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(54) **VAPORIZER**

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(71) Applicants: **Jan Andries Verleur**, Miami Beach, FL (US); **Dan Recio**, Miami, FL (US); **Yifeng Lu**, Miami, FL (US); **Yinjun Zhang**, Miami, FL (US); **Arturo Fajardo**, Miami, FL (US); **Hans Verleur**, El Dorado, CA (US)

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

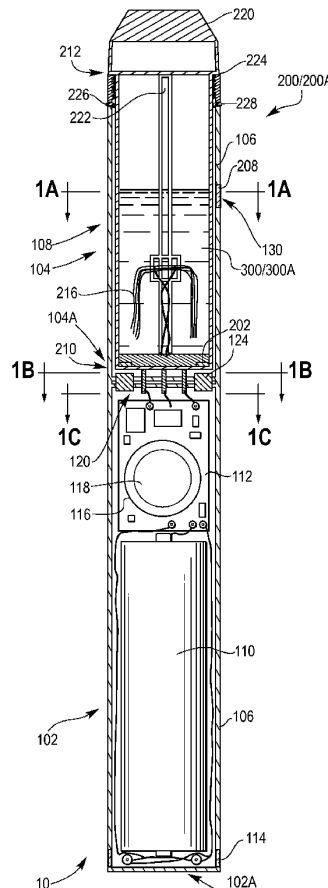
An electronic cigarette or vaporizer may include a shell and a cartomizer receivable within a chamber within a portion of the shell. The cartomizer may hold a vaporizable fluid, dry substance, or other vaporizable substance such as a wax. A charger may also be included which in one embodiment may be insertable into the chamber, and in another embodiment may be connectable to an end of the shell. Various electrical components, such as a printed circuit board, a rechargeable battery, various indicator lights, a sensor, and display screen, for instance, improve the functionality of the vaporizer from known vaporizers. Magnets are also provided in order to secure the cartomizer or the charger to the shell.

(72) Inventors: **Jan Andries Verleur**, Miami Beach, FL (US); **Dan Recio**, Miami, FL (US); **Yifeng Lu**, Miami, FL (US); **Yinjun Zhang**, Miami, FL (US); **Arturo Fajardo**, Miami, FL (US); **Hans Verleur**, El Dorado, CA (US)

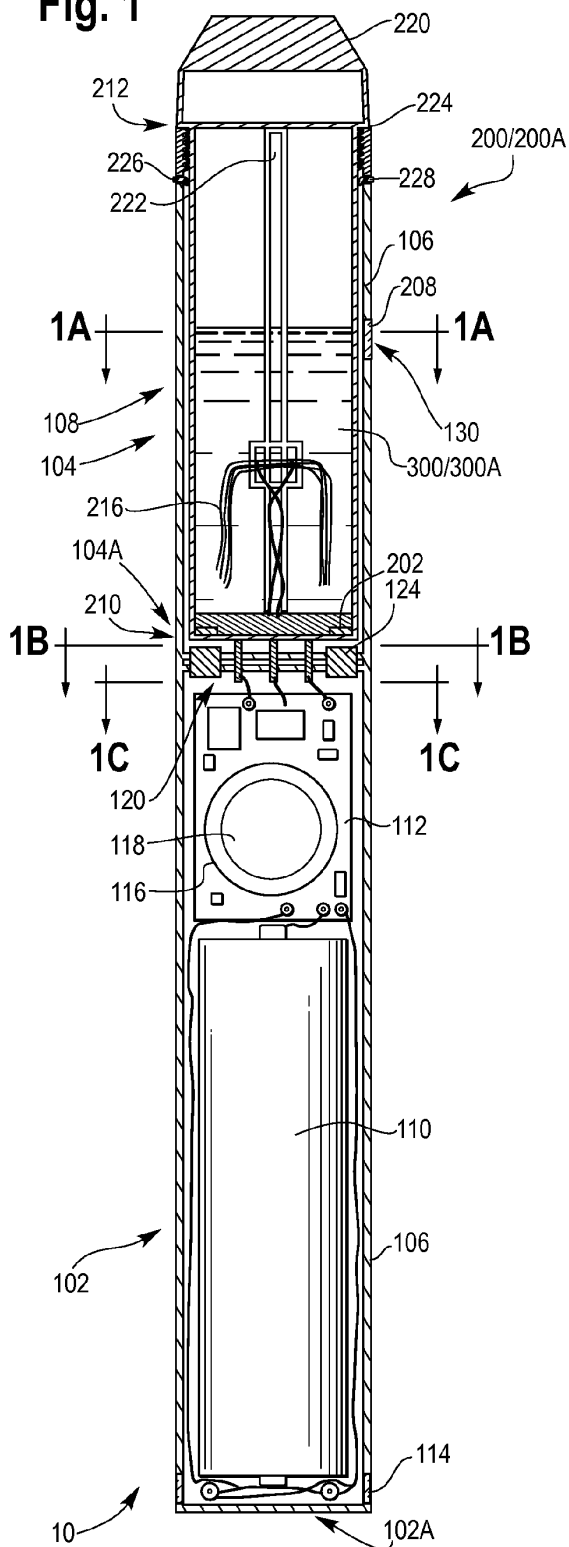
(73) Assignee: **VMR Products, LLC**, Miami, FL (US)

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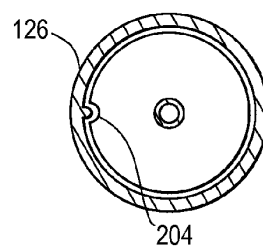
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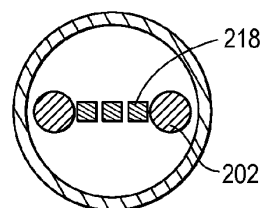
**Fig. 1**



