UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

COMCAST	CABLE	COMMUN	ICATIO	NS,	LLC,)			
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)			
VS.)	Case	No.	
)	IPR20	24-00	432
ENTROPIC	COMMU	JNICATIO	ONS, L	LC,)	IPR20	24-00	435
)	IPR20	24-00	438
		Ι	Patent	Own	ner.)			
)			

REMOTE DEPOSITION OF
DAVID B. LETT, VOLUME I
DECEMBER 10, 2024

Reported by:
Brooke Silvas, CSR 10988
Job No. 1238320

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          UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
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          BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD
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    COMCAST CABLE COMMUNICATIONS, LLC, )
                        Petitioner,
 5
      VS.
                                          Case No.
                                        ) IPR2024-00432
   ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS, LLC,
                                      ) IPR2024-00435
                                       ) IPR2024-00438
 8
                        Patent Owner. )
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13
         Deposition of DAVID B. LETT, taken remotely via
14
15
         Zoom, commencing at 8:02 a.m., on Tuesday,
         December 10, 2024, before Brooke Silvas,
16
         Certified Shorthand Reporter No. 10988.
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Page 3
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    (All appearances are via videoconference.)
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11	INSTRUCTION NOT TO ANSWER	
12	(None)	
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        REMOTE DEPOSITION; TUESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 2024
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 2
                           8:03 A.M.
 3
                         DAVID B. LETT,
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               having been duly administered an
         oath remotely by the reporter, was examined
 6
7
                   and testified as follows:
8
9
                          EXAMINATION
    BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
10
11
             Good morning, Mr. Lett.
12
            Good morning.
        Α
13
             Thank you for your time.
14
        Α
             Good morning.
             I'm hearing an echo. Is there something
15
16
    that I should be doing different?
17
             ATTORNEY QUALEY: You might need to mute
18
   yourself.
             ATTORNEY CUVIELLO: Yes. One second.
19
20
             THE WITNESS: Okay. Go ahead. Sorry.
21
    BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
22
           Of course. Would you please spell your
23
    full name for the record.
24
        Α
            David Lett.
25
             And do you understand that you're
```

- 1 testifying under oath today?
- 2 A I do.
- 3 Q Have you been deposed before in an IPR
- 4 proceeding?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q Approximately how many times?
- 7 A It is hard to say. Maybe -- I'm guessing
- 8 about five maybe. Something like that.
- 9 Q Okay. Do you have any questions about
- 10 the procedures for the deposition in an IPR
- 11 proceeding?
- 12 A I don't think so.
- 13 Q During the breaks, you're not permitted
- 14 to speak with your attorney about anything
- 15 regarding the substance of this deposition, other
- 16 than issues related to privilege. Do you
- 17 understand that?
- 18 A I do understand that, yes.
- 19 Q Okay. And your counsel will be making
- 20 from time to time short two-word objections, such
- 21 as objection as to form. But they will not be
- 22 allowed to make speaking objections. So if you
- 23 have any specific ambiguity about a question, if
- 24 you need additional information, if you do not
- 25 understand a particular word, it is up to you to

- 1 tell me which part of the question you may need
- 2 clarification, and I would be happy to rephrase
- 3 the question.
- 4 Do you understand that?
- 5 A Yes, I understand.
- 6 Q Okay. And do you have any documents in
- 7 front of you?
- 8 A I do.
- 9 Q Okay. Would you please let me know what
- 10 documents you have?
- 11 A So I have a thumb drive with the folder
- 12 that has all of the, I think, materials
- 13 considered. There's -- and I only have the thumb
- 14 drive open and the Zoom. And so I can access,
- 15 like, exhibits, whatever they're numbered,
- 16 1000-something down to the end. Right. And I
- 17 also have paper copies of some of the same
- 18 documents. I have a notebook that's got some of
- 19 the -- some of the materials considered in a
- 20 printout. And I also have a printout of my
- 21 sections of my declarations that are the claim
- 22 appendices sections separately. It is the exact
- 23 same thing that is in my declaration. And then
- 24 similarly, I have separate printouts of the
- 25 materials considered sections of my declaration.

- 1 And, again, those just help me kind of find where
- 2 we are and what we're talking about.
- 3 And farther over, which I can barely
- 4 reach here, okay, I have some -- I think some
- 5 printouts of the three patents that are of
- 6 reference here. And then further down -- down
- 7 here, I've got printouts of my three declarations.
- 8 And I think that's about it.
- 9 Q Thank you very much. Are all the copies
- 10 of -- let me start fresh.
- Do you have any documents that -- that
- 12 have not been filed -- strike that.
- Do you have access in front of you,
- 14 either physical copy or electronic copy, of any
- 15 document that has not been filed in any of the
- 16 three IPRs subject to this deposition?
- 17 A I don't know exactly how to answer that
- 18 question. I think I don't quite understand how to
- 19 answer that question. But what I have is I have
- 20 this thumb drive that has three folders. One is
- 21 about the IPR related to the '362. Another folder
- 22 for the '866. And another folder for the '206.
- 23 And if I open up, for example, the '362 folder,
- 24 I'll see it starts with EX-1001. And it goes in
- 25 sequence, 102, -03, -04. There is probably some

- 1 skipped numbers. And I think it is
- 2 representative. It goes up to EX-1076. So I
- 3 think these are all the exhibits that were in the
- 4 materials considered section. And similarly, the
- 5 '866 folder and the '206 folder have the very
- 6 similar kind of documents. They're all labeled EX
- 7 with a number, starting with 1000 something. Does
- 8 that answer your question?
- 9 Q It does.
- 10 Do any of the documents that you have in
- 11 front of you have markings or are they clean
- 12 copies?
- 13 A I don't have any markings on any
- 14 documents. They're all clean.
- 15 Q Okay. Other than contained portions of
- 16 your declarations and specific paragraphs, do you
- 17 have any other notes that have been prepared by
- 18 you or other people?
- 19 A No, I do not.
- 20 Q Other than being retained as an expert in
- 21 this IPRs, do you have any current or past
- 22 association with Comcast Cable Communication?
- 23 A When I worked at Scientific Atlanta and
- 24 Cisco -- Cisco purchased Scientific Atlanta, so I
- 25 use them interchangeably sometimes -- Comcast was

- 1 one of my customers.
- 2 Q And I do not want any business
- 3 confidential information of Scientific Atlanta or
- 4 Cisco. To the extent that you are allowed to
- 5 disclose that information, what do you mean by
- 6 Comcast being a customer? What kind of products
- 7 did Comcast obtain from you?
- 8 A At Scientific Atlanta and Cisco, we sold
- 9 equipment and services for, among other things,
- 10 cable television, services and networks. And so,
- 11 for example, set-top boxes that my group was
- 12 responsible for developing, those were sold to
- 13 Comcast as one of our customers. And also cable
- 14 modems were sold to Comcast. So, you know, I was
- 15 a VP of engineering. And so sometimes, you know,
- 16 I would have interactions with Comcast. Kind of a
- 17 lot of different things. But mostly related to
- 18 like when we're going -- when we're selling them a
- 19 product, helping them to qualify and test that
- 20 product, among other things.
- 21 Q Thank you.
- 22 And when was the last time when Comcast,
- 23 in terms of -- what year was the last year when
- 24 Comcast was a customer at a company where you
- 25 worked?

- 1 A So I left Cisco in 2011. Is my -- let's
- 2 see. Let me just double-check that in my
- 3 declaration. I think that's right. Yes. So when
- 4 I left Cisco in 2011, that was the last time that
- 5 I can recall Comcast being a customer, as I
- 6 described.
- 7 Q Thank you very much.
- 8 How much are you being compensated per
- 9 hour for your work on these IPRs?
- 10 A I have an hourly rate of \$385.
- 11 Q And is that what you're being compensated
- 12 for the IPRs?
- 13 A Yes.
- 14 Q What did you do to prepare for today's
- 15 deposition?
- 16 A I studied the documents and I guess you
- 17 could say the materials considered as we -- as I
- 18 described in the folders. And I also had some
- 19 preparation sessions with my attorneys.
- 20 Q Okay. And how many hours of preparation
- 21 sessions did you have with your attorneys?
- 22 A It's hard to say. Maybe -- just
- 23 ballpark, I'm thinking maybe -- maybe 15 hours.
- 24 Q And how many hours did you spend on your
- 25 own preparing for today's deposition?

- 1 A I don't recall. Over the last couple
- 2 weeks, I've spent some time studying these
- 3 documents. I just -- I don't know. I'm sorry.
- 4 Q Not a problem.
- 5 Other than the documents that are in the
- 6 folder in front of you that you reviewed, did you
- 7 review any other documents in preparation for
- 8 today's deposition?
- 9 A No.
- 10 Q Okay. When were you first contacted
- 11 about any of the three IPRs that are the subject
- 12 of this deposition?
- 13 A I think it was the fall of 2023.
- 14 Q Do you recall who contacted you?
- 15 A I can speculate. Would you like me to?
- 16 O So let's discuss the difference between a
- 17 speculation and an estimate.
- 18 A Okay.
- 19 Q And I'm sorry, I assumed you are
- 20 familiar, but let me just make sure that we have
- 21 laid the ground work.
- If I ask you what is the length of the
- 23 conference room table in this conference room
- 24 where I'm located, you're not located here. You
- 25 cannot see it. So you -- all you can do is to

- 1 speculate. I do not want that. But if I ask you
- 2 what is the length of the conference room -- room
- 3 table in the conference room where you're located,
- 4 you may not have a ruler to precisely measure the
- 5 length of that table. But based on your training,
- 6 you are able to look at that table and provide a
- 7 reasonable estimate. I am entitled to that
- 8 reasonable estimate.
- 9 Do you understand the difference between
- 10 speculation and estimate?
- 11 A I understood what you just said, yes.
- 12 Q So the question was --
- 13 Madam Court Reporter, would you mind
- 14 reading back the question. I lost track of that
- 15 question.
- 16 (The record was read back as
- 17 requested.)
- "Q Do you recall who contacted you?"
- 19 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 20 Q Okay. Do you recall who contacted you at
- 21 the initiation of your retainment for these cases?
- 22 A I would say no, I do not recall.
- 23 Q Okay. Do -- you submitted a declaration
- 24 in connection with each of the three IPRs for
- 25 which you are being deposed today; correct?

- 1 A I'm sorry. I didn't quite understand the
- 2 first few words of what you said.
- 3 Q Sure. You submitted a declaration in
- 4 connection with each of the three IPRs for which
- 5 you are being deposed today; correct?
- 6 A That's right.
- 7 Q Okay. And when I refer to your
- 8 declarations, I'm referring to the collective of
- 9 those three declarations, unless we specify a
- 10 specific one. Is that fair? Do you understand
- 11 that?
- 12 A I mean, I understand what you just said,
- 13 yes.
- 14 Q Do your declarations contain all of your
- 15 opinions that you had at the time of signing the
- 16 declarations, in connection with the matters at
- 17 issue here?
- 18 A I think it's complete. You know, if
- 19 there's something I'm missing, you know, I'll be
- 20 happy to answer about it. It is hard to say if I
- 21 have -- if I put down a hundred percent of my
- 22 opinions on these papers. That was the intention,
- 23 right. But it's possible I could have missed
- 24 something.
- 25 Q Have any of your opinions with respect to

- 1 any issues addressed in your declarations changed?
- 2 A I'm sorry. I didn't quite understand a
- 3 couple words you said. Would you say it again,
- 4 please?
- 5 Q Of course.
- 6 Have any of your opinions with respect to
- 7 any issues addressed in your declarations changed?
- 8 A No. I stand behind my declarations as
- 9 written.
- 10 Q Did you draft your declarations?
- 11 A It was a collaborative effort between
- 12 myself and the attorneys.
- 13 Q Did you prepare the first draft of your
- 14 declarations?
- 15 A Sections of it, I did. Some of the
- 16 sections were drafted by the attorneys.
- 17 Q Now, one of the references relied upon in
- 18 your declarations is a reference named Zhang. Do
- 19 you recognize that reference?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q Did you find the Zhang reference relied
- 22 upon in your declarations?
- 23 A I used Zhang for rendering my opinion in
- 24 these declarations, yes.
- 25 Q Thank you. Maybe my question was not

- 1 clear. I apologize.
- 2 Did you find the Zhang reference relied
- 3 upon in your declarations?
- 4 A You mean did I discover this prior art?
- 5 Oh, I think the attorneys provided this as an
- 6 example of the prior art.
- 7 Q Did you have familiarity with the Zhang
- 8 -- let me strike that.
- 9 Were you aware of the Zhang reference
- 10 prior to your work on your declarations here?
- 11 A Not that I recall. I mean, I may have
- 12 passed -- I may have seen it at some point, but I
- 13 do not recall.
- 14 Q Okay. The first named inventor on Zhang
- 15 is Weimin Zhang. And that is exhibit -- I believe
- 16 it is 1013, the first IPR '432.
- Other than having seen his name on the
- 18 Zhang reference, do you have any familiarity with
- 19 a Mr. Weimin Zhang? And that's W-e-i-m-i-n
- $20 \quad Z-h-a-n-q$.
- 21 A I don't think so. I mean, from my
- 22 industry experience, I've had interactions and
- 23 discussions with BroadLogic. And so I may have
- 24 met him somewhere along the way, but I don't
- 25 recall any -- any knowledge about him.

- 1 Q Same question for the second named
- 2 inventor on Zhang, a Mr. Tim Misko. Other than
- 3 him being refer with the Zhang reference, do you
- 4 have any familiarity with Tim Misko?
- 5 A Not that I'm aware of, except for maybe
- 6 crossing paths at some point with his employer,
- 7 which may have been BroadLogic, according to this
- 8 assignee section of the patent.
- 9 Q Same question about Mr. Jeremy Woodburn.
- 10 A Yeah. I think I have the same answer. I
- 11 haven't -- that I'm aware of -- I'm not aware of
- 12 him or know him. I may have crossed paths
- 13 somewhere along the way in the industry.
- 14 Q Now, you mentioned that you had done some
- 15 work with BroadLogic. Did I understand you
- 16 correctly?
- 17 A Yes. I've talked with BroadLogic before.
- 18 Q And is that the same BroadLogic that the
- 19 assignee of the Zhang patent referenced?
- 20 A I don't know.
- 21 Q Would you elaborate on the context when
- 22 you had interactions with BroadLogic?
- 23 A I don't remember. Except I remember the
- 24 name BroadLogic. And I know I had some
- 25 interactions with them. But I cannot remember

- 1 what it was about. I mean, we had lots of vendors
- 2 and companies that we collaborated with on all
- 3 kinds of projects. So I just can't recall.
- 4 Q Okay. Do you know the line of business
- 5 where BroadLogic worked?
- 6 A I would say no, I do not.
- 7 Q Okay. Do you have any familiarity with a
- 8 real-world system that implemented the system
- 9 described in the Zhang reference?
- 10 A It's hard to say. I mean, these are
- 11 quite common disclosures and were well known at
- 12 the time of a POSITA.
- 13 Q Did you search to find any prior art
- 14 references in connection with preparing your
- 15 declarations?
- 16 A I just looked at the ones that were in
- 17 the materials considered.
- 18 Q Now, do you have any familiarity with a
- 19 Mr. Sam Ross?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q Would you please explain what the context
- 22 of your familiarity with Mr. Ross is?
- 23 A He worked for me at -- and I can't
- 24 remember if it was Scientific Atlanta or Cisco
- 25 because, again, I use those interchangeably

- 1 because Cisco bought Scientific Atlanta. He was
- 2 in my organization and reported to me.
- 3 Q And what year was that?
- 4 A Gosh. I was there from -- the second
- 5 time, from 2000 -- excuse me -- from 1990 to 2011.
- 6 So it was during that time. But I can't recall
- 7 what years, you know, Sam worked for me.
- 8 Q And did Mr. Sam Ross directly report to
- 9 you when he was working for you?
- 10 A Yes.
- 11 Q And what were his responsibilities?
- 12 A One of his responsibilities was I put him
- 13 in charge of a development group, leading a few
- 14 engineers in the development of products.
- 15 Q So did Mr. Sam Ross supervise a group of
- 16 engineers?
- 17 A He did.
- 18 Q Roughly how many engineers did Mr. Sam
- 19 Ross -- Sam Ross supervise?
- 20 A I'm thinking around -- let's call it five
- 21 to ten.
- 22 Q And what was your position at the company
- 23 when you supervised Mr. Sam Ross?
- 24 A I was vice president of engineering.
- 25 Q And do you recall what product Mr. Sam

- 1 Ross was put in charge of developing?
- 2 A I don't remember.
- 3 Q Okay. And did you consider Mr. Sam Ross
- 4 to be an intelligent engineer?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q And did you consider him to be
- 7 knowledgeable about the field of RF signal
- 8 processing that he was working on?
- 9 A Sam was more of a digital person as
- 10 opposed to an RF person, is my recollection.
- 11 Q What is the difference?
- 12 A Well, specialty in let's call it ones and
- 13 zeros. Digital signals. Right. And -- as
- 14 opposed to RF processing of signals.
- 15 Q Okay. So a tuner may have both an RF
- 16 front and a digital front end; correct?
- 17 A Well, you know, there are many
- 18 generations of tuners, let's call it. Right. So
- 19 you know in the very early days, many of the
- 20 components were analog or RF. You know, as the
- 21 progression of technology advanced so that some of
- 22 these functions could be implemented digitally,
- 23 right, some of the processing in products was done
- 24 with digital circuits and digital signal
- 25 processing techniques.

- 1 Q Okay. So within a tuner that may have
- 2 both a radio front end and a digital front end, is
- 3 the specialty different for one versus the other?
- 4 Let me rephrase the question.
- 5 Is there a subspecialty for the digital
- 6 front end as opposed to the radio front within a
- 7 tuner?
- 8 A Well, so are you referring to like the
- 9 definition of a digital front end or a radio front
- 10 end? Could you give me examples of what -- what
- 11 you're talking about so I can answer more
- 12 specifically?
- 13 Q Sure. No, I'm not really going into the
- 14 definitions. You mentioned that Mr. Sam Ross was
- 15 more of a digital person. And I am trying to get
- 16 an understanding of was there a digital
- 17 subspecialty versus a radio subspecialty in this
- 18 field? So that's the context that I'm asking the
- 19 question.
- 20 A So, for example, you know, individual
- 21 engineers that worked in my organization, right,
- 22 they had certain specialties, right. Some were,
- 23 you know, RF engineers that, you know, dealt a lot
- 24 with RF kind of tests and designs and circuits
- 25 and -- and processes. And then there were digital

- 1 people that, you know, kind of after the signals
- 2 were turned into ones and zeros were more expert
- 3 in providing, you know, design details and -- and
- 4 processes and -- and algorithms and so on for
- 5 processing signals digitally. Right. So it is
- 6 kind of a common thing in the industry, you know,
- 7 when you -- when you have an engineer, you know,
- 8 he is an RF guy or she is a digital engineer.
- 9 And, you know -- you know, it is kind of a common
- 10 understanding.
- 11 Q Okay. And I apologize. Some of these
- 12 questions may seem basic. My background obviously
- 13 is not in this field. So I appreciate your
- 14 patience. As we go through, a lot of my questions
- 15 may seem really basic. But I appreciate your
- 16 patience and explanation.
- 17 Would you consider yourself an RF person
- 18 or a digital signal person?
- 19 A I mean, I don't know what to call myself
- 20 anymore. So I managed the entire products, right.
- 21 It included hardware, software, digital, RF, even
- 22 systems. So it's hard to answer that question.
- 23 Q Okay. Do you --
- 24 A I think I have a very broad background, I
- 25 should say.

- 1 Q Do you consider Mr. Sam Ross to be an
- 2 expert relating to wideband receiver systems?
- 3 A I don't remember him working on that, no.
- 4 Q What was Mr. Sam Ross specifically
- 5 working on in the 1990s, when he was working for
- 6 vou?
- 7 A I remember he was -- one project he was
- 8 working on was looking at the reliability of hard
- 9 disk drives as part of the DVR and how to enhance
- 10 the design so as to increase reliability. That's
- 11 one project that I remember.
- 12 Q Okay. Any other projects?
- 13 A I'm sure there were some, but I -- that's
- 14 the one that came to mind. I don't recall any
- 15 others right now.
- 16 Q But there were other projects that you do
- 17 not recall; correct?
- 18 A I think so, yes. That's fair to say.
- 19 Q At either Scientific Atlanta or Cisco,
- 20 did you work on wideband receiver systems?
- 21 A I have trouble remembering if I developed
- 22 a product -- if my group developed a product at
- 23 that time using a wideband tuner. We may have. I
- 24 just cannot remember.
- 25 Q Have you ever worked on developing a

- 1 wideband receiver product?
- 2 A I think I have, but I cannot recall the
- 3 details.
- 4 Q Do you recall the time frame?
- 5 A No.
- 6 Q Do you recall the company where you might
- 7 have performed that work?
- 8 A Well, I worked on -- with two companies
- 9 that were kind of in that general area of
- 10 technology. Scientific Atlanta and Cisco, you
- 11 know, again, I use them interchangeably. And
- 12 EchoStar, which is another one that used that type
- 13 of technology.
- 14 Q But you don't have a specific
- 15 recollection of having worked on developing a
- 16 wideband receiver at any point; correct?
- 17 A I do not remember the details about
- 18 working on that, no.
- 19 Q Are you familiar with a company called
- 20 MaxLinear?
- 21 A I mean, I've used them as a vendor for
- 22 parts that we put in design. So in that regard,
- 23 yes.
- 24 Q Is that when you were at Scientific
- 25 Atlanta and Cisco?

- 1 A I cannot recall.
- 2 Q What types of products did you obtain
- 3 from MaxLinear?
- 4 A I don't remember.
- 5 Q So I'm now going to ask you about your
- 6 degree of familiarity, if any, with any of the
- 7 named inventors of the three patents at issue
- 8 here. Do you have any familiarity with the first
- 9 named inventor of the '362 patent, Mr. or
- 10 Ms. Madhukar Reddy. And that spells M-, as in
- 11 Mike, -a-d-, as in David, -h-u-k-a-r.
- 12 A No. I may have crossed paths with him,
- 13 but I don't think I know him.
- 14 Q Second question -- I'm sorry. Same
- 15 question regarding the second named inventor,
- 16 Curtis Ling?
- 17 A I can tell you all three of them I have
- 18 the same answer, if you want to speed things up.
- 19 O Yes.
- 20 A Okay. Now, you have submitted a CV as
- 21 Exhibit 1003. And on page 3 of your CV -- just
- 22 let me know when you have it so I can ask my
- 23 questions.
- 24 A Okay. I have it.
- Q Okay. Now, on the second page, where it

- 1 says you worked from August 1990 to July 2011,
- 2 Vice President of Engineering, Cisco, slash,
- 3 Scientific Atlanta, do you see that?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q Second bullet point, last cause -- last
- 6 clause, it says full spectrum tuners. Do you see
- 7 that?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q What is a full spectrum tuner?
- 10 A So a POSITA would understand a full
- 11 spectrum tuner to be a tuner that processes the
- 12 receiving signal from the lowest frequency in a --
- in a system up to the -- up to the highest
- 14 frequency in the system.
- 15 Q And what is the counterpart for a full
- 16 spectrum tuner? Partial spectrum tuner?
- 17 A I don't know. Maybe.
- 18 Q Is there a term of art that is used as a
- 19 counterpart to a full spectrum tuner?
- 20 A So in relationship to all of these
- 21 patents, we've been talking about wideband tuners.
- 22 Is that what you mean?
- 23 Q No. No. I pointed you to what I meant.
- 24 So your CV talks about full spectrum tuners. And
- 25 I'm trying to understand -- let me rephrase my

- 1 question.
- 2 How did full spectrum tuners that you
- 3 worked on differ from non-full spectrum tuners?
