ô'tɔ-nŏm'īk) ▶n. The part of the vertebrate nervous system that regulates involuntary action, as of the intestines, heart, and glands.

au•ton•o•mous (ô-tŏn/ɔ-məs) ▶adj. 1. Not controlled by others; independent. 2. Self-governing, esp. with regard to internal affairs. [< Gk. autonomos, self-ruling.] —au•ton/o•my n. au•to•pi•lot (ô/tō-pī/lət) ▶n. Automatic pilot.

au-top-sy (ô'tŏp'sē, ô'tɔp-) ►n., pl. -sies Examination of a dead body to find the cause of death; postmortem. [Gk. autopsia, seeing for oneself.] —au'top'sist n.

au-to-some (ô'tə-sōm') ►n. A chromosome

that is not a sex chromosome.

au-to-sug-ges-tion (ô'tō-səg-jĕs'chən) ►n. Psychol. The process by which a person induces self-acceptance of an opinion, belief, or plan of action.

au-to-troph (ô'tə-trŏf', -trŏf') ►n. An organism capable of synthesizing its own food from inorganic substances. [AUTO- + Gk. trophē, food.]
—au'to-troph'ic adj.

au-tumn (ô'təm) ►n. 1. The season between summer and winter; fall. 2. A period of maturity verging on decline. [< Lat. autumnus.] —au-tum'nal (-tǔm'nəl) adj.

Au-vergne (ō-vûrn', -věrn') A historical region and former province of central France.

aux. ►abbr. 1. auxiliary 2. auxiliary verb

aux·il·ia·ry (ôg-zīl'yə-rē, -zīl'ə-rē) ▶adj. 1. Giving assistance or support; helping. 2. Subsidiary; supplementary. 3. Held in or used as a reserve. ▶n., pl. -ries 1. One that acts in a supporting capacity. 2. An auxiliary verb. [< Lat. auxilium, help.]

auxiliary verb ▶n. A verb, such as have, can, or will, that comes first in a verb phrase and helps form the mood, voice, aspect, and tense

of the main verb.

aux·in (ôk/sĭn) ►n. Any of several plant growth hormones. [< Gk. auxein, grow.]</p>

Av (äv, ôv) ►n. The 5th month of the Jewish calendar. See table at calendar. [Heb. äb.]

AV ► abbr. 1. or A/V ad valorem 2. or A/V audiovisual 3. Authorized Version

av. >abbr. 1. average 2. avoirdupois

a-vail (2-vall) > v. To be of use or advantage (to); help. > n. Use, benefit, or advantage: labored to no avail. [< Lat. valere, be strong, be worth.]

a•vail•a•ble (ə-vā/lə-bəl) ►adj. 1. At hand; accessible. 2. Capable of being used or gotten; obtainable. —a•vail/a•bil/i•ty n.

av-a-lanche (ăv'ɔ-lănch') ►n. 1. A slide of a large mass, esp. of snow, down a mountain-side. 2. A massive amount: an avalanche of mail. [Fr.]

a-vant-garde (ä'vänt-gärd', ăv'ānt-) ►n. A group that creates or promotes innovative ideas or techniques in a given field, esp. in the arts. [Fr., vanguard.] —a'vant-garde' adj.

av-a-rice (ăv/ə-ris) >n. Extreme desire for wealth; greed. [< Lat. avārus, greedy.] —av/a-ri/cious (-a-rish/as) adj.

a-vast (a-vast) > interj. Naut. Used as a command to stop or desist. [< MDu. hou vast,

av-a-tar (āv/ɔ-tār') ►n. 1. Hinduism One that is regarded as an incarnation, esp. of Vishnu.

ooze¹ (ooz) ►v. oozed, ooz-ing To flow or leak out slowly. [< OE wos, juice.] -ooze n. -ooz'i-ness n. -ooz'v adi.

ooze2 (ooz) >n. Soft mud or slime, as on the floor of oceans and lakes. [< OE wase.] -ooz'i-

ness n. -ooz'y adj.

o-pal (ô/pal) >n. A translucent mineral of hydrated silica, often used as a gem. [< Skt. upalah.] -o'pal·ine' (ô'pa-lin', -lên') adj.

o-pal-es-cent (ŏ'pə-les'ənt) ►adj. Exhibiting a milky iridescence like that of an opal. -o'pal-

esce' v. -o'pal-es'cence n.

o-paque (ō-pāk*) >adj. 1a. Impenetrable by light. b. Not reflecting light; dull. 2. Unintelligible. 3. Obtuse; dense. [< Lat. opācus, dark.] -o-pac'i-ty (ō-păs'ī-tē), o-paque'ness n. -o-paque'ly adv.

op art also Op Art (ŏp) ►n. Abstract art marked by the use of geometric shapes and brilliant

colors to create optical illusions.

op. cit. >abbr. Lat. opere citato (in the work

OPEC (ŏ'pěk') ▶abbr. Organization of Petroleum **Exporting Countries**

op-ed or Op-Ed (ŏp'ĕd') ►adj. Of or being a newspaper page that features signed articles

expressing personal viewpoints.