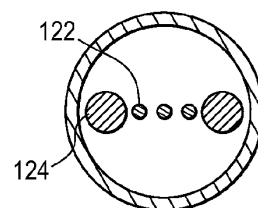
**Fig. 1A**

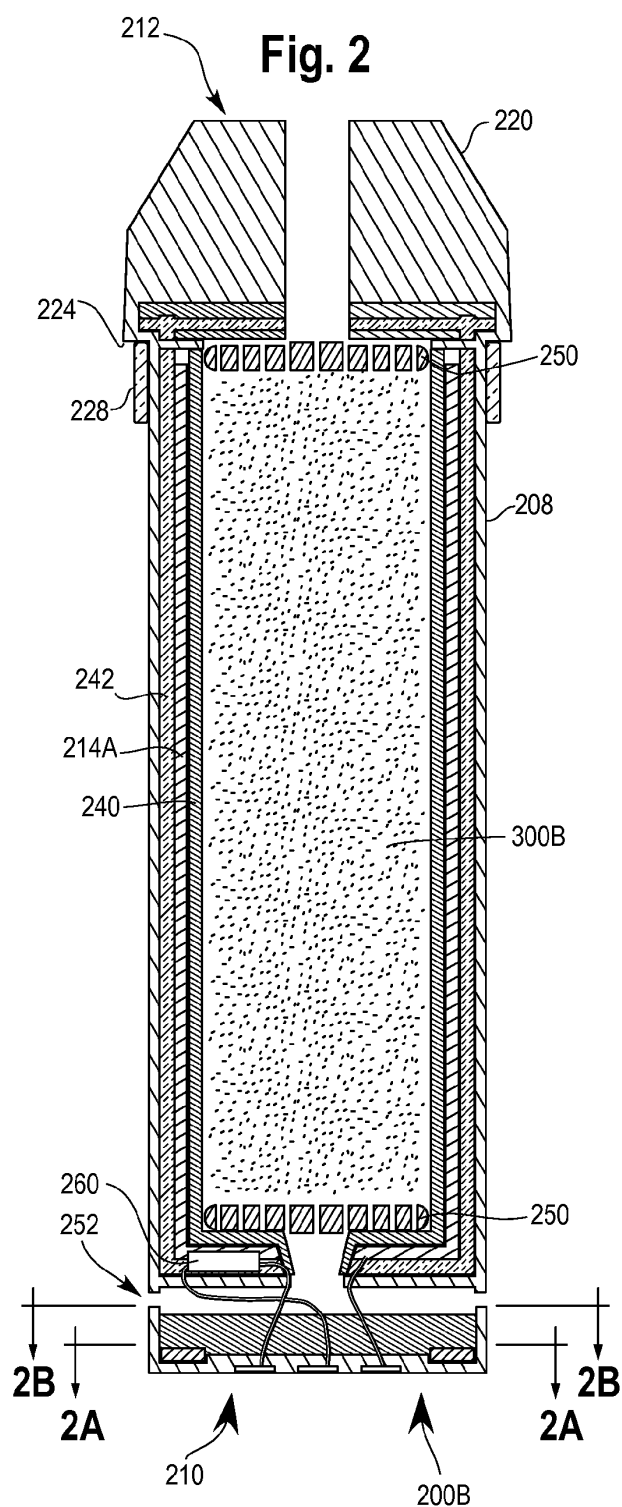


**Fig. 1B**

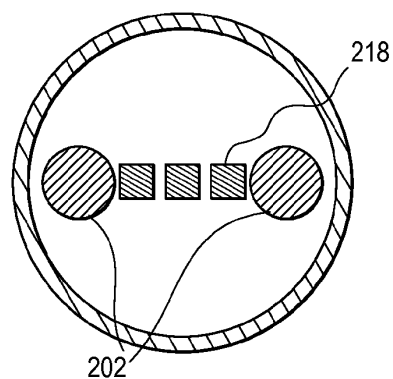


**Fig. 1C**

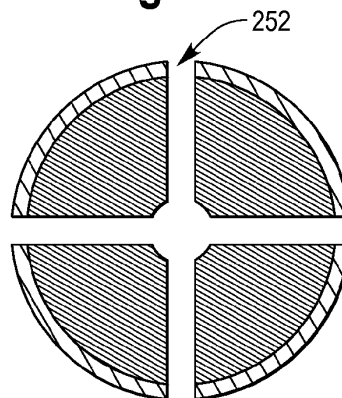


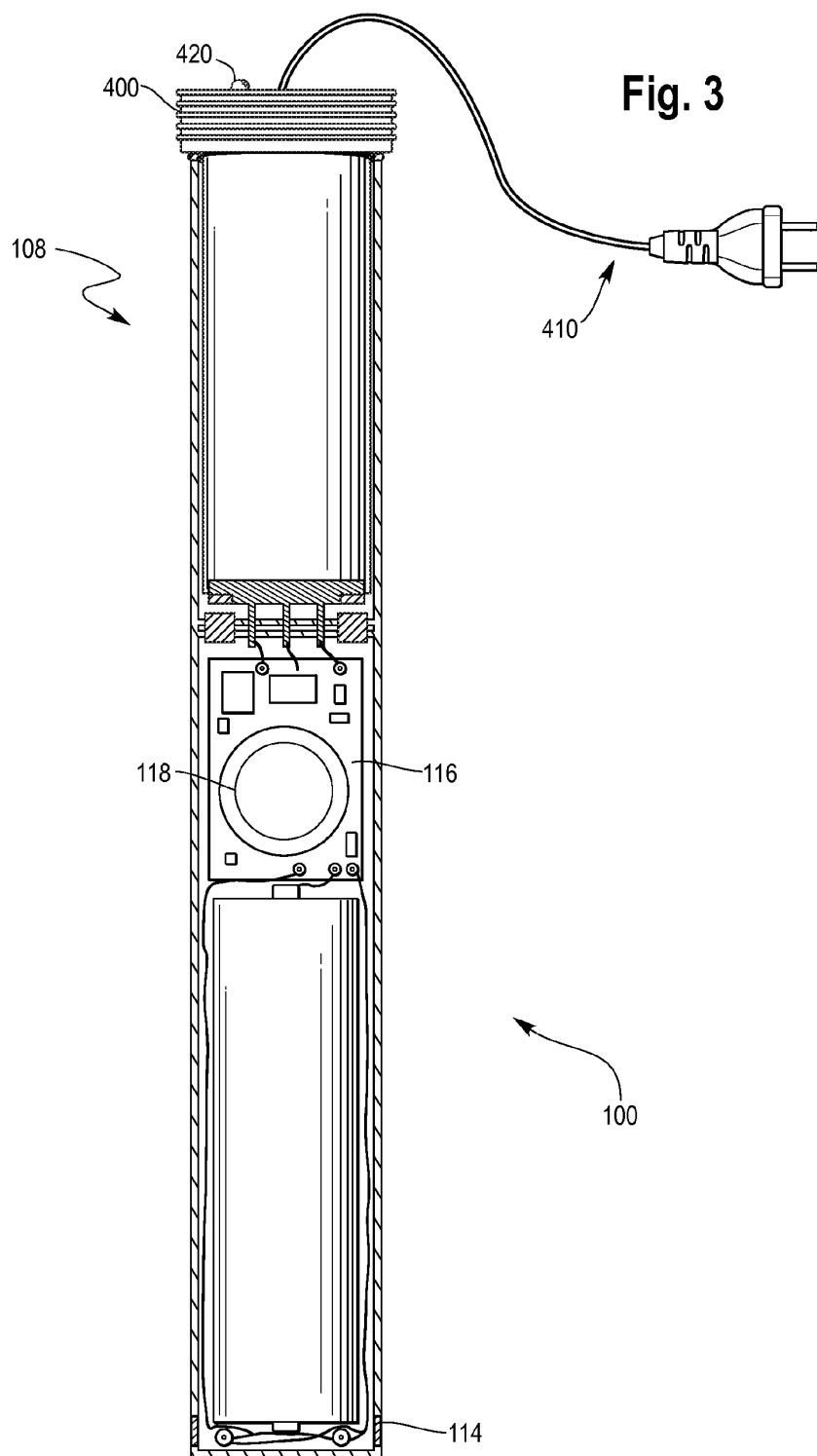


