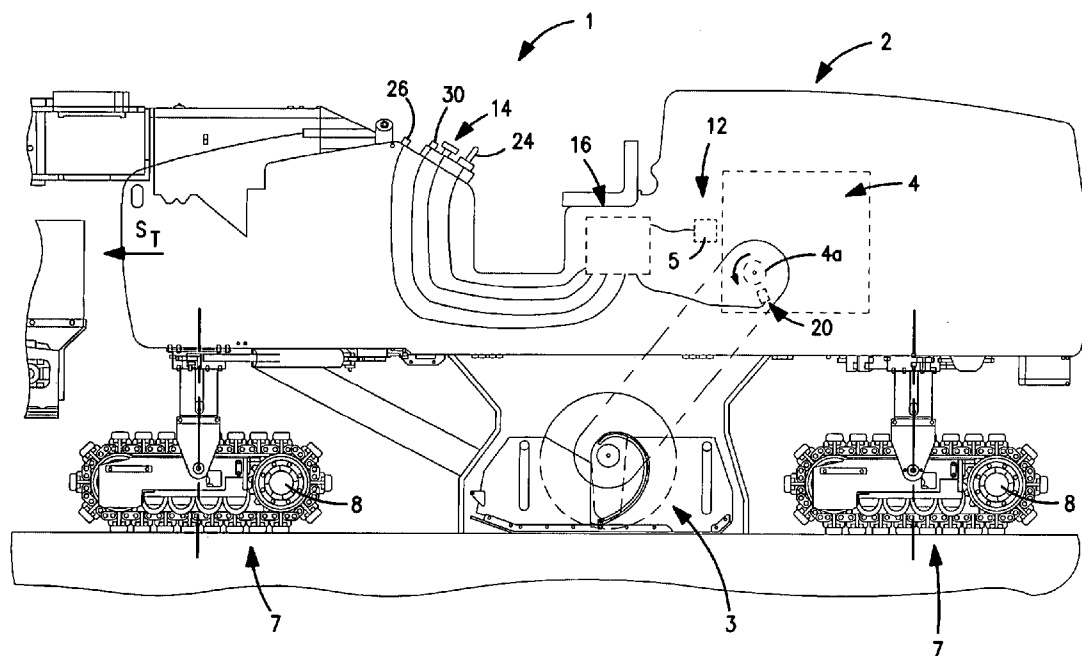




US 20100014917A1

(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Willis et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2010/0014917 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Jan. 21, 2010**(54) **MILLING MACHINE WITH CUTTER DRUM
SPEED CONTROL****Publication Classification**(76) Inventors: **Paul E. Willis**, Orrstown, PA (US);
Justin Zupanc, Shippensburg, PA
(US)(51) **Int. Cl.**
E01C 23/16 (2006.01)
B60T 8/32 (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** **404/93; 701/93**Correspondence Address:
Michael Best & Friedrich LLP
100 East Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 3300
Milwaukee, WI 53202 (US)(21) Appl. No.: **12/528,709**(22) PCT Filed: **Mar. 20, 2008**(86) PCT No.: **PCT/US08/03702**§ 371 (c)(1),
(2), (4) Date: **Aug. 26, 2009****Related U.S. Application Data**(60) Provisional application No. 60/919,016, filed on Mar.
20, 2007.(57) **ABSTRACT**

A milling machine includes a main frame, a rotatable cutter drum coupled with the frame, and an engine mounted to the frame and operatively connected with the drum, and crawler assemblies connected with the frame and including a hydraulic motor. A pump is disposed on the frame for driving the crawler motor and is adjustable to vary a speed of the motor. A regulator adjusts cutter drum speed, a speed selector generates an input corresponding to a desired drum speed, and a sensor senses a drum speed. A control receives input from the selector and the sensor and operates the regulator such that drum speed corresponds to the desired speed. Further, the control also compares sensed drum speed with desired drum speed and adjusts the pump to reduce crawler motor speed when the sensed drum speed has a value lesser than a predetermined portion of the desired drum speed.



