SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name: BETAMIX® HERBICIDE
Chemical Name: 3-methoxycarbonylaminophenyl 3-methylcarbanilate; 3-ethoxycarbonylaminophenyl carbanilate (active ingredients)

Synonym: 
MSDS Number: 20
Chemical Family: 
Chemical Formulation: Mixture (active ingredients: C16H16N2O4; C16H16N2O4)
EPA Registration No.: 264-621
Canadian Registrat. No.: 19652

Bayer CropScience
2 T.W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle PK, NC  27709
USA

For Product Use Information: (866)-992-2937 Monday through Friday(CRLF) 8:00AM-4:30PM(CRLF) For Medical Emergency contact DART: (800) 334-7577 24 Hours/Day(CRLF) For Transportation Emergency CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 24 Hours/Day

Product Use Description: BETAMIX is a Sugar Beet herbicide.

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Name</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Concentration % by Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>Maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenmedipham</td>
<td>13684-63-4</td>
<td>8.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desmedipham</td>
<td>13684-56-5</td>
<td>8.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inert ingredients,including:</td>
<td></td>
<td>84.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isophorone</td>
<td>78-59-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>25551-13-7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutyl alcohol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>&lt; 1.0000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INERT INGREDIENTS (84%): Only the regulated ingredients are listed above. For additional information, refer to Section 15 (Regulatory Information).
SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NOTE: Please refer to Section 11 for detailed toxicological information.

Emergency Overview
Warning! Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged contact can cause moderate to severe eye and skin irritation.

Physical State
liquid

Odor
Faint organic solvent

Appearance
amber

Routes of Exposure
Vapor/mist inhalation. Skin contact.

Immediate Effects

Eye
May produce severe eye irritation, especially under conditions of prolonged contact. The liquid is a moderate eye irritant. The vapor is a mild to moderate eye irritant. Not known to be corrosive to eyes.

Skin
Can cause moderate skin irritation. The liquid is a mild skin irritant. The vapor is a mild to moderate skin irritant. Not known to be a skin sensitizer in animal study.

Ingestion
Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of significant amounts of liquid may cause increased salivation, general ataxia (confusion and lack of muscular coordination), weakness and tremors.

Inhalation
Prolonged inhalation of solvent vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation, narcosis (a state of feeling drunken), headache, and nausea.

Chronic or Delayed Long-Term
Isophorone has shown some evidence of carcinogenicity in male rats and equivocal evidence of carcinogenicity in male mice in NTP studies. No other components of Betamix are listed as carcinogenic by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

Results from 90-day animal studies suggest no target organ effects under conditions of normal handling and use.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure
Prolonged exposure and inhalation may aggravate pre-existing conditions of the respiratory system.

Signs and Symptoms
Solvent vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation, narcosis, headache and nausea. Ingestion and prolonged inhalation may cause increased salivation, general ataxia (confusion and lack of muscular coordination), weakness and tremors.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye
Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin
Take off contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion
Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Do not induce vomiting.

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air. Support respiration if necessary. Seek medical advice.

Note to Physician
Empty stomach contents by gastric lavage. Avoid aspiration.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point
144 °F / 62 °C
Method: Tagliabue Closed Cup

Flammability Class: IIIA *
*NOTE: Classified by NFPA/OSHA criteria. Combustible.

Fire and Explosion Hazards
Evolution of toxic fumes including nitrogen oxides.

Suitable Extinguishing Media
foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water

Fire Fighting Instructions
Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General and Disposal
Use proper protective equipment to minimize personal exposure (see Section 8). Take all necessary action to prevent and to remedy the effects of the spill. Ensure that the disposal is in compliance with Federal or local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. See Section 13 for any applicable Reportable Quantity (RQ) and other federal regulatory information.

Land Spill or Leaks
Keep people away. Contain and absorb spillage with absorbent material. Wash area with water containing detergent and ammonia. Inform authorities immediately if material enter watercourses.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Procedures
Warning! Harmful if swallowed. May produce severe irritation of eyes and irritation of the skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Storing Procedures
Store in original container. Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Do not
use or store near heat or open flame.

If exposed to subzero temperatures, BETAMIX gradually thickens. The liquid returns to its original consistency when placed in a room (over 50°F) for several days.

**Work/Hygienic Procedures**

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls**

Control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines. Use with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary, when used in a confined area.

**Eye/Face Protection**

splash goggles face-shield

**Body Protection**

Nitrile protective gloves.