**Fig. 2A**



**Fig. 2B**





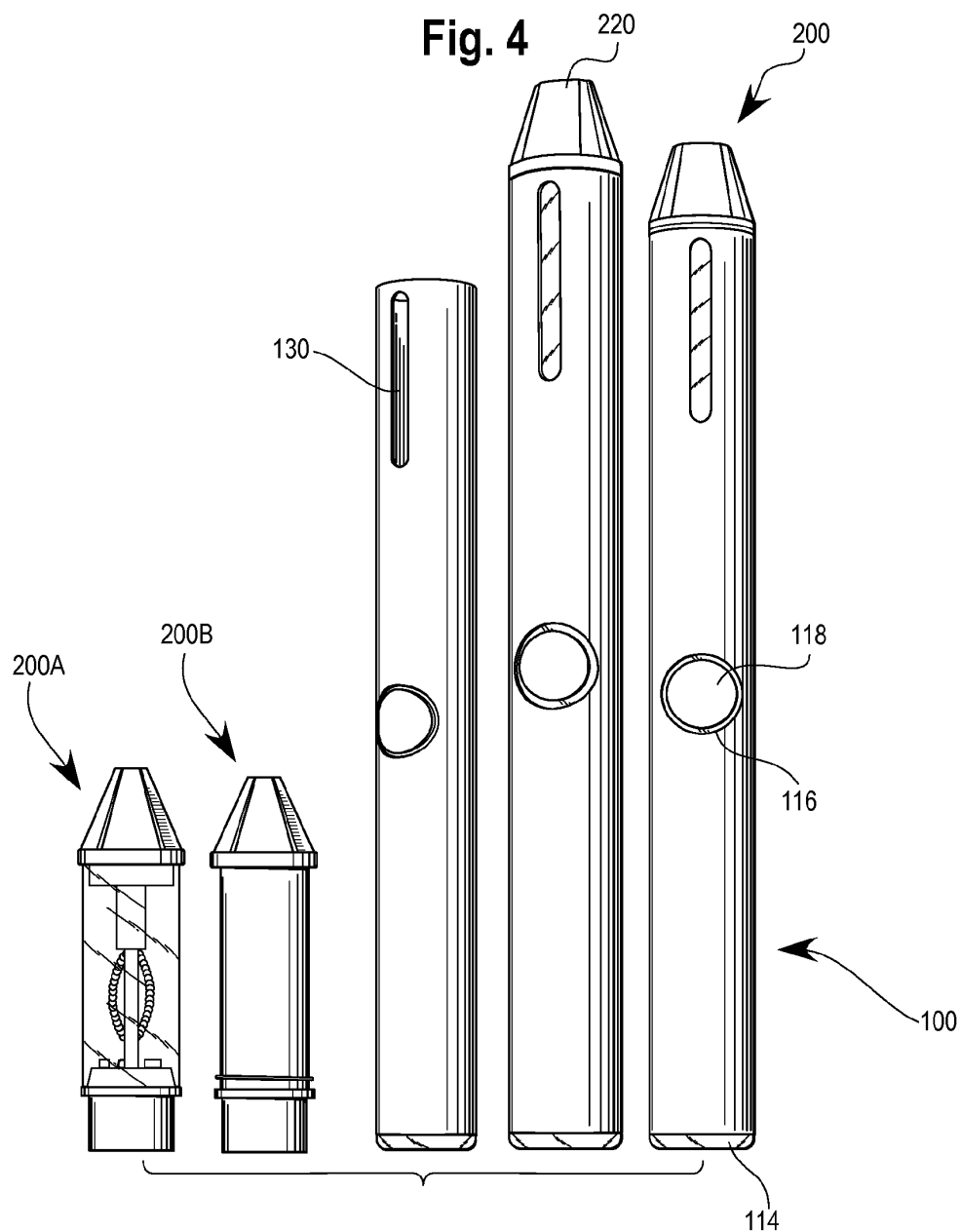
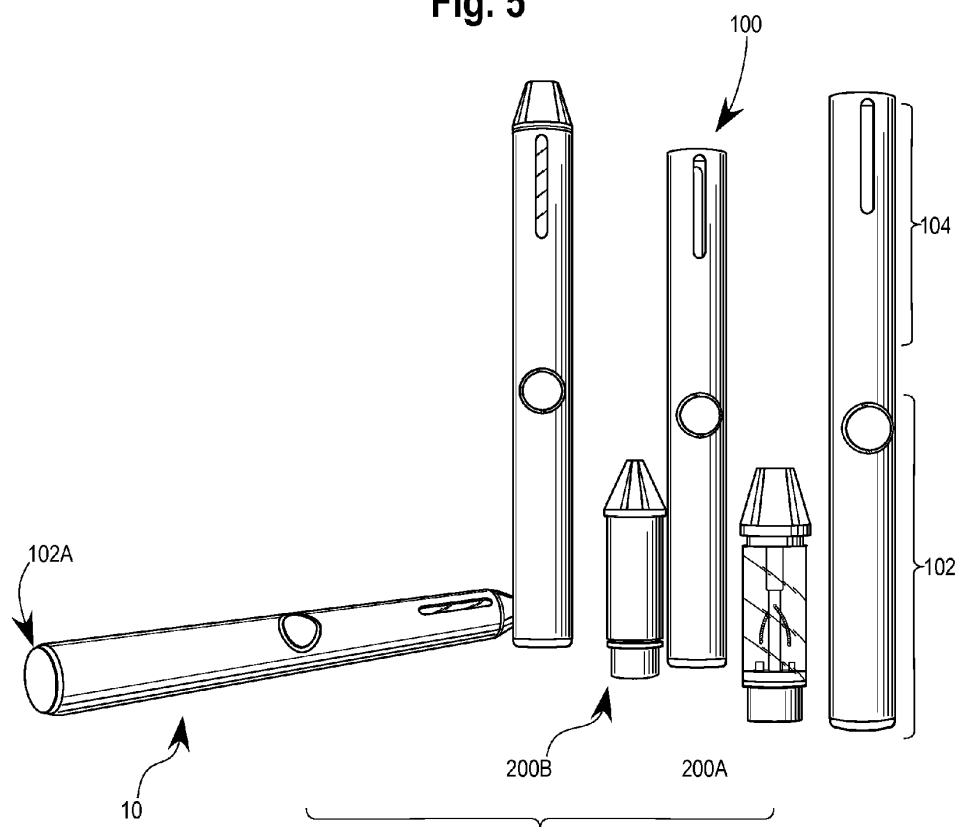
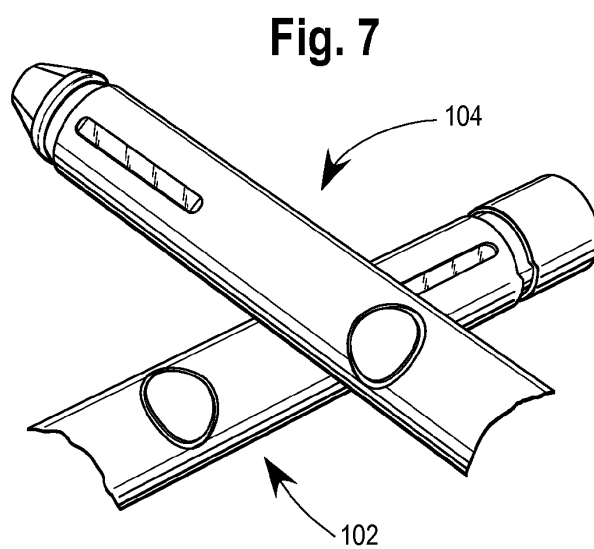
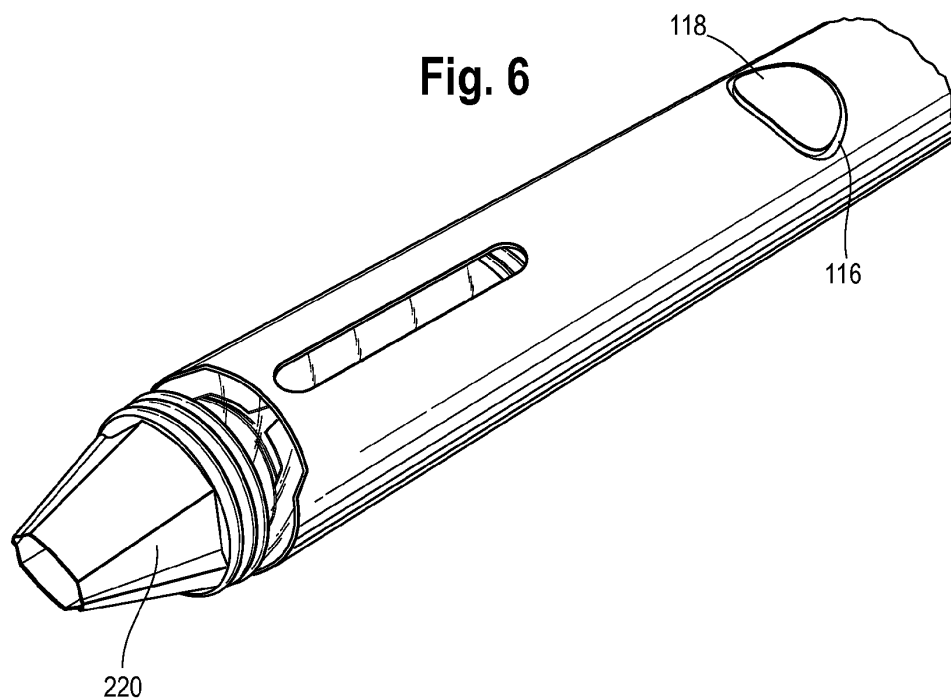
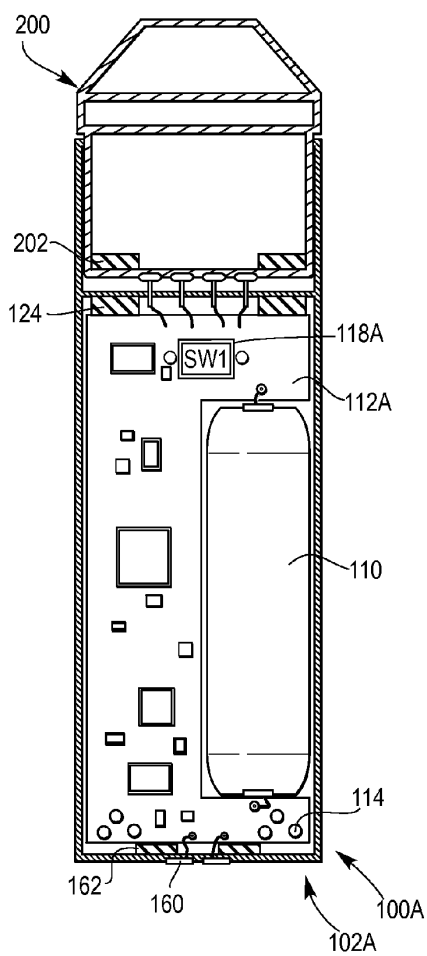