- 4 A So -- for example, a single channel tuner
- 5 would -- would, let's say, process a single
- 6 television channel, for example, like 6 megahertz
- 7 wide bandwidth. Whereas a full spectrum tuner
- 8 would be much wider bandwidth at that and -- and
- 9 comprise more than one, let's call it, television
- 10 channel of 6 megahertz. Again, the 6 megahertz
- 11 depends on where you are, right, in the world.
- 12 The point is, it is more than one channel
- 13 bandwidth.
- 14 Q And why would you develop a full spectrum
- 15 tuner as opposed to the conventional, for lack of
- 16 a better term, non-full spectrum tuner?
- 17 A Did I opine on that in my declaration?
- 18 If I did, maybe you could point me to it, and I
- 19 can answer questions about it.
- 20 Q I am not aware of where you may have
- 21 opined on it in your declaration, but it is in
- 22 your CV, which we're entitled to ask about your
- 23 expertise and your experience.
- So the question is, on page 2 of your CV,
- 25 you mention your work on full spectrum tuners.

- 1 And my question was, what prompted the work on
- 2 full spectrum tuners as opposed to non-full
- 3 spectrum tuners?
- 4 A Well, I think I answered that question.
- 5 The -- the full spectrum tuners would process more
- 6 than one channel bandwidth.
- 7 Q And what would be a typical use case
- 8 scenario for a full spectrum tuner?
- 9 A In a cable television environment, like
- 10 in a set-top box, one might want to be able to
- 11 watch and record multiple channels. And so it
- 12 might be good to save cost by an integrated
- 13 solution that would be more cost-effective than
- 14 having multiple single channel tuners. Again, it
- 15 depends -- as far as the cost, it depends on a lot
- 16 of factors, right. So the state of silicon
- 17 technology, you know, the maturity and the price
- 18 point of that, as well as the technical
- 19 limitations of that silicon at that particular
- 20 time. So it kind of depends on a particular point
- 21 in time, whether it makes sense from a cost
- 22 perspective or not.
- 23 Q Thank you. Now, if the function of the
- 24 full spectrum tuner is to process more than one
- 25 channel, why does it need the full spectrum as

- 1 opposed to just a portion of the spectrum with
- 2 multiple channels?
- 3 A Well, so I was talking about a tuner that
- 4 processes more than one channel. Right. And more
- 5 than one would include two. And as the '362
- 6 patent, for example, describes a wideband tuner is
- 7 more than one channel. So that's a wideband
- 8 tuner. And if you said let me process all of the
- 9 channels that are being received in the cable
- 10 system in a way so that we could use ADT -- A-to-D
- 11 converters to digitize that entire spectrum as the
- 12 first -- well, not the first step. But as part of
- 13 the first steps of the tuner, then you could --
- 14 you could do that with even more than two
- 15 channels, right. So -- so if I had a system, for
- 16 example, that had let's call it 54 to
- 17 750 megahertz of channels that are being received
- 18 at the set-top box, one might consider a full
- 19 spectrum tuner that would essentially digitize the
- 20 spectrum from 54 to 750 megahertz.
- 21 Q And the full spectrum tuner would
- 22 digitize that entire frequency bandwidth, even if
- 23 all it needs is two or three channels in that
- 24 bandwidth?
- 25 A I'm sorry. I you cut out just a

- 1 second. Could you say that again?
- 2 Q Of course. So the full spectrum tuner
- 3 would digitize that entire bandwidth from roughly
- 4 50 to 750 megahertz, even if all it needs is two
- 5 or three channels in that bandwidth?
- 6 A I'm having trouble understanding. I
- 7 think it is your accent. I'm sorry.
- 8 Q I will repeat the question.
- 9 A Okay.
- 10 Q The full spectrum tuner would digitize
- 11 that entire bandwidth from roughly 50 to roughly
- 12 750 megahertz that you mentioned, even if all it
- 13 needs is two or three channels in that bandwidth?
- 14 A Well, so there are many different ways to
- 15 implement designs, right. You could -- you could
- 16 do whatever you wanted, right. So if we're
- 17 talking about a hypothetical design, you know,
- 18 maybe I can answer. I'm -- I didn't really want
- 19 to design a system for you right here. I was
- 20 hoping I could testify and answer questions about
- 21 my declaration.
- 22 Q Now, when did you start working on full
- 23 spectrum tuners at Cisco, slash, Scientific
- 24 Atlanta, as you state in your CV?
- 25 A I don't remember.

- 1 Q Do you recall the specific products you
- 2 worked on developing as a full spectrum tuner?
- 3 A No.
- 4 Q Do you recall when Cisco or Scientific
- 5 Atlanta first provided to the market full spectrum
- 6 tuners?
- 7 A I mean, Cisco and Scientific Atlanta
- 8 provided set-top boxes and cable modems. We
- 9 didn't sell tuners.
- 10 Q Now, what is a tuner? And if you're
- 11 looking at documents, I don't mind as long as you
- 12 just state for the record what you're reviewing,
- 13 please.
- 14 A I'm looking at my declaration, the '362
- 15 declaration. So as I say in my declaration, in
- 16 paragraph 60 of the '362 declaration, consumer
- 17 terminal equipment included a radio receiver (also
- 18 known as a tuner) that received the RF signals and
- 19 processed them in such a way that a demodulator
- 20 could demodulate the RF signals.
- 21 O How is a tuner different from a receiver?
- 22 A Well, as I just stated, the radio
- 23 receiver was also known as a tuner.
- 24 Q So is it fair to say that in the field a
- 25 radio receiver and a tuner were used

- 1 interchangeably?
- 2 A Sometimes, yes. I think that would be
- 3 fair.
- 4 Q But not always?
- 5 A It's hard to say.
- 6 Q But in your opinion, a tuner and a
- 7 receiver mean the same thing?
- 8 A Well, a radio receiver is what I said
- 9 here, is known as -- also known as a tuner.
- 10 Q Let me rephrase my question.
- So in your opinion, a radio receiver and
- 12 a tuner are the same thing?
- 13 A In the context of these patents, yes.
- 14 O Okay. How about the context of receivers
- 15 generally, the field of wideband receivers?
- 16 A What's the question?
- 17 O Sure. In the field of RF radio
- 18 processing, are receivers -- strike that.
- 19 The question is, in the field of RF
- 20 signal processing, are tuners and radio receivers
- 21 the same thing?
- 22 A It's hard to say unless we're talking in
- 23 a specific context like -- like we were zeroed in
- 24 on, you know, the -- the -- how those terms were
- 25 used as related to technologies related to the

- 1 patents.
- 2 Q So in your opinion, there is no general
- 3 understanding in this field by a POSITA as to
- 4 whether a tuner and radio receiver mean the same
- 5 thing?
- A I would say some would probably use it
- 7 interchangeably. Some may not. So I don't know.
- 8 Q What is the context where a tuner and a
- 9 radio receiver would mean different things?
- 10 A Well, so the context of these patents are
- 11 related to processing television signals, right.
- 12 And that's essentially where I focused my
- 13 opinions. So I didn't really think about or
- 14 opine, I don't think, on other applications of
- 15 tuners or radio receivers.
- 16 Q What is a demodulator?
- 17 A So as I say in paragraph 60, in the last
- 18 few lines, the demodulator recovers the digital
- 19 data encoded in the RF signals. And, again, this
- 20 is in the context of the patents that we're --
- 21 we're talking about.
- 22 Q Does a demodulator necessarily operate on
- 23 a baseband signal?
- 24 A I'm not sure that is necessary. That's
- 25 what is generally described in my declaration

- 1 though.
- 2 Q Can you think of an example where a
- 3 demodulator recovers data not from a baseband
- 4 signal?
- 5 A I haven't thought about that. That
- 6 sounds like a new opinion that I don't think I
- 7 rendered. And I would be happy to consider that
- 8 at another time. But I haven't thought about
- 9 that.
- 10 Q Do you know what a baseband signal is?
- 11 A Sure.
- 12 Q What is a baseband signal?
- 13 A So in the context of the patent, the
- 14 baseband is the lowest frequency starts at zero or
- 15 near zero and goes up from there.
- 16 Q So a baseband signal is any signal at
- 17 zero frequency? Is that your opinion?
- 18 A So in the context of the patent, a
- 19 baseband frequency is -- you know, starts around
- 20 zero and goes up from there. But it doesn't have
- 21 to be, right. That's just kind of a general
- 22 understanding, I would say.
- 23 Q Thank you. My question was not about
- 24 baseband frequency. The question was, do you know
- 25 what the baseband signal is?

- 1 A I'm sorry. I think I answered that.
- 2 Maybe I don't understand the question.
- 3 Q Sure. Have you heard of the phrase
- 4 baseband signal?
- 5 A Sure.
- 6 Q Is baseband signal a term of art that a
- 7 POSITA would know the meaning?
- 8 A Well, in the context of the patent, I
- 9 think it is as I described.
- 10 Q Again, if you would please answer my
- 11 question. I understand it is very normal for
- 12 experts to prepare to confine the answers to
- 13 exactly what is in the declaration. But we are
- 14 entitled to ask you about the background, what a
- 15 POSITA would understand, what is a term of art.
- 16 So if you would please focus on the question I'm
- 17 asking.
- 18 The question is, is a baseband signal a
- 19 term of art that a POSITA would understand its
- 20 meaning?
- 21 A So the POSITA, as defined in my
- 22 declaration, that works in the field, as defined
- 23 by the POSITA, and in the context of the patents
- 24 would understand what baseband signal means.
- 25 Q Okay. Is it your opinion that without

- 1 the discussion in the patent's specification, the
- 2 POSITA would not understand what the baseband
- 3 signal is?
- 4 A So are we using a different definition of
- 5 the POSITA than what is in my declaration?
- 6 Q No. That was not my question. The
- 7 question was, is it your opinion that without the
- 8 explanations provided in the patent specification,
- 9 the POSITA would not understand what the baseband
- 10 signal means?
- 11 A I'm sorry. I have not considered that.
- 12 I was considering the patent in rendering this
- 13 opinion. So it sounds like that might be
- 14 something that I haven't thought about. And I
- 15 really am not comfortable on the fly just
- 16 answering that.
- 17 Q So sitting here now, you do not have an
- 18 opinion on if a POSITA would generally know what a
- 19 baseband signal is; correct?
- 20 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 21 THE WITNESS: I think I answered that
- 22 question. So the POSITA, as defined in the
- 23 declaration, would generally understand in context
- 24 of the patent what baseband signal means.
- 25

- 1 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 2 Q Again, you're changing my question and
- 3 answering a different question. I understand that
- 4 you're instructed to add "in the context of the
- 5 patent" to every one of your answers. And that's
- 6 fine. But when my question is about a general
- 7 proposition, I would appreciate it if you would
- 8 actually answer my question. So I will repeat the
- 9 question.
- The question is, is it your opinion that
- 11 a POSITA would generally not know what a baseband
- 12 signal is?
- 13 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Would you mind reading back
- 15 the question?
- 16 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 17 Q I can repeat the question. It's not a
- 18 problem.
- 19 Is it your opinion that in this field, a
- 20 POSITA would generally not know what a baseband
- 21 signal is?
- 22 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Same objection.
- 23 THE WITNESS: I think I have answered
- 24 that in multiple ways. I'm not sure that I can
- 25 add anything to my previous answers that would be

- 1 different.
- 2 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 3 Q So your previous answers is always -- is
- 4 only that a POSITA would know what a baseband
- 5 signal is in the context of these patents. And we
- 6 can go back and read from the record. That is all
- 7 that you have said. My question is not limited to
- 8 the context of the patents. Do you understand
- 9 what I'm asking?
- 10 A Well, so I didn't prepare or think about
- 11 that and outside of the context of what we're
- 12 talking about here. I mean, it is possible
- 13 that -- that in other fields and other contexts
- 14 and other technologies, baseband signal might mean
- 15 something different. But -- but I really am
- 16 trying to answer your question in that -- you
- 17 know, as I define the POSITA. You know, have a
- 18 degree in electrical engineering or similar
- 19 discipline, along with three to four years of
- 20 experience in digital signal processing and
- 21 radiofrequency tuning systems for satellite and/or
- 22 cable communications. And -- and he would be
- 23 familiar with the kind of technologies that are in
- 24 the '362 patent and the other two patents. He
- 25 would certainly understand what a baseband signal

- 1 is.
- 2 Q And what would the POSITA's understanding
- 3 be of what a baseband -- not a baseband frequency,
- 4 but what a baseband signal is?
- 5 A Well, I think I answered that. So a
- 6 signal where the frequency component -- the lowest
- 7 frequency component is at or near zero hertz.
- 8 Q So it is your opinion that in the context
- 9 of the patents here, any signal where the lowest
- 10 frequency component is zero is a baseband signal?
- 11 A Perhaps you could give me an example and
- 12 ask me about it, and I can ask -- ask a
- 13 specific -- answer a specific question.
- 14 Q That is a specific question. I asked you
- 15 what a baseband signal is from the POSITA's
- 16 perspective. And you testified it is a signal
- 17 where the lowest frequency component is zero. So
- 18 my follow-up question is, is it your opinion
- 19 therefore that in the context of the patents, any
- 20 signal where the lowest frequency component is
- 21 zero is a baseband signal?
- 22 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 23 THE WITNESS: I'm not sure that's what I
- 24 said.
- 25

- 1 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 2 Q Which part of it do you disagree with
- 3 about what I just said?
- 4 A I think I said that the lowest frequency
- 5 is at or near zero. I didn't say it had to be
- 6 zero.
- 7 Q Thank you for the clarification. Let me
- 8 rephrase my question.
- 9 Is it therefore your opinion that in the
- 10 context of the patents, any signal where the
- 11 lowest frequency component is at or near zero is a
- 12 baseband signal?
- 13 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Can you restate the
- 15 question, please?
- 16 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 17 Q Of course. Is it your opinion that in
- 18 the context of the patents, any signal where the
- 19 lowest frequency component is at or near zero is a
- 20 baseband signal?
- 21 A So if I had a box and I said -- and the
- 22 box is labeled baseband signal, right, and I had a
- 23 signal as described in the '362 patent as baseband
- 24 signal, one thing that would certainly be in that
- 25 box -- and there may be a lot of other things in

- 1 that box -- would be a signal where the lowest
- 2 frequency component is at or near zero and the
- 3 highest -- higher frequency is above that.
- 4 Q Thank you. So there are other
- 5 requirements for a signal to be a baseband signal
- 6 other than the lowest frequency component being at
- 7 or near zero; correct?
- 8 A I don't know. I haven't thought about
- 9 that. That sounds like a new opinion that I have
- 10 not rendered. What I'm trying to describe is in
- 11 my box, it is labeled baseband signal. What would
- 12 definitely be in the box -- and there may be other
- 13 things in the box, but -- but I haven't really
- 14 thought about what else can be in there, a
- 15 comprehensive list.
- 16 Q Okay. If you are presented with a signal
- 17 where the lowest frequency component is at or near
- 18 zero, what other information do you need to
- 19 determine whether that's a baseband signal?
- 20 A I don't think I rendered an opinion on
- 21 that, so I haven't thought about that.
- 22 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: We've been going for
- 23 an hour. Is it a good time for a break?
- 24 THE WITNESS: Sure. We can do that.
- 25 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: And I apologize, I

- 1 didn't mention at the beginning, if you also need
- 2 breaks at earlier intervals at any point, please
- 3 feel free to let me know. My intention is not to
- 4 torture you or impose. The idea is for you to be
- 5 as comfortable and as ready as you are so that we
- 6 can get the best and most accurate responses.
- 7 So let's take a ten-minute break and come
- 8 back at 15 minutes after the hour. Is that okay?
- 9 THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you.
- 10 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Thank you.
- 11 (A recess was taken.)
- 12 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 13 Q Mr. Lett, during the break, did you speak
- 14 with anybody regarding the substance of your
- 15 deposition today?
- 16 A No.
- 17 Q Okay. Do you recall that we discussed
- 18 your work at Cisco regarding full spectrum tuners?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Do you recall how many channels the full
- 21 spectrum tuners that you worked on processed?
- 22 A I don't remember.
- 23 Q What is a mixer in the field of RF signal
- 24 processing?
- 25 A So if you look at paragraph 66 of my '362

- 1 declaration, just under EX 1018, Figure 2, the
- 2 term "mixer" and "multiplier" are often used
- 3 interchangeably to refer to an analog or digital
- 4 electric circuit -- represented by the X symbol
- 5 with the circle around it -- that multiplies a
- 6 modulated input signal, an RF signal, at a
- 7 frequency f1 and a reference signal that is from a
- 8 local oscillator, LO, at frequency f2, which
- 9 produces new signals at the sum and difference of
- 10 the input frequencies, f1 plus f2 and f1 minus f2.
- 11 This is illustrated in Figure 8-9 from Exhibit
- 12 1039.
- 13 Q Okay. And in RF digital processing
- 14 circuits, what is a mixer typically used for?
- 15 A Multiplying a modulated input signal, an
- 16 RF signal at frequency f1 and a reference signal
- 17 from a local oscillator at frequency f2, which
- 18 produces a new signal at the sum and difference of
- 19 the input frequencies.
- 20 Q Why would you typically need to multiply
- 21 two signals together in an RF digital signal
- 22 processing circuit?
- 23 A So the front end of a low-IF receiver, as
- 24 shown in my declaration above paragraph 64, has
- 25 two mixers or multipliers. Again, those terms are

- 1 used interchangeably. And I'm not sure what color
- 2 you would call it. Pink maybe. No. Not pink.
- 3 It is darker than pink. Whatever -- you see the
- 4 two circles with the X? That's a typical
- 5 application of a multiplier, a mixer in a low-IF
- 6 receiver.
- 7 Q Are mixers also sometimes used for
- 8 downconverting a signal?
- 9 A It is a component as part of
- 10 downconversion of a band of frequencies as shown
- 11 in the diagram I was just referring to.
- 12 Q Are there other circuitries that can be
- 13 used to downconvert a signal other than mixers?
- 14 A There might be, but I haven't really
- 15 thought about that.
- 16 Q Sitting here now, can you think of any
- 17 circuitry, other than mixers, that can be used to
- 18 downconvert a signal?
- 19 A Well, again, I'm not sure if your
- 20 question is broad like in the context of this
- 21 application we've been talking about and what
- 22 frequencies you're talking about or a number of
- 23 other parameters. So it is hard to generalize an
- 24 answer unless we're talking about a specific
- 25 application.

- 1 Q So I'll repeat my question. You tell me
- 2 specifically what information you need to answer
- 3 my question.
- The question is, generally, sitting here
- 5 now, can you think of a circuit other than a mixer
- 6 that can be used to downconvert an RF signal?
- 7 A I haven't thought about that. I was
- 8 looking at the context of the patents and using
- 9 mixer components as part of downconverting the
- 10 band of frequencies.
- 11 Q What does radio denote in the term
- 12 radiofrequency?
- 13 A I'm not sure I know the answer to that
- 14 question. It -- I mean, a radio, you know, back
- 15 in the '40s, you know, or whatever -- a long
- 16 time ago, right, you would listen to the radio.
- 17 So you could hear audio coming from broadcast
- 18 audio sources on a radio.
- 19 Q Okay. Do you know -- strike that.
- 20 How many cases have you been a consultant
- 21 regarding patent validity?
- 22 A I cannot recall.
- 24 A I've worked on patent invalidity more
- 25 than I have patent validity.

- 1 Q And I do not mean to distinguish between
- 2 those two, so I will rephrase my question. And I
- 3 appreciate your clarification.
- 4 Do you have an estimate on the number of
- 5 cases where you worked on either patent validity
- 6 or invalidity?
- 7 A So is an IPR declaration considered
- 8 patent invalidity?
- 9 Q Yes.
- 10 A Thank you for that. Yes, I have worked
- 11 on maybe -- I'm thinking on the order of 20 or so
- 12 IPR declarations.
- 13 Q Do you know what it means when we say
- 14 that a phrase is a term of art?
- 15 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 16 THE WITNESS: I'm not sure. That might
- 17 be a legal term. Perhaps you could help me with
- 18 that definition.
- 19 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 20 Q So I want to know if you know what it
- 21 means. I'm not trying to -- I just want to
- 22 understand your degree of knowledge. So the
- 23 question is, in patent validity or invalidity
- 24 analysis, do you know what a term of art means,
- 25 what the phrase term of art means?

- 1 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: I mean, I'm not an
- 3 attorney. And I'm not sure I used that phrase in
- 4 my declaration. Perhaps I did. And if I did, I
- 5 can look at my declaration and refresh my memory
- 6 about that. But I don't know if I used that
- 7 phrase.
- 8 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 9 Q Okay. Outside of the context of the
- 10 patents here, generally in the field of receivers,
- 11 does the phrase radio front end have a meaning to
- 12 a POSITA?
- 13 A Can you read that back again, please?
- 14 O Of course. Outside of the context of the
- 15 patents, does the phrase radio front end have a
- 16 meaning to a POSITA in the field of RF receivers?
- 17 A It might. I haven't thought about that.
- 18 I tried to focus on the invalidity and the
- 19 analysis of the patents and prior art that were in
- 20 this field. So outside of this field, I really
- 21 haven't thought about that.
- 22 Q Have you heard of the phrase radio front
- 23 end outside of the context of these IPRs?
- 24 A I probably have, yes.
- Q Okay. And what does it mean?

- 1 A Well, I think I have not rendered an
- 2 opinion on the definition of radio front end in my
- 3 declaration, other than the one where I -- where I
- 4 quoted previously in the context of the patent as
- 5 part of the tuner. But I don't even think I used
- 6 the word radio front end at that point. Perhaps I
- 7 can go back and look and see what that quote was
- 8 exactly.
- 9 Q And that's, again, not answering the
- 10 question I asked. You testified that outside of
- 11 this IPR, you have previously heard the phrase
- 12 radio front end. Do you recall that?
- 13 A Yes. I probably have heard that. So I
- 14 think that's what I said.
- 15 Q Yes. My question is, what did you
- 16 understand the phrase radio front end to mean when
- 17 previously outside of this IPR you heard that
- 18 phrase?
- 19 A I don't remember.
- 20 Q Okay. Does a person of ordinary skill
- 21 understand the meaning of the phrase digital front
- 22 end, outside of the context of the patents?
- 23 A I don't know that digital front end is
- 24 a -- is a common term that is thrown around. I
- 25 mean, I understand the patents and -- and what was

- 1 described as part of the digital front end, but --
- 2 but I don't think that that's a really common
- 3 term.
- 4 Q Outside of the context of these IPRs,
- 5 have you heard of the phrase digital front end?
- 6 A I don't think I have.
- 7 Q What does downconversion mean?
- 8 A So in the context of the patent -- and as
- 9 I'm talking about in paragraph 64 of my
- 10 declaration -- front end performs frequency
- 11 downconversion of the RF signals. And that means
- 12 changing the band of frequencies down to a lower
- 13 frequency for those signals.
- 14 Q Does downconversion have to be done by a
- 15 mixer circuit?
- 16 A I think I answered that in the context of
- 17 the patent. We use mixer circuits to downcode --
- 18 downconvert the RF signals.
- 19 Q And, again, this is now the sixth time
- 20 that you changed the question that I asked you and
- 21 you answered a different question. I asked you if
- 22 downconversion has to be done by a mixer. And
- 23 then you switched the question to in the patent it
- 24 is done by a mixer. But that's not my question.
- The question was, does downconversion

- 1 have to be done by a mixer?
- 2 A There may be other ways. I don't -- I
- 3 haven't thought about that. I thought about the
- 4 downconversion using mixers as part of my
- 5 declaration.
- 6 Q Have you designed circuitry that at least
- 7 in part performed downconversion of RF signals?
- 8 A Can you repeat that again, please?
- 9 Of course. Have you ever designed
- 10 circuitry that at least in part performed
- 11 downconversion of RF signals?
- 12 A I think so, yes.
- 13 Q Have you always used a mixer to achieve
- 14 downconversion of an RF signal?
- 15 A Well, it is hard to say always. I can
- 16 recall using a mixer or downconversion of an RF
- 17 signal.