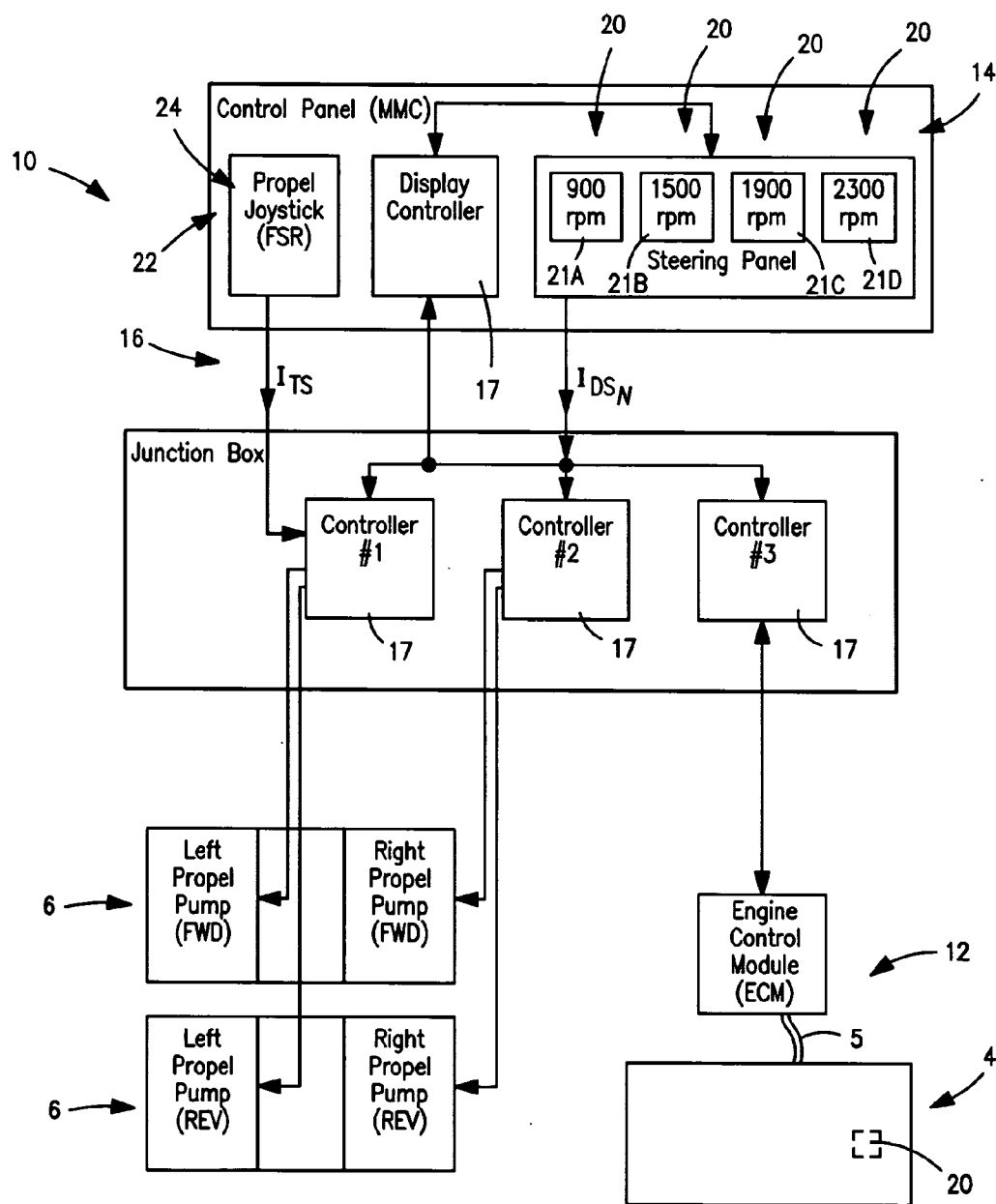


FIG. 1

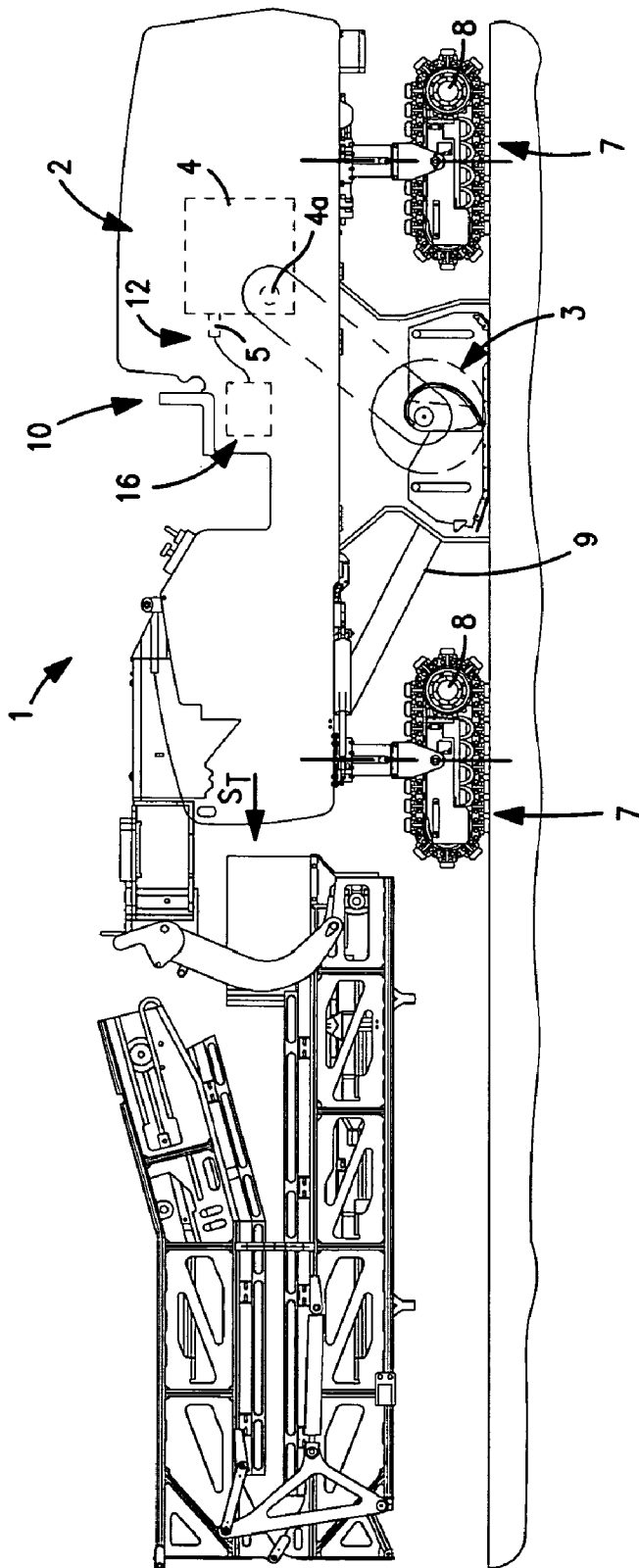


FIG. 2

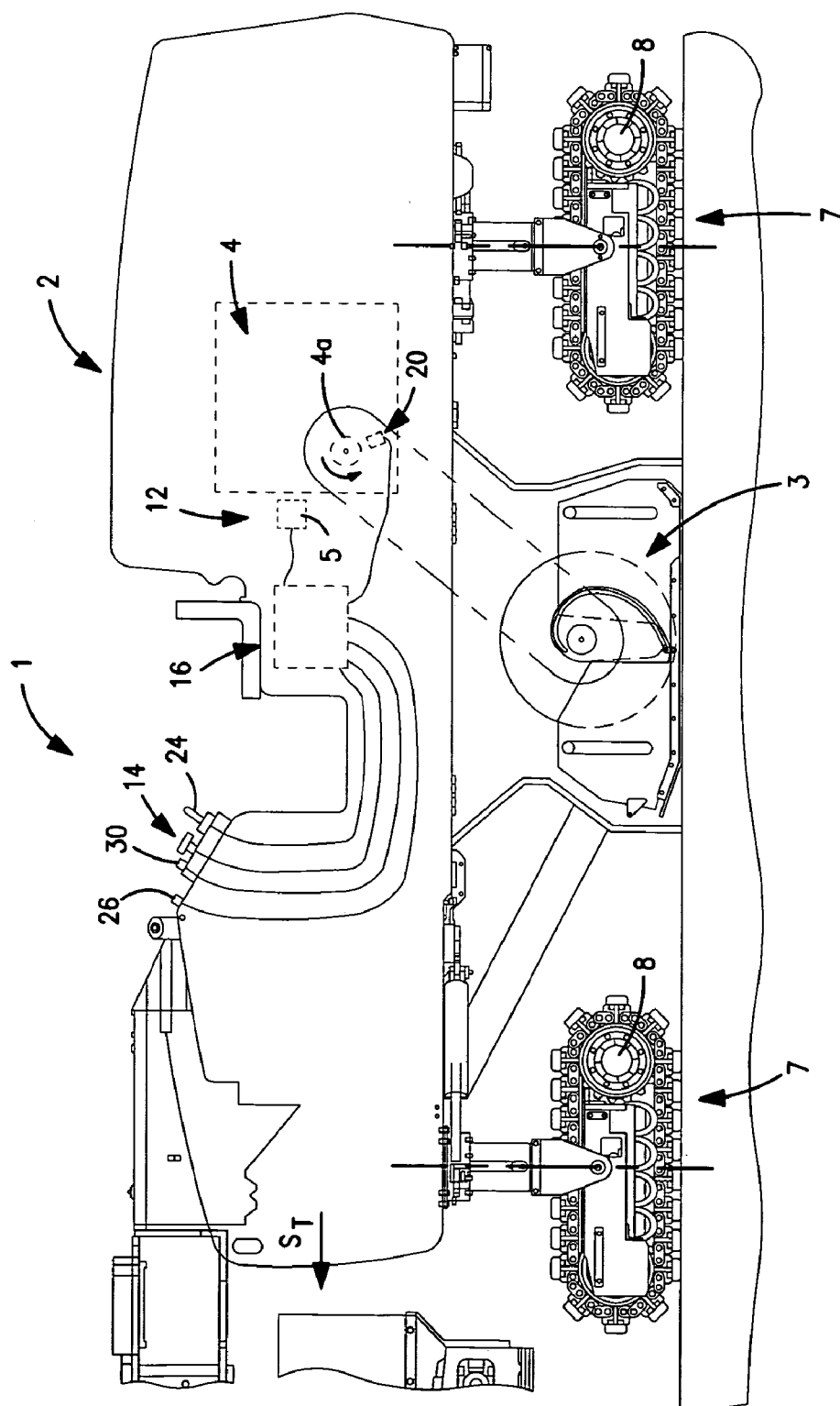


FIG. 3

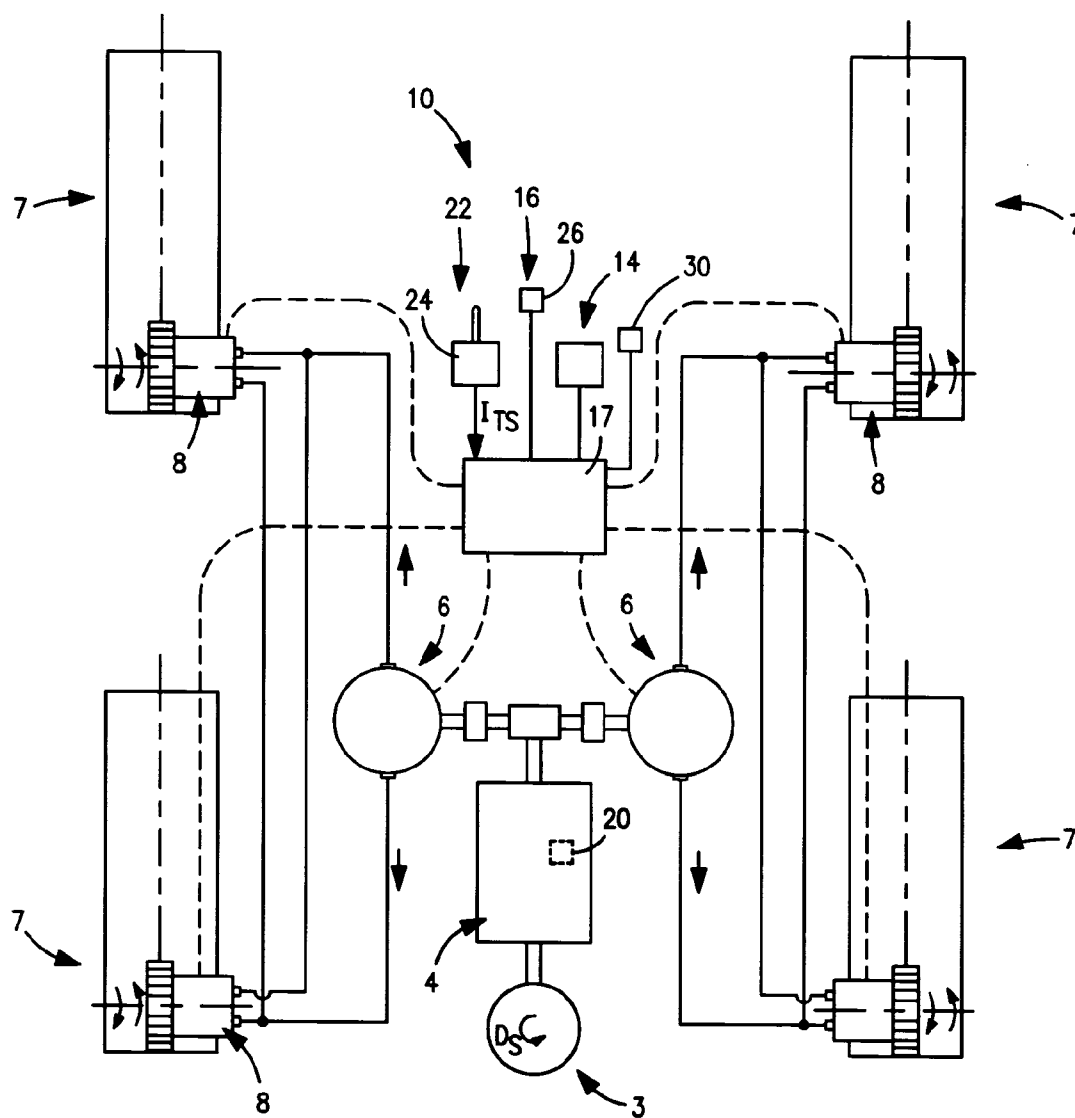


FIG. 4

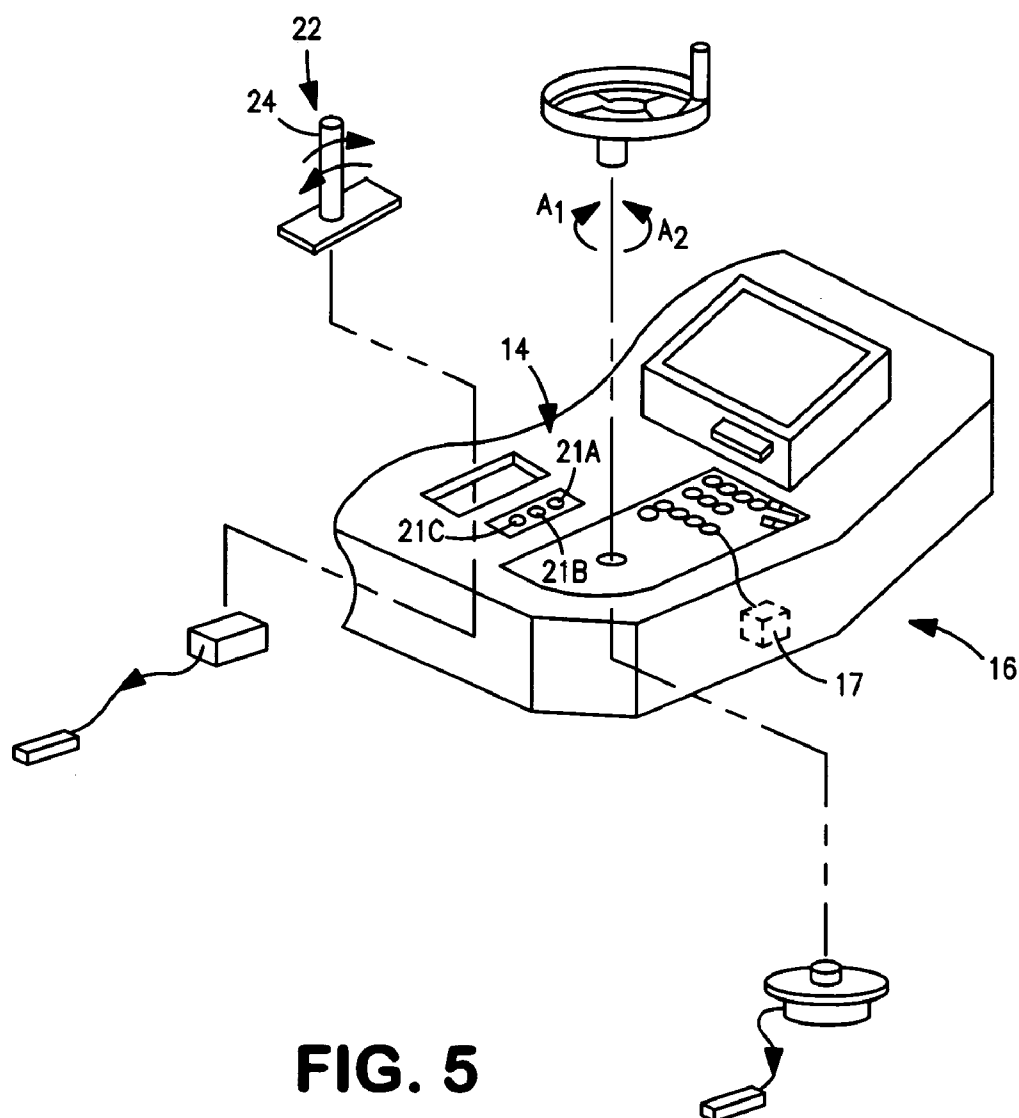


FIG. 5

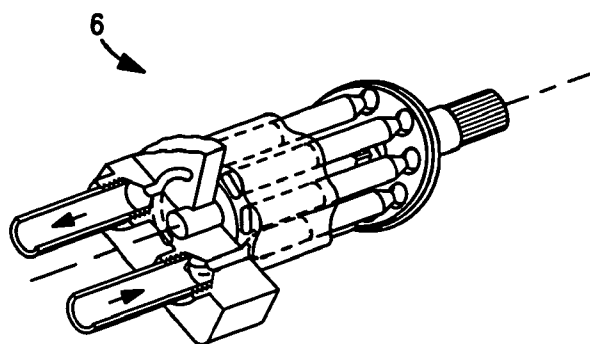


FIG. 6

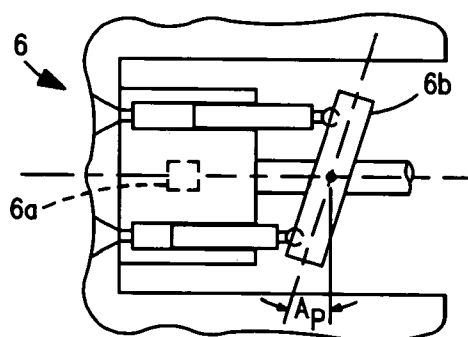


FIG. 7

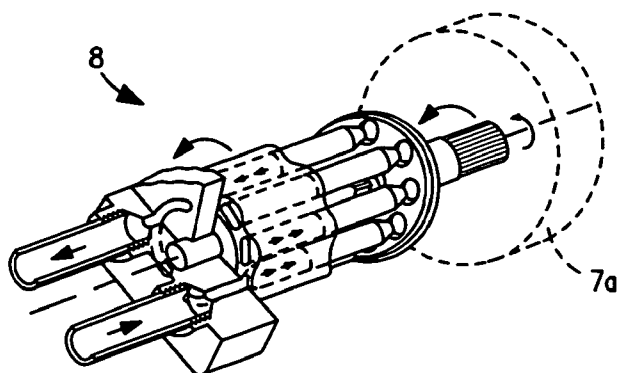


FIG. 8

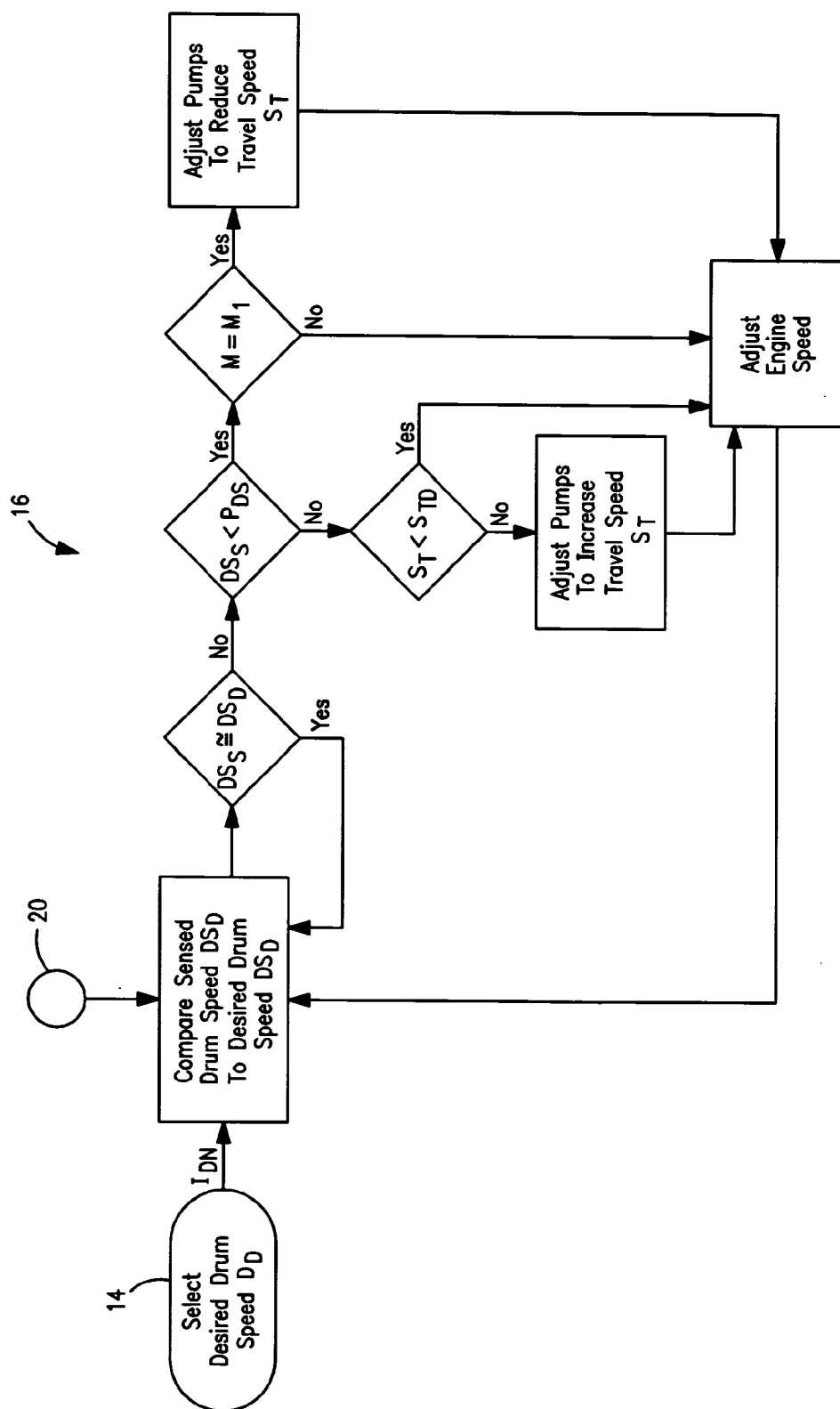


FIG. 9

MILLING MACHINE WITH CUTTER DRUM SPEED CONTROL

[0001] The present invention relates to road milling machines, and more particularly to systems for controlling milling machine operation.

[0002] Road milling machines typically include a main frame, a rotatable cutter drum mounted to the frame, and three or four crawler assemblies for mobilizing the machine. The cutter drum engages with a material surface, typically roadway pavement, such that the material is cut away from the roadway. Such milling machines generally further include a conveyor assembly for removing the material cuttings off of the roadway, often to a dump truck or similar transport vehicle.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0003] In one aspect, the present invention is a milling machine comprising a main frame, a rotatable cutter drum coupled with the frame, and an engine mounted to the frame and operatively connected with the drum. A regulator is configured