Fig. 5

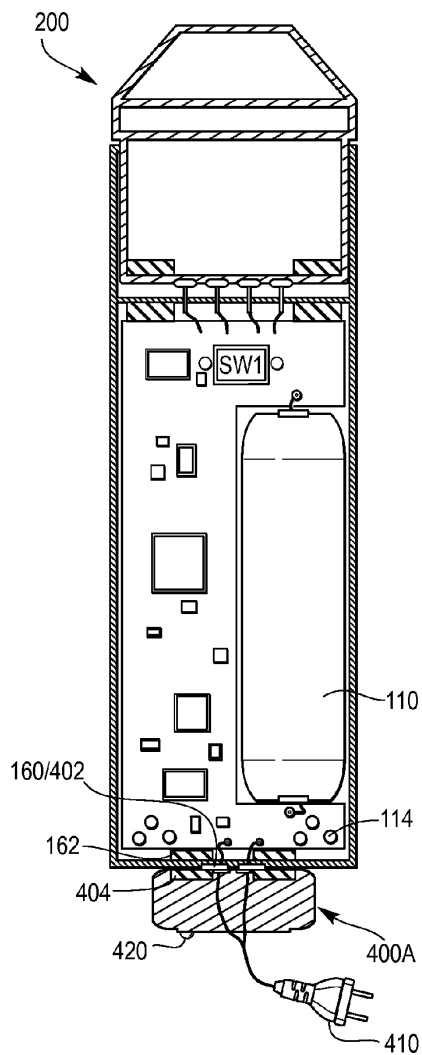




**Fig. 8**

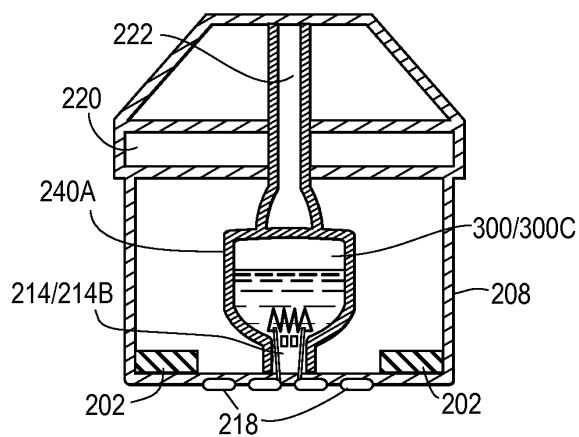


**Fig. 9**

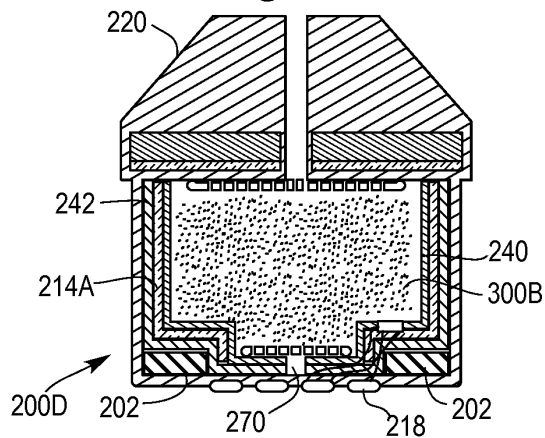




**Fig. 10**



**Fig. 11**



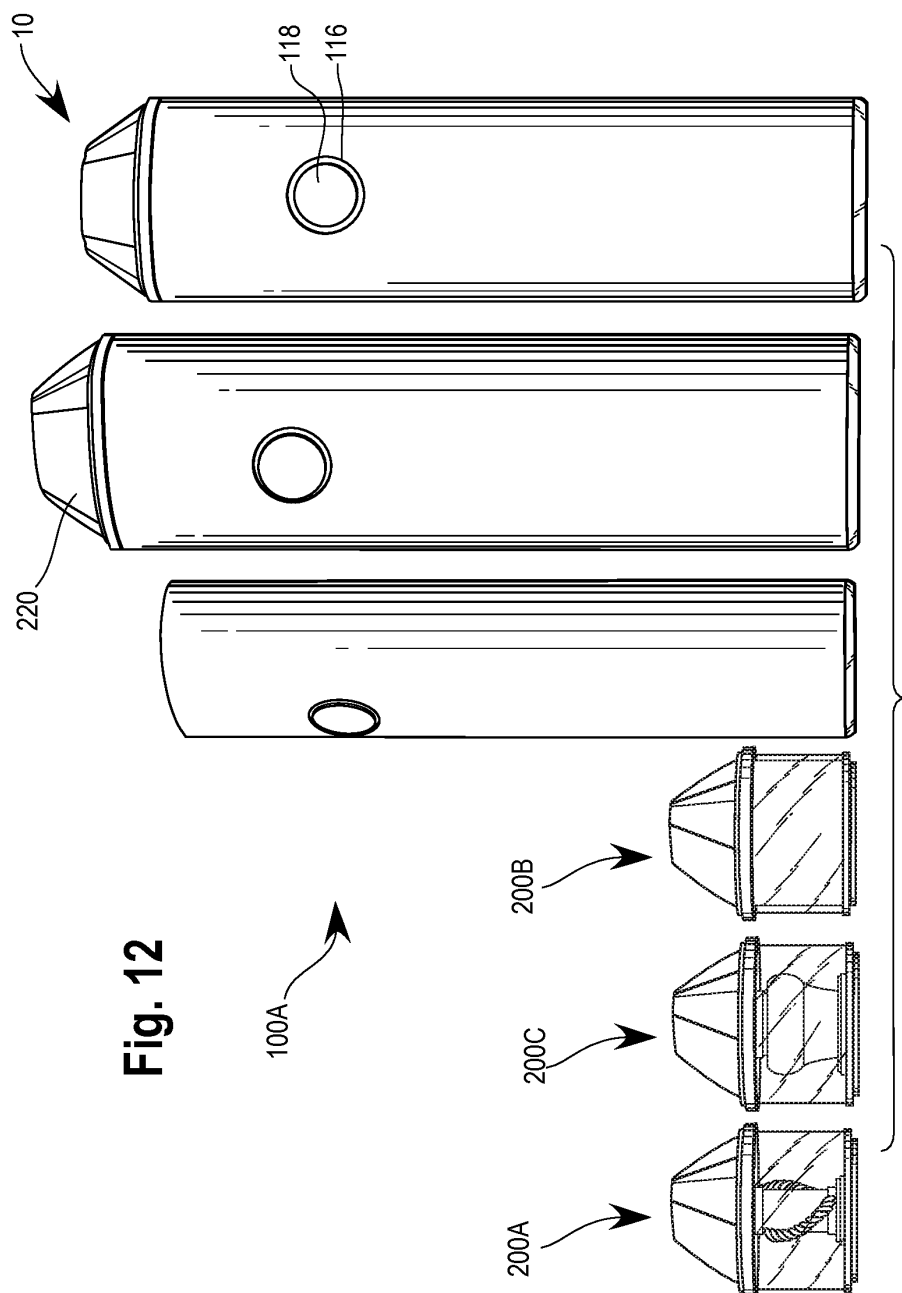


Fig. 13

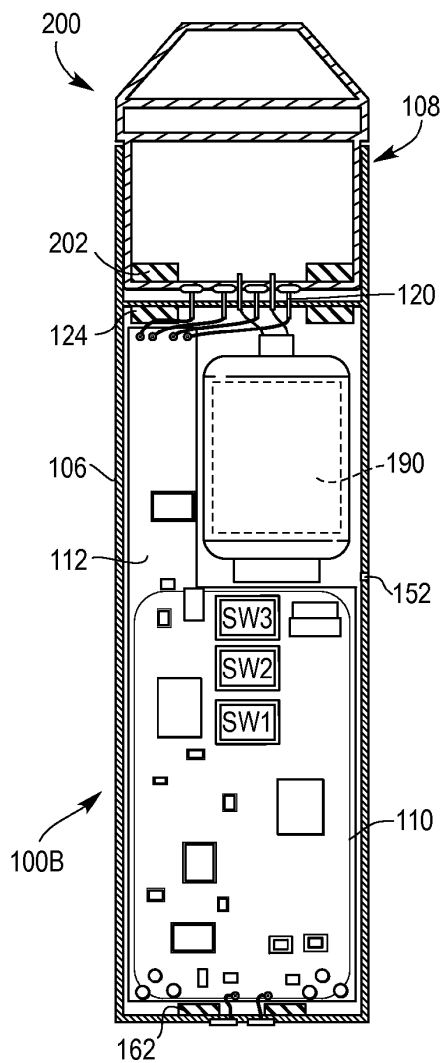
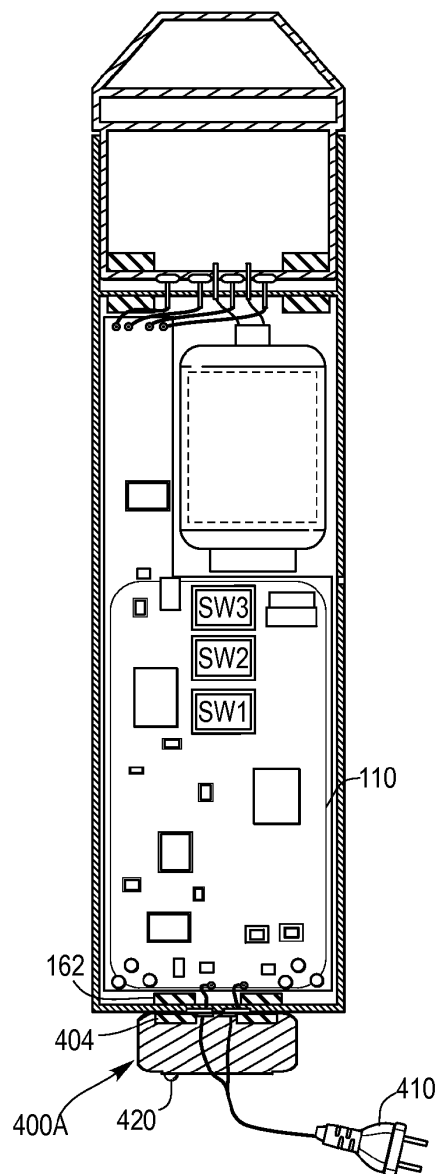
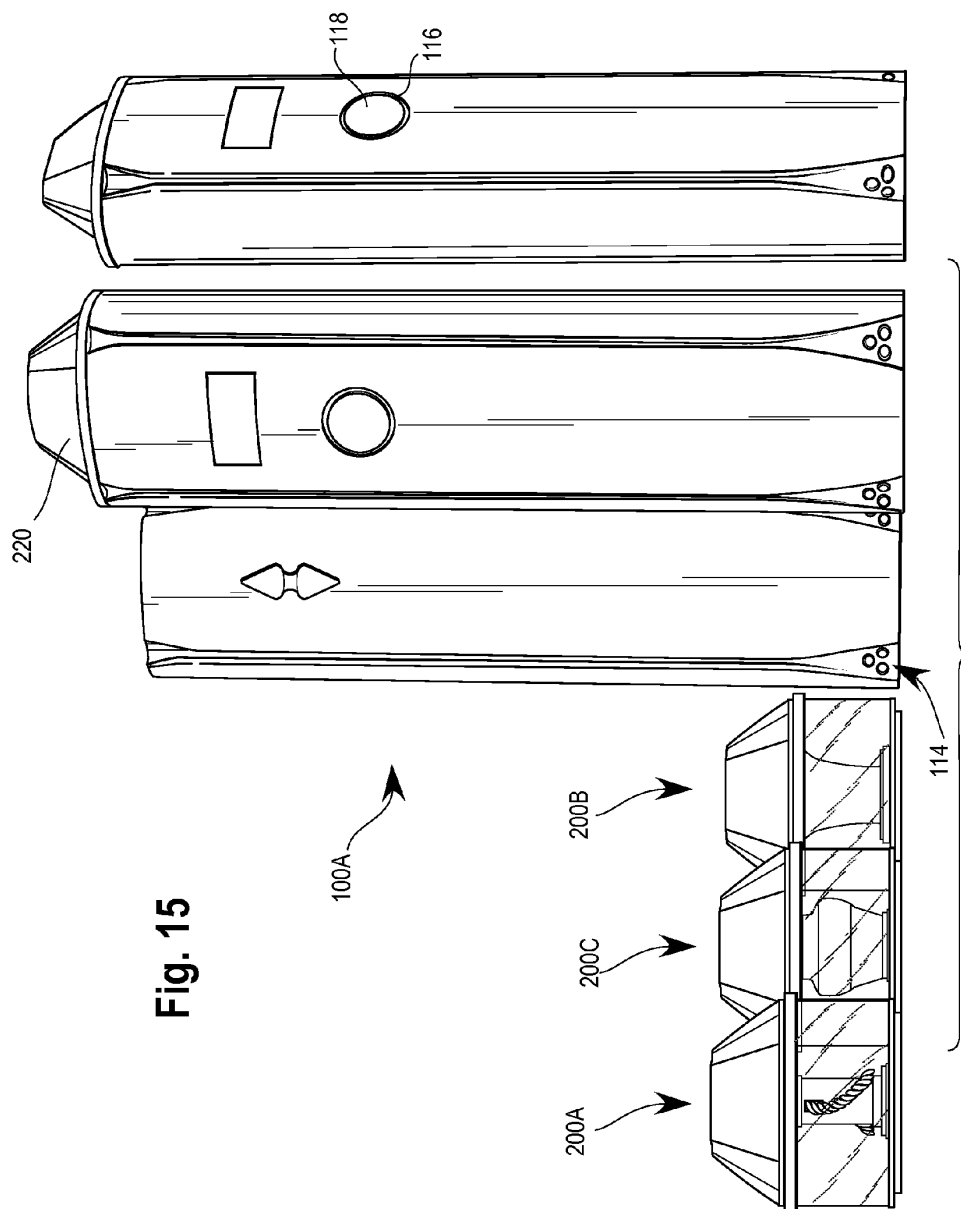


Fig. 14





## VAPORIZER

### CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/903,344 filed Nov. 12, 2013, and U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/937,851, filed Feb. 10, 2014, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] This invention relates to the field of vaporizers, which may also be referred to as electronic cigarettes.

### BACKGROUND

[0003] Electronic cigarettes have recently emerged as a new product for providing nicotine through a smokeless inhalation process. Typically, implementations consist of a power supply (typically a battery) and an atomizing device. In reusable electronic cigarettes the two items are separated into a battery and a cartomizer, to allow the disposal and replacement of a nicotine containing fluid cartomizer while preserving the more costly battery and associated circuitry (micro-controller, switch, indicating LED, etc.) for additional use. In disposable electronic cigarettes, the two items are combined to integrate the functions into one unit that is discarded after either the battery energy or the nicotine containing liquid is exhausted.

[0004] The electronic cigarette liquid used to vaporize ingredients such as nicotine is generally a solution of propylene glycol (PG), vegetable glycerin (VG), or polyethylene glycol 400 (PEG400), as well as their mixtures to which a flavor and/or nicotine has been added. The solution is often sold in a bottle (for refilling by the user) or in disposable cartridges or cartomizers. Many different flavors are incorporated into these liquids, including those that resemble the taste of regular tobacco, menthol, vanilla, coffee, cola and/or various fruits. Various nicotine concentrations are also available, and nicotine-free solutions are also common.

### BRIEF SUMMARY

[0005] One embodiment of a vaporizer, in accordance with the disclosure, may include a shell having a battery segment and a cartomizer receiving segment, the cartomizer receiving segment may define a chamber having an insertion end distal to the battery segment of said shell and a base end proximate to the battery segment, the chamber dimensioned to receive a cartomizer inserted into the chamber at the insertion end of the chamber. The vaporizer may also include a battery housed within the battery segment. The vaporizer may further include electrical contacts provided between the base end of the chamber and the battery portion, the electrical contacts including a positive contact and a negative contact insulated from the positive contact. Electronic circuitry may be housed within the battery segment of said shell and operable to direct an electrical current between the battery and the electrical contacts. Additionally, a chamber magnet may be provided in or proximate to the chamber, the chamber magnet operable to secure a cartomizer received within the chamber, wherein the cartomizer includes either a metallic surface or a cartomizer magnet having a polarity opposite to that of the chamber magnet. The electrical contacts and battery may each be in electrical connection with said electronic circuitry. The car-

tomizer may be securable within the chamber as a cartomizer surface and a magnetically attracted chamber surface are placed adjacent to one another.

[0006] In another embodiment of a vaporizer, in accordance with the disclosure, the vaporizer may include a shell having a battery segment and a cartomizer receiving segment, the cartomizer receiving segment defining a chamber having an insertion end distal from the battery segment and a base end proximate to the battery segment. The vaporizer may further include a cartomizer insertable into the chamber at the insertion end, and the cartomizer may include a cartomizer body dimensioned to hold a vaporizable substance, a heating element provided within or proximate to the cartomizer body operable to heat the vaporizable substance, cartomizer electrical contacts provided on the exterior of the cartomizer, cartomizer electrical circuitry operable to direct an electronic current between the cartomizer electrical contacts and the heating element, and a mouthpiece in fluid communication with the cartomizer body, the mouthpiece extending from the insertion end of the chamber when the cartomizer is inserted in the chamber. The heating element may be activated by the current and is operable to heat the vaporizable substance to a vaporization temperature. A battery may be housed within the battery segment. The vaporizer may also include battery electrical contacts provided between the base end of the chamber and the battery segment, the battery electrical contacts positioned to contact the cartomizer electrical contacts when the cartomizer is inserted in the chamber. Additionally, the vaporizer may include battery electrical circuitry housed within the battery segment and operable to direct an electrical current between the battery, the battery electrical contacts, the cartomizer electrical contacts, the heating element, and the inserted cartomizer.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

[0007] FIG. 1 illustrates a front view of an embodiment of an electronic cigarette of the disclosure comprising a first embodiment of a battery portion with an embodiment of a cartomizer for use with a vaporizable liquid inserted into a cartomizer chamber of the first embodiment battery portion, the outer shell of the first embodiment battery portion shown transparently so as to illustrate the inner components of the electronic cigarette.

[0008] FIG. 1A illustrates a lateral cross sectional view of the electronic cigarette of FIG. 1 illustrating an electrical connector and magnets.

[0009] FIG. 1B illustrates a lateral cross sectional view of the electronic cigarette of FIG. 1 illustrating the end of the inserted cartomizer.

[0010] FIG. 1C illustrates a lateral cross sectional view of the electronic cigarette of FIG. 1 illustrating the cartomizer chamber.

[0011] FIG. 2 illustrates a front view of an embodiment of a cartomizer in accordance with the disclosure that may be inserted into the cartomizer chamber of the battery portion of FIG. 1, the outer shell of the first embodiment battery portion shown transparently so as to illustrate the inner components of the electronic cigarette.

[0012] FIG. 2A illustrates a lateral cross sectional view of the cartomizer of FIG. 2 illustrating the end of the cartomizer at the inserted end.