o-pen (ô/pən) >adj. 1. Affording unobstructed entrance and exit; not shut or closed. 2. Having no protecting cover. 3. Not sealed, tied, or folded. 4. Having gaps, spaces, or intervals. 5. Accessible to all; unrestricted. 6. Susceptible; vulnerable. 7. Ready to transact business. 8. Not filled, engaged, or in use. 9. Frank; candid. ▶v. 1a. To make no longer closed or fastened. b. To remove obstructions from; clear. 2. To make or force an opening in. 3. To remove the cover or wrapping from; undo. 4. To spread out or apart. 5. To begin or form the start of; initiate. 6. To make available. 7. To make or become more responsive or understanding. 8. To make known to the public. 9. To come into view. >n. 1. The outdoors. 2. A tournament or contest for both professional and amateur players. —phrasal verb: open up Informal To speak freely and candidly. [< OE.] -o'pen-er n. -o'pen·ly adv. -o'pen·ness n.

o-pen-air (o'pən-ar') >adj. Outdoor: an open-

air concert. o•pen-and-shut (oʻpən-ən-shut') ►adj. Easily

settled or determined.

o•pen-end (o'pən-ĕnd') ►adj. Unlimited. o-pen-end-ed (o'pən-ĕn'dĭd) ►adj. 1. Not limited; open-end. 2. Allowing for change. 3. Inconclusive or indefinite. 4. Allowing for an unstructured response: an open-ended question.

o-pen-eyed (o'pən-id') ►adj. 1. Having the eyes wide open. 2. Watchful and alert.

o-pen-hand-ed (ō'pən-hān'dīd) ▶adj. Giving freely; generous. See Synonyms at liberal. -o'pen-hand/ed-ly adv. -o'pen-hand/edness n.

o·pen-hearth (o'pən-härth') >adj. Of a furnace with a heat-reflecting roof used in the produc-

tion of high-quality steel.

open house ▶n. 1. A social event with a general invitation to all. 2. An occasion when an institution is open for visiting by the public. 3. An occasion when a residence for sale or rent is held open for public viewing.

o-pen-ing (o'pə-ning) >n. 1. The act of becom-

ing open or being made to open. 2. A gap, breach, or aperture. 3a. The first part or stage. b. The first performance. c. A series of begin. ning moves, esp. in chess. 4a. An opportunity.

o-pen-mind-ed (ō'pən-min'did) ▶adj. Receptive to new ideas or to reason. See Synonyms at broad-minded. —o'pen-mind'ed-ly adv.

open shop ▶n. A business that does not discriminate against employees based on membership or nonmembership in a union.

o-pen-work (ō'pən-wurk') ►n. Ornamental or structural work having many openings, usu.

op-er-a¹ (ŏp/ər-ə, ŏp/rə) ►n. 1. A theatrical presentation in which a dramatic performance is set to music. 2. A theater designed primarily for operas. [< Lat., work.] —op'er-at'ic (ŏp')răt'îk) adj. -op'er-at'i-cal-ly adv.

o-pe-ra² (o'pər-ə, ŏp'ər-ə) ►n. Pl. of opus.

op-er-a-ble (ŏp/ər-ə-bəl, ŏp/rə-) >adj. 1. Capable of or suitable for use. 2. Treatable by surgery. [< OPERATE.] —op'er-a-bil'i-ty n -op'er-a-bly adv.

op-er-a glasses (ŏp'ər-ə, ŏp'rə) ▶pl.n. Small binoculars for use esp. at the theater.

op-er-and (ŏp/ər-ənd) >n. Math. A quantity on which an operation is performed. [< Lat. operandum.]

op•er•ate (ŏp/a-rāt') > v. -at•ed, -at•ing 1. To perform a function; work. 2. To perform surgery. 3. To exert an influence. 4. To control the functioning of. 5. To conduct the affairs of. 6. To supply with power: a car that is operated by electricity. [Lat. operare, operat-, to work.]

op•er•at•ing system (ŏp/a-rā'tǐng) ►n. Software designed to control the hardware of a specific computer system in order to allow users and application programs to make use of it.

op•er•a•tion (ŏp'ə-rā'shən) ►n. 1. The act or process of operating. 2. The state of being operative. 3. Med. A surgical procedure for remedying an injury or ailment. 4. Math. A process, such as addition, performed in accordance with specific rules. 5. Comp. An action resulting from a single instruction. 6. A military action or campaign. -op'er-a'tion-al adj. -op'er-a'tion-al-ly adv.

op•er•a•tive (ŏp/ər-ə-tiv, -ə-rā'tiv, ŏp/rə-) ▶adj. 1. Being in effect; having force. 2. Functioning effectively. 3. Of or relating to a surgical operation. ▶n. 1. A skilled worker, esp. in industry. 2a. A spy. b. A private detective. 3. One who works for a political organization. -op/er

a-tive-ly adv.

op·er·a·tor (ŏp/ə-rā'tər) >n. 1. One who operates a machine or system. 2. The owner or manager of a business. 3. Informal A person adept at accomplishing goals shrewdly or unscrupulously. 4. Math. A symbol that represents an operation.

op-e-ret-ta (ŏp'a-rĕt'a) >n. A theatrical production that has elements of opera but is lighter and more popular in subject and style. [Ital.]

oph-thal-mic (ŏf-thăl/mik, ŏp-) ►adj. Relating to the eye; ocular.

ophthalmo- or ophthalm- >pref. Eye: opthal-mology. [< Gk. ophthalmos, eye.]

oph-thal-mol-o-gy (of'thal-mol'a-je, -thal-, δp'-) ►n. The study of diseases and disorders