to adjust a speed of the cutter drum and a speed selector is configured to generate an input corresponding to a desired drum cutting speed. Further, a control is configured to receive the input from the selector and to operate the regulator such that the drum speed at least generally corresponds to the desired speed.

[0004] In another aspect, the present invention is a milling machine comprising a main frame, a rotatable cutter drum coupled with the frame, and at least one crawler assembly connected with the frame and including a hydraulic motor. A pump is disposed on the frame and is configured to drive the crawler motor, the pump being adjustable to vary a speed of the crawler motor. Further, a sensor is configured to sense a speed of the cutter drum and a control is configured to receive input from the sensor. The control is further configured to compare sensed drum speed with a desired drum speed and to adjust the pump to reduce the speed of the crawler motor when the sensed drum speed has a value lesser than a predetermined portion of the desired drum speed.

[0005] In a further aspect, the present invention is again a milling machine comprising a main frame, a rotatable cutter drum coupled with the frame, and an engine mounted to the frame. The engine is operatively connected with the cutter drum so as to directly drive the drum and includes a fuel line configured to provide fuel to the engine. A regulator is configured to adjust a flow rate of fuel through the fuel line so as to vary the engine speed and thereby adjust a speed of the cutter drum. A speed selector is configured to generate an input corresponding to a desired drum cutting speed. Further, a control is configured to receive the input from the selector and to operate the regulator such that the drum speed at least generally corresponds to the desired speed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

[0006] The foregoing summary, as well as the detailed description of the preferred embodiments of the present invention, will be better understood when read in conjunction with the appended drawings. For the purpose of illustrating the invention, there is shown in the drawings, which are diagrammatic, embodiments that are presently preferred. It

should be understood, however, that the present invention is not limited to the precise arrangements and instrumentalities shown. In the drawings:

[0007] FIG. 1 is a schematic view of a control system for a milling machine, in accordance with the present invention;

[0008] FIG. 2 is a side elevational view of a milling machine with a control system in accordance with the present invention;

[0009] FIG. 3 is an enlarged, broken-away view of a portion of the milling machine of FIG. 2;

[0010] FIG. 4 is a more diagrammatic view of the milling machine and control system;

[0011] FIG. 5 is a broken-away, enlarged perspective view of a portion of an operator control panel for the milling machine control system;

[0012] FIG. 6 is a perspective view of a preferred pump;

[0013] FIG. 7 is a more diagrammatic view of the pump of FIG. 6;

[0014] FIG. 8 is a perspective view of a preferred crawler motor, shown with a drive wheel in phantom; and

[0015] FIG. 9 is a logic flow chart depicting preferred operating features of a control.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0016] Certain terminology is used in the following description for convenience only and is not limiting. The words "right", "left", "lower", "upper", "upward", "down" and "downward" designate directions in the drawings to which reference is made. The words "inner", "inwardly" and "outer", "outwardly" refer to directions toward and away from, respectively, a designated centerline or a geometric center of an element being described, the particular meaning being readily apparent from the context of the description. Further, as used herein, the word "connected" is intended to include direct connections between two members without any other members interposed therebetween and indirect connections between members in which one or more other members are interposed therebetween. The terminology includes the words specifically mentioned above, derivatives thereof, and words of similar import.