[0013] FIG. 2B illustrates a lateral cross sectional view of the cartomizer of FIG. 2 illustrating the air hole structure.

**[0014]** FIG. 3 illustrates a front view of an embodiment of the battery portion of FIG. 1 with an embodiment of a charger, in accordance with the disclosure, inserted into the cartomizer chamber, with the outer shell of the first embodiment battery portion shown transparently so as to illustrate the inner components of the electronic cigarette.

**[0015]** FIGS. 4-7 illustrate embodiments of electronic cigarettes comprising the first battery portion of FIGS. 1-3 and the cartomizers of FIGS. 1 and 2, in accordance with the disclosure.

**[0016]** FIG. 8 illustrates a front view of an embodiment of an electronic cigarette, in accordance with the disclosure, comprising a second embodiment of a battery portion with the outer shell of the second embodiment battery portion shown transparently so as to illustrate the inner components of the electronic cigarette.

**[0017]** FIG. 9 illustrates a front view of the electronic cigarette of FIG. 8 with a charger attached, with the outer shell of the second embodiment battery portion shown transparently so as to illustrate the inner components of the electronic cigarette.

**[0018]** FIG. 10 illustrates a front cross sectional view of an embodiment of a cartomizer in accordance with the disclosure.

**[0019]** FIG. 11 illustrates a front view of an embodiment of a cartomizer in accordance with the disclosure.

**[0020]** FIG. 12 illustrates embodiments of electronic cigarettes comprising the second battery portion of FIGS. 8-9 and the cartomizers of FIGS. 8-10.

**[0021]** FIG. 13 illustrates a front view of an embodiment of an electronic cigarette in accordance with the disclosure, with the outer shell of the embodiment of the battery portion shown transparently so as to illustrate the inner components of the electronic cigarette.

**[0022]** FIG. 14 illustrates a front view of the electronic cigarette of FIG. 13 with a charger attached.

**[0023]** FIG. 15 illustrates embodiments of the electronic cigarette of FIGS. 13-14 in accordance with the disclosure.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

**[0024]** The following detailed description and the appended drawings describe and illustrate exemplary embodiments of the invention solely for the purpose of enabling one of ordinary skill in the relevant art to make and use the invention. As such, the detailed description and illustration of these embodiments are purely exemplary in nature and are in no way intended to limit the scope of the invention, or its protection, in any manner. It should also be understood that the drawings are not to scale and in certain instances details have been omitted, which are not necessary for an understanding of the present invention, such as conventional details of fabrication and assembly.

**[0025]** One embodiment of a vaporizer, in accordance with the disclosure, may include a shell having a battery segment and a cartomizer receiving segment, the cartomizer receiving segment may define a chamber having an insertion end distal to the battery segment of said shell and a base end proximate to the battery segment, the chamber dimensioned to receive a cartomizer inserted into the chamber at the insertion end of the chamber. The vaporizer may also include a battery housed within the battery segment. The vaporizer may further include electrical contacts provided between the base end of the chamber and the battery portion, the electrical contacts including a positive contact and a negative contact insulated

from the positive contact. Electronic circuitry may be housed within the battery segment of said shell and operable to direct an electrical current between the battery and the electrical contacts. Additionally, a chamber magnet may be provided in or proximate to the chamber, the chamber magnet operable to secure a cartomizer received within the chamber, wherein the cartomizer includes either a metallic surface or a cartomizer magnet having a polarity opposite to that of the chamber magnet. The electrical contacts and battery may each be in electrical connection with said electronic circuitry. The cartomizer may be securable within the chamber as a cartomizer surface and a magnetically attracted chamber surface are placed adjacent to one another.

**[0026]** In some embodiments, the chamber magnet may be provided proximate to the base end of the chamber, the chamber magnet insulated from the electrical contacts. The vaporizer may further include an additional chamber magnet provided proximate to the base end of the chamber, the additional chamber magnet insulated from the electrical contacts and the chamber magnet, the additional chamber magnet having a polarity opposite to that of the chamber magnet. The electronic circuitry may include a printed circuit board.

**[0027]** Additional embodiments of the vaporizer may include an activation button provided on the exterior of the shell in electrical communication with the electronic circuitry, the electrical contacts and the battery, wherein manipulation of the activation button by a user of the vaporizer operates to control the current from the battery to the electronic contacts; a printed circuit board; and an indicator ring surrounding at least a portion of the activation button, the indicator ring in electrical communication with the electronic circuitry, the electrical contacts and the battery, said indicator ring illuminable to indicate a state of the vaporizer, the indicator ring controllable by the printed circuit board, and the printed circuit board may be in electrical communication with the electrical contacts, the battery, the activation button and the indicator ring. The vaporizer may also include a display screen provided on the exterior of the shell, said display screen in electrical communication with said printed circuit board and battery, the display screen controlled by the printed circuit board and operable to display a message. At least one of the electrical contacts may be a spring-loaded pin extending into a portion of the chamber and retractable when pressed by the cartomizer when inserted into the chamber. The shell may include a window provided at the cartomizer receiving segment so that a portion of the chamber is visible from outside the shell.

**[0028]** In another embodiment of a vaporizer, in accordance with the disclosure, the vaporizer may include a shell having a battery segment and a cartomizer receiving segment, the cartomizer receiving segment defining a chamber having an insertion end distal from the battery segment and a base end proximate to the battery segment. The vaporizer may further include a cartomizer insertable into the chamber at the insertion end, and the cartomizer may include a cartomizer body dimensioned to hold a vaporizable substance, a heating element provided within or proximate to the cartomizer body operable to heat the vaporizable substance, cartomizer electrical contacts provided on the exterior of the cartomizer, cartomizer electrical circuitry operable to direct an electronic current between the cartomizer electrical contacts and the heating element, and a mouthpiece in fluid communication with the cartomizer body, the mouthpiece extending from the insertion end of the chamber when the cartomizer is inserted

in the chamber. The heating element may be activated by the current and is operable to heat the vaporizable substance to a vaporization temperature. A battery may be housed within the battery segment. The vaporizer may also include battery electrical contacts provided between the base end of the chamber and the battery segment, the battery electrical contacts positioned to contact the cartomizer electrical contacts when the cartomizer is inserted in the chamber. Additionally, the vaporizer may include battery electrical circuitry housed within the battery segment and operable to direct an electrical current between the battery, the battery electrical contacts, the cartomizer electrical contacts, the heating element, and the inserted cartomizer.

[0029] In embodiments of the disclosure, the vaporizable substance may be a fluid, the heating element may include a wicking element for absorbing the fluid, and at least a portion of the cartomizer body may be composed of a translucent material. The cartomizer may further include a container provided within the cartomizer body and dimensioned to hold the vaporizable substance, wherein the heating element is provided exterior to at least a portion of the container and is operable to heat the container thereby heating the vaporizable substance to the vaporization temperature. The heating element may include conductive material intertwined with non-conductive material, and the conductive material may be in electrical communication with the cartomizer electronic circuitry. The vaporizer may further include a printed circuit board housed in the battery segment and in electrical communication with the battery electrical circuitry, and the cartomizer may further include a sensor in electrical communication with the cartomizer electrical circuitry, and the printed circuit board is operable to process environment information received from the sensor when the cartomizer is inserted into the chamber. The mouthpiece may be detachably connected to the cartomizer body. The cartomizer may further include a basin for holding the vaporizable substance, and the heating element may be provided proximate to the basin in order to heat the basin.

[0030] With reference now to FIGS. 1 and 2, an embodiment of an electronic cigarette 10 is provided in accordance with the disclosure. Electronic cigarette 10 may include a battery portion connectable with a vaporization unit or cartomizer 200 for holding a vaporizable substance 300. The battery portion may include a battery housing segment 102 provided proximate to the first end 102A of the battery portion, and a second cartomizer receiving segment 104 provided proximate a second end 104A of the battery portion. The battery portion may include an outer shell 106 for covering or protecting one or more of the components of battery portion 100 as may be internally provided as described herein. Outer shell 106 may be substantially constructed from metal, plastic, or any other known or to be developed material suitable for protecting internal components of electronic cigarette 10, including the electrical components described herein. Battery housing segment 102 and cartomizer receiving segment 104 may commonly share outer shell 106. A cartomizer chamber 108 may be provided within at least a portion of cartomizer receiving segment 104. A cartomizer 200 may be insertable into the cartomizer chamber 108 in accordance with embodiments of the disclosure. Shell 106 may cover cartomizer chamber 108 thereby protecting an inserted or received cartomizer 200.

[0031] Electrical components for operating electronic cigarette 10 may be provided within battery housing segment 102.

A battery 110 may be provided in order to provide electrical power as may be required by various features of the electronic cigarette 10. In some embodiments, battery 110 may be disposable, such as an AA or AAA cell battery, while in other embodiments, battery 110 may be of a rechargeable type, for example a 13450 lithium ion battery, an 18650 2600 mAh lithium ion cell, or flat lithium ion 903180 cell rated at 2300 mAh. Multiple batteries 110 may be used in series to generate higher voltages capable of shortening times to achieve vaporization temperatures in the cartomizer 200. A printed circuit board (PCB) 112 may also be provided for controlling one or more functions of electronic cigarette 10. PCB 112 may be electrically connected to battery 110 through circuitry in order to direct current flow as required in accordance with the disclosure. PCB 112 may include one or more integrated circuit chips as well as a micro control unit. A boost chip may also be provided in order to amplify voltage with at least portion of circuitry, as may be required in order to accomplish various functions described herein. PCB 112 may include a light emitting diode (LED), a microcontroller, a plurality of capacitors, a plurality of transistors, and a plurality of resistors or any combination thereof. An accelerometer for sensing gravity shifts of electronic cigarette 10 may be further provided. The accelerometer may be operable to detect tilting or changes in orientation of battery portion 100, and PCB 112 may be accordingly operable to react to a shift in orientation detected by the accelerometer. For instance, electronic cigarette 10 including an accelerometer may be activated by shaking or inverting electronic cigarette 10. Any known or to be discovered circuitry or arrangement of the components of PCB 112 are contemplated within the disclosure in order to achieve the desired functions of electronic cigarette 10 as described herein.