- 18 Q Do you recall having used any method
- 19 other than a mixer to achieve downconversion of an
- 20 RF signal?
- 21 A Well, when you say a mixer, do you
- 22 literally mean one?
- 23 One or more.
- 24 A So what was the question again?
- 25 Q Do you recall having used -- strike that.

- 1 Do you recall in any of the circuitries
- 2 that you have designed achieving downconversion of
- 3 an RF signal by a method other than using one or
- 4 more mixers?
- 5 A I don't recall.
- 6 Q Now, your work at Cisco and Scientific
- 7 Atlanta, was it focused more on cable systems or
- 8 satellite systems?
- 9 A Mostly cable systems.
- 10 Q Have you generally worked -- strike that.
- How are cable tuners different from
- 12 satellite tuners?
- 13 A What was the first word?
- 14 Q How are cable tuners different from
- 15 satellite tuners?
- 16 A Well, cable, you generally tune at
- 17 different frequencies than satellite. But the
- 18 components, the architecture, let's call it, of
- 19 the tuners are very similar.
- 20 Q Now, may I please refer you to the Zhang
- 21 reference.
- 22 A Okay. I have it.
- 23 Q May I please refer you to Figure 1 in
- 24 Zhang.
- 25 A Okay. I have it.

- 1 Q What does Figure 1 in Zhang denote?
- 2 A It says prior art.
- 3 Q And -- okay. What is the circuitry in
- 4 Zhang Figure 1 doing? What is the purpose?
- 5 A It's a simplified and high-level block
- 6 diagram of a traditional multi-channel cable and
- 7 satellite demodulator that is used in cable and
- 8 satellite systems.
- 9 Q Thank you. What is each Box 1 or 2 in
- 10 Zhang Figure 1?
- 11 A He calls them receiver chains 102a, 102b,
- 12 and 102c.
- 13 Q And what does a receiver chain mean?
- 14 A According to paragraph 6 of Zhang, each
- 15 chain includes a tuner 110 analog-to-digital
- 16 converter (ADC) 120 and a digital demodulator 130.
- 17 Q And why are there multiple boxes 102 in
- 18 Zhang's Figure 1?
- 19 A I think what Zhang is showing is the art
- 20 that existed before the Zhang patent where there
- 21 was a tuner, an A-to-D converter, and a
- 22 demodulator forward error correction chain, 102a,
- 23 for each television channel that was to be
- 24 delivered by the transport interface.
- 25 Q Do you agree with Zhang's

- 1 characterization that the state of the art prior
- 2 to Zhang was as shown in Zhang's Figure 1?
- 3 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 4 THE WITNESS: I have no reason to dispute
- 5 Zhang's characterization as Figure 1 as prior art.
- 6 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 7 Q Okay. Now, in Figure 1 of Zhang, what
- 8 does transport interface mean?
- 9 A Well, he's talking about the sections
- 10 that are after the 102 boxes.
- 11 Q Okay. Now, does the phrase transport
- 12 interface have a meaning to a POSITA?
- 13 A So Zhang describes the digital transport
- 14 interface receives a selected RF channels from one
- 15 or more demodulators to output the selected RF
- 16 channels.
- 17 Q Where are you reading?
- 18 A Claim 5 of Zhang.
- 19 Q Right. But that doesn't answer my
- 20 question. The question is, does the phrase
- 21 transport interface have a meaning to a POSITA?
- 22 A So a POSITA would certainly understand
- 23 that it is configured to receive the RF channels
- 24 from one or more demodulators to output the
- 25 selected RF channels.

- 1 Q Okay. And what does the transport
- 2 interface output the channels to?
- 3 A I'm sorry. I couldn't understand a
- 4 couple words. Can you repeat?
- 5 Q Sure. What does the transport interface
- 6 output the channels to?
- 7 A I'm not sure Zhang discloses that. He
- 8 just is talking about outputting.
- 9 Q Okay. As an expert, do you have an
- 10 opinion as to what a POSITA would understand in
- 11 Zhang's Figure 1 where does the transport channel
- 12 output the signals?
- 13 A I didn't understand a word. Sorry.
- 14 Q Sure. As an expert, do you have an
- 15 opinion as to whether a POSITA would understand
- 16 that in Zhang's Figure 1 where does the transport
- 17 interface output the channels to?
- 18 A Well, so it is generally to watch
- 19 television. So it could be a number of different
- 20 interfaces to do that. I think that's the context
- 21 of what we're talking about here, is watching or
- 22 recording television channels.
- 23 Q So it would go to a DVR or a monitor?
- 24 A I mean, there's a lot of blocks that
- 25 would, say -- would be needed to -- to accomplish

- 1 that. But that's the application I think that he
- 2 is describing.
- 3 Q May I please refer you to paragraph 8 of
- 4 Zhang.
- 5 A I have it.
- 6 Q The first sentence reads, quote, "Each RF
- 7 channel requires one analog tuner and analog
- 8 band-pass or low-pass filters." Do you see that?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q In Zhang's prior art, why was there one
- 11 tuner for each channel as opposed to a single
- 12 wideband tuner for multiple channels?
- 13 A Zhang is describing a different
- 14 architecture, a new and better architecture. So
- 15 he is basically describing the previous
- 16 architectures for implementing similar
- 17 functionality.
- 18 Q Okay. Was there -- in what way is
- 19 Zhang's architecture better than its prior art as
- 20 shown in Figure 1?
- 21 A So paragraph 9 of Zhang contains at least
- 22 some of the answer, which is this invention that
- 23 he's disclosing provides a method and circuitry
- 24 for demodulating signals, such as downstream
- 25 signals. At least some embodiments are

- 1 characterized by lower cost, lower power
- 2 consumption, and/or lower complexity.
- 3 Q What is a band-pass filter?
- 4 A A band-pass filter generally is a filter
- 5 that blocks out within reason signals that are
- 6 below a certain frequency and above a certain
- 7 frequency and -- or attenuates, I should say,
- 8 those low and high frequencies that are outside of
- 9 the pass band of the pass-band filter. And passes
- 10 signals that are within the pass band.
- 11 Q What is a low-pass filter?
- 12 A It is similar in that it passes some
- 13 signals and doesn't pass others. Or let's say
- 14 passes signals that are lower than a certain
- 15 frequency and attenuates signals that are above a
- 16 certain frequency.
- 17 Q May I please refer you to paragraph 7 of
- 18 Zhang. And the sentence that reads, quote, "Each
- 19 tuner then converts the frequency of its selected
- 20 RF channel to a lower fixed frequency pass band or
- 21 cable systems or to baseband for satellite
- 22 systems," end quote. Do you see that sentence?
- 23 A I do see that, yes.
- Q Why is the downconversion frequency
- 25 different for cable systems as opposed to

- 1 satellite systems?
- 2 A So as I say in paragraph 51 of my '362
- 3 declaration, television channels from satellite
- 4 networks occupy various bands in frequencies
- 5 greater than 950 megahertz. And I cite one of the
- 6 references for that.
- 7 Q Right. And that paragraph in your
- 8 declaration that you just read from refers to the
- 9 received RF signal before the conversion; correct?
- 10 A Could you repeat that, please?
- 11 Q Sure. That paragraph that you read from
- 12 in your declaration, receives -- sorry, refers to
- 13 the RF signal frequency range before
- 14 downconversion; correct?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q Now, my question was about the
- 17 downconversion frequency. So after
- 18 downconversion. The question is, why -- based on
- 19 what is said in paragraph 7 of Zhang, why is the
- 20 downconversion frequency different for cable
- 21 systems as opposed to satellite systems?
- 22 A Can you explain to me what you mean by
- 23 downconversion frequency?
- 24 Q Sure. Do you see the sentence in
- 25 paragraph 7 of Zhang where it says, quote, "Each

- 1 tuner then converts the frequency of its selected
- 2 RF channel to a lower frequency" -- "to a lower
- 3 fixed frequency pass band for cable systems or to
- 4 baseband for satellite systems," end quote. Do
- 5 you see that sentence?
- 6 A I do.
- 7 Q And that sentence is referring to
- 8 downconverting the RF channel; correct?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q The question is, why is the
- 11 downconversion frequency different for cable
- 12 systems as opposed to satellite systems?
- 13 A I don't think he is saying that they are.
- 14 Q Okay.
- 15 A I'm -- and -- and I don't think they need
- 16 to be, by the way. So I think what he is saying
- 17 here is you're converting to a lower frequency
- 18 band or baseband. And it can be cable or
- 19 satellite systems.
- 20 Q So you don't read paragraph 7 of Zhang to
- 21 say that you downconvert the RF channel to a lower
- 22 fixed frequency pass band for cable systems and to
- 23 baseband for satellite systems? You don't read it
- 24 that way?
- 25 A I read it that you convert to a lower

- 1 frequency pass band. And, again, this is prior
- 2 art. This is not talking about Zhang's disclosed
- 3 invention. But each tuner converts its
- 4 frequencies to a lower frequency pass band or
- 5 baseband for cable or satellite systems. That's
- 6 the way I read it. And that's the way I
- 7 understand it, having worked on both cable and
- 8 satellite systems.
- 9 Q Okay.
- 10 A And a POSITA would also, I believe.
- 11 Q Okay. May I please refer you to
- 12 paragraph 10 of Zhang. Specifically the sentence
- 13 that reads, quote, "A digital channel
- 14 demultiplexer receives the multi-channel digital
- 15 RF signal from the ADC and demultiplexes the
- 16 multi-channel digital RF signal into separate
- 17 digital RF channels," end quote. Do you see that?
- 18 A I'm -- I just now found it. So -- to
- 19 keep you from repeating it, is that just the last
- 20 sentence of paragraph 10?
- 21 Q Yes.
- 22 A Okay. Thank you. I see that last
- 23 sentence.
- Q What does it mean to demultiplex the
- 25 multi-channel digital RF signal into separate

- 1 digital RF channels?
- 2 A So he is talking about the channel
- 3 selection functionality of his invention, which
- 4 allows selection of channels of interest.
- 5 Q Is that your answer? You're done?
- 6 A Yes.
- 7 Q What does it mean to demultiplex a signal
- 8 into separate digital channels?
- 9 A I think that's a question I just
- 10 answered.
- 11 Q It is a little bit different, but let me
- 12 step back.
- Do you know what demultiplexing means?
- 14 A Sure.
- 15 Q Okay. Does -- have you heard of the term
- 16 demultiplexing outside of the context of this IPR?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q Does a POSITA generally understand what
- 19 the phrase demultiplexing means?
- 20 A There's a lot of different contexts and
- 21 applications. But yeah, sure. I mean, they would
- 22 certainly understand some ways demultiplexing is
- 23 used.
- Q What does it mean to demultiplex a
- 25 signal?

- 1 A So it is kind of like you take a signal
- 2 and then you output parts of that signal that were
- 3 separated into parts from the original signal.
- 4 And it is exactly what Zhang is saying. He's --
- 5 he's taking the multi-channel RF signal and
- 6 essentially outputting separate digital RF
- 7 channels.
- 8 Q Thank you very much for that.
- 9 In paragraph 26 of Zhang -- please let me
- 10 know when you're there.
- 11 A Okay.
- 12 Q The sentence that reads, quote, "In this
- 13 specific embodiment, a bandpass filter 212, which
- 14 is a part of down-converted 210, reduces aliasing
- 15 from unwanted channels," end quote. Do you see
- 16 that?
- 17 A I do.
- 18 Q What does aliasing mean?
- 19 A It is basically talking about a signal
- 20 that you don't want that -- that you're
- 21 essentially trying to filter out as part of trying
- 22 to recover the signal that you are interested in.
- Q What is the source of aliasing?
- 24 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: There can be many sources

- 1 of aliasing. I didn't really render an opinion on
- 2 that in my declaration, I don't think. If I did,
- 3 please let me know, and I'll be glad to answer a
- 4 question about it.
- 5 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 6 Q Okay. Now, if I limit my question to
- 7 paragraph 26 of Zhang, the question will be, in
- 8 your opinion as an expert, in paragraph 26 of
- 9 Zhang, what is the source of aliasing from
- 10 unwanted channels that Zhang tries to reduce?
- 11 A I don't think Zhang discloses that. And
- 12 I didn't render an opinion on that, so I'm not
- 13 really comfortable rendering a new opinion.
- 14 Q Does downconverting a frequency band
- 15 typically result in aliasing?
- 16 A It depends on what tuner architecture
- 17 you're using.
- 18 Q Okay. In Zhang's architecture, does
- 19 downconversion of RF signals typically result in
- 20 aliasing?
- 21 A He's saying that in this -- in this
- 22 specific embodiment, it reduces aliasing from
- 23 unwanted channels. That's what Zhang is
- 24 disclosing.
- 25 Q Right. So I'm asking your opinion as an

- 1 expert. Is it your opinion that in an
- 2 architecture such as Zhang's Figure 2,
- 3 downconverting an RF signal would typically result
- 4 in aliasing?
- 5 A No. Zhang is disclosing that it reduces
- 6 aliasing.
- 7 Q The aliasing comes from somewhere; right?
- 8 A Is that like a question or -- is there a
- 9 question?
- 10 Q Sure. Yes. The question is, do you know
- 11 what aliasing means?
- 12 A I think I've answered that question.
- 13 Q Mr. Lett, do you know what aliasing
- 14 means? It's a yes-or-no question.
- 15 A I think I have answered that question.
- 16 Q Are you refusing to answer my question
- 17 now?
- 18 A Do you want me to go back and repeat my
- 19 previous answer?
- 20 Q The question is, do you know what
- 21 aliasing means?
- 22 A In the context of Zhang's patent, I
- 23 understand what Zhang is disclosing as aliasing
- 24 and reducing the unwanted signals by his invention
- 25 tuner architecture.

- 1 Q Sure. And I didn't ask if you understand
- 2 in the context of Zhang what Zhang is saying.
- 3 That was not the question. The question is, do
- 4 you know what aliasing means?
- 5 A I do, yes.
- 6 Q What is your understanding of what
- 7 aliasing means?
- 8 A It depends on the tuner architecture.
- 9 Q I actually forgot to ask a question. In
- 10 your CV, on the last page, it talks about Masters
- 11 of Science in electrical engineering course work.
- 12 Did you ever complete the master's degree?
- 13 A No.
- 14 Q How much of the master's degree course
- 15 work did you complete?
- 16 A I stated in paragraph 5, I completed
- 17 40 percent of the required degree hours.
- 18 Q And does -- do you recall if any of the
- 19 course work you took in your master's program
- 20 discussed the meaning of the phrase aliasing?
- 21 A I'm sure we talked about that, yes.
- 22 Q Now, do I recall correctly that you
- 23 stated that Zhang does not say where aliasing from
- 24 unwanted channels comes from? Correct?
- 25 A I don't think he did. If he did, maybe

- 1 you can point me to it, and I can answer a
- 2 question about it.
- 3 Q Now, my question, as an expert, are you
- 4 able to determine in paragraph 26 of Zhang what
- 5 the source of aliasing from unwanted channels is?
- 6 A So, again, Zhang is describing reducing
- 7 aliasing with his architecture. He's not
- 8 describing aliasing in his architecture of the
- 9 disclosed invention.
- 10 Q In order to reduce aliasing, there must
- 11 be aliasing to reduce; right?
- 12 A So when he is talking about aliasing, he
- 13 is talking about a prior art architecture that
- 14 had, in his opinion, aliasing that he could
- 15 improve significantly or -- he could improve
- 16 significantly in his disclosed invention.
- 17 Q So what is the source of aliasing in
- 18 Zhang's prior art that Zhang's invention reduces?
- 19 A It would be easier if we looked at the
- 20 Mirabbasi reference. Because then he goes through
- 21 multiple receiver architectures and describes some
- 22 that have a significant aliasing issue and some
- 23 that have a much less reduced aliasing issue.
- 24 Q You are more than welcome to go through
- 25 any reference you like. The question is, what is

- 1 the source of aliasing in Zhang's prior art that
- 2 Zhang intends to reduce as stated in this
- 3 paragraph 26?
- 4 A It is hard to say because I'm not sure
- 5 what in the prior art he's comparing it to in
- 6 terms of the inner circuits and the implementation
- 7 of those circuits. What he is showing is a very
- 8 high-level block diagram in -- let me make sure
- 9 that I have the right figure number. Figure 1,
- 10 right, that just shows an RF tuner. That's a box,
- 11 right. And -- and he doesn't disclose what
- 12 architecture is used within the RF tuner box 110A.
- 13 Q Now, in paragraph 26 of Zhang, it also
- 14 says, quote, "Because demodulator 200 requires" --
- 15 A Hang on just a second. Let me get there.
- 16 Q Okay.
- 17 A I'm sorry. What paragraph?
- 18 Q 26.
- 19 A Okay. I have it. Thank you.
- 20 Q Do you see the sentence that says, quote,
- 21 "Because demodulator 200 requires only one
- 22 single-stage frequency-block down-converter,
- 23 instead of many RF tuners as in the prior art, the
- 24 cost of the overall system is reduced," end quote.
- 25 Do you see that sentence?

- 1 A I do, yes.
- 2 Q Are you able to explain as an expert what
- 3 insight did Zhang have that allowed it to use one
- 4 single-stage frequency-block downconverter as
- 5 opposed to its prior art of using multiple RF
- 6 tuners?
- 7 A I'm sorry. Repeat the question again,
- 8 please.
- 9 Q Sure. As an expert, are you able to
- 10 explain what insight did Zhang have that allowed
- 11 it to use one single-stage frequency-block
- 12 downconverter as opposed to its prior art of using
- 13 multiple RF tuners?
- 14 A So if you look at my declaration,
- 15 paragraph 192 --
- 16 Q Which declaration? I'm sorry.
- 17 A The '362 declaration.
- 18 Q Okay.
- 19 A You can see that an illustration of what
- 20 is in the frequency-block downconverter block 210,
- 21 as shown by Mirabbasi.
- Q Okay. Maybe my question wasn't clear.
- 23 I'll give you layman explanation, and then I'll
- 24 ask the question more formally. I am trying to
- 25 understand why didn't everybody at the time just

- 1 use multiple RF tuners into a single circuit with
- 2 a single-block downconversion? What is it that
- 3 Zhang discovered that allowed to do it when nobody
- 4 else did it? So I'm trying to figure what is that
- 5 insight that Zhang has? So let me now ask my
- 6 question.
- 7 What is the novel insight in Zhang's
- 8 disclosed invention that allowed it to improve
- 9 upon his prior art of using multiple RF tuners
- 10 into an architecture of using a one-stage
- 11 frequency-block downconverter?
- 12 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: Can you break that up into
- 14 sections for me?
- 15 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 16 Q Sure. Do you agree that Zhang's use of a
- 17 single-stage frequency-block downconverter was an
- 18 improvement over its prior art of using multiple
- 19 RF tuners?
- 20 A That's what Zhang discloses in paragraph
- 21 26.
- 22 Q Right. I agree with that.
- 23 A I have no reason to agree or disagree. I
- 24 believe that he discloses that.
- 25 Q So you don't have an opinion one way or

- 1 another as to whether Zhang's architecture of
- 2 using one single-stage frequency-block
- 3 downconverter was an improvement over the prior
- 4 arts used of multiple RF tuners?
- 5 A So at the time that Zhang disclosed this,
- 6 I believe that was true. And, you know, he -- he
- 7 illustrates how to do that and the improvements
- 8 therein.
- 9 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Counsel, can -- can we
- 10 have a lunch break coming up here?
- 11 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Good time. We can
- 12 take a break now, if you would like. How long of
- 13 a lunch break would you like?
- 14 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Say we'll be back at
- 15 1:45.
- 16 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Sure. So like about
- 17 half an hour. 45 minutes past this current hour?
- 18 All right. Thank you very much. We will see you
- 19 in about half hour.
- 20 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Thank you.
- 21 (A recess was taken.)
- 22 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 23 Q Welcome back, Mr. Lett. During the
- 24 break, did you speak with anybody regarding the
- 25 substance of your deposition today?

- 1 A No.
- 2 Q Do you recall that before the break, we
- 3 were discussing paragraph 26 of Zhang?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q And do you recall that you testified that
- 6 prior to Zhang, the state of the art was to use
- 7 multiple RF tuners as opposed to a single-stage
- 8 frequency-block downconverter?
- 9 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 10 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat that?
- 11 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 12 Q Of course. Do you recall that you
- 13 explained that prior to Zhang, the state of the
- 14 prior art to Zhang was using multiple RF tuners as
- 15 opposed to a single-stage frequency-block
- 16 downconverter?
- 17 A I think I testified that that's what
- 18 Zhang discloses, yes.
- 19 Q Do you recall testifying that you agree
- 20 with that statement?
- 21 A I have no reason to dispute it.
- 22 Q Now, as an expert, do you have an opinion
- 23 as to what prevented Zhang's prior art from using
- 24 a single-stage frequency-block downconverter as
- 25 opposed to multiple tuners?

- 1 A So that requires some speculation. And
- 2 I'm not really comfortable with that. Zhang
- 3 discloses that his invention is an improvement
- 4 over the prior art.
- 5 Q When you say that requires speculation,
- 6 is that because you don't have an opinion or you
- 7 don't have the knowledge to make that opinion, or
- 8 what other reason is there that my question
- 9 requires a speculation?
- 10 A Can you read back the previous question?
- 11 Q Of course. The question was what
- 12 prevented Zhang's prior art from using a
- 13 single-stage frequency-block downconverter instead
- 14 of multiple RF tuners?
- 15 A I don't think Zhang disclosed what
- 16 prevented him from doing that. Perhaps he did.
- 17 If he did, I'll be happy to answer a question
- 18 about it.
- 19 Q But as an expert, you don't know the
- 20 answer to that question?
- 21 A I have a pretty good idea, but I'm not
- 22 going to speculate of which of those ideas might
- 23 be the reason.
- Q Okay. Would you please let us know the
- 25 universe of the ideas that you have?

- 1 A I don't think I rendered an opinion on
- 2 that in my declaration. And I'm not comfortable
- 3 with coming up with a new opinion at this point.
- 4 Q But you testified that you have a pretty
- 5 good idea of what prevented Zhang's prior art from
- 6 using a single-stage frequency-block downconverter
- 7 as opposed to multiple tuners. And that's in the
- 8 record. Do you recall that statement?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q What is your pretty good idea as to why
- 11 or as to what prevented Zhang's prior art from
- 12 using a single-stage frequency-block downconverter
- 13 as opposed to multiple RF tuners?
- 14 A So I don't think a pretty good idea is
- 15 necessarily fact. So I would propose that -- that
- 16 we stick to the facts.
- 17 Q Mr. Lett, you don't get to dictate what
- 18 my question is. So the question is what the
- 19 question is. And I appreciate your proposal. But
- 20 I'm still entitled to ask my question. And you
- 21 are required to answer the question.
- 22 So the question -- I'll repeat it. Do
- 23 you recall stating that you have, quote, a pretty
- 24 good idea, end quote, as to what prevented Zhang's
- 25 prior art from using a single-stage

- 1 frequency-block downconverter instead of multiple
- 2 RF tuners? Do you recall making that statement?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q The question is, what is your, quote,
- 5 pretty good idea, end quote, as to what prevented
- 6 Zhang's prior art from using a single-stage
- 7 frequency-block downconverter instead of multiple
- 8 RF tuners?
- 9 A That's a new opinion that I would not
- 10 like to render on the fly.
- 11 Q Are you refusing to answer this question?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Counsel, we would
- 14 call the Board if Mr. Lett refuses to answer the
- 15 question. Because it is a basic question. He
- 16 said he has a pretty good idea. He is refusing to
- 17 state it. So if we have to call the Board, we
- 18 will.