[0017] Referring now to the drawings in detail, wherein like numbers are used to indicate like elements throughout, there is shown in FIGS. 1-9 a control system 10 for a milling machine 1. The milling machine 1 includes a main frame 2, a rotatable cutter drum 3 coupled with the frame 2, and an engine 4 mounted to the frame 2 and operatively connected with the drum 3. The control system 10 basically comprises a regulator 12 configured to adjust a speed of the cutter drum 3, a drum speed selector 14 configured to generate an input I_{DS} corresponding to a desired drum cutting speed DS_D , and a control 16. The control 16 is configured to receive the input I_{DS} from the selector 14 and to operate the regulator 12 such that the actual drum speed DS at least generally corresponds to the desired speed DS_D . Preferably, the control 16 includes at least one microprocessor 17 electrically connected with the speed selector 14 and with the regulator 12, but may alternatively be constructed in any other appropriate manner, such as for example, fabricated of one or more analog circuits (none shown).

[0018] Preferably, the drum speed selector 14 includes a plurality of the input members 20, most preferably a plurality of buttons 21A, 21B, 21C, 21D, etc., each input member 20 being configured to generate a separate one of a plurality of inputs I_{DS1} , I_{DS2} , I_{DS3} , I_{DS4} , etc. Each one of the inputs I_{DS1} ,

I_{DS2} , I_{DS3} , I_{DS4} , etc., corresponds to a separate desired drum speed DS_{D1} , DS_{D2} , DS_{D3} , DS_{D4} , etc., and each desired speed DS_{D1} , DS_{D2} , DS_{D3} , DS_{D4} , etc., has a magnitude different than each other desired speed. In other words, each input member 21N is configured to provide a different input ID_{SN} that corresponds to a different desired rotational speed DS_{DN} of the cutter drum 3, for example, 900 rpm, 1500 rpm, 1900 rpm, and 2400 rpm. Alternatively, the drum speed selector 14 may include only a single input member (not shown), such as a rotatable knob, a shiftable lever, etc., configured to generate the plurality of different inputs I_{DS1} , I_{DS2} , I_{DS3} , I_{DS4} , etc., each corresponding to a separate, different desired drum speed DS_{D1} , DS_{D2} , DS_{D3} , DS_{D4} , etc.

[0019] Most preferably, the control 16 is configured to provide a first drum speed DS_{D1} , a second drum speed DS_{D2} , a third drum speed DS_{D3} , and a fourth drum speed DS_{D4} , each in response to inputs I_{DS1} , I_{DS2} , I_{DS3} , I_{DS4} , as follows. The first speed setting DS_{D1} corresponds to an idle speed, for example of nine hundred rotations per minute (900 rpm), for use when the machine 1 is not working (i.e., drum 3 not cutting) and which minimizes noise and fuel consumption. The second speed setting DS_{D2} corresponds to a high torque cutting speed, for example of fifteen hundred rotations per minute (1500 rpm), for cutting through harder material and at lower machine travel speed S_T . Further, the third speed setting DS_{D3} corresponds to a standard cutting speed, for example of nineteen hundred rotations per minute (1900 rpm), for use of maximum horsepower in standard cutting operations. Finally, the fourth speed setting DS_{D4} corresponds to a maximum or high cutting speed, for example of twenty-four hundred rotations per minute (2300 rpm), for use at higher vehicle travel speeds S_T and preferably when cutting at shallower or lesser depths. Although the above four speed settings are preferred, the control 16 may be configured or constructed (e.g., programmed, wired, etc.) to provide any other appropriate speed settings DS_{DN} .

[0020] Further, the engine 4 is preferably configured to directly drive the cutter drum 3 and the regulator 12 is configured to adjust a speed of the engine 4 so as to thereby adjust the drum speed DS. Most preferably, the engine 4 includes a fuel line 5 configured to provide fuel to the engine 4 and the regulator 12 is configured to adjust a flow rate of fuel through the fuel line 5. As such, the regulator 12 varies the engine speed by adjusting the fuel flow rate, and thereby adjusts the cutter drum speed DS. However, the regular 12 may be alternatively configured to adjust a throttle or other component of the engine 4 so as to thereby adjust the speed DS of the drum 3. As a further alternative, the engine 4 may drive the drum 3 through a transmission, such as a belt-and-pulley system or a gear train (neither depicted), and the regulator 12 may be configured to adjust the transmission to controllably vary the drum speed DS. The scope of the present invention includes the above-described structures and any other appropriate construction of the regulator 12 that is capable of adjusting engine speed to correspondingly vary or adjust cutter drum speed DS.

[0021] Referring to FIGS. 1, 3 and 4, the control system 10 preferably further comprises a sensor 20 configured to sense the actual drum speed DS and to communicate with the control 16, such as by transmitting a signal corresponding to drum speed DS. Preferably, the sensor 20 senses the rotational speed of the engine shaft 3a, most preferably by sensing an internal engine component such as the crank shaft, etc., so as to indirectly sense drum speed DS. However, the sensor 20

may alternatively directly sense or measure the drum speed DS, for example by directly measuring rotational speed of the drum shaft 3a or the drum 3 itself. In any case, the control 16 is further configured to compare sensed drum speed DS_S with desired drum speed DS_D and to operate the regulator 12 such that the sensed drum speed DS_S is generally equal to the desired drum speed DS_D .

[0022] When the engine 4 is configured to directly drive the cutter drum 3 as preferred, the regulator 12 is configured to adjust a speed of the engine 4 so that the sensed drum speed DS_S is generally equal to the desired drum speed DS_D . Specifically, the control 16 preferably operates the regulator 12 so as to increase the fuel flow rate to the engine 4 when the sensed drum speed DS_S is less than the desired drum speed DS_D . Alternatively, the control 16 operates the regulator 12 so as to decrease the fuel flow rate to the engine 4 when the sensed drum speed DS_S is greater than the desired drum speed DS_D .

[0023] Referring to FIGS. 5-8, the milling machine 1 preferably further includes at least one and preferably two pumps 6 and at least one and preferably four crawler assemblies 7, each crawler assembly 7 including at least one drive motor 8 connected with a drive wheel 7a. Each of the two preferred pumps 6 is preferably configured to operatively drive two of the crawler motors 8, and thereby the associated crawler assemblies 7 through the crawler drive wheel 7a. However, each pump 6 may be configured to drive only a single crawler motor 8 or/and the milling machine 1 may only include a single pump 6 operating one or more motors 8. In any case, each pump 6 is preferably adjustable to vary a speed of the crawler motor 8. Preferably, the pumps 6 each have a variable fluid displacement and the control 16 is configured to adjust the pump displacement so as to adjust the crawler motor speed. Most preferably, each pump 6 is an axial piston pump with an actuator 6a for adjusting an angle A_p of a swash plate 6b, thereby adjusting the pump displacement, but may alternatively be constructed in any other appropriate manner.