[0032] A variety of indicator lights forming one or more illuminative indicators may be provided in embodiments of the disclosure. One such indicator may be a battery end indicator 114 provided as a ring extending about at least a portion of shell 106 at or proximate to first end 102A. In one such embodiment, battery end indicator 114 may be provided at or proximate to first end 102A and includes one or more LED lights having one or more colors. Each color may, for instance, indicate a status of electronic cigarette 10. The status may be associated with the power remaining of battery 110, an activation state of electronic cigarette 10, the heating level of an inserted cartomizer 200, or any other status which may be desirable to communicate to a user of electronic cigarette 10 through a light color. For instance, when electronic cigarette 10 is activated such that a user is either actively inhaling cigarette 10, as described in accordance with disclosure, or cigarette 10 is in a state such that the user could inhale, indicator 114 may be red or reddish. In such an embodiment, battery end indicator 114 could extend about at least a portion of the first end 102A such that when indicator 114 emanates a red or reddish color a user may associate the red color at or proximate to first end 102A with the red glow of a lit cigarette. In another embodiment, an indicator ring may be provided to illuminate one or more colors associated with the charge or power state of battery 110. For instance, battery end indicator 114 may illuminate green or blue when the battery is operating with a sufficient charge, and yellow or red when the battery is operating with a low charge such that the user should consider charging battery 110, in accordance with the disclosure. A ring indicator 116 may be provided on or proximate to an activation button 118, which may function

to activate cigarette 10 as described herein in accordance with the disclosure. While activation button 118 may be provided on the surface of outer shell 106, and ring indicator 116 may substantially circumference button 118. Ring indicator 116 may include one or more LED lights having one or more colors to indicate various statuses of electronic cigarette 10. Status changes of electronic cigarette 10, such as insertion of cartomizer 200, activation of electronic cigarette 10 by pressing button 118, or deactivation of electronic cigarette 10 by pressing button 118 an additional time may each result in a different associated and predetermined color. The activation of the appropriate LED light or lights may be controlled by PCB 112. In embodiments where button 118 is coplanar or aligned with the surface of outer shell 106, as described herein, ring indicator 116 may also be coplanar or aligned with button 118 and the surface of outer shell 106. Another indicator light may be provided at or proximate to cartomizer end 104A. In one embodiment, in order to transmit a lighting effect from the battery segment 102, where battery 110 and PCB 112 may be housed, to the cartomizer end 104A, one or more LED lights may be provided in the cartomizer receiving segment 104 at or proximate to the battery segment 102. One or more clear tubes or optic fibers may be also be provided within or just below the surface of outer shell 106, with the tubes or fibers terminating at or proximate to the cartomizer end 104A. The resulting effect is an attractive, illuminative effect where the LED lights provided in the cartomizer segment are projected into and transmitted along the fibers. PCB 112 could potentially alternate or change the LED light colors projected into the fibers. The color alternation could be periodic, creating a steady change of colors, or the color alteration could be responsive to a status change of the electronic cigarette 10.

**[0033]** In order to provide an electrical connection between PCB 112 and an inserted cartomizer 200, an electrical connector 120 may be provided and may include a plurality of pogo pins 120. Pogo pins are devices used to establish connections between two circuits, and each may take the form of a cylinder containing one or more spring-loaded pins 122, each retractable upon compression, for instance by cartomizer 200 when it is inserted in cartomizer chamber 108. In one such embodiment, three pogo pins 122 may be provided, one for establishing positive current connection, one for establishing a negative current connection, and one for establishing a ground current connection. Each pogo pin 122 may be connected to PCB 112, which may control current outputted to pogo pins 122. For instance, PCB 112 may operate to vary or intermittently activate current flow to connector 120, the variation thereby regulating the activation of a heating element in a connected cartomizer. When cartomizer 200 is not received in cartomizer chamber 108, a head portion of each pogo pin may extend into cartomizer chamber 108. When cartomizer 200 is received in cartomizer chamber 108, the pins 122 are contacted and at least partially compressed into battery portion 102. Pins 122 may be contacted or pressed against electrical receivers provided on cartomizer 200 as described herein, thereby establishing an electrical connection between PCB 112 and cartomizer 200. Additional pins 122 are contemplated in embodiments of the disclosure, such as a fourth pin for providing an electrical connection to another element, such as the LED lights described above or a temperature sensor 260 described herein and illustrated in FIG. 2.

**[0034]** An additional embodiment of connector 120 may operate to identify information from an inserted cartomizer 200 based on voltage drop over one or more pins 122. For instance, connector 120 may include a controlling pin 122 from which connected PCB 112 may detect variations in voltage drop across the pin when connected to various types of cartomizers 200. Circuitry provided within a first type of cartomizer 200 may effectuate a first voltage drop over a controlling pin 122, while circuitry provided within a second type of cartomizer 200 may effectuate a second voltage drop over controlling pin 122 when cartomizer 200 is inserted in chamber 108. If PCB 112 detects a first voltage drop, the cartomizer 200 is identified as a first type of cartomizer, whereas if PCB 112 detects a second voltage drop, the cartomizer is identified as second type of cartomizer. A first cartomizer type may hold a first type of vaporizable substance 300, while a second cartomizer type may hold a second type of vaporizable substance 300. In one embodiment, connector 120 includes three pins 122: a positive pin, a ground pin, and a controlling pin. A controlling pin may also serve a dual function in that communication between a sensor 260 may also occur through a controlling pin 122. Other known or to be developed devices or connectors are contemplated within the disclosure for establishing an electrical current between PCB 112 and cartomizer 200.

**[0035]** Various features may be further provided in embodiments of electronic cigarette 10 in order to secure and align cartomizer 200 within cartomizer chamber 108. For instance, at least one magnet 124 may be provided in or proximate to chamber 108. A magnet 202 of opposing polarity to magnet 124 may be placed on a surface of cartomizer 200 so as to secure cartomizer 200 within chamber 108 when magnets 124, 202 (see FIGS. 1A, 1B) contact each other. It should be understood and appreciated that, in some embodiments, battery portion magnet(s) 124 may attach to cartomizer metallic surface(s) 202 and, conversely, cartomizer magnet(s) 202 may attach to battery portion metallic surface(s) 124, thereby establishing a magnetic connection between battery portion 100 and cartomizer 200. Other known or to be discovered means of securing cartomizer 200 in cartomizer chamber 108 are contemplated within the disclosure, including but not limited to, snap fit connectors, friction fit, threaded insertion of cartomizer 200 into chamber 108, a suction fit using pressurized means or any other suitable method of securing known or to be developed in the art.

**[0036]** One or more alignment features or mechanism may be included in order to ensure proper placement of cartomizer 200 in cartomizer chamber 108. In one embodiment, two magnets 124 may be provided proximate to connector 120 (see FIG. 1A), each magnet 124 having an opposed polarity. In this embodiment, two cartomizer magnets 202 (see FIG. 1B) may be provided of opposing polarity at an insertion end 210 of cartomizer 200. Because of the opposing polarities of magnets 124/202, the cartomizer 200 may only be inserted and secured in one direction or orientation, thereby facilitating alignment of cartomizer 200 within chamber 108. An alignment protrusion or peg 126 (see FIG. 1C) may be provided on a portion of an interior surface of chamber 108, and an alignment slit or slot 204 may be provided on a portion of cartomizer 200. Alignment protrusion 126 may be dimensioned to fit or slid along slit 204 so that cartomizer 200 may only be inserted in a particular, proper orientation. In another embodiment, a slit, crevice, or cutout may be provided on a portion of shell 106, with a matching protrusion provided on



a portion cartomizer 200. For instance, a cutout may be provided on an upper rim of shell 106 at cartomizer receiving segment 104, while a matching protrusion may be provided on a portion of cartomizer 200 proximate to insertion end 210, with battery portion cutout engageable with the cartomizer protrusion when the cartomizer is properly aligned so as to ensure proper orientation of cartomizer 200 within chamber 108. Ensuring cartomizer 200 is properly oriented within chamber 108 in turn ensures proper contacting of cartomizer 200 with connector 120, and therefore proper functioning of electronic cigarette 10.

[0037] One or more windows 130 may be provided in outer shell 106 (see FIG. 1). Windows 130 may be made of a translucent material, such as glass or substantially clear plastic, in order to view internal components of battery portion 100. Window 130 may also be a slit cut into shell 106. For instance, in one embodiment, window 130 may be provided on or proximate to cartomizer receiving segment 104 and, more particularly, cartomizer chamber 108 so as to permit a user of electronic cigarette 10 to view the cartomizer 200 when it is inserted into cartomizer chamber 108.

[0038] One embodiment of cartomizer 200 for holding vaporizable material 300 is cartomizer 200A for holding a vaporizable fluid 300A, an embodiment of which is illustrated in FIG. 1. Vaporizable fluid 300A may be, for example, any known or to be developed fluid useful to vaporize, for inhalation nicotine, flavor or other desired ingredients in an electronic cigarette, such fluids include propylene glycol (PG), vegetable glycerin (VG), or polyethylene glycol 400 (PEG400), as well as their mixtures to which a flavor and/or nicotine has been added. cartomizer 200A may be substantially elongate and insertable into chamber 108. Chamber 108 is defined by outer shell 106 and electrical connector 120. An insertion end 210 of cartomizer 200A, defined opposite of a mouthpiece end 212, may be inserted into the chamber first and may ultimately contact or be positioned proximate to connector 120 of battery portion 100. cartomizer 200A may include a body 208 for holding fluid 300A. At least a portion of body 208 may be composed of translucent or substantially translucent material, such as glass or plastic, so that a user may see fluid 300A held within. The portion of body 208 composed of translucent material may be alignable with window 130 and may be proximate to LED lights or fiber optics so as to illuminate cartomizer 200A as it is inserted into chamber 108. The illumination may occur automatically upon insertion, or may be programmed to illuminate upon activation or manipulation of a switch, such as button 118.

[0039] In order to vaporize fluid 300A, a heating element 214 and a wicking element 216 may be provided within cartomizer body 208. An electrical current may be transmitted to heating element 214 through circuitry in electrical communication with electrical contacts, which contact pins 122 (see FIG. 1A) when cartomizer 200A is inserted into chamber 108. Once fluid 300A is heated to an optimal vaporizing temperature, the user may inhale the vaporized fluid 300A through a mouthpiece 220 provided on body 208 at or proximate to mouthpiece end 212. The vaporized fluid may travel through an inhalation tube 222 in fluid connection with heating element 214 and wick 216. Inhalation tube 222 may also be in fluid communication with one or more holes or ducts provided, for instance, in sides of outer shell 106 in order to permit air flow through cartomizer body 208. The electrical current transmitted to heating element 214 may be controlled by PCB 112 through connector 120 when car-

tomizer 200A is inserted into chamber 108. The electronic cigarette 10 may be manually controlled, as a user may press button 118 to initiate a charge to heating element 214, which in turn may heat fluid 300A to a vaporized temperature which a user may inhale through mouthpiece 220. An automatically heating version of electronic cigarette 10 is also contemplated with disclosure, where a pressure switch integrated with connector 120 may activate current flow from PCB to heating element 214 rather than by manual activation from switch 118.

[0040] So that a user may refill fluid 300A held in body 208, mouthpiece 220 may be removable from body 208. Mouthpiece 220 may include a screw thread 224 so that mouthpiece 220 may be threadably engaged with mouthpiece end 212 of body 208 or, alternatively, may be press fit onto or into mouthpiece end 212 of body 208. A bushing 226, which may be a ring formed from plastic, rubber, or any other suitable material, may be provided to help stabilize and retain cartomizer 200 tightly fit in chamber 108. Additionally, a colored ring or logo 228 may be provided about a portion of cartomizer body 208 in order to identify the type or cartomizer being used.