- 19 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Counsel, he -- I mean,
- 20 he has put caveats on it that he doesn't know what
- 21 Zhang's -- I mean --
- 22 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: But the record is
- 23 clear. We can read it back for the Board. He
- 24 said he has a pretty good idea. I asked him what
- 25 it is. He is refusing to state. So I mean, the

- 1 record is clear that he is refusing to answer the
- 2 question, even though he has -- says he has a,
- 3 quote, pretty good idea. I don't think Mr. Lett
- 4 gets to decide which questions he answers. So I
- 5 do request that you advise him to answer the
- 6 question, or we can ask the Board.
- 7 ATTORNEY QUALEY: If he -- under the
- 8 caveat that he is only giving it as a -- as a,
- 9 what, speculative, pretty good idea --
- 10 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Sure.
- 11 ATTORNEY QUALEY: -- he can answer the
- 12 question.
- 13 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 14 Q Okay. So Mr. Lett, I'll ask the
- 15 questions again. Do you recall testifying that
- 16 you have, quote, a pretty good idea, end quote, as
- 17 to what prevented Zhang's prior art from using a
- 18 single-stage frequency-block downconverter instead
- 19 of multiple RF tuners? Do you recall that
- 20 statement?
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q Would you please explain what your,
- 23 quote, pretty good idea, end quote, is as to what
- 24 prevented Zhang's prior art from using one
- 25 single-stage frequency-block downconverter instead

- 1 of multiple RF tuners?
- 2 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 3 THE WITNESS: Can you reread that last
- 4 question?
- 5 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 6 Q Of course. Would you please explain what
- 7 your, quote, pretty good idea, end quote, is as to
- 8 what prevented Zhang's prior art from using a
- 9 single-stage frequency-block downconverter instead
- 10 of multiple RF tuners?
- 11 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 12 THE WITNESS: So the technology of
- 13 analog-to-digital converter performance was such
- 14 that one could digitize the RF input spectrum at
- 15 the time Zhang disclosed his invention.
- 16 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 17 Q But is it basically in your opinion --
- 18 well, let me caveat that. Did I understand you
- 19 correctly that, quote, the pretty good idea, end
- 20 quote, that you had regarding paragraph 26 of
- 21 Zhang is that the improvements in the
- 22 analog-digital converters permitted Zhang's
- 23 architecture of using a single-stage
- 24 frequency-block downconverter?
- 25 A That was one of the reasons that, you

- 1 know, the -- the implementation as Zhang describes
- 2 includes many components of which
- 3 analog-to-digital converter is one of them. But
- 4 to implement the -- the invention as described by
- 5 Zhang, one would need, let's call it, an
- 6 improvement in analog-to-digital convert --
- 7 converter performance so you could have a
- 8 single-stage frequency-block downconverter.
- 9 Q And I appreciate that technical
- 10 explanation. What was the improvement in the
- 11 technology of the analog-digital converters that
- 12 permitted a single-stage frequency-block
- 13 downconverter at the time of Zhang?
- 14 A Yeah, they were --
- 15 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 16 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat that?
- 17 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 18 Q Of course. What was the improvement in
- 19 the technology of the analog-digital converters
- 20 that permitted the implementation of a
- 21 single-stage frequency-block downconverter at the
- 22 time of Zhang?
- 23 A The speed of the analog-digital
- 24 converter, the sampling rate could be high enough
- 25 so that it was -- you are able to recover, let's

- 1 call it, a band of frequencies with one -- one
- 2 A-to-D converter. Or in the case of I and Q, you
- 3 know, the I version and the Q version of those
- 4 multiple channels.
- 5 Q I appreciate that.
- Is there a preference process -- strike
- 7 that.
- 8 May I please refer you now to paragraph
- 9 27 of Zhang. And please let me know when you're
- 10 there.
- 11 A Okay.
- 12 Q Do you see the sentence in paragraph 27
- 13 of Zhang that reads, quote, "In this specific
- 14 embodiment, ADC 220 is a high-speed ADC so an
- 15 entire signal band with n converters can be
- 16 converted." Do you see that?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q In Zhang, does the lower case letter n
- 19 refer to the number of channels in the input RF
- 20 signal?
- 21 A No.
- Q Okay.
- 23 A So Zhang uses C1 to Cn at various places
- 24 in the specification. And those are the selected
- 25 channels. And there a number of words for

- 1 selected, but that's one of them.
- 2 Q Do you contend that the letter n, lower
- 3 case letter n, refers to different things in
- 4 different places in Zhang?
- 5 A It is hard to say. You know, he might
- 6 have meant, you know, converting desired and
- 7 undesired channels. He probably -- yeah. In this
- 8 sentence, he is talking about digitizing the band,
- 9 including desired and undesired channels. Whereas
- 10 later -- and I -- I stand corrected a little bit
- 11 on my statement. I just may -- later, he uses n
- 12 with C with a subscript n -- n to indicate those
- 13 are the selected or desired channels.
- 14 Q So you agree that in paragraph 27 of
- 15 Zhang, in the sentence that says, "In this
- 16 specific embodiments" -- "embodiment, ADC 220 is a
- 17 high-speed ADC so an entire signal band with n
- 18 channels can be converted," end quote. So you
- 19 agree in this sentence, lower case letter n refers
- 20 to both desired and undesired channels within the
- 21 entire band; correct?
- 22 A It seems to, yes.
- 23 Q Now, going to paragraph 28, the
- 24 sentence -- and please let me know when you're
- 25 there.

- 1 A Okay.
- 2 Q Paragraph 28, the sentence in Zhang that
- 3 reads, quote, "A digital channel demultiplexer 230
- 4 then demultiplexes the multi-channel digital RF
- 5 signal into separate digital RF channels C1 to
- 6 Cn," end quote. Do you see this sentence?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q Is it your contention that the subscript
- 9 lower letter case n in paragraph 28 means
- 10 something different than the lower letter n number
- 11 of channels in paragraph 27?
- 12 A I'm sorry. I don't see an n in paragraph
- 13 27.
- 14 Q Okay. Didn't we read the sentence --
- 15 A Oh. I'm sorry. I'm sorry. I just
- 16 missed it.
- 17 Q Let me repeat the question again. Is it
- 18 your contention that the lower case letter n in
- 19 paragraph 28 means something different than the
- 20 lower letter -- the lower case letter n in
- 21 paragraph 27?
- 22 A So it can be the same. So what Zhang is
- 23 disclosing is a -- a demultiplexer where you can
- 24 output up to n channels. So -- and so you could
- 25 say all of them are selected. Right. In which

- 1 case n is the same between those two paragraphs.
- 2 So the -- so I could -- I could have C1 through
- 3 Cn. I could have, say, for example -- so say my
- 4 entire band had -- I don't know. Pick a number.
- 5 150 channels. Right. I could have C1 up to C150.
- 6 So it could be the same. It depends on how
- 7 many -- how many desired channels you want. And
- 8 if you said they're all desired, then it is the
- 9 same as -- as the number of channels coming in,
- 10 with the example that I described.
- 11 Q So is it your testimony that lower case
- 12 letter n in Zhang does mean all the channels in
- 13 the entire band signal, but then Zhang discloses
- 14 that C1 through Cn, that is demultiplexed from the
- 15 input signal can be up to n channels but not
- 16 necessarily n channels?
- 17 A I'm sorry. I don't understand the
- 18 question.
- 19 Q Sure. That's fine. Did I understand you
- 20 correctly that you are opining that the channels
- 21 C1 through Cn demultiplexed from the input signal
- 22 in Zhang is up to n channels but can be less than
- 23 n channels?
- 24 A Well, so it is a little bit confusing the
- 25 way you're asking. And it is confusing me. So

- 1 Zhang is proposing a very flexible architecture in
- 2 his invention. So as a design choice, one could
- 3 choose to have C1 to C -- pick a number -- C5.
- 4 Right. You could say, say I desire only five
- 5 channels, right, for whatever reason. And you
- 6 could input, say, 150 channels. And you could --
- 7 you could -- n would be 150 on the input. I mean,
- 8 using the paragraph 27. But n is a variable,
- 9 right. It could be a different number, depending
- 10 on what you're talking about, right. So n, in my
- 11 example was 150 coming into the -- to the
- 12 receiver. You know, and in my example, I could
- 13 have C1 to C5. And I would have n being 5 with
- 14 C -- with 5 as a subscript for C. But I could
- 15 also say, okay, I want 150 channels to come out as
- 16 desired, as -- as selected with my digital --
- 17 digital channel DeMux. Zhang 230. And I could
- 18 have the end to be 150 there. So it just depends
- 19 on the particular embodiment that one wants to
- 20 implement.
- 21 Q Okay. Let us assume an RF input signal
- 22 with 150 usable digital channels. Okay?
- 23 A Well, what do you mean by usable?
- 24 Q Okay. Now, if, for instance, in a cable
- 25 system, if there is an RF input signal, not all

- 1 frequencies within that input signal contain
- 2 usable digital channels; correct?
- 3 A It could.
- 4 Q But not necessarily?
- 5 A It could or could not. It depends.
- 6 Q Exactly. So -- so I am saying assume an
- 7 RF input signal that has 150 usable digital
- 8 channels in that input frequency band. In
- 9 paragraph 27, number n would be 150 because
- 10 paragraph 27 says n is the number of channels in
- 11 the entire band. Correct?
- 12 A I was just using n as an -- 150 as an
- 13 example. So, you know, in this hypothetical
- 14 example that I used, n channels can be converted.
- 15 In other words, the entire signal band -- and I'm
- 16 just taking Zhang's sentence. And I just came up
- 17 with a number n for that sentence, right. Pick
- 18 whatever number you want. But -- but I just
- 19 picked 150 as the number.
- 20 Q I understand. So I'm using that number
- 21 as an example. So the question is, let us assume
- 22 as an example an RF input signal with 150 usable
- 23 digital channels. Then the number n in paragraph
- 24 27 of Zhang would be 150 in that example. Because
- 25 paragraph 27 says that n is the number of channels

- 1 in the entire signal band; correct?
- 2 A In this example, this hypothetical
- 3 example, yes.
- 4 Q Now, is it your testimony that in this
- 5 example using 150 as the total number of channels,
- 6 when Zhang, in paragraph 28, says that the
- 7 demultiplexers channels C1 to Cn, it does not
- 8 require demultiplexing all of the 150 channels?
- 9 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 10 THE WITNESS: So as I already stated, one
- 11 could implement multiple -- multiple -- let's call
- 12 it elements that generate a C, right. And one
- 13 could choose in a design to have any number of
- 14 those that he wanted.
- 15 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 16 Q Sure. But -- I didn't mean to interrupt.
- 17 Sorry. Go ahead.
- 18 A I think I'm done.
- 19 Q So my question is not what a person can
- 20 do. My question is what Zhang actually says. So
- 21 I'll repeat the question.
- 22 Assuming, as an example, 150 to be the
- 23 number -- the total number of channels in the
- 24 entire signal band, in paragraph 27 of Zhang, the
- 25 lower case letter n would be 150 because in

- 1 paragraph 27, Zhang says n is the total number of
- 2 channels in the entire band. Correct?
- 3 A I'm sorry. Can you reread that?
- 4 Q Of course. Taking the example that you
- 5 used as 150 to be the total number of channels in
- 6 the entire signal band, because in paragraph 27
- 7 Zhang says n is the number of channels in the
- 8 entire signal band, in paragraph 27, n would be
- 9 150; correct?
- 10 A I think that's what I said.
- 11 Q Okay. Now, the follow-up question is, is
- 12 it nonetheless your testimony that in paragraph
- 13 28, when Zhang says the demultiplexers channels C1
- 14 through Cn, in paragraph 28, not all 150 channels
- 15 need to be demultiplexed as Zhang discloses?
- 16 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 17 THE WITNESS: So if you look at paragraph
- 18 42 of Zhang --
- 19 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 20 Q Yes.
- 21 A -- the exact number will depend on the
- 22 specific application. For example -- and then he
- 23 goes on to describe that the n can be whatever you
- 24 need for the application.
- 25 Q Again, you didn't answer my question.

- 1 A I'm trying to.
- 2 Q Sure. Sure. I'm asking you about what
- 3 Zhang's sentence in paragraph 28 means. Okay?
- 4 A And I think he explains that later in a
- 5 different way that perhaps is more understandable
- 6 in paragraph 42. A single channel multi -- a
- 7 single multi-channel RF signal can have multiple
- 8 separate RF signals, channel C1 to C35. And then
- 9 he goes on to say that the exact number would
- 10 depend on the specific application. So you can
- 11 pick n to be whatever you want on both -- on the
- 12 right side, C1 to Cn, depending on the
- 13 implementation or the application.
- 14 Q So it is your testimony --
- 15 A Up to -- up to the number of channels
- 16 that are input. Not greater than.
- 17 Q Sorry. I don't mean to interrupt. I'm
- 18 sorry. When you pause, I assume you're done. But
- 19 I apologize if I interrupted.
- 20 So it is your testimony that in Zhang,
- 21 the number of channels demultiplexed C1 through Cn
- 22 does not necessarily have to be the number of
- 23 channels in the entire signal band; correct?
- 24 A That's correct. But one could select
- 25 from any of those channels in the R -- in the

- 1 input. So as he describes later, and as I
- 2 disclosed in my testimony, and as is shown in
- 3 Figure 3 of Zhang, these channel selectors tune --
- 4 can be tuned to different frequencies. So you can
- 5 choose whichever of those input channels that are
- 6 of interest. In other words, the NCOs of Figure
- 7 3 allow you to select any of those channels in the
- 8 band. And ever how many you want as -- in you --
- 9 in your application you decide is desired, that's
- 10 how many of these elements that are shown in
- 11 Figure 3 one would -- would -- would build in the
- 12 design.
- 13 Q I'm sorry. Are you done?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q Now, continuing in paragraph 28 of
- 16 Zhang -- and please let me know when you're there.
- 17 A Okay. I'm ready.
- 18 Q In paragraph 28 of Zhang, the sentence
- 19 that reads, quote, "Still referring to Figure 2
- 20 and $n \times m$ digital selector 240 receives the
- 21 demultiplexed digital RF channels C1 through Cn
- 22 and then selects one or more of the RF channels D1
- 23 through Dm from one or more of the digital RF
- 24 channels C1 through Cn," end quote. Do you see
- 25 that?

- 1 A "Contain content channels that are used
- 2 or selected by subscriber," is the last part of
- 3 that sentence.
- 4 Q Okay. What does the letter m, as in
- 5 Mike, denote in D1 to Dm?
- 6 A So that is the number of channels that
- 7 are output to the demodulators.
- 8 Q Okay.
- 9 A And, again, m can be different depending
- 10 on whatever implementation a designer would
- 11 choose, as a design choice.
- 12 Q What is the purpose of the select or --
- 13 let me start that.
- 14 Why doesn't Zhang send all of the
- 15 demultiplexed channels C1 through Cn to
- 16 demodulators?
- 17 A So what Zhang is -- is describing is a
- 18 very flexible architecture. The -- if you look at
- 19 Figure 5 of Zhang.
- 20 Q I'm sorry. Which figure?
- 21 A Figure 5 of Zhang. You will see that the
- 22 time division DeMux, which is essentially the $n \times m$
- 23 selector -- hang on a second. Scratch that.
- Yeah. So as I say in paragraph 79, my
- 25 disclosure --

- 1 Q Yes.
- 2 A -- digital channel demultiplexer 230
- 3 separates the signals of all of the content
- 4 channels in the digital RF signals, channel C1 to
- 5 Cn, while the $n \times m$ digital selector 240 selects and
- 6 forwards only signals for a subset of content
- 7 channels selected by the subscriber to one or more
- 8 demodulators. In other words, it is a switch.
- 9 Q So what paragraph are you reading from?
- 10 A I'm looking at paragraph 79 in my
- 11 declaration.
- 12 Q Which declaration?
- 13 A The '362 declaration.
- 14 Q So are you changing your testimony now
- 15 that C1 through Cn is all of the content channels
- 16 in the digital RF input signal?
- 17 A I didn't say that.
- 18 Q Okay. You read from your declaration
- 19 paragraph 79 that says, "A digital channel
- 20 demultiplexer 230 then separates signals of all
- 21 the content channels in the digital RF signals,
- 22 example channels C1 through Cn." Right? You just
- 23 read from that; right?
- 24 A I did.
- 25 Q Okay. So are you testifying that in

- 1 paragraph 79 of your declaration, you're not
- 2 stating that channels C1 through Cn are all of the
- 3 content channels in the digital RF signal?
- 4 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 5 THE WITNESS: As I explained -- explained
- 6 previously, n can be less than the number of
- 7 channels on the input, if one wants to implement
- 8 less than the number of channels on the input.
- 9 I'm not changing my testimony. It is the same.
- 10 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 11 Q So looking at paragraph 79 of your
- 12 declaration, in IPR 2024-00432, the sentence that
- 13 says, quote, "A digital channel demultiplexer 230
- 14 then separates signals of all the content channels
- 15 in the digital RF signals, (e.g., channels C1 to
- 16 Cn), while n by n digital selector 240 selects and
- 17 forwards on the signals for a subset of content
- 18 channels selected by a subscriber." Do you see
- 19 that sentence --
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q -- in your declaration?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q Are you testifying that in this portion
- 24 of your declaration, you're not stating that C1
- 25 through Cn are all the content channels in the

- 1 digital RF signal?
- 2 A What I'm saying is -- sorry. Go ahead.
- 3 ATTORNEY QUALEY: I said objection to
- 4 form.
- 5 You can answer.
- THE WITNESS: What I'm saying is as shown
- 7 in Figure 3, which is in paragraph 80 of my
- 8 declaration, of my '362 declaration, the number of
- 9 elements, 1 through n, is a design choice where
- 10 the -- each one of these elements, 320, 330, and
- 11 340, in the case of the top one, 320, 321, 340,
- 12 parenthesis 1, and, 330, parenthesis 1, what I'm
- 13 saying is one could choose to implement the
- 14 digital channel DeMux 230 with less than the
- 15 number of channels that are input. And each of
- 16 these channels -- each of these -- let's call
- 17 it -- I don't know what to call it. But the
- 18 elements 320, 340, and 330, those elements, the
- 19 mixer, the NCO, and the low-pass filter, each one
- 20 of those can tune to any channel in the band.
- 21 So -- so this digital channel selector, which I
- 22 illustrated in the box 230 and 240 with the green
- 23 and -- excuse me, the digital channel
- 24 demultiplexer with the green and purple, it
- 25 separates the channels and -- and forwards only

- 1 signals for a subset of the content channels
- 2 selected by the subscriber. And by the way, it
- 3 doesn't have to be selected by the subscriber. It
- 4 could be selected by other means also.
- 5 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 6 Q Why is only a subset of the channels C1
- 7 through Cn sent to demodulators?
- 8 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 9 THE WITNESS: Well, that's a speculation.
- 10 But one could say that why would I want to
- 11 implement a design that would output 150 channels
- 12 for viewing? I would probably not be able to
- 13 practically watch 150 channels at a time. So I
- 14 might be interested more in like how many would I
- 15 want to be able to watch and record
- 16 simultaneously. And it is probably not you want
- 17 to record and watch every single channel in the
- 18 cable system, because that's just too much content
- 19 to be practical. So -- so the practical
- 20 implementation of Zhang's invention does not
- 21 exclude having 150 in the example that we've been
- 22 using with output to demodulators, but it is just
- 23 really not a practical use case. But he does
- 24 support the practical uses -- use cases as well as
- 25 other use cases that are possible. It is a very

- 1 flexible architecture.
- 2 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 3 Q Okay. Now, why does Zhang disclose the
- 4 multiplexing more channels than the number of
- 5 channels m sent to demodulators?
- 6 A I'm not sure he discloses that. Perhaps
- 7 if he did, you could point me to it, and I can
- 8 comment on it.
- 9 Q I'm not sure if he does or if he doesn't.
- 10 My question is, as an expert, do you have an
- 11 opinion as to why Zhang discloses the multiplexing
- 12 more channels than the number of channels m sent
- 13 to demodulators?
- 14 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 15 THE WITNESS: I don't know.
- 16 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 17 Q Now, you referenced Figure 5 of Zhang.
- 18 Do you recall that?
- 19 A I did, yes.
- 20 Q And Figure 5 of Zhang, for your
- 21 convenience, is discussed in paragraph 38 of
- 22 Zhang. But please feel free to look at anywhere
- 23 in Zhang that you need to when I ask you
- 24 questions.
- Now, in Figure 5 of Zhang, what does the

- 1 number K denote in data bus numbers 1 through K?
- 2 A It's the number of data buses.
- 3 Q Okay.
- 4 A In between those two blocks.
- 5 Q Okay. Why does Zhang collect multiple
- 6 channels into different data buses?
- 7 A What Zhang is disclosing is a very
- 8 flexible architecture that allows all of the
- 9 combinations shown with all of the lines in
- 10 Figure K inside the -- the two boxes. Of Figure
- 11 5, I meant to say, not Figure K. Do you want me
- 12 to repeat that?
- 13 Q No.
- 14 A Okay.
- 15 Q Now, where does each data bus go? Does
- 16 it go to different user?
- 17 A I'm sorry. I didn't quite get that.
- 18 Q In Zhang Figure 5, does each data bus go
- 19 to a different user?
- 20 A I'm not sure what you mean.
- 21 Q Okay. What is the function of the time
- 22 division DeMux in Zhang's Figure 5 selector?
- 23 A Well, if you look at my paragraph 125 of
- 24 my declaration, it shows an example of -- that the
- 25 channel C1 through Cn are time division multiplex

- 1 as shown in the middle of that annotated figure in
- 2 that paragraph of my declaration and outputting
- 3 serially a time division multiplex signal --
- 4 signal to demodulators using this very flexible
- 5 architecture.
- 6 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Okay. Is it okay if
- 7 we take a West Coast half-hour lunch break at this
- 8 point?
- 9 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Sure.
- 10 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Great. All right.
- 11 So we will see you at the top of the hour.
- 12 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Okay.
- 13 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Thank you very much.
- 14 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Thank you.
- 15 (A recess was taken.)
- 16 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Let's go back on the
- 17 record.
- 18 Q Mr. Lett, during the break at any point
- 19 today did you speak with anybody regarding the
- 20 substance of your deposition?
- 21 A No.
- Q Going back to Zhang's Figure 5, if you
- 23 would, please.
- 24 A Okay.
- 25 Q In Zhang's Figure 5, why does Zhang's

- 1 system use more than one data bus?
- 2 A I'm not sure I have rendered an opinion
- 3 on that. I need to think about that.
- 4 Q Okay. Sitting here now, you don't know
- 5 why Zhang's Figure 5 uses more than one data bus?
- 6 A Well, it is showing a very flexible
- 7 architecture. And part of the flexibility is more
- 8 than one data bus.
- 9 Q Right. That doesn't answer my question.
- 10 The question is, sitting here now, do you know why
- 11 Zhang uses more than one data bus in its Figure 5?
- 12 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 13 THE WITNESS: Zhang is showing a very
- 14 flexible architecture that allows a lot of
- 15 different functionalities to be supported. And
- 16 that is part of the flexibility of his design.
- 17 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 18 Q In Zhang's Figure 5, what is the
- 19 advantage of having two data buses as opposed to
- 20 one data bus?
- 21 A Again, it's flexible so that one could
- 22 output in a -- in different ways. Serial,
- 23 parallel, or to different lines or whatever.
- 24 There's many options that are available in this
- 25 very flexible architecture of Zhang.

- 1 Q Zhang's Figure 5 is showing all data
- 2 buses 1 through K having the same channel D1
- 3 through Dm; correct?
- 4 A Not necessarily.
- 5 Q Zhang's Figure 5 shows data bus 1 having
- 6 channel D1, D2 to Dm; right?
- 7 A That's right.
- 8 Q And then Zhang's Figure 5 shows data
- 9 bus 2 also having D1, D2, and Dm; correct?
- 10 A That's right.
- 11 Q And Zhang's Figure 5 also shows data bus
- 12 K having D1, D2, and Dm; correct?
- 13 A That's right.
- 14 Q Why does Zhang show all data buses having
- 15 the same channels?