[0024] Referring to FIG. 9, with the preferred pumps 6 and crawler assemblies 7 as described above, the control 16 is preferably further configured to compare the sensed drum speed DS_S with the desired speed DS_D and to adjust the pumps 6 to reduce the speed of the crawler motors 8 when the sensed drum speed DS_S has a value lesser than a predetermined portion P_{DS} of the desired speed DS_D . In other words, when the control 16 determines that the cutter drum 3 is rotating at a speed DS_S that is less than a certain portion of percentage (e.g., $\frac{2}{3}$, 80%, etc.) of the desired speed DS_D , the control 16 will adjust the pumps 6 in order to reduce crawler motor speed, and thereby reduce the milling machine travel speed. As such, the control 16 causes the milling machine travel speed S_T to be reduced whenever the cutting drum 3 is rotating at less than a desired speed DS_D , which generally indicates that the load on the drum 3 is greater than desired (e.g., drum 3 begins cutting relatively harder material). More specifically, when the drum 3 is cutting a relatively harder material or at relatively greater depth, the torque required to cut the material increases, which causes the rotational speed DS of the drum 3 to decrease. By correspondingly reducing the machine travel speed S_T , the quality or smoothness of a cut material surface is improved by prevention of "skipping" of drum cutting teeth (not depicted), which can occur when the drum speed DS is lower than preferred for a given machine travel speed S_T .

[0025] Further, the control 16 is also configured to adjust the pumps 6 so as to increase the speed of the crawler motors 8 when the value of the sensed drum speed DS_S increases from lesser than or about the predetermined portion P_{DS} of the desired speed to either greater than the desired speed predetermined portion P_{DS} or to about the desired speed DS_D . In other words, the control 16 will adjust the pumps 6 to increase the machine travel speed S_T back to a desired speed when the rotational speed DS of the cutting drum 3 increases to, or at least sufficiently increased so as to lower the drum speed DS substantially below a desired speed, and returns the travel speed S_T to a desired value when the drum load is reduced.

[0026] Referring to FIGS. 1, 3 and 5, the control system 16 preferably further comprises a travel speed input device 22 configured to generate a travel speed input I_{TS} corresponding to a desired travel speed of the milling machine 1 and to communicate the input to the control 16. The travel speed input device 22 preferably includes a shiftable lever or joystick 24 configured to provide a desired speed input from zero to a maximum value, but may be constructed in any appropriate manner. Further, the control 16 is configured to receive the travel speed input I_{TS} and to adjust the pumps 6 such that the crawler motor speed generally corresponds to the desired travel speed S_T , preferably subject to the "load control" feature described above. That is, the control 16 is configured to adjust the pumps 6 such that the crawler motor speed generally corresponds to the desired travel speed S_T when the sensed drum speed DS_S is above the predetermined portion of the desired drum speed DS_D . However, the control 16 alternatively adjusts the pumps 6 to reduce the speed of the crawler motors 8, and/or disregards a travel speed I_{TS} that would increase travel speed S_T when the sensed drum speed DS_S has a value lesser than the predetermined drum speed portion.

[0027] In other words, the control 16 preferably permits a machine operator to vary the vehicle travel speed as desired, through the travel speed input device 22, only when the sensed drum speed DS_S is within a certain portion or percentage of the desired drum speed DS_D . When the sensed drum speed DS_S is below the predetermined portion/percentage of the desired drum speed DS_D , the control 16 will "scale" the travel speed input I_{TS} from the travel speed input device 22 such that the control 16 only provides a portion of the input to the pumps 6, thereby reducing crawler motor speed, until the sensed drum speed DS_S again increases above the predetermined portion/percentage or is at or about the desired drum speed DS_D .

[0028] Most preferably, the control 16 is configured to selectively operate in at least first and second control modes M_1 , M_2 . In the first or "load control" mode M_1 , the control 16 adjusts the pumps 6 to reduce the speed of the crawler motors 8 whenever the sensed drum speed DS_S has a value lesser than the predetermined portion of the desired speed DS_D , as described above. In the second control mode M_2 , the control 16 permits the sensed drum speed DS_S to be lesser than the predetermined portion of the desired drum speed DS_D without adjustment of the pumps 6. That is, when operating in the second mode M_2 , the control 16 permits a machine operator to drive the milling machine 1 at any desired travel speed S_T

regardless of the drum speed DS , and will not automatically reduce the machine travel speed S_T (i.e., by adjusting pump displacement) when the sensed drum speed DS_S falls below a predetermined portion/percentage of the desired speed DS_D . Further, the control system 10 preferably further comprises a mode selector 26, such as a pushbutton, knob, etc., configured to adjust the control 16 between the first and second control modes M_1 , M_2 as desired by the machine operator.

[0029] Furthermore, the control system 10 preferably further comprises a "pause" input device 30 configured to provide or communicate a pause input I_P to the control 16 and the control 16 is further configured to take one or more, and preferably all, of the following actions: to reduce engine speed E_S , to activate one or more brake mechanism (none shown), to adjust the crawler motors 8 so as to stop crawler rotation (and thus machine propulsion/displacement), to turn off one or more wetting devices or water sprayers (none shown), and to turn off a conveyor 9 when the control 16 receives the pause device input I_P . Most preferably, the control 16 is configured to take one of the above "pause" actions when the control 16 receives a first or "pause" input I_{P1} from the pause input device 30 and is configured to take at least one of the following actions when the control 16 receives a second or "resume" input I_{P2} from the pause input device 30: increase engine speed, deactivate the brake mechanism, adjust the crawler motors 8 to start crawler rotation, turn on wetting devices or sprayers, and/or to turn on the conveyor 9.

[0030] It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that changes could be made to the embodiments described above without departing from the broad inventive concept thereof. It is understood, therefore, that this invention is not limited to the particular embodiments disclosed, but it is intended to cover modifications within the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

We claim:

1. A milling machine comprising:

- a main frame;
- a rotatable cutter drum coupled with the frame;
- an engine mounted to the frame and operatively connected with the drum;
- a regulator configured to adjust a speed of the cutter drum;
- a speed selector configured to generate an input corresponding to a desired drum cutting speed; and
- a control configured to receive the input from the selector and to operate the regulator such that the drum speed at least generally corresponds to the desired speed.