[0041] With reference now to FIGS. 2, 2A and 2B, an additional embodiment of cartomizer 200B is provided for holding a dry vaporizable material 300B, such as dry tobacco. A container 240 may be provided within cartomizer body 208. Container 240 may be made from a material having a high thermal conductivity, such as metal, in order to transmit heat from a heating element 214A provided about at least a portion of container 240. In that at least a portion of heating element 214A may be provided about at least a portion of container 240, the material 300B provided within container 240 may be heated from multiple sides, similar to an oven, as opposed to from a single concentrated heat source. As an electrical current is transmitted to heating element 214A, the interior of container 240 may be heated to a desired vaporizing temperature. Heating element 214A may be substantially comprised of a non-conductive material, such as a polyimide flex harness material, with a conductive material, such a copper or other metal wiring shaped into a wire or flat ribbon, dispersed throughout the non-conductive material. The conductive material may be intertwined or wound throughout the non-conductive material in order to increase the heated surface area as well as to increase the impedance of the conductive material, which may then be electrically connected to PCB 112 through connector 120 when cartomizer 200B (See FIG. 2) is inserted in cartomizer chamber 108 (See FIG. 1). The impedance value of the conductive material may be 2-3 ohms in some embodiments, and in one embodiment a maximum of 1 ohm. In some embodiments, heating element 214A may be provided around the majority of cartomizer body 208, and in some embodiments heating element 214A may be provided proximate to only a portion of cartomizer body 208. For instance, heating element 214A may be provided only proximate to insertion end 210, in order to provide a greater portion of heating through convection rather than through conduction. In some embodiment, heating element 214A may be provided about all or the majority of body 208, and PCB 112 may be operable in order to vary the amount of heating provided through convection rather than conduction. For instance, only the portion of heating element 214A proximate to insertion end 210 may be activated in order to heat vaporizable substance 300B through convection, or all or nearly all portions of heating element 214A may be activated in order to

increase the conduction heating of substance 300B. PCB 112 may operate to switch between a conduction heating and a convection heating.

[0042] An insulating material 242 may be further provided within body 208 in order to control or regulate the heat distribution. Insulating material 242 may be provided around at least a portion of the exterior of heating element 214A in order to insulate body 208 from excess heat temperature, which may transmit to outer shell 106 (See FIG. 1). Insulating material 242 may also be provided between heating element 214A and container 240 so as to regulate or control heat transmitted to container 240.

[0043] One or more screens 250 may be provided within body 208 in order to contain dry material 300B within container 240, as well as to filter circulated air. Air may be circulated by providing one or more holes 252 in the cartomizer body 208. In one embodiment, holes 252 form a “t” shape (See FIG. 2B) from which the center of the “t” is substantially aligned with a hole leading to container 240. Holes 252 may be capable of alignment with one or more holes on the outer shell 106 of battery portion 100 so that air from the environment may pass through holes 252 and into container 240 where material 300B is provided. Holes 252 may be provided proximate to the inserted end 210. Screens 250 may be provided either at or proximate to inserted end 210, mouthpiece end 212, or both. In some embodiments, container 240 is removable from the rest of cartomizer body 208. Mouthpiece 220 may be removable or detachable, for instance through a screw thread, so as to permit access to container 240. An upper screen 250 may be attached or manufactured integrally with mouthpiece 220 so as to be removed with mouthpiece 220.

[0044] A sensor 260 may be included in some embodiments of cartomizer 200. Sensor 260 may operate to sense vaporizing temperature, and may be electronically communicative with PCB 112 so as to provide sensory information to PCB 112, which may be consequently transmitted to one of the LED indicators provided in electronic cigarette 10 as described in accordance with the disclosure. For instance, indicator 118 (See FIG. 1) may illuminate a certain color when sensor 260 has detected that vaporization temperature in container 240 has been reached and the user may proceed to inhale vaporized material 300. PCB 112 may also including safety protocols for automatic shutoff in the event that sensor 260 records a temperature above a preset vaporization temperature range, which may indicate material 300 (including, for example, 300A, 300B, 300C) is actively burning or about to burn. Thus, sensor 260 may operate as a thermistor. A vaporization range for many materials 300 may be between about 190 degrees Celsius and about 240 degrees Celsius, and in some embodiments the vaporization temperature may be at about 230 degrees Celsius. In this vaporization temperature range, active ingredients of the vaporization material 300 may begin to vaporize without actively burning, which may occur at about 400 degrees Celsius or higher for some materials. PCB 112 may operate to control the vaporization temperature, for instance regulating a maximum vaporization temperature or controlling the vaporization actual temperature. In one embodiment, PCB 112 may control or regulate vaporization temperature within 10 degree Celsius, and in another embodiment PCB 112 may more finely control or regulate vaporization temperature within 1 degree Celsius, based on a selected or desired vaporization temperature as inputted by a user of electronic cigarette 10. It should be understood and

appreciated that communication between sensor 260 and PCB 112 may be bidirectional so that sensor 260 may operate to control at least portions of to transmit information to PCB 112 and additionally receive information from PCB 112, which operates to control electronic cigarette 10.

[0045] As shown in FIG. 3, a charger 400 may be inserted into chamber 108 (FIG. 1) in order to charge battery 110 (FIG. 1) in embodiments where battery 110 may be rechargeable. Through its insertion into chamber 108 and contact with connector 120, charger 400 may provide an electrical charge to battery 110. Charger 400 may include a plug 410 for connecting charger 400 to a power source, which in one embodiment is a wall socket. Other plugs 410 for different power sources are contemplated within the disclosure, including USB connections and other known or to be developed power sources. An indicator light 420, which may be an LED light, may be provided on charger 400 in order to indicate a charging status, for instance when charger 400 is connected with a power source. PCB 112 may operate to change other indicators, for instance LED indicators 114/116, to indicate the charging status of electronic cigarette 10. In accordance with the disclosure, and illustrated for instance in FIG. 9, charger 400 may be connectable to battery portion at or proximate to first end 102A. Furthermore, as also illustrated for instance in FIG. 9, charger magnets 404 are contemplated within the disclosure in order to securely couple charger 400 to battery portion 100. In one embodiment, a metallic surface 404 is provided and positioned so as to be adjacent to magnets 124 or magnets 162 (depending on the embodiment of the disclosure). In another embodiment, a metallic surface 124 or 162 in order to magnetically couple battery portion 100 with charger magnets 404. Additionally, charger magnets 404 may be provided having opposing polarities as battery portion magnets 124 or 162.

[0046] FIGS. 4-7 further illustrate the embodiments of electronic cigarette 10 provided in FIGS. 1-3, in accordance with the disclosure.

[0047] FIGS. 8 and 9 illustrate an additional embodiment of an electronic cigarette 10 having a battery portion 100A for receiving a cartomizer such as cartomizer 200 or cartomizer 200B. PCB 112 may operate to perform a variety of functions including, such vaporization temperature control or regulation, voltage boost, accelerometer, or various drivers for controlling LED functioning. One or more LED indicators 114 may be provided and, in one embodiment, a set of three LED lights of variable colors are provided proximate to battery end 102A of the battery portion 100A. Magnets 124/202 may be provided in order to retain cartomizer 200 within cartomizer chamber 108. A switch 118A may be provided in order to manually activate or otherwise control electronic cigarette 10.

[0048] A battery charger 400A, having charging contacts 402, may be attached or connected to charging contacts 160 provided on outer shell 106, or otherwise exposable to the environment. In one embodiment, charging contacts 160 are positioned at or proximate to battery end 102A. Charging contacts 160, 402 may include a first positive contact and a second negative contact. In order to secure charging contacts 160 against corresponding charging contacts 402 of charger 400A, one or more magnets 162 may be provided proximate to charging contacts 160. Magnets 162 may then be capable of engaging with charger magnets 404 provided on portion of charger 400A such that magnets 162, 404 are adjacent to each other when contacts 160, 402 are contacting one another. In

order to ensure the proper alignment of contacts **160**, **402**, two magnets **162** may be provided with opposed polarities, and two charger magnets **404** may be provided with opposed polarities. These opposed polarities may ensure proper orientation of charger **400A** when it is connected to battery portion **100A**. In some embodiments, battery portion magnet (s) **162** may operate to magnetically attract and connect a metallic charger surface **404**, or charger magnets **404** may operate to magnetically attract and connect a metallic battery surface **162**, each of these embodiments thereby operating to magnetically couple charger **400** with battery portion **100**. An indicator light **420**, which may be an LED, may be provided to indicate a charging status of battery **110**. A charging extension **410** may be provided so as to connect charger **400A** to a power source or, alternatively, a power source may be internally provided within charger **400A**. Charging extension **410** may be an AC wall adapter to USB and USB cord to magnetic plug. Any charger **400** of the disclosure may contain Over-Voltage and OverCurrent protection in order to prevent over charging of battery **110** thereby assuring long battery life and in order to reduce the likelihood of battery **110** overheating. In one embodiment, charger **400** is rated at approximately 1000 mA current, which for some embodiments will equate to approximately two hours of battery life. The battery life will vary depending on battery selection and number of batteries **110** used in a given embodiment.

**[0049]** Referring now to FIG. **10**, an embodiment for a cartomizer **200C** is provided for holding a vaporizable substance **300**. Cartomizer **200C** may be used as an alternative cartomizer to **200/200B** cartomizers, for example. Vaporizable substance **300** in cartomizer **200C** may be a wax, oil or gel **300C**. In cartomizer **200C**, heating element **214** may be provided at the base of a basin **214B**, which may or may not be removable from cartomizer body **208**. Basin **214B** may be dimensioned to hold wax, oil or gel **300C** while heating element **214** may elevate the temperature within basin **214B** to a vaporization temperature range, as controlled by PCB **112**. Once the wax, oil or gel **300C** is vaporized, a user may inhale the vapor through an inhalation tube **222** and out through mouthpiece **220**. In some embodiments, mouthpiece **220** is removable through a friction fit, threaded connection, or any other known or to be developed connection means. One or more O-ring seals may also be provided proximate to the mouthpiece to ensure a fluid tight connection between mouthpiece **220** and cartomizer body **208**.

**[0050]** FIG. **11** shows an additional embodiment of a cartomizer **200D** for holding a dry vaporizable substance **300B**. Cartomizer **200D** may be used as an alternative cartomizer to **200/200B** cartomizers, for example. Dry substance **300B** may be held in a removable liner or container **240**. Cartomizer **200D** may also include heating element **214A** and insulation material **242**, each of which may be similarly provided and oriented as previously described with respect to cartomizer **200B**. An air flow hole or aperture **270** may be provided at the base of cartomizer **200D**. This airflow hole **270** may be provided off plane or misaligned with respect to electrical contacts **218**. Airflow hole **270** may align with a hole between chamber **108** and battery portion **100A**, which may house a fan **190** as described below. A temperature sensor **260** may also be included.

**[0051]** FIG. **12** further illustrates the embodiments of an electronic cigarette **10** provided in FIGS. **9-11** in accordance with the disclosure.