- 16 A Again, Zhang is showing a very flexible
- 17 architecture that is capable of doing many
- 18 different things. And some of those examples I
- 19 illustrated through annotated figures of Figure 5
- 20 in my declaration.
- 21 Q Okay. So this is now the fourth question
- 22 or the fifth question that I have asked you, and
- 23 your answer is Zhang is flexible. What -- which
- 24 is invasive because it doesn't answer in the
- 25 specific way why Zhang is showing the circuit, why

- 1 it is shown in that way. I'm not asking you if
- 2 you can modify it or if you can use it in
- 3 different ways. I'm asking you how Zhang
- 4 specifically -- the circuit that is shown
- 5 operates.
- 6 So let me ask you this question: Do you
- 7 have an opinion as to why in Zhang Figure 5 all
- 8 data buses 1 through K are shown to have the same
- 9 channel D1 through Dm?
- 10 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 11 THE WITNESS: So one example is on
- 12 page 84 of my declaration. If you look at the
- 13 bottom of that page -- actually, there's two
- 14 examples. But he is showing that in one case, he
- 15 can use the data bus 1 to output D1 to D2, Dm,
- 16 through the top portion of that time division
- 17 DeMux. For the other case, he is showing that you
- 18 can output D1 on the top one using data bus 1,
- 19 data bus 2 on the -- on the -- for D2, and data
- 20 bus K for Dm. Depending what you want to do, you
- 21 can do either or any number of combinations of
- 22 functionality with Zhang's disclosure.
- 23 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 24 Q I see. Now, m is the number of channels
- 25 that go to the demodulator in Zhang -- in Zhang;

- 1 correct?
- 2 A That's right.
- 3 Q Now, in the example that you have on
- 4 page 84 of your declaration --
- 5 A Uh-huh.
- 6 Q -- the figure you have annotated on the
- 7 left-hand side, where there are three channels,
- 8 D1, D2, and Dm, all on data bus 1, do you see
- 9 that?
- 10 A Yes.
- 11 Q Do D1, D2, and Dm each go to a different
- 12 demodulator?
- 13 A Well, it could be. So you could do each
- 14 one. Again, Zhang's architecture -- and I'm sorry
- 15 to keep saying the same word -- is very flexible.
- 16 So you can output to -- to different demodulators
- 17 or you can output to a single multi-channel
- 18 demodulator with a timed division multiplex
- 19 stream, as I showed you earlier with the annotated
- 20 version of Figure 5, where the time division
- 21 multiplex came out the top D1. So, again, there's
- 22 many capabilities of Zhang's design.
- 23 Q Now, the time division DeMux is a time
- 24 division demultiplexer; correct?
- 25 A I suppose so. Although, the

- 1 functionality that Zhang describes is more like a
- 2 switch.
- 3 Q That's my question. Because I don't see
- 4 any time division demultiplexing in what you have
- 5 explained being performed in Zhang's selector.
- 6 Did I miss that?
- 7 A So the -- the left side of Figure 5 on
- 8 page 84 could indicate demultiplexing of the time
- 9 division multiplex bus.
- 10 O So both the bus selector and the time
- 11 division DeMux are within the bus -- I'm sorry --
- 12 are within selector D4; correct?
- 13 Let me help you out. If you can go to
- 14 paragraph 38 of Zhang. Please let me know when
- 15 you have it.
- 16 A Okay. I have it.
- 17 Q The last sentence reads, on paragraph 38
- 18 of Zhang, quote, "Digital selector 500 includes a
- 19 bus selector 510, one or more multiple data buses
- 20 520, and a time division multiplexor 530," end
- 21 quote. Do you see that?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q So the time division demultiplexer is a
- 24 part of Zhang's selector; correct?
- 25 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.

- 1 THE WITNESS: Again, Zhang's architecture
- 2 is flexible. So he can demultiplex the signals or
- 3 he can output the time division multiplex. And
- 4 can be serial or parallel.
- 5 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 6 Q But that does not answer my question.
- 7 The question is, at least so far as Zhang
- 8 discloses, the time division demultiplexer 530 is
- 9 a part of Zhang's selector because Zhang literally
- 10 says digital selector 500 includes a time division
- 11 demultiplexer 530; correct?
- 12 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 13 THE WITNESS: So as I explained in
- 14 paragraph 121 of my '362 declaration, each bus can
- 15 be used by multiple RF channels with the use of a
- 16 time -- the use of time division multiplexing.
- 17 And each output RF from a channel demultiplexer
- 18 not shown can be selected to use any data bus.
- 19 And I'm quoting from paragraph 38 of Zhang.
- 20 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 21 Q Sure. But that wasn't my question. My
- 22 question was, the time division demultiplexer is a
- 23 part of Zhang's selector; correct?
- 24 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: So in my declaration,

- 1 paragraph 120, "Digital selector 240 teaches the
- 2 claim selecting of the desired channels in that a
- 3 channel is both demultiplexed by 230 and switched
- 4 by 240 to a demodulator is desired in all other
- 5 channels from the digital multi-channel RF signal
- 6 or undesired."
- 7 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 8 Q Does the paragraph say whether the time
- 9 division demultiplexer is a part of digital
- 10 selector?
- 11 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 12 THE WITNESS: Zhang is disclosing a
- 13 demultiplexer functionality. He doesn't show the
- 14 details, I don't think. And perhaps if he did,
- 15 you can point me to it, and I can comment on it.
- 16 But he is describing the functionality of that
- 17 block.
- 18 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 19 Q Fine. But that -- again, my question is,
- 20 the time division demultiplexer in Zhang is a part
- 21 of the selector, as far as it is shown in Zhang;
- 22 correct?
- 23 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 24 THE WITNESS: Well, the segment I just
- 25 read to it -- read to you says, a channel is both

- 1 demultiplexed by 230. And that's it.
- 2 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 3 Q I see. So the confusion is you're
- 4 pointing to two different demultiplexers. In
- 5 Figure 5 of Zhang -- if you can look at Figure 5
- 6 of Zhang. The time division DeMux 530 is a part
- 7 of Zhang's digital selector 500; correct?
- 8 A So yes. Figure 5 at the top says 500 and
- 9 points to the whole diagram.
- 10 Q Okay. Very good. Going to page 84 of
- 11 your declaration again.
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Now, on the left-hand side, you show the
- 14 annotation on the left-hand side at the bottom of
- 15 page 84 of your declaration. You show three
- 16 channels -- C1, C2, Cn -- multiplexed together on
- 17 data bus 1 and then demultiplexed when they leave
- 18 the time division DeMux. Do you see that?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Why would the channels be multiplexed in
- 21 bus 1, only then to be multiplexed right within
- 22 the selector before they're sent out?
- 23 A All I'm showing are the examples of
- 24 flexible architecture. The other diagram that I
- 25 showed of the annotated Figure 5 showed that the

- 1 time division multiplex data bus 1 was output
- 2 through the top D1.
- 3 Q Right. I'm trying to find an example,
- 4 however, of why there would be a demultiplexing of
- 5 the same data bus that was multiplexed all within
- 6 the selector. Do you have an opinion?
- 7 A Okay. What was the question?
- 8 Q The question is, why would Zhang
- 9 demultiplex a data bus that was multiplexed all
- 10 within the selector?
- 11 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 12 THE WITNESS: I'm not sure, but for
- 13 explaining the claim element that I was explaining
- 14 using Zhang's flexible architecture, perhaps a
- 15 better illustration is on page 87. Page 87 shows
- 16 that I'm outputting a time division multiplex
- 17 stream serially to demodulators.
- 18 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 19 Q Is it showing that? So I'm looking at
- 20 page -- on page 87 of your declaration. You show
- 21 a data bus 1 that has multiplexed three channels.
- 22 But then it appears that in the time division
- 23 DeMux, the channels are separated before they're
- 24 sent out.
- 25 A I don't see where you see that. I'm --

- 1 are you looking at the diagram on page 87?
- 2 Q I see. So you're saying that D1, the D1
- 3 line on page 87 of your declaration contains three
- 4 channels that are multiplexed together?
- 5 A Correct.
- 6 Q Even though it says D1, as in one
- 7 channel?
- 8 A Correct.
- 9 Q What is the basis in Zhang of this
- 10 diagram?
- 11 A So 530 is just a switch. You can
- 12 switch -- you can switch whatever --
- 13 Q What is a switch?
- 14 A Excuse me?
- 15 Q What is a switch? I'm sorry.
- 16 A It is more like a switch.
- 17 Q What is? What is?
- 18 A The -- the block 530.
- 19 Q Okay.
- 20 A So in this case, we're just switching
- 21 data bus 1 to the output.
- 22 Q Okay. But it is called a DeMux. It is
- 23 not called a switch?
- 24 A You can clearly see that you can do what
- 25 I'm showing here with that architecture.

- 1 Q So, again, I'm not an expert. But what
- 2 I'm seeing on page 87 of your declaration is that
- 3 you have shown three channels on a line D1, which
- 4 Zhang itself just shows one channel, D1. Am I
- 5 missing something here?
- 6 A No. Look at -- it is paragraph. It
- 7 would have been clear to a POSITA the Zhang system
- 8 is capable of routing all desired channels to a
- 9 digital data stream to a single demodulator 250.
- 10 A POSITA would have been well aware that single
- 11 demodulator at the time, such as demodulator 250
- 12 in Zhang, were capable of demodulating multiple
- 13 selected multiple channels. And that is in
- 14 reference to the diagram that I've been
- 15 describing.
- And above that, in paragraph 125,
- 17 selector 500 is capable of outputting every
- 18 channel C1 to Cn (green) to D1 (orange) using time
- 19 division multiplexing as discussed above and
- 20 further discussed with respect to Claim 2. Zhang
- 21 selector 500 could also use separate buses to
- 22 route each channel D1 as discussed above and
- 23 further discuss below with respect to Claim 3.
- 24 What -- I keep saying that word flexible. But
- 25 Zhang's design can do a lot of things.

- 1 Q Now, Zhang's selector 240 does not select
- 2 a select or -- does not select any channels from
- 3 the output of the analog digital converter in
- 4 Zhang's Figure 2; correct?
- 5 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 6 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat that?
- 7 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 8 Q Sure. Looking at Zhang's Figure 2, if
- 9 you would. Let me know when you're there.
- 10 A I mean, is there a question? I didn't
- 11 hear one.
- 12 Q Yes. I'm referring to Figure 2. So I --
- 13 for your convenience I can ask you the question.
- 14 Please let me know when you're there.
- 15 A Okay. I have Figure 2.
- 16 Q Do you see on the left-hand side there is
- 17 an RF signal?
- 18 A An RF signal input, yes.
- 19 Q And then you see an analog digital
- 20 convertor 220 in Zhang's Figure 2?
- 21 A That's right.
- 22 Q Okay. I just want to understand your
- 23 opinion based on your explanation. So in your
- 24 opinion, the -- in Zhang's Figure 2, the selector
- 25 240 is not the module that selects channels from

- 1 the digitized input signal; correct?
- 2 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 3 THE WITNESS: So the combinations of 230
- 4 and 240 work together to select and output the
- 5 desired channels to the demodulator.
- 6 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 7 Q Sure. But that's -- that's not my
- 8 question. I understand that a selector provides
- 9 the output. That was not my question.
- 10 My question was, based on how you
- 11 explained Zhang to work in Zhang's Figure 2, the
- 12 selector 240 module does not select channels from
- 13 the digitized input signal; correct?
- 14 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 15 THE WITNESS: So perhaps it would help if
- 16 we looked at paragraph 30 of Zhang.
- 17 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 18 Q Okay.
- 19 A Figure 3 is a simplified high-level
- 20 schematic diagram of -- of digital tuner 300,
- 21 which in some embodiments of the present invention
- 22 can be used to implement digital channel
- 23 multiplexor 230 of Figure 2. So if you want to
- 24 see what's inside 230, you look at Figure 3 as one
- 25 embodiment of --

- 1 Q I wasn't asking about Figure 3. I'm
- 2 sorry. I was asking about the DeMux 230. So I
- 3 understand that Figure 3 is the DeMux 230. My
- 4 question was about the selector 240. I'll repeat
- 5 my question. Maybe that helps you.
- 6 My question is, based on how you
- 7 understand Zhang to work -- and you, I think,
- 8 explained here -- in your opinion, the selector
- 9 240 is not the module that selects channels from
- 10 the digitized input signal; correct?
- 11 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 12 THE WITNESS: So if you look at paragraph
- 13 28 of Zhang, still referring to Figure 2 an n×m
- 14 digital selector 240 receives the demultiplexed
- 15 digital RF channel C1 to Cn and then selects one
- 16 or more of the RF channels D1 to D -- to Dm from
- 17 the one or more digital RF channels C1 to Cn.
- 18 So does that answer your question? That
- 19 tells you what 240 does.
- 20 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 21 Q Right. And I am able to read Zhang. But
- 22 this is my question. And, again, I'm entitled to
- 23 your response. So there were many responses. So
- 24 there was one where you said you would not respond
- 25 until counsel told you that you need to respond.

- 1 So I'm able to read Zhang. But that was not my
- 2 question. The question is, based on how you
- 3 understand Zhang to work in Zhang's Figure 2, the
- 4 selector 240 is not the module that selects the
- 5 channels from the digitized RF input signal;
- 6 correct?
- 7 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 8 THE WITNESS: So I'm having difficulty
- 9 answering your question. I read to you what
- 10 240 -- 230 does. And I read to you what 240 does.
- 11 I don't know what more I can do.
- 12 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 13 Q You can answer my question.
- 14 A I -- I don't understand. I thought I
- 15 answered it multiple times.
- 16 Q You did not. So you read to me what 240
- 17 does, which you said selects channels from the
- 18 demultiplex C1 through Cn.
- 19 A Right.
- 20 Q And you read to me what 230 does, which
- 21 is demultiplexes channels C1 through Cn from the
- 22 digitized input signal. Correct?
- 23 A And I showed you the block diagram of the
- 24 inside of 230.
- 25 Q Right. And -- but you are the expert.

- 1 So all of what you read to me put together, does
- 2 it mean that it is your opinion that in Zhang's
- 3 Figure 2, it is not the selector 240 that selects
- 4 channels from the digitized RF input signal output
- 5 from the analog digital converter 220?
- 6 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 7 THE WITNESS: So the combination of 230
- 8 and 240, as I showed earlier with the colors --
- 9 and I can't remember what they were. They were
- 10 both the same color, with a hatched pattern. They
- 11 accomplish the functionality of selecting the
- 12 channel from the output of the A-to-D converter,
- 13 the desired channels to the demodulators.
- 14 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 15 Q Right. But I didn't ask you what
- 16 achieves the functionality of output and desired
- 17 channels to the demodulators. That was not my
- 18 question. Okay. So please pay attention to what
- 19 my question is. My question is, based on how you
- 20 understand Zhang to work, in Zhang's Figure 2, it
- 21 is not the selector 240 that selects the channels
- 22 from the digitized RF signal output from the
- 23 converter 220; correct?
- 24 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: So 230 is in the middle of

- 1 220 and 240. Right. I don't see a line going
- 2 from 220 to 240.
- 3 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 4 Q Okay. I'm not -- I'm not disagreeing
- 5 with you. So does that mean that in your opinion,
- 6 in Zhang's Figure 2, it is not the selector 240
- 7 that selects channels from the digitized RF signal
- 8 output from the converter 220? Is that your
- 9 opinion?
- 10 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 11 THE WITNESS: So the selection of
- 12 channels from the analog-to-digital converter is
- done by 230, which is also illustrated in
- 14 Figure 3, the inside of 230. And then the output
- 15 can be selected by the $n \times m$ selector. So there's
- 16 more functionality that's built in to the
- 17 combination of those two blocks than perhaps
- 18 you're indicating.
- 19 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 20 Q Right. And I'm not saying Zhang is
- 21 limited to that. I'm just looking at one specific
- 22 functionality. I need to understand what you
- 23 contend Zhang does that can build up to that. I'm
- 24 not saying Zhang is limited in -- in the
- 25 functionality or Zhang only does one thing. This

- 1 is -- I'm not saying. I'm going block by block,
- 2 trying to understand what you contend each element
- 3 does and how they're connected together so we can
- 4 build up on that.
- 5 So my question is, based on what you
- 6 explained in Zhang's Figure 2, is it your opinion
- 7 that it is not the selector 240 in Zhang that
- 8 selects channels from the digitized RF signal
- 9 output from AD Converter 220?
- 10 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 11 THE WITNESS: The C1 through Cn are
- 12 selected by 230. And the D1 through Dm are
- 13 selected by 240.
- 14 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 15 Q Let me try it this way: C1 through Cn
- 16 are demultiplexed from the digitized input signal
- 17 from 220; correct?
- 18 A No. It's like -- it's like Figure 3.
- 19 It's like -- the inside of 2 -- 230, one
- 20 embodiment is shown in Figure 3.
- 21 Q Right.
- 22 A So there's a -- there's a complex mixer,
- 23 low-pass filter, NCO. There's multiple of those
- 24 chains of those three elements, right. And each
- 25 one of them can tune a particular channel or

- 1 select a particular channel from the full RF
- 2 input, which is digitized from analog-to-digital
- 3 converter. And each one of those C1 through Cn
- 4 can tune a different one of those channels. And
- 5 then -- then those are forwarded to the $n \times m$
- 6 selector that can switch those to different places
- 7 in different ways as described and we've been
- 8 talking about.
- 9 Q Wonderful. So let's take that step by --
- 10 I don't disagree with how you described Zhang to
- 11 work. But I just don't know if I have a clear
- 12 answer to my question. So I'll take it step by
- 13 step. There is an RF input signal in Zhang's
- 14 Figure 2; correct?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q And that RF input signal is converted to
- 17 digital signal in the AD converter 220; correct?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q And Zhang's digital channel DeMux 230
- 20 demultiplexers channels C1 through Cn from the
- 21 digitized input signal; correct?
- 22 A That's right.
- 23 Q And the selector 240 selects some or all
- 24 of those channel C1 through Cn and outputs them as
- 25 D1 through Dm; correct?

- 1 A That's right.
- 2 Q So the selector 240, in your opinion,
- 3 does not select any channels from the digitized
- 4 input signal from 220; correct?
- 5 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: I mean, it does because you
- 7 would have to select the desired channel D1
- 8 through Dm in the $n \times m$ selector to use it, to
- 9 output to a demodulator.
- 10 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 11 Q Sure. But that selection is done from
- 12 channel C1 through Cn, aren't they? Did I
- 13 misunderstand your explanation?
- 14 A That's right.
- 15 Q So maybe that's -- I'm not asking if the
- 16 selector 240 does selection. Obviously it does.
- 17 I'm not asking whether it outputs desired
- 18 channels, as you phrase it, D1 through Dm.
- 19 Obviously it does. I'm asking where the selector
- 20 240 selects from. So my question is, in your
- 21 opinion, the way you explained Zhang to me, in
- 22 Zhang's Figure 2, the selector 240 does not select
- 23 from the digitized input signal from AD 220;
- 24 correct?
- 25 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.

- 1 THE WITNESS: You lost me. I didn't
- 2 understand that last part.
- 3 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 4 Q Then I'll -- I'll repeat it again. Not a
- 5 problem.
- I don't disagree with you that selector
- 7 240 selects some channels. And I don't disagree
- 8 with you that it sends out desired channels D1
- 9 through Dm to demodulators. I'm trying to
- 10 ascertain where the selector 240 selects channels
- 11 D1 through Dm from. So my question is, in Zhang's
- 12 Figure 2, in your opinion, the way you explained
- 13 Zhang works here, the selector 240 does not select
- 14 channels D1 through Dm from the digitized input
- 15 signal output by box 220; correct?
- 16 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 17 THE WITNESS: It selects from digitized
- 18 signals.
- 19 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 20 Q What digital signals? I'm sorry.
- 21 A So these two blocks work together. They
- 22 accomplish a functionality of selecting desired
- 23 channels to output to demodulators. And this is
- 24 one embodiment as shown in Zhang. I'm not sure
- 25 that he's describing all the embodiments which

- 1 could represent this functionality. The point
- 2 he's trying to make is that we're selecting
- 3 channels and we're outputting the demodulators.
- 4 Q No dispute. That -- I'm not disputing
- 5 any of what you're saying. My question is at
- 6 least the embodiment that Zhang does disclose in
- 7 Figure 2, I want to understand each module does
- 8 which selection. So -- because obviously the
- 9 different modules have different functionalities.
- 10 I understand that the collective result is that
- 11 you have desired channels output to demodulators.
- 12 I understand that.
- My question is, I am trying to understand
- 14 where selector 240 selects from. So I'll repeat
- 15 my question. And I do request that this time you
- 16 try to answer it directly. I understand that
- 17 you're going through a declaration. I don't know
- 18 if this question is in your declaration. So
- 19 please focus on my question and answer my
- 20 question.
- 21 In Zhang's Figure 2, based on how you
- 22 explained in the embodiments that are shown
- 23 Figure 2 works, selector 240 does not select
- 24 channels D1 through Dm from the digitized RF
- 25 signal output from the AD converter 220; correct?

- 1 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 2 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 3 Q I'm sorry. Are you reviewing some
- 4 document?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q Would you please -- and I don't mind if
- 7 you review. But this is a remote deposition. I
- 8 cannot see. Let us know what you are reviewing.
- 9 A I'm looking at the Zhang reference.
- 10 Q You're looking at what? I'm sorry.
- 11 A The Zhang reference.
- 12 Q Oh. Okay. So I'll repeat the question
- 13 again so it is pending and you can think about it.
- 14 The question is in Zhang's Figure 2 in the
- 15 embodiment that is shown in Zhang in how Figure 2
- 16 operates, the selector 240 does not select
- 17 channels D1 through Dm from the digitized input
- 18 signal that is output by the AD converter 220;
- 19 correct?
- 20 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Can you ask -- read that
- 22 question back, please?
- 23 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 24 Q Of course. In Zhang's Figure 2, the way
- 25 the embodiments that are, in fact, shown in

- 1 Zhang -- I understand that Zhang is flexible and
- 2 all this. But the embodiments that are actually
- 3 shown in Zhang, in Zhang's Figure 2, the selector
- 4 240 does not select channels D1 through Dm from
- 5 the digitized input signal output by the AD
- 6 converter 220; correct?
- 7 ATTORNEY QUALEY: I said objection to
- 8 form. I'm not seeing it.
- 9 THE WITNESS: So if you look at just
- 10 Figure 2 of Zhang, there's not a line going from
- 11 220 to 240. But Zhang goes on to say that it is
- 12 to be understood that the implementations of
- 13 Figures 2 through 6 are merely examples and should
- 14 not limit the scope of the claims herein. So the
- 15 way I read that is it could have a line that goes
- 16 from the analog-to-digital converter 220 to the
- 17 selector 240. And furthermore, if you had a
- 18 system with, let's call it, a few channels, and
- 19 you wanted to demodulate an output just a few
- 20 channels and you wanted to select all of those
- 21 digital channels -- or even you could say if you
- 22 wanted to output all of those channels that are
- 23 out of the high-speed analog-to-digital converter,
- 24 you could. Zhang allows that. So -- so one could
- 25 have essentially -- let's pick an example. Say I

- 1 have a hundred channels coming in. I could have a
- 2 hundred C elements, C1 through C100, right. And I
- 3 could have a hundred D elements, D1 through D100,
- 4 and output all of them. So in effect, the output
- 5 from the A-to-D converter in that instance would
- 6 be directly going to the channel selector, n×m
- 7 channel selector. And that's an example that
- 8 should not limit the scope of the claims and to be
- 9 understood that the implication are merely of
- 10 the -- of figures 2 through 6 are merely examples.
- 11 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 12 Q Okay. I want to ask my question about
- 13 the Figure 2 to 6. Not what could be done. Not
- 14 what the modification could be. Not what the
- 15 general teaching can be expanded to. I'm
- 16 specifically -- not just even 2 to 6. I'm
- 17 specifically asking from -- about Figures 2 to 5.