**Respiratory Protection**

Ensure good ventilation. WEAR organic VAPOR respirator for maximum protection.

NOTE TO APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS:

For agricultural products which are within the scope of the EPA Worker Protection Standards (WPS) (40 CFR Part 170), all users must refer to the statement below or the Product Label for WPS-specified Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Restricted Entry Interval (REI), and other Precautionary Statements.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart. Applicators and handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile
rubber or viton  
Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks  
Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure  
Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR EARLY ENTRY INTO TREATED AREAS:  
For entry into treated area during the restricted entry anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, the PPE required is:  
Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants  
Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber or nitrile rubber or viton  
Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks  
Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Exposure Limits

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<th>NIOSH REL</th>
<th>NIOSH PEL</th>
<th>OSHA Z1A TWA</th>
<th>OSHA Z1 A</th>
<th>US CA OEL TWA PEL</th>
<th>US CA OEL TWA</th>
<th>OSHA Z1A PEL</th>
<th>OSHA Z1 A</th>
<th>US CA OEL TWA PEL</th>
<th>US CA OEL TWA</th>
<th>OSHA Z1A TWA</th>
<th>OSHA Z1 A</th>
<th>US CA OEL TWA PEL</th>
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</thead>
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<td>150 mg/m3</td>
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<td>25 ppm 125 mg/m3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>25551-13-7</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>300 mg/m3</td>
<td>100 ppm 435 mg/m3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutyl alcohol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>300 mg/m3</td>
<td>100 ppm 435 mg/m3</td>
<td>100 ppm 435 mg/m3</td>
<td>150 ppm 655 mg/m3</td>
<td>100 ppm 435 mg/m3</td>
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<td>100 ppm 435 mg/m3</td>
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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>amber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Faint organic solvent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Pure Isophorone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt; 1.0 mmHg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>at 20 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>0.99 g/cm³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>Not available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solubility (in water)</td>
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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
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<th>Property</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Stability</td>
<td>Stable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hazardous Polymerization</td>
<td>Will not occur</td>
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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Oral Toxicity</td>
<td>Rat: 4,059 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low toxicity. Harmful if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Dermal Toxicity</td>
<td>Rabbit: 1,980 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low toxicity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Inhalation Toxicity</td>
<td>Not available for Betamix. However, data from a formulation with similar ingredients suggest low toxicity for Betamix.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The calculated LC50 is: &gt; 10 mg/l (estimated from the known LC50 values for the inert solvents).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irritation</td>
<td>Product is a moderate skin irritant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irritation</td>
<td>Can cause severe eye irritation under conditions of prolonged contact.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitization</td>
<td>Not known to be a skin sensitizer in animal study.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The toxicity studies reported below were carried out with the active ingredients: Phenmedipham and
Desmedipham technical (>96%). In comparison, Betamix contains only 8% each of DMP and PMP. Also reported is the data for isophorone (the inert ingredient) from the chronic feeding studies in animals.

### Sub-Chronic Toxicity
Results from 90-day animal studies suggest no target organ effects under the conditions of normal handling and use.

### Chronic Toxicity
**Phenmedipham:** In two-year feeding studies with phenmedipham 1.10 (10/14) in rats, mice and dogs, no organotoxic effects were observed; the only effects noted at the high experimental doses (500-1000 ppm) were reduced weight gain (rats) and increased kidney weight (mice).

Desmedipham: In two-year feeding studies with desmedipham in mice and rats, adverse effects were observed only in animals receiving high doses (750-1,500 ppm). The effects include increased spleen weight, toxic hemolytic anemia (both species) and elevated methemoglobin levels (rats only, 300-1,500 ppm). However, there were no significant increases in mortality rate in both species even at high dose levels. In a similar one-year study with dogs (up to 5,000 ppm), toxic hemolytic anemia associated with compensatory erythropoiesis (generation of red blood cells) was the main effect noted, with a threshold level of 300 ppm. The approximate no-effect level for desmedipham in the tested animals is: 25 mg/kg/day in mice; 3 mg/kg/day in rats; and 10 mg/kg/day in dogs.

**Isophorone:** When administered to mice or rats, by stomach tube in corn oil, at dosage levels of 250 or 500 mg/kg of body weight, isophorone was found to be associated with a slightly increased incidence of renal and prepuitial tumors in male rats and of liver tumors in male mice. However, isophorone did not exhibit similar potential in either female rats or female mice. Thus, under the conditions of this bioassay, isophorone appeared to exhibit weak carcinogenic activity in these animal studies. The significance of this data is uncertain with regard to potential human health hazard under the realistic exposure conditions, i.e., exposure by inhalation or dermal contact during normal product handling and use. Isophorone is also listed as a NTP Testing Program Substance.