**[0052]** Referring now to FIG. **13**, an embodiment of an electronic cigarette **10** including a battery portion **100B** is provided. PCB **112** may include a microcontroller, voltage boost integrated circuit, accelerometer, and a Fan control circuitry. A fan **190**, including blades and a motor, may be provided internally in battery segment **110** of battery portion **100B**. Fan **190** may operate to facilitate air flow from external battery portion **100B**, such as through one or more holes **152** provided in outer shell **106**, through battery segment **110** and into cartomizer thereby establishing an air flow for inhalation in accordance with the disclosure. In some embodiments, fan **190** has a reversible operation in order to "clear" the air flow path in the event debris or excess vapor is caught in the air flow path. PCB **112** may also include one or more switches that, for instance, may be provided beneath control buttons, such as that exemplified in FIG. **15**). PCB **112** may also include one or more LED's for these and other similar switch lights. PCB **112** may also operate to display a status message on an LED screen, which may be provided on outer shell **106** (e.g., as shown in FIG. **15**). A status message may, for example, include messages to indicate a status of the electronic cigarette **10**, such as when the cigarette **10** is activated, charging, or has reached a vaporization temperature. An LED screen may also display warning or error messages, for instance a danger message when a critical temperature has been detected by a sensor. Further, as illustrated in FIG. **14**. In some embodiments, PCB **112** may operate to recognize the cartomizer **200/200A/200B/200C** inserted into chamber **108**, and in order to identify the vaporizable substance **300** included in cartomizer **200**. For instance, PCB **112** may communicate with sensor **260** in cartomizer **200** in order to identify both the type and amount of vaporizable substance **300** within cartomizer **200**. This identification may be included in the status message displayable on the LED screen on outer shell **106**. Charger **400A** may be utilized for charging battery **110** in battery portion **100C**. It should be understood and appreciated that, in some embodiments, charger **400A** may be inserted into chamber **108** of battery portions **100A/100B** in addition to connection of charger **400A** as described herein. It should be further understood and appreciated that in embodiments where charger **400/400A** is coupled with battery portion **100** at a position other than where cartomizer **200** is connected, such as embodiments where charger **400A** is coupled at or proximate to first end **102A**, electronic cigarette **10** may operate with a pass through function, namely the ability to operate electronic cigarette **10** while the unit is charging from charger **400A**.

**[0053]** FIG. **15** further illustrates the embodiments of an electronic cigarette **10** provided in FIGS. **13-14** in accordance with the disclosure.

**[0054]** Certain charger embodiments for rechargeable vaporizers or electronic cigarettes disclosed hereinabove, for example in FIG. **3**, employ electrical contacts between the charger and the cartomizer portion's electrical connector. Under these circumstances, the cartomizer portion is first removed from the chamber to expose the electrical connector and thereafter a charger with compatible electrical contacts is inserted into the chamber. The invention contemplates other types and locations of connectors on the vaporizer and charger. Accordingly, in certain embodiments, the present invention provides a charger **400** for charging a vaporizer or electronic cigarette having charging contacts attached essentially transversely to its outer shell at an end distal to the cartomizer receiving portion and proximate to its battery

portion. One such embodiment is shown in FIG. 14. In some of these embodiments where the cartomizer portion is not removed from the vaporizer to expose the electrical connector, the charging contacts are incorporated into the device such that the vaporizer or electronic cigarette may be operated in its typical fashion during the recharging of the battery ("pass-through" charging).

[0055] As will be understood by the ordinarily skilled artisan equipped with the disclosure herein, electrical contacts compatible with the charger must be provided for on or within the vaporizer or electronic cigarette.

[0056] The descriptions set forth above are meant to be illustrative and not limiting, and persons of skill in the art will recognize that various common and known deviations from the above described structures are considered to be within the scope of the disclosed concepts described herein.

[0057] The invention illustratively disclosed herein suitably may be practiced in the absence of any element which is not specifically disclosed herein. The invention illustratively disclosed herein suitably may also be practiced in the absence of any element which is not specifically disclosed herein and that does not materially affect the basic and novel characteristics of the claimed invention.

#### LIST OF REFERENCES

[0058] 10 Electronic Cigarette  
 [0059] 100 Battery Portion  
 [0060] 100A Battery Portion  
 [0061] 100B Battery Portion  
 [0062] 102 Battery Housing Segment  
 [0063] 102A First end of Battery Portion  
 [0064] 104 Cartomizer Receiving Segment  
 [0065] 104A Second end of Battery Portion  
 [0066] 106 Shell  
 [0067] 108 Cartomizer Chamber  
 [0068] 110 Battery  
 [0069] 112 PCB  
 [0070] 112A PCB  
 [0071] 114 Indicator  
 [0072] 116 Ring Indicator  
 [0073] 118 Button  
 [0074] 118A Switch  
 [0075] 120 Electrical Connector  
 [0076] 122 Pin  
 [0077] 124 Magnet  
 [0078] 126 Protrusion  
 [0079] 130 Window  
 [0080] 152 Hole  
 [0081] 160 Charging Contact  
 [0082] 162 Magnet  
 [0083] 190 Fan  
 [0084] 200 Cartomizer  
 [0085] 200A Cartomizer  
 [0086] 200B Cartomizer  
 [0087] 200C Cartomizer  
 [0088] 202 Magnet  
 [0089] 204 Groove  
 [0090] 208 Body  
 [0091] 210 Insertion End  
 [0092] 212 Mouthpiece End  
 [0093] 214 Heating Element  
 [0094] 214A Heating Element  
 [0095] 214B Basin  
 [0096] 216 Wick

[0097] 218 Electrical Contact  
 [0098] 220 Mouthpiece  
 [0099] 222 Inhalation Tube  
 [0100] 224 Threading  
 [0101] 226 Bushing  
 [0102] 228 Colored Ring  
 [0103] 240 Container  
 [0104] 242 Insulating Material  
 [0105] 250 Screen  
 [0106] 252 Hole  
 [0107] 260 Sensor  
 [0108] 300 Vaporizable Substance  
 [0109] 300A Vaporizable Fluid  
 [0110] 300B Vaporizable Dry Substance  
 [0111] 300C Vaporizable Wax  
 [0112] 400 Charger  
 [0113] 400A Charger  
 [0114] 402 Electrical Contact  
 [0115] 404 Magnet  
 [0116] 410 Plug  
 [0117] 420 Light

What is claimed:

1. A vaporizer comprising:

a shell having a battery segment and a cartomizer receiving segment, the cartomizer receiving segment defining a chamber having an insertion end distal to the battery segment of said shell and a base end proximate to the battery segment, the chamber dimensioned to receive a cartomizer inserted into the chamber at the insertion end of the chamber;

a battery housed within the battery segment;

electrical contacts provided between the base end of the chamber and the battery segment, the electrical contacts including a positive contact and a negative contact insulated from the positive contact; and

electronic circuitry housed within the battery segment of said shell and operable to direct an electrical current between the battery and the electrical contacts;

wherein said electrical contacts and battery each in electrical connection with said electronic circuitry, and wherein the cartomizer is securable within the chamber as a cartomizer surface and a magnetically attracted chamber surface are placed adjacent to one another.

2. The vaporizer of claim 1, wherein the chamber surface is a chamber magnet provided proximate to the base end of the chamber, the chamber magnet insulated from the electrical contacts.

3. The vaporizer of claim 2 further comprising an additional chamber magnet provided proximate to the base end of the chamber, the additional chamber magnet insulated from the electrical contacts and the chamber magnet, the additional chamber magnet having a polarity opposite to that of the chamber magnet.

4. The vaporizer of claim 1, wherein the electronic circuitry includes a printed circuit board.

5. The vaporizer of claim 1 further comprising:

an activation button provided on the exterior of the shell in electrical communication with the electronic circuitry, the electrical contacts and the battery, wherein manipulation of the activation button by a user of the vaporizer operates to control the current from the battery to the electronic contacts;

a printed circuit board; and

an indicator ring surrounding at least a portion of the activation button, the indicator ring in electrical communication with the electronic circuitry, the electrical contacts and the battery, said indicator ring illuminable to indicate a state of the vaporizer, the indicator ring controllable by the printed circuit board;

said printed circuit board in electrical communication with the electrical contacts, the battery, the activation button and the indicator ring.

6. The vaporizer of claim 1 further comprising a display screen provided on the exterior of the shell, said display screen in electrical communication with said printed circuit board and battery, the display screen controlled by the printed circuit board and operable to display a message.

7. The vaporizer of claim 1, wherein at least one of the electrical contacts is a spring-loaded pin extending into a portion of the chamber and retractable when pressed by the cartomizer when inserted into the chamber.

8. The vaporizer of claim 1, wherein the shell includes a window provided at the cartomizer receiving segment so that a portion of the chamber is visible from outside the shell.

9. A vaporizer comprising:

a shell having a battery segment and a cartomizer receiving segment, the cartomizer receiving segment defining a chamber having an insertion end distal from the battery segment and a base end proximate to the battery segment;

a cartomizer insertable into the chamber at the insertion end, the cartomizer including:

a cartomizer body dimensioned to hold a vaporizable substance,

a heating element provided within or proximate to the cartomizer body operable to heat the vaporizable substance,

cartomizer electrical contacts provided on the exterior of the cartomizer,

cartomizer electrical circuitry operable to direct an electronic current between the cartomizer electrical contacts and the heating element, and

a mouthpiece in fluid communication with the cartomizer body, the mouthpiece extending from the insertion end of the chamber when the cartomizer is inserted in the chamber,

wherein the heating element is activated by the current and is operable to heat the vaporizable substance to a vaporization temperature;

a battery housed within the battery segment;

battery electrical contacts provided between the base end of the chamber and the battery segment, the battery electrical contacts positioned to contact the cartomizer electrical contacts when the cartomizer is inserted in the chamber; and

battery electrical circuitry housed within the battery segment and operable to direct an electrical current between the battery, the battery electrical contacts, the cartomizer electrical contacts, the heating element, and the inserted cartomizer.

10. The vaporizer of claim 9, wherein the vaporizable substance is a fluid, the heating element includes a wicking element for absorbing the fluid, and at least a portion of the cartomizer body is composed of a translucent material.

11. The vaporizer of claim 9, wherein the cartomizer further includes a container provided within the cartomizer body and dimensioned to hold the vaporizable substance, wherein the heating element is provided exterior to at least a portion of the container and is operable to heat the container thereby heating the vaporizable substance to the vaporization temperature.

12. The vaporizer of claim 11, wherein the heating element includes conductive material intertwined with non-conductive material, and the conductive material is in electrical communication with the cartomizer electronic circuitry.

13. The vaporizer of claim 11 further comprising a printed circuit board housed in the battery segment and in electrical communication with the battery electrical circuitry, and

the cartomizer further includes a sensor in electrical communication with the cartomizer electrical circuitry, wherein the printed circuit board is operable to process environment information received from the sensor when the cartomizer is inserted into the chamber.

14. The vaporizer of claim 11, wherein the mouthpiece is detachably connected to the cartomizer body.

15. The vaporizer of claim 9, wherein the cartomizer further includes a basin for holding the vaporizable substance, and wherein the heating element is provided proximate to the basin in order to heat the basin.

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