- 18 Specifically those figures. Not what could be
- 19 done in modifying those figures. Not -- nothing
- 20 like that. My question is, in Zhang's embodiments
- 21 of Figure 2 to 5 -- embodiments of Figures 2 to 5
- 22 in Zhang, the selector 240, in your opinion, based
- 23 on how you explained it works, does not select
- 24 channels D1 through Dm from the digitized RF
- 25 signal output from the AD converters 220; correct?

- 1 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: I think I answered.
- 3 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 4 Q What you answered was Zhang doesn't limit
- 5 even in these embodiments. Zhang is general. You
- 6 could do it. Again, I'm not asking --
- 7 A I'm quoting from Zhang.
- 8 Q Yes. But you're saying that Zhang
- 9 embodiments were exemplary and not limiting. So,
- 10 again, I'm not asking about general what could be
- 11 expanded to. I'm asking specifically about
- 12 Figures 2 to 5. Embodiments of Figures 2 to 5.
- 13 Do you understand the distinction between asking
- 14 about actual embodiments and alternatively what
- 15 could be done with those embodiments by modifying
- 16 them or implementing them differently? Do you
- 17 understand that distinction?
- 18 A I think I do.
- 19 Q So my question is not about all the
- 20 possible ways Zhang can be implemented based on
- 21 this general. That's not my question. My
- 22 question is, in Zhang's embodiment of Figures 2 to
- 23 5 -- in Zhang's embodiments of Figures 2 to 5, in
- 24 your opinion, based on what you explained to me,
- 25 the selector 240 does not select channels D1

- 1 through Dm from the digitized input signal from
- 2 the AD converter 220; correct?
- 3 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 4 THE WITNESS: It does via the digital
- 5 channel DeMux 230.
- 6 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 7 Q Okay. That was not hard. So you
- 8 testified that you don't see what you call the
- 9 direct line from the selector 240 to the AD
- 10 converter 220 in Figure 2; correct?
- 11 A That's right.
- 12 Q You don't dispute that digital channel
- 13 DeMux 230 is coupled to the AD converter 220, do
- 14 you?
- 15 A No.
- 16 Q And you don't dispute that selector 240
- is coupled to the converter 220, do you?
- 18 A No.
- 19 Q Is it your opinion that selector 240 is
- 20 coupled to the AD Converter 220?
- 21 A Yes. Via channel -- digital channel
- 22 DeMux 230.
- 23 Q Now, you testified that channels C1
- 24 through Cn is a subset of all of the -- of
- 25 frequencies downconverted in block 210 and

- 1 digitized in block 220. Do you recall that?
- 2 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: I'm not sure that's what I
- 4 said. Do you want to try that slowly, maybe piece
- 5 by piece?
- 6 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 7 Q Sure. Do you recall testifying that
- 8 channels C1 through Cn are a subset of the -- let
- 9 me step back. I withdraw this question.
- 10 I think apart from Zhang, where is the
- 11 logic that determines which channel C1 through Cn
- 12 goes to which data bus 1 through K?
- 13 A I don't think Zhang shows the logic. He
- 14 shows just some of the capabilities of these two
- 15 blocks.
- 16 Q And where would that logic be located,
- 17 even if Zhang does not show it?
- 18 A I haven't thought about that. I haven't
- 19 rendered an opinion on that.
- 20 Q Okay.
- 21 A If I have, please let me know, and I'll
- 22 answer a question about it.
- 23 Q Now, in Zhang Figure 2, the output of the
- 24 n×m selector is D1 through Dm. Do you see that?
- 25 A Yes, in Figure 2.

- 1 Q In Figure 5, the output of the selector
- 2 is three lines each, one having D1 through Dm. Do
- 3 you see that?
- 4 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 5 THE WITNESS: I mean, I see three lines,
- 6 D1 through Dm; another three lines, D1 through Dm;
- 7 and another three lines, D1 through Dm.
- 8 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 9 Q Correct. How do you reconcile the output
- 10 of selectors shown in Zhang Figure 5 with the
- 11 output of the selectors shown in Zhang Figure 2?
- 12 A So according to paragraph 38 of Zhang,
- 13 Figure 5 is a simplified high-level schematic
- 14 diagram of an n×m digital selector 500 that can be
- 15 used to implement digital selector 240 of
- 16 Figure 2.
- 17 Q Does that conclude your response?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q That was not -- that didn't answer my
- 20 question. My question was, how do you
- 21 reconcile -- well, let me step back.
- 22 You just read from paragraph 38 of Zhang
- 23 showing or stating Figure 5 is an implementation
- 24 of the selector in Figure 2. Do you recall that?
- 25 A It is an implementation of selector 240

- 1 in Figure 2, yes.
- 2 Q How do you reconcile Figure 5's output of
- 3 the selector shown as three lines each having D1
- 4 through Dm, with Figure 2 showing the output of
- 5 the selector just D1 through Dm?
- 6 A So Zhang is just illustrating and I think
- 7 talking about the flexibility of the data buses
- 8 when he's talking about Figure 5. So, you know,
- 9 one could -- you know, a POSITA would see D1 and
- 10 D1 and D1, and he would think, oh, you know, they
- 11 could be connected together, right. But what
- 12 we're also saying is that -- that -- scratch that.
- 13 What -- I think what I started to say and I did
- 14 say is the flex- -- he is trying to describe the
- 15 flexibility of the data buses in Figure 5. So he
- 16 is basically saying any data bus can be routed to
- 17 any demodulator.
- 18 Q In Zhang's Figure 2, would each of those
- 19 bus lines K go to a demodulator 250?
- 20 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 21 THE WITNESS: As shown in Figure 5, the
- 22 data bus Ks go through data bus 1 through Ks go
- 23 to the block 530, which then output to the
- 24 demodulators. Again, this is not a schematic
- 25 diagram. This is a functional illustration of

- 1 these blocks.
- 2 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 3 Q Sure. And I'm -- me not being the
- 4 expert, I'm trying to superimpose Figure 5 in
- 5 Zhang in Figure 2 to see how the bus lines K
- 6 relate to lines D1 through Dm and the demodulators
- 7 250 shown in Figure 2.
- 8 A So, again, as I read, 2 -- Figure 5,
- 9 which includes box 510 and 530 are representative
- 10 an embodiment of the functionality of box 240 of
- 11 Figure 2. So just take Figure 5 and put it inside
- 12 the box of 240 as one implementation example.
- 13 And, again, what he was talking about in Figure 5
- 14 and why he was drawing Figure 5 the way he did was
- 15 showing the flexibility of this design. Yeah.
- 16 Q So putting Figure 5 into the selector 240
- 17 of Figure 2?
- 18 A Right.
- 19 Q So there would be a bus selector, a data
- 20 bus, and a time division DeMux all within 240;
- 21 correct?
- 22 A That's right.
- 23 Q Okay.
- 24 A Although the functionality he discusses,
- 25 time division DeMux, it does a lot more than that.

- 1 Q What does it do?
- 2 A It's a very flexible switch that lets you
- 3 route data from any of the data bus Ks to any of
- 4 the outputs.
- 5 Q Does it actually do any demultiplexing?
- 6 A I'm not sure it is disclosed by Zhang
- 7 which box within that does demultiplexing. But I
- 8 think it can do that. Again, he doesn't
- 9 describe -- he doesn't show a block diagram. I'm
- 10 sorry. He doesn't show a schematic. What he
- 11 indicates is that this n×m selector is very
- 12 flexible. And can do a lot of things, many of
- 13 whom match exactly to the claim elements of the
- 14 patents that we've been talking about.
- 15 Q Right. So going back to superimposition
- 16 of Figure 5, I'm putting it inside of the selector
- 17 240 of Figure 2, the confusion I have is selector
- 18 240 on Figure 2 shows at the output of the
- 19 selector D1 through Dm. But the selector of
- 20 Figure 5 shows at the output of the selector three
- 21 sets of D1 through Dm. And I don't know how the
- 22 superimposition works. If you can maybe guide me
- 23 through it.
- 24 A So as I state in paragraph 121 of my
- 25 declaration, Zhang discloses digital selector 240

- 1 is configured to output the digital data stream
- 2 with its bus selector 510, which receives channel
- 3 C1 through Cn and sends the channels across one or
- 4 more clocked data buses. So one or more includes
- 5 one. And diagram -- and Figure 2 shows less of
- 6 more than Figure 5 does. That this can do -- the
- 7 output of this can be one or more buses.
- 8 Q I see. So what is shown in Figure 2 is
- 9 just one of those buses?
- 10 A Well, it's showing D1, D2, Dm. It
- 11 doesn't show multiple D1s, multiple D2s, and
- 12 multiple Dms.
- 13 Q I see. So what Figure 2 is showing is,
- 14 in view of Figure 5, one bus internal to the
- 15 selector 240 which outputs D1 through Dm to
- 16 demodulators 250 1 through m; correct?
- 17 A That's right.
- 18 Q I see. And I appreciate that. That's
- 19 actually very helpful to me. So in Figure 2 --
- 20 A Just to be clear, data bus 1 in Figure 5
- 21 could output D1. Data bus 2 could output D2. And
- 22 data bus K could output D -- Dm.
- 23 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Any chance we have a
- 24 break coming up?
- 25 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Sure. Let's take a

- 1 break now. That's fine. How long?
- 2 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Just ten minutes.
- 3 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Ten minutes. Come
- 4 back at 15 minutes past the hour.
- 5 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Thank you.
- 6 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Thank you.
- 7 (A recess was taken.)
- 8 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 9 Q So, Mr. Lett, in paragraph 29 of Zhang,
- 10 it states that that lower case letter m is the
- 11 number of demodulators; correct?
- 12 A Sure. Yes.
- 13 Q Is there a relationship between the
- 14 number K of data buses and number m of the
- 15 demodulators?
- 16 A I don't think Zhang discloses that. So
- 17 I'm not sure.
- 18 Q In your opinion, can the number of data
- 19 buses K be more than the number of demodulators m?
- 20 A I'm not sure. I didn't render an opinion
- 21 on that. I need to think about it.
- 22 Q Do you have -- sorry. I didn't mean to
- 23 interrupt you.
- 24 A I mean, that's a new opinion that I would
- 25 rather not on the fly.

- 1 Q Do you have any opinion as to what
- 2 determines the number of data buses K?
- 3 A I don't really feel comfortable answering
- 4 that because I don't think that I rendered an
- 5 opinion on that.
- 6 Q Right. You haven't rendered an opinion.
- 7 But do you have an opinion?
- 8 A I would rather not come up with new
- 9 opinions. If it is in my declaration, I'll be
- 10 glad to answer questions about it.
- 11 Q So sitting here now, you have -- you have
- 12 no idea what determines the number of data buses K
- in Zhang's Figure 5; is that correct?
- 14 A I'm not prepared to invent new evidence
- 15 on the fly in this deposition.
- 16 Q I'm sorry. That doesn't answer my
- 17 question. The question is, sitting here now, you
- 18 have no idea what determines the number of data
- 19 buses K in Zhang; correct?
- 20 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 21 THE WITNESS: I don't think I rendered an
- 22 opinion on that, so I'm not prepared to render
- 23 that new opinion at this point.
- 24 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- Q Going back to the same issue of you not

- 1 wanting to say something that is not already in
- 2 your declaration. Whether or not something is in
- 3 your declaration, that doesn't determine what I am
- 4 allowed to ask you. So either you have an idea or
- 5 you have no idea. It's one or the other.
- So the question is, sitting here now, is
- 7 it the case that you have no idea what determines
- 8 the number of data buses K in Zhang's Figure 5?
- 9 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 10 THE WITNESS: I have not thought about
- 11 that thoroughly. I would not like to render a new
- 12 opinion on that at this point.
- 13 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 14 Q Okay. Are you able to speculate?
- 15 A I suppose I could speculate.
- 16 Q Okay. What is your speculation as to
- 17 what determines the number of data buses K in
- 18 Zhang's Figure 5?
- 19 A The particular application that you're
- 20 designing the system for, one might want to have
- 21 more or less data buses depending on the number
- 22 of -- the amount of throughput that is needed
- 23 and -- and the flexibility of the architecture and
- 24 the number of inputs to this element C, C1 through
- 25 n, the number n might have a factor on it. And

- 1 also what flexibility you desire on the output as
- 2 shown in Figure 5 might have some bearing on it.
- 3 So there's lots of variations that could be --
- 4 again, I'm just speculating. I haven't thought
- 5 about it. And so I don't render this as part of
- 6 the record, other than just speculation.
- 7 Q I understand. Now, why would -- and I
- 8 understand that you're not speculating. That's
- 9 fine.
- 10 Why would Zhang combine channels C1 to Cn
- 11 in a bus and then demultiplexes them before
- 12 sending it out of the selector instead of directly
- 13 just redirecting channels C1 through Cn?
- 14 Strike that. Let me rephrase the
- 15 question.
- So what is shown in Zhang's Figure 5, as
- 17 far as I can tell, is that a number of individual
- 18 channels go in and then a number of individual
- 19 channels go out. And in -- are you able to
- 20 speculate as to why in Zhang Figure 5 the
- 21 individual channels are combined into buses and
- 22 then demultiplexed to individual channels before
- 23 being sent out as opposed to not using a bus and
- 24 just sending individual channels out to the
- 25 selector from the selector as necessary?

- 1 A That was a pretty long question. Would
- 2 you mind breaking it down for me?
- 3 Q Of course. May I please refer you to
- 4 Zhang Figure 5.
- 5 A Okay.
- 6 Q Do you see that a number of channels C1
- 7 through Cn enter the selector; correct?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q And do you see a number of individual
- 10 channels D1 through Dm, D1 through Dm, and D1
- 11 through Dm go out of the selector; correct?
- 12 A It is out of the time division DeMux in
- 13 Figure 5, the D1 through Dm.
- 14 Q Right. And that is what goes out of the
- 15 selector in Figure 5; correct?
- 16 A Well, Figure 5 says bus selector on the
- 17 left side and time division DeMux on the right.
- 18 So D1 through Dm come out of the time division
- 19 DeMux in Figure 5.
- 20 Q I see. So do you believe that in
- 21 paragraph 38 of Zhang, where it says the digital
- 22 selector 500 includes the time division
- 23 demultiplexer 530, do you think that is a typo?
- 24 A What paragraph was that?
- 25 Q 38 of Zhang.

- 1 A It says, "Digital selector 500 includes a
- 2 bus selector 510, one or more multi data buses
- 3 520, and a time division demultiplexer 530."
- 4 Q Yes. Thank you. Do you think it is a
- 5 typo when Zhang in paragraph 38 says that the
- 6 digital selector 500 includes among other things a
- 7 time division demultiplexer 530?
- 8 A I have no reason to believe that it is a
- 9 typo.
- 10 Q Okay. So going back to Figure 5,
- 11 wouldn't it be the case that the time division
- 12 DeMux 530 would be a part of the selector 240?
- 13 A So, again, this is one embodiment.
- 14 Q Right. This embodiment.
- 15 A Figure of -- in the n×m selector 240, as
- 16 shown in Figure 5.
- 17 Q Right. So in the embodiment of Figure 5,
- 18 the time division DeMux 530 is a part of the
- 19 selector; correct?
- 20 A Well, the selector is called n×m selector
- 21 240.
- 22 O Correct.
- 23 A That's -- so, again, the n×m selector
- 24 240, a block diagram simply identified block
- 25 dramas Zhang explains is shown in Figure 5.

- 1 Q I'm not disagreeing with that. I'm
- 2 saying do I understand correctly then in Zhang's
- 3 Figure 5, the time division DeMux 530 is a part of
- 4 that n×m selector?
- 5 A That's -- that's correct.
- 6 Q That's all I'm asking. I'm not trying to
- 7 challenge you. I'm just trying to establish the
- 8 basics.
- 9 A Yeah. You were confusing me because you
- 10 were changing the name of box 240.
- 11 Q I'm sorry. I didn't mean to do that.
- 12 A Okay.
- 13 Q So in Zhang's Figure 5, what comes out of
- 14 the n×m selector is a number of individual
- 15 channels, D1 through Dm; correct?
- 16 A In the demodulator, yes.
- 17 Q In Figure 5, we have a selector where a
- 18 number of individual channels go in, but a number
- 19 of individual channels go out in Figure 5 as
- 20 shown; correct?
- 21 A Well, when you say going out, are you
- 22 referring to D1 through Dm?
- 23 Q Correct.
- 24 A Yes, that's right.
- 25 Q So my question is -- and this is in part

- 1 for the long question that I ask. Are you able to
- 2 speculate as to why in Zhang's Figure 5, instead
- 3 of directly sending out some of the channels C1
- 4 through Cn out of the selector n×m selector, why
- 5 is there a data bus to combine some channels and
- 6 then a DeMux to separate out those same channels
- 7 and then send out individual channels from the
- 8 selector? Do you understand my question?
- 9 A Yeah.
- 10 Q Thank you.
- 11 A So in paragraph 39, it says because a bus
- 12 clock is much faster than the channel sampling
- 13 rate. Each bus can be used by multiple RF
- 14 channels with the use of time division
- 15 multiplexing, which occurs before the selected RF
- 16 channels enter the data buses.
- 17 Q Right. But don't the channels of the
- 18 data buses have to be demultiplexed before they
- 19 are sent out of the nxm selector?
- 20 A No. As I showed earlier and explained
- 21 earlier with the annotated Figure 5, the time
- 22 division multiplex can go from, you know, C1 to
- 23 data bus 1 to D1, and it is still time division
- 24 multiplexed.
- 25 Q I see. So in --

- 1 A Serial output to the demodulators.
- 2 Q So in your opinion, Figure 5 would have a
- 3 scenario where, for example, data bus 1 is
- 4 directly sent out to a specific user or
- 5 demodulator without being demultiplexed?
- 6 A That's one capability. And that's the
- 7 one that I showed in the diagram I just mentioned.
- 8 Q I understand. And -- okay. And that's
- 9 where the data bus having a higher speed has the
- 10 benefit because multiple channels are going
- 11 through the same demodulator and the same data
- 12 bus?
- 13 A Well, yeah, the time division
- 14 multiplexing with the faster channel rate allows
- 15 the output of the multiplex data stream to the
- 16 demodulator.
- 17 Q I understand. I appreciate that
- 18 explanation.
- Going to Figure 8 of Zhang. I'm not
- 20 going to ask block-by-block question. But if it
- 21 is easier for you, I'm going to eventually get an
- 22 explanation of what Figure 8 and each box in
- 23 Figure 8 does. Are you more comfortable me asking
- 24 you box by box or would you be more comfortable
- 25 just explaining what Figure 8 does in different

- 1 portions?
- 2 A I don't know. Let's try one. If it
- 3 doesn't work, we'll try the other.
- 4 Q Which one would you like to try first?
- 5 A So -- I mean, let me just read what
- 6 Figure 8 does in the paragraph 22 of Zhang. It is
- 7 a simplified high-level block diagram of a system
- 8 using exemplary multi-channel demodulator
- 9 according to the embodiment of the present
- 10 invention.
- 11 Q For your convenience, it is discussed in
- 12 paragraph 45 of Zhang, if that helps. So is -- in
- 13 Figure 8, is box 810 the same system shown in
- 14 Figure 2 of Zhang?
- 15 A I didn't really look at that as part of
- 16 my declaration. What I used Figure 8 for was
- 17 disclosing that Zhang describes the -- and I'm
- 18 looking at paragraph 79 of my declaration --
- 19 describes a multi-channel demodulator circuit that
- 20 can be used as advanced wideband front end for its
- 21 digitial -- for digital set-top boxes, PVRs,
- 22 home gateways, and home media centers. And I --
- 23 and that's the reason that I cited that section 44
- 24 through 45 was for that quote. And if you look at
- 25 Figure 5, you can see it's got a PVR.

- 1 Q What is --
- 2 A A PVR.
- 3 Q What is a PVR?
- 4 A A PVR and DVR are used. Digital video
- 5 recorder. Personal video recorder.
- 6 Q Now, in Zhang's Figure 8, do you know
- 7 what the box denotes?
- 8 A I didn't look at that much. I was just
- 9 disclosing the fact that Zhang discloses that
- 10 this -- the advanced wideband front end discloses
- 11 a DVR functionality. So I'll have to study that.
- 12 Q What is a TS Parse in Zhang's Figure 8?
- 13 A I didn't study Figure 8, so I can try to
- 14 read the Zhang and figure it out, I guess.
- 15 Q As an expert, do you recognize the phrase
- 16 TS Parse in Zhang's Figure 8?
- 17 A I mean, it -- it may be TS, transport
- 18 stream parsing. But I'm not sure. I would
- 19 probably need to read the text.
- 20 Q I'm sorry. Sure. If you need whatever
- 21 you need to read, and then I'll ask you the
- 22 question.
- 23 A Okay. Thank you.
- 24 Q Sure. My goal is not to trick you. So
- 25 read whatever you need to read. Just let me know

- 1 what you're reading and please let me know when
- 2 you're ready so I can ask you the question.
- 3 A I'm looking at Zhang -- the Zhang
- 4 reference.
- 5 Yeah. I don't think he -- I don't think
- 6 he describes Parse. TS Parse. I could be wrong.
- 7 But I don't see it. Perhaps if you see it, you
- 8 can point me to it and maybe I can read it.
- 9 Q I would if I did.
- 10 As an expert in the field, what is a
- 11 transport stream parser?
- 12 A I didn't -- I don't think I rendered an
- 13 opinion on that. And so I don't feel like I need
- 14 to come up with a new -- new opinions.
- 15 Q Do you -- okay. Have you heard of the
- 16 phrase transport stream parser before?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q What does it mean?
- 19 A Well, what I don't understand is how
- 20 Zhang is using it. So I want -- and then there's
- 21 no disclosure that I can find in Zhang of TS Parse
- 22 other than that one phrase. So I would like to be
- 23 accurate in my answer. And I haven't thought
- 24 about that. So I would rather not answer because
- 25 that is a new opinion that I did not render in my

- 1 declaration.
- 2 Q We're back to the same point. You
- 3 testified that you have heard the phrase TS Parse
- 4 before; correct?
- 5 A Well, I'm the one that said that's
- 6 probably what it means.
- 7 Q Very good. So what is your understanding
- 8 as an expert in the field as to what a transport
- 9 stream parser means?
- 10 A So what I don't know is how is Zhang
- 11 using that phrase or functionality. It's possible
- 12 that it could be something different than what I
- 13 would consider in particular use case. So I would
- 14 rather not speculate as to what he means by TS
- 15 Parse.
- 16 Q So if I walk up to you in the street and
- 17 said the phrase transport stream parser, you have
- 18 no idea what that means? Is that your testimony?
- 19 A I'm not supposed to judge, but I would
- 20 think you were pretty weird.
- 21 Q Nonetheless, you have no idea what a
- 22 transport stream parser is?
- 23 A I have heard the term. I've seen the
- 24 term in designs. I generally understand in my
- 25 designs that I worked on what it would mean. But

- 1 what I don't understand is what is Zhang using the
- 2 term for.
- 3 Q In your designs, what did transport
- 4 stream parser mean?
- 5 A It's taking a data stream as a transport
- 6 stream and breaking it up into its component
- 7 parts.
- 8 Q Component parts in the sense that
- 9 separating out different content channels?
- 10 A It could be. Right. Or it could be
- 11 audio and video and, you know, alternate data
- 12 streams and alternate audios and those kinds of
- 13 things. It is essentially taking all of the
- 14 different elementary streams that are within a
- 15 transport stream and, you know, breaking them up
- 16 separately so that you could process them
- 17 accordingly.
- 18 Q Okay.
- 19 A Those are my designs. I'm speculating
- 20 why Zhang uses that. I do not know why Zhang is
- 21 using that term.
- 22 Q Okay. Now, same question about CA
- 23 System. Do you have any speculation on what the
- 24 phrase CA System means in Zhang's Figure 8?
- 25 A Conditional Access System.

- 1 Q Okay.
- 2 A And Zhang probably doesn't explain what
- 3 he means by that either.