### Assessment Carcinogenicity

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<tr>
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<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Isophorone 78-59-1</td>
<td>Xylene 1330-20-7</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Group A3</td>
<td>Group A4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Xylene 1330-20-7</td>
<td>None</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

### Reproductive & Developmental Toxicity
Both phenmedipham and desmedipham were shown to have no adverse effects on fertility or reproduction in multi-generation rat reproduction studies at dose levels up to 1,250 mg/kg/day.

### Teratogenicity
Phenmedipham showed no embryotoxic or teratogenic effects in a rat or a rabbit.
No teratogenic effects of desmedipham were observed in fetuses of rabbits given up to 450 mg/kg/day during gestation. In rats, desmedipham induced methemoglobin formation in dams at all doses tested (10-1,000 ppm). However, no teratogenic or embryotoxic effects were observed in the offspring from dams administered a low dose of 10 mg/kg/day. At the higher doses (100-1,000 mg/kg/day), the dose-dependent, elevated methemoglobin levels were found to be maternally toxic, leading to an increased frequency of malformation.

**Mutagenicity**

Phenmedipham was not mutagenic or genotoxic when tested in numerous (eight) mutagenesis systems. Desmedipham was not mutagenic or genotoxic when tested in Ames mutation test and chromosomal aberration tests using human lymphocytes or mouse micronucleus. It was mutagenic only in mouse lymphoma cells when tested at high doses which extended into the toxic range (50-100 mg/ml).

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental Precautions**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water through disposal of equipment washwaters.

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General Disposal Guidance**

Pesticide Disposal: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**Container Disposal**

Please refer to the product label for other specific disposal instructions (e.g., CONTAINER DISPOSAL).

**RCRA Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Substance</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>78-83-1</td>
<td>Isobutyl alcohol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>Xylene</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


 SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: None

DOT SHIPPING LABEL: None

 SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal
EPA Registration No.  264-621
TSCA list
- Isophorone  78-59-1
- Trimethylbenzene  25551-13-7
- Isobutyl alcohol  78-83-1
- AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS  64742-95-6
- Xylene  1330-20-7
TSCA 12b export notification
None
SARA Title III - section 302 - notification and information
None
SARA Title III - section 313 - toxic chemical release reporting
- Desmedipham  13684-56-5  1.0%
- Xylene  1330-20-7  1.0%

US States Regulatory
CA Prop65
This product does not contain any substances known to the State of California to cause cancer.

This product does not contain any substances known to the State of California to cause reproductive harm.

US State right-to-know ingredients
- Desmedipham  13684-56-5  NJ
- Isophorone  78-59-1  CA, CT, IL, MN, NJ, PA, RI
- Trimethylbenzene  25551-13-7  CA, IL, MN, PA, RI
- Isobutyl alcohol  78-83-1  CA, CT, IL, MN, NJ, PA, RI
- Xylene  1330-20-7  CA, CT, IL, MI, MN, NJ, PA, RI

Canadian Regulations
Canadian Registrat. No.  19652
Canadian Domestic Substance List
- Isophorone  78-59-1
- Trimethylbenzene  25551-13-7
- Isobutyl alcohol  78-83-1
- AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS  64742-95-6
Material Safety Data Sheet

BETAMIX® HERBICIDE

Xylene 1330-20-7

Environmental

CERCLA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
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<tr>
<td>Isobutyl alcohol</td>
<td>78-83-1</td>
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Clean Water Section 307 Priority Pollutants

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Safe Drinking Water Act Maximum Contaminant Levels

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<th>Substance</th>
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<tbody>
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International Regulations

EU Classification

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<th>Substance</th>
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<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
<th>Others</th>
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<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>2</td>
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</table>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances (EINECS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phenmedipham</td>
<td>13684-63-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desmedipham</td>
<td>13684-56-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isophorone</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trimethylbenzene</td>
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<td>Isobutyl alcohol</td>
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<tr>
<td>AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
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<td>Xylene</td>
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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
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<tr>
<td>NFPA</td>
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REVISED SECTIONS:
MSDS REVISION INDICATOR: Company name change.

Print Date: 12/16/2002
Supersedes MSDS, which is older than: 12/12/2002

This information is provided in good faith but without express or implied warranty. Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with label instructions. The product names are registered trademarks of Bayer AG. Bayer CropScience