2. The milling machine as recited in claim 1 wherein the speed selector includes one of:

- a plurality of the input members, each input member being configured to generate a separate one of a plurality of inputs, each one of the inputs corresponding to a separate desired speed, each desired speed having a magnitude different than each other desired speed; and
- an input member configured to generate a plurality of inputs, each one of the inputs corresponding to a separate desired speed, each desired speed having a magnitude different than each other desired speed.

3. The milling machine as recited in claim 1 wherein the engine is configured to directly drive the cutter drum and the regulator is configured to adjust a speed of the engine so as to adjust the drum speed.

4. The milling machine as recited in claim 3 wherein the engine includes a fuel line configured to provide fuel to the

engine and the regulator is configured to adjust a flow rate of fuel through the fuel line so as to vary the engine speed.

5. The milling machine as recited in claim 1 further comprising a sensor configured to sense drum speed and to communicate with the control, the control being further configured to compare sensed drum speed with desired drum speed and to operate the regulator such that the sensed drum speed is generally equal to the desired drum speed.

6. The milling machine as recited in claim 5 wherein the engine is configured to directly drive the cutter drum and the regulator is configured to adjust a speed of the engine so that the sensed drum speed is generally equal to the desired drum speed.

7. The milling machine as recited in claim 6 wherein the sensor is configured to measure one of drum speed and engine speed.

8. The milling machine as recited in claim 1 wherein the control includes a microprocessor electrically connected with the speed selector and with the regulator.

9. The milling machine as recited in claim 1 further comprising:

- at least one crawler assembly including a hydraulic motor;
- a pump configured to drive the crawler motor and being adjustable to vary a speed of the crawler motor; and
- a sensor configured to sense a speed of the drum and to communicate with the control;

wherein the control is configured to compare sensed drum speed with the desired drum speed and to adjust the pump to reduce the speed of the crawler motor when the sensed drum speed has a value lesser than a predetermined portion of the desired drum speed.

10. The milling machine as recited in claim 9 wherein the control is further configured to adjust the pump so as to increase the speed of the crawler motor when the sensed drum speed increases from a value of lesser than the predetermined speed portion to a value of greater than the predetermined speed portion and about the desired drum speed.

11. The milling machine as recited in claim 9 wherein the sensor is configured to directly sense a speed of the engine so as to sense drum speed.

12. The milling machine as recited in claim 9 wherein the pump has a variable fluid displacement and the control is configured to adjust the pump displacement so as to adjust the crawler motor speed.

13. The milling machine as recited in claim 9 further comprising a travel speed input device configured to generate a travel speed input corresponding to a desired travel speed of the vehicle, the control being configured to receive the travel speed input, to adjust the pump such that the motor speed generally corresponds to the desired travel speed when the drum speed is greater than the predetermined drum speed portion, and to alternatively adjust the pump to reduce the speed of the crawler motor when the sensed drum speed has a value lesser than the predetermined speed portion.

14. The milling machine as recited in claim 13 wherein the control is configured to selectively operate in a first control mode in which the control adjusts the pump to reduce the speed of the crawler motor whenever the sensed drum speed has a value lesser than the predetermined drum speed portion and to alternatively operate in a second mode in which the control permits the drum speed to be lesser than the predetermined speed portion without adjustment of the pump.

15. The milling machine as recited in claim 14 further comprising a mode selector configured to adjust the control between the first and second control modes.

16. The milling machine as recited in claim 1 further comprising a pause input device configured to provide an input to the control and the control is configured to at least one of reduce engine speed, activate a brake mechanism, adjust a crawler motor so as to stop crawler rotation, turn off a watering system, and to turn off a conveyor when the control receives the pause device input.

17. The milling machine as recited in claim 16 wherein:

- the control is configured to at least one of reduce engine speed, activate a brake mechanism, adjust a crawler motor so as to stop crawler rotation, turn off a watering system, and to turn off a conveyor when the control receives a first input from the pause input device; and

- the control is configured to at least one of increase engine speed, deactivate a brake mechanism, adjust a crawler motor so as to start crawler rotation, turn on a watering system, and to turn on a conveyor when the control receives a second input from the pause input device.

18. A milling machine comprising:

- a main frame;
- a rotatable cutter drum coupled with the frame;
- at least one crawler assembly connected with the frame and including a hydraulic motor,
- a pump disposed on the frame and configured to drive the crawler motor, the pump being adjustable to vary a speed of the crawler motor;
- a sensor configured to sense a speed of the cutter drum; and
- a control configured to receive input from the sensor, to compare sensed drum speed with a desired drum speed, and to adjust the pump to reduce the speed of the crawler motor when the sensed drum speed has a value lesser than a predetermined portion of a desired drum speed.

19. The milling machine as recited in claim 18 wherein the control is further configured to adjust the pump so as to increase the speed of the crawler motor when the sensed drum speed increases from a value lesser than the predetermined speed portion to a value one of greater than the predetermined speed portion and about the desired drum speed.

20. The milling machine as recited in claim 18 wherein the pump has a variable fluid displacement and the control is configured to adjust the pump displacement so as to adjust the crawler motor speed.

21. The milling machine as recited in claim 18 wherein the control is configured to selectively operate in a first control mode in which the control adjusts the pump to reduce the speed of the crawler motor whenever the sensed drum speed has a value lesser than the predetermined portion of the desired speed and to alternatively operate in a second mode in which the control permits the sensed drum speed to have a value lesser than the predetermined portion of the desired drum speed without adjustment of the pump.

22. The milling machine as recited in claim 18 further comprising:

- a regulator configured to adjust a speed of the cutter drum; and
- a speed selector configured to generate an input corresponding to a desired drum cutting speed; and

wherein the control is further configured to receive the input from the selector and to operate the regulator such

that the drum speed at least generally corresponds to the desired speed.

23. A milling machine comprising:

a main frame;

a rotatable cutter drum coupled with the frame;

an engine mounted to the frame, operatively connected with the cutter drum so as to directly drive the drum, and including a fuel line configured to provide fuel to the engine;

a regulator configured to adjust a flow rate of fuel through the fuel line so as to vary the engine speed and adjust a speed of the cutter drum;

a speed selector configured to generate an input corresponding to a desired drum cutting speed; and

a control configured to receive the input from the selector and to operate the regulator such that the drum speed at least generally corresponds to the desired speed.

* * * * *