- 4 Q No. What was that phrase? Conditional
- 5 Access System?
- 6 A Right.
- 7 Q Is that, for instance --
- 8 A It would be basically --
- 9 Q [Cross-talking] basically?
- 10 A In my designs of set-top box, not in
- 11 Zhang's designs, right, Conditional Access System
- 12 would be the system that is responsible for
- 13 determining if a subscriber was authorized to
- 14 watch a particular channel. That's one example of
- 15 what a CA System does. Like if I didn't pay for
- 16 HBO, and therefore I can't watch HBO per the
- 17 conditional access system. But if I did pay for
- 18 HBO, I could watch HBO per the conditional access
- 19 system.
- 20 Q Thank you. What is a DMA in Zhang's
- 21 Figure 8?
- 22 A It could be -- I'm not sure. I'm not
- 23 sure what he's -- what he's using that for. Does
- 24 he use the term in the patent?
- 25 Q Not that I have seen. Do you have -- you

- 1 have no speculation?
- 2 A I mean, DMA is used for Direct Memory
- 3 Access. I mean, it could be other things, though.
- 4 I don't know if it is that or not in this diagram.
- 5 Q Okay.
- 6 A Perhaps it is something else. I don't
- 7 know.
- 8 Q Okay. May I please refer you to IPR
- 9 2024-00435, Exhibit 1002, which is your
- 10 declaration.
- 11 A Okay. Thank you.
- 12 ATTORNEY QUALEY: I'm sorry. Which
- 13 patent is that one for?
- 14 THE WITNESS: '362. The '362
- 15 declaration.
- 16 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: No. No. The
- 17 2024-00435. That is the IPR number.
- 18 ATTORNEY BLAIR: I believe that is the
- 19 '866.
- 20 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Thank you.
- 21 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. My electronic
- 22 folder just crashed. Let me pull it back up
- 23 again. And the exhibit number is what?
- 24 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 25 Q 1002, your declaration.

- 1 A Okay. Okay. I have it.
- 2 Q Would you please go to page 53 of your
- 3 declaration 1002 in IPR 2024-00435.
- 4 A I'm sorry. What page number?
- 5 Q 53.
- 6 A Okay.
- 8 made comparing Figure 2 of Zhang to Figure 6 of
- 9 the patent -- I'm not sure which number it is, but
- 10 the patent being challenged?
- 11 A Yes. The '866 in this case.
- 12 Q Did you prepare this annotation?
- 13 A I think I edited it. I may not have
- 14 prepared the original version of it.
- 15 Q Did you determine which box corresponds
- 16 to which box?
- 17 A I may or may not have. But I agree with
- 18 the -- with the annotations.
- 19 Q Do you see that in the red boxes, you
- 20 have mapped the frequency-block downconverter to
- 21 10 in Zhang to the radio front end in the '866
- 22 patent Figure 6?
- 23 A That's right.
- Q Do you also see that you have mapped in
- 25 the yellow boxes the analog digital converter 220

- 1 in Zhang to the analog digital converters 218 and
- 2 228 in the '866 patent?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q And do you see that you have mapped in
- 5 purple the mixers in Figure 2 of Zhang to the
- 6 mixers in Figure 6 of the '866 patent?
- 7 A I think it says Figure 3 of Zhang.
- 8 Q I'm sorry. Figure 3 of Zhang. You're
- 9 right.
- Now, why did you map the low-pass filters
- 11 330 in Figure 3 of Zhang to the boxes that you
- 12 have annotated in green 260 in Figure 6 of the
- 13 '866 patent?
- 14 A Because those are low-pass filters as
- 15 part of the channel selection.
- 16 Q Now, why did you map in purple the n×m
- 17 selector 240 in Zhang to the output of the Digital
- 18 Front End DFE arrow titled serial or parallel to
- 19 demodulator in Figure 6 of the '866 patent?
- 20 A Because the $n \times m$ selector outputs serial
- 21 or parallel interface to a demodulator.
- 22 Q That's the one that you said is like a
- 23 switch; right?
- 24 A Among other things. It's got a lot of
- 25 functionality, as we've been through.

- 1 Q Okay. Why didn't you map the $n \times m$
- 2 selector 240 in Zhang to the output of filters 260
- 3 within the digital front end in Figure 6 of the
- 4 '866 patent?
- 5 A Because I pull in another reference that
- 6 would be obvious to a POSITA to include a
- 7 decimator in one of the grounds.
- 8 Q What is the basis of your opinion that
- 9 the $n \times m$ selector 240 in Zhang is analogous to the
- 10 output of the digital front end 230 in the '866
- 11 patent Figure 6?
- 12 A I'm sorry. Can you repeat that a little
- 13 slower? I missed a couple of words.
- 14 Q No worries.
- 15 What is the basis of your opinion that
- 16 the $n \times m$ Selector 240 in Zhang is analogous to the
- 17 output of the digital front end 230 in Figure 6 of
- 18 the '866 patent?
- 19 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 20 THE WITNESS: As we've been talking
- 21 about -- and we can go through it in more detail
- 22 if you want -- the $n \times m$ selector -- $n \times m$ selector
- 23 can output serial or parallel data to a
- 24 demodulator.
- 25

- 1 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 2 Q Is that it?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q So in your opinion, would it be wrong to
- 5 map the n×m selector 240 from Zhang to the output
- 6 of filters 260 within the digital front end in
- 7 Figure 6 of the '866 patent?
- 8 A Well, the output of the Figure 6
- 9 annotated below is on the right side. And what
- 10 we're mapping to is the output to demodulators.
- 11 So it is more logical to map that to the output.
- 12 And then we come along later and explain the
- 13 decimation.
- 14 Q I see. So you're mapping --
- 15 A This is the overview section of my -- of
- 16 my declaration. And we get into a lot more detail
- 17 further on in the declaration about these
- 18 elements.
- 19 Q So you're map- -- and I understand. But
- 20 I want to understand the logic before we go
- 21 further. So you're mapping the $n \times m$ selector 240
- 22 in Zhang to the output of the digital front end
- 23 230 in Figure 6 of '866 patent because the
- 24 selector is basically a bus selector that is
- 25 similar to the output of the digital front end

- 1 being sent to the demodulator?
- 2 Are you searching something?
- 3 A I'm looking at my declaration.
- 4 Q I can break down the question if that is
- 5 easier for you.
- 6 A I'm going to find the answer for you in a
- 7 way to explain it thoroughly.
- 8 Q It's been a couple minutes. I'll come
- 9 back to this question since you're looking still.
- 10 What is a bus selector?
- 11 A Do you see that somewhere?
- 12 Q You previously told me that in the
- 13 selector 240, the first box is on the bus
- 14 selector. Yeah, Figure 5 of Zhang, actually. The
- 15 first box is called the bus selector.
- 16 A Okay. What's your question?
- 17 O What is a bus selector?
- 18 A Well, as Zhang describes, Figure 5 and
- 19 all the details about 510, that describes a bus
- 20 selector.
- 21 Q Okay.
- 22 A Do you want me to -- do you want me to
- 23 find what Zhang says about that?
- 24 Q Zhang actually doesn't say much. So have
- 25 you heard of the term bus selector outside of this

- 1 IPR?
- 2 A I don't think I have. I wouldn't think
- 3 that is like a normal kind of industry term.
- 4 Q Well, what would the industry term be for
- 5 a circuit that selects buses?
- 6 A I don't know.
- 7 Q Okay.
- 8 A I'm okay with that term. But I -- I
- 9 wouldn't commonly use that, I don't think.
- 10 Q I see. Okay. So do you have an opinion
- 11 on what a bus selector is in Zhang?
- 12 A Well, as we've been through the
- 13 discussion on Figure 5, you know, it describes
- 14 some functionality. Like one is time division
- 15 multiplexing, which occurs before the selected RF
- 16 channels enter the data buses as per paragraph 39
- 17 of Zhang. So it seems like the bus selector
- 18 includes a time division multiplexing capability.
- 19 And it also seems like it can route the signals C1
- 20 through Cn in any way -- a very flexible way to
- 21 any of the data buses.
- 22 Q So is the bus selector in Zhang Figure 5
- 23 essentially a funnel?
- 24 A I don't know what that means. I don't
- 25 understand that.

- 1 Q Okay. Do you know what a funnel is?
- 2 A I know what a funnel is when I put oil in
- 3 my car.
- 4 Q Is the bus selector in Zhang's Figure 5
- 5 basically a switchboard that routes different
- 6 channels to different buses?
- 7 A It can do that. A switchboard -- I would
- 8 say a very flexible switch that can switch from
- 9 any input to -- to any of the outputs. So, like,
- 10 you know, you can see the lines. C1 can go to
- 11 data bus 1, data bus 2, and data bus 3. And then
- 12 also as paragraph 39 says, it seems like the bus
- 13 selector includes a time division multiplexing,
- 14 which occurs before the selected RF channels enter
- 15 the data bus. So it sounds like it occurs in that
- 16 box based on that disclosure.
- 17 Q Understood. Going back to page 53 of
- 18 your declaration that we were just looking at. Do
- 19 you still have that?
- 20 A Let's see. We're talking about the '866,
- 21 is it?
- 22 Q The '435 IPR, yes.
- 23 A No.
- 24 Q Please let me know when you have it.
- 25 A Okay. I have it.

- 1 Q Do you see in Figure 6 of the '866 patent
- 2 the arrow titled serial or parallel data interface
- 3 to demodulator with the orange box that you have
- 4 drawn around it? Do you see that?
- 5 A What page are you looking at?
- 6 Q Page 53 of your declaration. The one
- 7 that we were looking at a few moments ago.
- 8 A Yeah. I'm sorry. I just lost it
- 9 momentarily. So I'm having to come back to it.
- 10 Okay. I'm on page 53.
- 11 Q Now, do you see the annotation that you
- 12 have made that we have discussed before, Figure 6
- 13 of the '866 patent, the orange box that you have
- 14 drawn around the arrow titled serial or parallel
- 15 data interface to demodulator. Do you see that?
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q That arrow says that the data can be
- 18 either serial or parallel; right?
- 19 A That's rye.
- 20 Q In Figure 6 of the '866 patent, there
- 21 would be something analogous to a switchboard that
- 22 would extend the data output from the digital
- 23 front end to one or more demodulators; correct?
- 24 A I don't know. I don't know if he
- 25 discloses that.

- 1 Q Okay.
- 2 A Zhang's design is much more flexible, as
- 3 I indicated, that discloses all of the claim
- 4 elements of the '866, as well as -- well, the ones
- 5 that I mentioned in my declaration -- in the
- 6 grounds that I mentioned in my declaration, Zhang
- 7 discloses all of those. And it also can do a lot
- 8 more than what is in the '866.
- 9 Q Got it. So -- and that's fine. I'm
- 10 trying to -- I've gone through all of the
- 11 elements. This is the last one. So am I
- 12 understanding you correctly that on page 53 of
- 13 your declaration, you have mapped the nxm selector
- 14 240 from Zhang's Figure 2 to the output of the
- 15 digital front end in Figure 6 of the '866 patent
- 16 because it is the n×m selector that has the bus
- 17 selector like a switchboard that determines which
- 18 channel goes to which demodulator?
- 19 A Yeah. I don't think I used the word
- 20 switchboard.
- 21 Q The bus selector.
- 22 A It uses -- it is a bus selector and the
- 23 time division DeMux.
- 24 Q Right.
- 25 A It is -- it's the element, you know, 500

- 1 that includes both 510 and 530.
- 2 Q Okay. So because element 500 has the bus
- 3 selector that determines which channel goes to
- 4 which demodulator, you have mapped the n×m
- 5 selector 240 in Zhang to the output of the digital
- 6 front end in 230?
- 7 A Can you read that back slowly, please?
- 8 Q So am I understanding you correctly that
- 9 because the $n \times m$ selector 240 in Zhang has the bus
- 10 selector that determines which channel goes to
- 11 which demodulator, and that's why you have mapped
- 12 the $n \times m$ selector 240 to the output of the digital
- 13 front end 230 in Figure 6 of the '866 patent? Is
- 14 that the basis of why you have mapped those two
- 15 elements as analogous?
- 16 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 17 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 18 Q Do you understand the question, Mr. Lett?
- 19 A The bus selector is element 510,
- 20 according to Figure 5. And you're talking about
- 21 the bus selector I think in a different way in
- 22 your question. So therefore, I'm confused.
- 23 Q Is that because the $n \times m$ selector is the
- 24 entirety of 500 not just the bus selector? Is
- 25 that the base -- why you're confused?

- 1 A That's right.
- 2 Q Okay. So let me -- let me -- because my
- 3 intention is not to confuse you. I just want to
- 4 establish what element corresponds to what so we
- 5 can go and discuss it.
- 6 So on page 53 of your declaration, is the
- 7 reason why you have mapped the n×m selector 240 in
- 8 its entirety to the output of the digital front
- 9 end 230 is the reason that the $n \times m$ selector 240
- 10 determines which channel goes to which
- 11 demodulator?
- 12 A Well, the element 500 is Zhang which
- 13 includes the bus selector and the time division
- 14 DeMux has the input C1 through Cn, which is the
- 15 selected channels from the band that we're
- 16 interested in, and outputs to one or more
- 17 demodulators using serial or parallel interfaces.
- 18 So this entire box 500 accomplishes a
- 19 functionality, including time division
- 20 multiplexing, that a POSITA would use for a serial
- 21 interface to a multi-channel demodulator, for
- 22 example. Among other things.
- 23 Q I'm sorry?
- 24 A Among other things.
- 25 Q May I please refer you to the '362

- 1 patent.
- 2 A Okay.
- 3 Q Okay. May I please refer you to
- 4 Column 1, lines 27 to 29.
- 5 A Okay. I have it.
- O Do you see the sentence that says, quote,
- 7 "Existing tuners for these applications
- 8 down-convert a swath of channels to an
- 9 intermediate frequency, which are then sent to a
- 10 demodulator, " end quote. Do you see that?
- 11 A I'm sorry. Starting with line 27?
- 12 Q Column 1, lines 27 to 29.
- 13 A I see that.
- 14 Q This column is talking about the '362
- 15 patent's prior art; correct?
- 16 A I don't know. It is in the background
- 17 section of the patent.
- 19 prior art, in about April 2009, existing tuners
- 20 would downconvert the swath of channels to an
- 21 intermediate frequency, which was then sent to a
- 22 demodulator?
- 23 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: I don't know.
- 25

- 1 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 2 Q Okay. May I please refer you to
- 3 Column 1, lines 41 to 45.
- 4 A Okay.
- 5 Q What does it mean to limit the dynamic
- 6 range of the wideband tuner?
- 7 A So I think in general when you're talking
- 8 about limiting the dynamic range, a signal may
- 9 have a range of amplitudes. That is one thing.
- 10 But to limit it, you would -- you would not -- you
- 11 would actually have less than that full range or
- 12 the higher range that could be if it was not
- 13 limited.
- 14 Q So the dynamic range is referring to the
- 15 amplitude of the signal?
- 16 A Well, yeah. Although, in the case of QAM
- 17 demodulators, the dynamic range could be the phase
- 18 also, I think. So it kind of depends. But -- but
- 19 the point he is making here is that there's some
- 20 limitation with wideband receiver that he's
- 21 describing as a limitation.
- 22 O And what is the limitation with wideband
- 23 receivers that the patent is describing in
- 24 Column 1, lines 45 through -- 41 to 45?
- 25 A It says the wideband receiver poses --

- 1 requirement poses a trade-off to the system to
- 2 limit either the dynamic range of the wideband
- 3 tuner or reduce the bandwidth covered by the tuner
- 4 so that fewer channels may be received and
- 5 processed by the demodulator.
- 6 Q Why was there a necessity for fewer
- 7 channels to be received and processed by the
- 8 demodulator?
- 9 A I'm not sure I know the answer.
- 10 Q In the '362 patent, same Column 1, lines
- 11 46 to 50, what is a direct conversion tuner?
- 12 A You know, I understand a direct
- 13 conversion mixer. I would use probably the word,
- 14 right, that would essentially downconvert the
- 15 entire band in one step direct conversion to
- 16 baseband. That's kind of an old classic
- 17 architecture.
- 18 Q Didn't Zhang convert directly the entire
- 19 frequency band?
- 20 A So Zhang uses a different architecture.
- 21 Zhang uses a low-IF architecture with complex
- 22 mixers. It's not a direct conversion.
- 23 Q So maybe I misunderstood. Did I
- 24 misunderstood -- did I misunderstand that you said
- 25 in Column 1, lines 46 to 50, on the patent, a

- 1 direct conversion tuner refers to the fact that
- 2 you directly downconvert the entire band to
- 3 baseband? Did I misunderstand that?
- 4 A Are you asking me about the '362 patent?
- 5 Q Yes. That's what we're reading. So do
- 6 you recall that we discussed the '362 patent,
- 7 Column 1, lines 46 to 50, where I asked you what
- 8 is a direct conversion tuner? Do you recall that?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q Okay. And do you recall that you stated
- 11 that a direct conversion tuner is a tuner that
- 12 directly downconverts the entire frequency band to
- 13 baseband? Do you recall that?
- 14 A Yeah. But I am getting ready to tell you
- 15 the difference in what Zhang has.
- 16 Q So my question was not all the
- 17 differences between Zhang's Figure 2 and the '362
- 18 patent's Figure 1. My question was, if a direct
- 19 conversion tuner is a tuner that directly
- 20 downconverts the entire frequency band to
- 21 baseband, doesn't Zhang directly downconvert the
- 22 entire frequency band to baseband?
- 23 A Zhang is not a direct conversion. Zhang
- 24 uses an architecture as shown in paragraph 170 of
- 25 my declaration that uses complex mixers.

- 1 Q So --
- 2 A To generate an I and Q signal and a
- 3 low-IF receiver, double conversion wideband
- 4 receiver low-IF receiver, as I state in paragraph
- 5 171.
- 6 Q Okay. So I go back to my original
- 7 question. What is a direct conversion tuner?
- 8 A It is not what Zhang has.
- 9 Q Again, that's not the question. What is
- 10 a direct conversion tuner?
- 11 A So if you look at Exhibit 1018 --
- 12 Q Uh-huh.
- 13 A -- Figure 7.
- 14 Q Exhibit 1018 of?
- 15 A Oh, wait. Hang on. I'm sorry. I'm
- 16 wrong. That's not -- that's not the right figure.
- 17 So a direct conversion downconverts signal
- 18 directly to baseband and using use the I and Q
- 19 mixers.
- 20 Q What is the basis for your opinion?
- 21 A So if you look at Mirabbasi, which is
- 22 Exhibit 1018.
- Q Which IPR?
- 24 A Exhibit 1018.
- 25 Q Which IPR?

- 1 A I think it is the same in all three.
- 2 Q Okay.
- 3 A We can look at '362. Exhibit 1018,
- 4 Mirabbasi.
- 5 Q Okay.
- 6 A Page 135. Under direct conversion
- 7 architecture.
- 8 Q Yes.
- 9 A Direct conversion also known as homodyne
- 10 or zero-IF conversion is a natural approach to
- 11 downconverting an RF signal directly to baseband.
- 12 Q Okay. So this doesn't say anything about
- 13 using quadrature or the I/Q signal, does it?
- 14 A That sentence does not.
- 15 Q Okay. So the question was -- well, let's
- 16 step back. Actually, in Figure -- so Figure 7 --
- 17 so in that same page 135 in Mirabbasi, that same
- 18 portion that you were reading under direct
- 19 conversion architecture, it references Exhibit 7
- 20 as an example; correct?
- 21 A This is an alternate architecture.
- 22 Alternately -- alternatively one can think of
- 23 choosing IF to be zero.
- Q Okay. Is Figure 7 based on what
- 25 Mirabbasi says direct conversion architecture?

- 1 A No.
- 2 Q So even though Mirabbasi is discussing
- 3 Figure 7 under direct conversion architecture and
- 4 the title of Figure 7 is a generic homodyne
- 5 receiver and Mirabbasi says direct conversion is
- 6 also known as homodyne, it is your testimony
- 7 Mirabbasi's Figure 7 is not an example of direct
- 8 conversion architecture?
- 9 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 10 THE WITNESS: So -- so if you will
- 11 notice, Figure 7 does it all in one step, straight
- 12 to the DSP after one conversion, right. Whereas,
- 13 Figure 10, which is more -- is what Mirabbasi
- 14 uses, which is essentially the low-IF receiver,
- 15 you have a step that is the -- the front section
- 16 that has the complex mixers. And then it
- 17 digitizes with the ADC. And then there's the
- 18 channel selection with the four mixers and two
- 19 adders on the right side of Figure 10. That's
- 20 the -- this is the architecture that Zhang uses.
- 21 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 22 Q I'm not asking what architecture Zhang
- 23 uses. I asked you, what is the direct conversion
- 24 tuner? And let's start from the beginning. What
- 25 is a direct conversion tuner?

- 1 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 2 THE WITNESS: There's essentially only
- 3 one step in the -- in the mixing and
- 4 downconverting, whereas Zhang uses the double
- 5 conversion as shown in Figure 10 of Mirabbasi.
- 6 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 7 Q When you said double conversion, what are
- 8 you referring to? Using I and Q mixers, a complex
- 9 mixer?
- 10 A As you can see in Figure 10, there's two
- 11 steps of conversion. The first step is, are the
- 12 two mixers, the I and Q mixers at the top and the
- 13 bottom on the left side. And then the mixers on
- 14 the right side with four mixers and two adders.
- 15 So the left side being the first conversion. The
- 16 right side being the second.
- 17 Q So Figure 10 of Mirabbasi, after the
- 18 first complex mixer with the two mixers, isn't the
- 19 signal at baseband?
- 20 A Well, which figure?
- 21 Q Figure 10 of Mirabbasi.
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q After the first complex mixer, which has
- 24 the I and Q mixers, is that the signal at
- 25 baseband?

- 1 A It can be.
- 2 Q Okay.
- 3 A Or it can be a low-IF.
- 4 Q Okay. So in Figure 10, the entire
- 5 bandwidth is directly downconverted to baseband in
- 6 one step; correct?
- 7 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 8 THE WITNESS: Well, the difference is
- 9 that the double -- the direct conversion is
- 10 outputting the channel that we're interested in in
- 11 one step, whereas this is downconverting to one
- 12 band and then selecting within that band, in
- 13 Figure 10.
- 14 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 15 Q If I may refer you to Figure 7 of
- 16 Mirabbasi. And please let me know when you're
- 17 there.
- 18 A I'm there.
- 19 Q What is the channel selection done in
- 20 Figure 7 of Mirabbasi?
- 21 A It is done by the -- by the selection of
- 22 the LO and the low-pass filters.
- 23 Q I see. So -- so is it your testimony
- 24 that Figure 7 of Mirabbasi brings to baseband just
- 25 a selected channel, not the entire bandwidth?

- 1 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 2 THE WITNESS: So perhaps if we looked at
- 3 paragraph 68 of my declaration, the '362
- 4 declaration, this will help. One could directly
- 5 downconvert the incoming RF signal to baseband in
- 6 the analog part of the RF receivers by using
- 7 quadrature downconverters, such as -- such that a
- 8 second downconversion stage is not needed before
- 9 the signals are forwarded to a demodulator; for
- 10 example, zero-IF receivers perform such direct
- 11 conversion. However, a significant problem in
- 12 direct downconversion is the introduction of
- 13 parasitic baseband signals at baseband, known as
- 14 DC-offset, in the output of the quadrature
- 15 downconverters. This DC-offset is mainly the
- 16 result of crosstalk between the incoming RF
- 17 signals and the complex signal of the quadrature
- 18 downconverters. The self-mixing phenomenon of the
- 19 oscillator producing the complex signal, the
- 20 leakage of the complex signals to the input of
- 21 LNA, and/or capacitive/inductive bondings between
- 22 the different components of the RF receivers.
- 23 Such DC-offset issues are not present in low-IF
- 24 receivers as the output of the first stage of
- 25 mixing is at IF and not at baseband, and the

- 1 downconversion at the second step is performed --
- 2 is digitally performed. Furthermore, in the
- 3 analog part of the RF receivers, mismatches
- 4 between the two components of the complex signal
- 5 and differences along the two branches of the
- 6 quadrature mixers and any following amplifiers and
- 7 filters can cause the corruption of the I/Q
- 8 components of the downconverted signals.
- 9 And this is basically describing the
- 10 architecture that is used by Zhang. The better
- 11 architecture.
- 12 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 13 Q So I asked you a question about Figure 7
- 14 of Mirabbasi. And after not answering my question
- 15 three times, you read a declaration -- a portion
- 16 of a -- a full page of a declaration about how
- 17 Zhang works? Is that your testimony?
- 18 A No. I read about direct conversions.
- 19 And that was in paragraph -- paragraph 68. And I
- 20 further went on to describe the better
- 21 architecture used by Zhang.
- 22 Q My question still stands. Thank you for
- 23 reading full page of a declaration.
- 24 My question is, is it your testimony that
- 25 in Figure 7 of Mirabbasi, the first complex mixer

- 1 which has the I and Q mixers downconverts only a
- 2 single channel to baseband?
- 3 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 4 THE WITNESS: The direct conversion as
- 5 shown in Figure 7 can downconvert wider bandwidth
- 6 than one channel. But it all does it in one step.
- 7 And that was the point, as opposed to the two
- 8 steps that is used by Zhang.
- 9 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 10 Q Now, going to the '362 patent, Column 1,
- 11 lines 52 to 55.
- 12 A I'm sorry. Can we take a break?
- 13 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Sure.
- 14 THE WITNESS: I'm -- I need to use the
- 15 restroom.
- 16 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: How long of a break
- 17 do you need?
- 18 THE WITNESS: Five minutes is fine.
- 19 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Sure. Let's come
- 20 back at 40 minutes past the hour.
- 21 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Can we go off the
- 22 record and then talk for a second?
- 23 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: We're off the record.
- 24 (A recess was taken.)
- 25 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Let's go back on the

- 1 record.
- 2 Q So we were discussing a direct conversion
- 3 tuner. Do you recall that?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q And do you recall that you stated direct
- 6 conversion tuner is one that directly converts the
- 7 entire frequency band to baseband in one step? Do
- 8 you recall that?
- 9 A I'm not sure that's what I said exactly.
- 10 Q Please correct me.
- 11 A I said that the -- the one could directly
- 12 convert RF signal such that a second
- 13 downconversion stage is not needed. In a direct
- 14 conversion receiver. That's my testimony.
- 15 Perhaps I misspoke. But that's my testimony.
- 16 Q How would you be able to select two
- 17 channels in a direct conversion tuner?
- 18 A I haven't thought about direct conversion
- 19 tuners in a long time, so I don't remember.
- 20 Q What is the low noise amplifier?
- 21 A It is an amplifier that doesn't have as
- 22 much noise as one could have.
- 23 Q In Column 1, lines 46 to 50, of the '362
- 24 patent, what is the function of a low noise
- 25 amplifier in a direct conversion tuner?

- 1 A I haven't thought about direct conversion
- 2 tuners in a long time. So I don't -- I don't
- 3 remember.
- 4 Q If I may refer you to the '362 patent,
- 5 Column 1, lines 52 to 55. What is VHF?
- 6 A Column 1, what paragraph?
- 7 Q Sure. The '362 patent, Column 1, lines
- 8 52 to 55, what is VHF?
- 9 A Very high frequency, I think it stood
- 10 for.
- 11 Q I'm sorry?
- 12 A Very high frequency, I think.
- 13 Q Okay. And what is UHF?
- 14 A Ultra-high frequency.
- 15 Q Okay. And is one satellite and one
- 16 cable?
- 17 A This is talking about terrestrial
- 18 broadcasting.
- 19 Q Okay. What does terrestrial broadcasting
- 20 mean?
- 21 A Over the air, like with rabbit ears
- 22 receiving television.
- Q What is CATV?
- 24 A Cable TV.
- 25 Q Now, going down Column 1, line 60 to 62,

- 1 "Mixer M1 frequency downconverts the received RF
- 2 input signal to a more convenient intermediate
- 3 frequency band." Do you see that?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q Why is intermediate frequency band more
- 6 convenient?
- 7 A So according to paragraph 68 of my
- 8 declaration, DC offset issues are not present in
- 9 low-IF receivers as the output of the first stage
- 10 of mixing is at IF and not at baseband. And the
- 11 downconversion at the second step is digitally
- 12 performed. And I'm citing Mirabbasi pages 9 and
- 13 10, and also Crols, which is Exhibit 1034 at 18.
- 14 Q Now, the paragraph that you read from
- 15 your declaration compared a low-IF versus a
- 16 baseband signal; correct?
- 17 A It compares a direct conversion to a
- 18 low-IF.
- 19 Q Right. Direct conversion to baseband;
- 20 correct?
- 21 A Right.
- 22 Q So the '362 patent, Column 1, line 60 to
- 23 62, the comparison is between intermediate
- 24 frequency and RF frequency. Am I mistaken? And
- 25 please let me know what document you're searching.

- 1 A I'm looking at the '362 patent.
- Okay. So what was the question?
- 3 Q The question was in the '362 patent,
- 4 Column 1, lines 60 to 62, the comparison is
- 5 between intermediate frequency and RF frequency,
- 6 not baseband frequency; correct?
- 7 A That's right. In Figure 1 of the '362.
- 8 The prior art.
- 9 Q So why is intermediate frequency more
- 10 convenient?
- 11 A It doesn't say, I don't think, more
- 12 convenient compared to what.
- 13 Q As an expert, do you have an opinion?
- 14 A I don't -- like I said, I haven't thought
- 15 about direct conversion tuners in a long time. So
- 16 I don't see a reason that he disclosed for that.
- 17 Perhaps he did. And maybe if he did, you can
- 18 point me to it.
- 19 Q Now, the '362 patent, Column 1, lines 62
- 20 to 64, what is the function of amplifier V1 in
- 21 Figure 1?
- 22 A It says, "Tuner 100 includes an amplifier
- 23 V1 having a programmable gain for amplifying the
- 24 IF signal."
- 25 Q And why would you need to amplify the IF

- 1 signal in tuner 100?
- 2 A I haven't thought about direct conversion
- 3 tuners for a long time, so I don't recall.
- 4 Q Why would the amplifier V1 need to be
- 5 programmable?
- 6 Strike that.
- 7 Why would the gain of amplifier of V1
- 8 need to be programmable?
- 9 A I'm not sure. Perhaps the patent '362
- 10 discloses that. I don't know.
- 11 Q What is the function of band pass filter
- 12 F1 in Figure 1 of the '362 patent?
- 13 A It looks like it is a low-pass filter.
- 14 Because it's got -- unless I'm blurring the lines
- 15 together on the block diagram. Can you tell if it
- 16 has -- where the lines are inside of block f1?
- 17 Q I -- actually, I don't know enough
- 18 electrical engineering to answer that question.
- 19 But I can tell you is that column 1, line 62 to
- 20 64, that I referred you to, appears to say that
- 21 filter f1 is a band pass filter.
- 22 A Okay. It -- I think the diagram is wrong
- 23 perhaps. Unless my eyes are fooling me.
- 24 Q What is the -- how is the symbol for band
- 25 pass filter different from the symbol for low-pass

- 1 filter?
- 2 A I would expect a line on both ends of --
- 3 both sinusoids for band pass, like the top and the
- 4 bottom. And I think -- again, my eyes could be
- 5 confusing me. It looks like it's a low-pass
- 6 filter, which has no line on the bottom and --
- 7 two -- I can't tell. Two lines on the top, maybe.
- 8 I -- so anyway, let's just go with what the spec
- 9 says, if you want.
- 10 Q Sure. What is the function of the band
- 11 pass filter F1 in Figure 1 of the '362 patent?
- 12 A I suppose it's to -- to suppress or
- 13 attenuate the signals outside of the band of
- 14 interest.
- 15 Q In the tuner of Figure 1, is the channel
- 16 selection done by mixer M1 or by the band pass
- 17 filter F1?
- 18 A I really haven't thought about direct
- 19 conversion tuners in a long time. So I don't
- 20 know.
- 21 Q Going to '362 patent, Column 1, lines 65
- 22 to 67. When the patent uses the term desired
- 23 channels, is it referring to all the channels that
- 24 contain programming in the bandwidth BW1 or is it
- 25 referring to a subset of all channels that contain

- 1 programming that the user would then demodulate
- 2 for watching?
- 3 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 4 THE WITNESS: Can you reread that,
- 5 please?
- 6 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 7 Q Sure. Let me start over differently
- 8 then. Would you please look at Figure 1 of the
- 9 '362 patent.
- 10 A Is there a question?
- 11 Q Let me know when you have it so I can ask
- 12 the question. I'm giving you --
- 13 A Figure 1?
- 14 Q Right. As a courtesy, I'm waiting for
- 15 you to get --
- 16 A I'm sorry. Maybe I didn't hear you
- 17 correctly. Okay. Go ahead.
- 18 Q Sure. Do you see that the frequency
- 19 bandwidth 110 is shown with the bandwidth BW1? Do
- 20 you see that?
- 21 A I see that, yes.
- 22 Q And you see that there are 8 channels
- 23 centered around an FRFC center frequency?
- 24 A Okay.
- 25 Q Do you see that?

- 1 A I do.
- 2 Q And then do you see that there are four
- 3 of those A channels that are hatched and then four
- 4 that are not hatched?
- 5 A I see different patterns.
- 6 O Correct.
- 7 A In each of the -- each of the ones that
- 8 are not white, like -- I see four different
- 9 patterns.
- 10 Q Right. So when I said hatched, I didn't
- 11 mean that they have the same pattern. So I
- 12 apologize. But you see that; right?
- 13 A I do, yes.
- 14 Q And do you understand the '362 patent,
- 15 when it refers to desired channels, it is
- 16 referring to the four channels that are hatched
- 17 with different hatchings?
- 18 A Well, I prefer to look at Figure 2, which
- 19 I've spent time looking at.
- 20 Q Sure.
- 21 A Whereas -- in a similar fashion, I think.
- 22 Q Not a problem. So I'll repeat the
- 23 question for Figure 2. That's fine.
- 24 A Okay.
- 25 Q In Figure 2 of the '362 patent, do you

- 1 see the frequency band shown in item 110 in that
- 2 figure?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q And do you see that frequency bandwidth
- 5 BW1, it calls 180 megahertz is shown?
- 6 A That's right.
- 7 Q And do you understand that to show eight
- 8 different channels? Yes?
- 9 Actually -- I apologize. Ten. That's
- 10 not correct. Do you understand that in Figure 2,
- 11 item 110, it is showing ten different frequency
- 12 channels?
- 13 A It is showing ten -- ten different
- 14 channel slots.
- 15 Q Okay. I apologize. Okay. And four of
- 16 those ten channel slots have hatchings that are
- 17 different but are hatchings; correct?
- 18 A Yeah. They have shadings. Different
- 19 shadings on each of the four.
- 20 Q Thank you. And is it your understanding
- 21 that when the patent refers to desired channels,
- 22 it is referring to one of these four channels that
- 23 are hatched out of those ten channels?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q And is it your understanding that --

- 1 A Well, I think it's -- I'm sorry. It's --
- 2 this is contiguous and noncontiguous discussion, I
- 3 believe. Whereas, you know, the blank slot, let's
- 4 call it -- I think. Let me double-check whether
- 5 Figure 2 is indicating that the white has content
- 6 or not. I don't remember. Or if it is blank.
- 7 Yeah. So it says in column 4, row -- starting
- 8 around 27. I'm sorry. I'm not sure where 102 is.
- 9 Let me find that. Oh, okay. Yeah. Okay. 102 is
- 10 the input. Includes four desired RF channels
- 11 having the respective carrier frequencies. And
- 12 there's four of them listed corresponding to those
- 13 four shaded sections. That are located in
- 14 noncontiquous portions of the wideband spectrum
- 15 BW1. So I think what he is saying here is that
- 16 those white ones have no content in them. It is
- 17 just an empty channel slot.
- 18 Q So is it your testimony that desired
- 19 channels in the '362 patent refers to all channels
- 20 that have content within the frequency band?
- 21 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 22 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 23 Q You've been reading for about five
- 24 minutes. Let me ask you a bit differently so we
- 25 can move along more quickly.

- 1 A I was trying to answer your question.
- 2 But okay.
- 3 Q I mean, I understand you've been
- 4 searching for about five minutes. And I'm not
- 5 sure what document. But I'll go back to this
- 6 question.
- 7 Can you look at Figure 4 of the '362
- 8 patent. Actually, I'm sorry. Figure -- Figure 2.
- 9 I apologize. Figure 2 that you were looking at.
- 10 If you could look at Figure 2.
- 11 A Okay.
- 12 Q Okay. And Figure 2, as output of module
- 13 200, is the signal that is the serial or parallel
- 14 data interface to demodulator; correct?
- 15 A That's what it says, yes.
- 16 Q And what goes to the demodulator are the
- 17 four channels -- F1, F2, F3, and F4 -- that are
- 18 shown with different shadings in Figure 2;
- 19 correct?
- 20 A Yes, that's right.
- 21 Q And in the system disclosed in Figure 2,
- 22 as an expert, do you understand that all channels
- 23 that are input in wideband receiver all channels
- 24 that have content would be sent to the
- 25 demodulators?

- 1 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- THE WITNESS: So I think you could
- 3 implement it several different ways. You could
- 4 output some or all of the -- the desired channels.
- 5 Simultaneously.
- 6 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 7 Q So --
- 8 A I mean, it says in -- in paragraph -- in
- 9 column 5, lines 43 through 47, it says in the
- 10 exemplary embodiment shown in number 2, the number
- 11 of desired channels is four. That is each of the
- 12 four complex mixers mixes in-phase and quadrature
- 13 signals 232 and 242 with an associated frequency
- 14 to generate a corresponding baseband, which is an
- 15 individually, decimated and provided to an
- 16 associated demodulator.
- 17 Q Okay. So it -- that -- which portion
- 18 were you reading? I'm sorry.
- 19 A It was '362 patent, Column 5, lines 43
- 20 through 47.
- 21 Q I'm looking at the wrong patent.
- 22 A It starts with, "In the exemplary
- 23 embodiment shown in Figure 2."
- 24 Q So in the portion of the '362 patent that
- 25 you read, it seems to say that all the desired

- 1 channels are sent to an associated demodulator.
- 2 Am I misunderstanding that portion?
- 3 A The example of four channels that is
- 4 Figure 2 is outputting four channels.
- 5 Q And it also says that the number of
- 6 desired channels is four; right?
- 7 A That's what I meant when I said the
- 8 number of channels. I meant the number of desired
- 9 channels is four.
- 10 Q Okay. So in the embodiment of Figure 2,
- 11 the number of desired channels is four, and four
- 12 channels are sent to demodulators; correct?
- 13 A That's right. In that embodiment.
- 14 Q Is it your -- based on your expertise, in
- 15 a system such as that of Figure 2 of the '362
- 16 patent, is it generally the case that all channels
- 17 with content would be sent to demodulators?
- 18 A You could do that.
- 19 Q Right. That was not my question.
- 20 A Zhang can definitely do that.
- 21 Q Right. But that was not my question. My
- 22 question was not what you could do. My question
- 23 was based on -- based on your expertise, is it the
- 24 case that in a system such as Figure 2 of the '362
- 25 patent, all channels with content would typically

- 1 be sent to the demodulator?
- 2 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 3 THE WITNESS: I don't know. It could be
- 4 implemented either way.
- 5 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 6 Q Is it your opinion that in the context of
- 7 the '362 patent, desired channels refers to all
- 8 channels with content within the bandwidth BW1?
- 9 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 10 THE WITNESS: So as I state in paragraph
- 11 100 of my declaration, it is talking about this
- 12 specific example. Some of the channels -- I'm
- 13 sorry. It is talking about Zhang. Some channels
- 14 are desired and some are not desired.
- 15 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 16 Q I didn't ask about Zhang. I'll repeat
- 17 the question. Is it your opinion that in the
- 18 context of the '362 patent, all desired channels
- 19 refers to all channels with content within the
- 20 bandwidth BW1?
- 21 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 22 THE WITNESS: So I don't know if the '362
- 23 defines desired. Perhaps it does. And if it
- 24 does, you can point me to that.
- 25

- 1 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 2 Q So you don't know the answer?
- 3 A I said I'm not sure that the '362 defines
- 4 desired.
- 5 Q That was not my question, Mr. Lett. My
- 6 question is, in the context of the '362 patent,
- 7 would a POSITA understand that desired channels
- 8 would refer to all channels with content within
- 9 the bandwidth BW1?
- 10 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 11 THE WITNESS: Again, Zhang -- the '362,
- 12 unless I'm mistaken, doesn't describe what he
- 13 means by desired television channels and
- 14 non-desired television channels or undesired
- 15 television channels. So I don't know the answer
- 16 to your question.
- 17 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 18 Q So in your opinion, a POSITA reading the
- 19 '362 patent wouldn't know whether in the
- 20 embodiment of Figure 2 desired channels refers to
- 21 all channels that have content or not?
- 22 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 23 THE WITNESS: So as I disclose in
- 24 Zhang --
- 25

- 1 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 2 Q Mr. Lett --
- 3 A -- with the '362 declaration --
- 4 O Mr. Lett --
- 5 A -- Claim 1, I explain everything that
- 6 there is to know about desired channels.
- 7 Q Mr. Lett, for the tenth time. We're at
- 8 the end of the day. And you play this every time.
- 9 I ask you a question. You go back and read an
- 10 irrelevant answer from a declaration. Okay. We
- 11 are not here to waste either my time or your time.
- 12 I'm not asking you about Zhang. Okay. And if you
- 13 can't answer the question, you can say I don't
- 14 know the answer. You don't get to go read from
- 15 irrelevant portion from your declaration when it
- 16 is 6:00 p.m. your time. Okay. My question is not
- 17 about Zhang. I don't care about what Zhang does.
- 18 That's not my question. Okay. My question is
- 19 about what desired channels refers to in the
- 20 context of the '362 patent, Figure 2 embodiment we
- 21 reviewed. Okay? It is not --
- 22 A As I stated -- as I stated, the '362 does
- 23 not define desired, as far as I can tell.
- 24 Q And I didn't ask you if it defines it. I
- 25 asked you what a POSITA would understand. If you

- 1 don't know what a POSITA would understand or if
- 2 you think that a POSITA wouldn't know what it
- 3 means, you can state that. But I didn't ask you
- 4 if the '362 patent defines desired channel.
- 5 This is the question. Please pay
- 6 attention. The question is, is it your opinion
- 7 that in the context of the '362 patent, Figure 2
- 8 embodiment, a POSITA would understand that the
- 9 desired channels would refer to all channels with
- 10 content?
- 11 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Objection to form.
- 12 THE WITNESS: I think a POSITA would
- 13 understand desired channels to mean channels that
- 14 are of interest by a subscriber for watching or
- 15 recording and the desired channels could be
- 16 defined by the system rather than the subscriber.
- 17 BY ATTORNEY HENDIFAR:
- 18 Q Okay. So there may also be undesired
- 19 channels that have contents on them; correct?
- 20 A So that's right. So one would look at
- 21 the -- all of the channels coming in, right. And
- 22 if they wanted to watch or record or dictated by
- 23 the system or the -- or the program provider,
- 24 output those channels, you could -- you could
- 25 output the desired channels. And I think that's,

- 1 in general, what the invention is disclosing. And
- 2 Zhang also discloses those elements.
- 3 Q This was not my question. So I move to
- 4 strike the last element of your response. Please
- 5 focus your response on my question.
- If it is a good time to break for the
- 7 day, I'm okay with that. But I do want Mr. Lett
- 8 to share on his camera any notes he's been looking
- 9 at. Because he said he has notes about paragraphs
- 10 that are listed. Did I misunderstand you at the
- 11 beginning of the day you have a listing of
- 12 specific paragraphs for specific issues?
- 13 A I do not. I explained what I had when we
- 14 started. And that's the same as what I have now.
- 15 Q So did I misunderstand you that I believe
- 16 you said you had a list of some paragraphs in your
- 17 declaration?
- 18 A I do not.
- 19 Q So all you have -- I'm sorry. Please go
- 20 ahead.
- 21 A Well, I can go through it again.
- 22 Q All you have is unmarked exhibits and
- 23 your declaration basically; right?
- 24 A That's right. Including the electronic
- 25 copies.

- 1 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Right.
- 2 And, Counsel, is it a good time to take a
- 3 break from your perspective for the day?
- 4 ATTORNEY QUALEY: That's fine, if you
- 5 want.
- 6 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Just we have to come
- 7 back tomorrow anyways since you mentioned you
- 8 don't want to go until another hour or so. We can
- 9 break for the day. Come back tomorrow. And I
- 10 looked at my calendar -- I have about maybe two
- 11 more hours, give or take. So if you can start
- 12 tomorrow at 9:30 Pacific, I would appreciate that.
- 13 And I don't think I will have more than two hours
- 14 left at this point.
- 15 ATTORNEY QUALEY: You can't start any
- 16 earlier than that? I mean, that is already
- 17 afternoon.
- 18 THE WITNESS: Half our day is gone if we
- 19 wait until then.
- 20 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: I am on the West
- 21 Coast. And today we did start very early our
- 22 time.
- 23 ATTORNEY CUVIELLO: What time is your
- 24 conflict?
- 25 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: I'm sorry?

- 1 ATTORNEY CUVIELLO: What time is your
- 2 conflict?
- 3 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: I'm expecting to
- 4 finish by 8:30. But then I have to drive to the
- 5 office. I may make it by 9:00. I may be ten
- 6 minutes late. If you don't mind that, I will run
- 7 as fast as I can.
- 8 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Okay. So why don't we
- 9 aim for 9:00. And we will understand if you're a
- 10 few minutes late.
- 11 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Okay. Wonderful.
- 12 Okay.
- And, Mr. Lett, I assume you didn't speak
- 14 with anybody during the entirety of today since
- 15 the deposition started regarding the substance of
- 16 the deposition?
- 17 THE WITNESS: I did not.
- 18 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Very good. So let's
- 19 break.
- 20 THE WITNESS: Do you think it is really
- 21 going to take two more hours?
- 22 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Honestly, I did not
- 23 expect it to go to a second day either. But given
- 24 the dynamic of how it's been going, it might take
- 25 two hours. Obviously if responses are more

- 1 responsive and direct, it will be shorter.
- THE WITNESS: Well, you want to keep
- 3 going?
- 4 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: I defer to you. Your
- 5 counsel said he wants to break. You guys tell me
- 6 what you want to do.
- 7 THE WITNESS: I'm okay to keep going.
- 8 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Why don't we take a
- 9 break and then come back.
- 10 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Let's take five
- 11 minutes, break, and you discuss and let me know.
- So we're not yet breaking, Ms. Madam
- 13 Court Reporter.
- 14 Okay. Thanks. Let's come back in about
- 15 five minutes.
- 16 (A recess was taken.)
- 17 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: Mr. Lett, you know
- 18 you're not allowed to speak with anyone about the
- 19 substance of the deposition between now and
- 20 tomorrow either; correct?
- 21 THE WITNESS: I understand.
- 22 ATTORNEY HENDIFAR: So we shoot for
- 23 9:00 a.m. Pacific, with the understanding that I
- 24 may be ten or so minutes late.
- 25 ATTORNEY QUALEY: Understood.

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1	(The proceedings concluded at 3:32 p.m.)
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3	
4	
5	
6	I have read the foregoing deposition
7	transcript and by signing hereafter, subject to any
8	changes I have made, approve same.
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1
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    COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
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7
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 8
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10
    the truth;
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2	deposition.)
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4	the allotted time period.
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6	Dated: December 11, 2024
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