

**Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC**  
**Post Office Box 18300**  
**Greensboro, NC 27419**

**In Case of Emergency, Call**  
**1-800-888-8372**

**1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Product Name:	<b>ENDIGO ZC</b>	Product No.:	A13623B
EPA Signal Word:	Warning		
Active Ingredient(%):	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (9.48%)	CAS No.:	91465-08-6
Chemical Name:	[1a(S*),3a(Z)]-cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate		
Chemical Class:	A pyrethroid insecticide		
Active Ingredient(%):	Thiamethoxam (12.60%)	CAS No.:	153719-23-4
Chemical Name:	3-(2-chloro-1,3-thiazol-5-ylmethyl)-5-methyl-1,3,5-oxadiazinan-4-ylidene(nitro)amine		
Chemical Class:	Neonicotinoid Insecticide		
EPA Registration Number(s):	100-1276	<b>Section(s) Revised:</b>	<b>3</b>

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**
Health and Environmental

Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Irritating to skin. Causes mild eye irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. May be harmful if swallowed and inhaled. May cause temporary itching, tingling, burning or numbness of exposed skin, called paresthesia.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hazardous decomposition gases may develop in the headspace of containers at normal storage and handling temperatures.

Physical Properties

Appearance: Light beige liquid  
 Odor: Aromatic

Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Material	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other	NTP/IARC/OSHA Carcinogen
Titanium Dioxide	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (total)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10-hr TWA (fine dust); 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (ultrafine dust) **	IARC Group 2B
Petroleum Solvent	Not Established	Not Established	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15-17 ppm) TWA *	No
Naphthalene (< 5%)	10 ppm TWA	10 ppm TWA (skin)	10 ppm TWA **	See "Toxicity", Sec. 11
Glycerin	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (total); 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (respirable)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (total)	Not Established	No

Lambda-Cyhalothrin (9.48%)	Not Established	Not Established	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (skin) ***	No
Thiamethoxam (12.60%)	Not Established	Not Established	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA ***	No

\* recommended by manufacturer

\*\* recommended by NIOSH

\*\*\* Syngenta Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL)

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

Syngenta Hazard Category: D, S

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you when calling Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

- Ingestion:** If swallowed: Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so after calling 800-888-8372 or by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Eye Contact:** If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- Skin Contact:** If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- Inhalation:** If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

##### Notes to Physician

There is no specific antidote if this product is ingested.

Treat symptomatically.

Skin contact paresthesia effects (itching, tingling, burning or numbness) are transient, lasting up to 24 hours. Treat symptomatically.

Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

##### Medical Condition Likely to be Aggravated by Exposure

None known.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Fire and Explosion

Flash Point (Test Method):	> 216°F	
Flammable Limits (% in Air):	Lower: Not Applicable	Upper: Not Applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	Not Available	
Flammability:	Not Applicable	

##### Unusual Fire, Explosion and Reactivity Hazards

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

##### In Case of Fire

Use dry chemical, foam or CO<sub>2</sub> extinguishing media. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### In Case of Spill or Leak

Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlined in Section 8. Cover entire spill with absorbing material and place into compatible disposal container. Scrub area with hard water detergent (e.g. commercial products such as Tide, Joy, Spic and Span). Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container. Once all material is cleaned up and placed in a disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition.

## **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Because of its physical properties this material needs to be heated before dispensing.

Store the material in a well-ventilated, secure area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Do not store food, beverages or tobacco products in the storage area. Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco use, and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

## **8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND PACKAGING OF THIS PRODUCT.**

**FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.**

**Ingestion:** Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco usage and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

**Eye Contact:** Where eye contact is likely, use chemical splash goggles.

**Skin Contact:** Where contact is likely, wear chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate or Viton), coveralls, socks and chemical-resistant footwear.

Stringent housekeeping measures are necessary to prevent translocation of the material from contaminated work surfaces to uncontaminated surfaces (railings, doors, etc.). Unprotected contact with such translocated material can result in paresthesia effects and possible sensitization (see Section 11). Do not touch unprotected skin areas (face) with contaminated gloves or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately after handling.

**Inhalation:** Avoid breathing air from drum headspace.

Use local exhaust ventilation or air-supplied respiratory protection when dispensing heated material to control exposure to lambda-cyhalothrin vapor and hazardous headspace gases.

A NIOSH-certified combination air-purifying respirator with an N, P or R 95 or HE class filter and an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a pressure demand atmosphere-supplying respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or under any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection (for example, during spill response activities).

## **9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance:	Light beige liquid
Odor:	Aromatic
Melting Point:	Not Applicable
Boiling Point:	Not Available
Specific Gravity/Density:	1.12 g/ml @ 68°F (20°C)
pH:	6 - 7 @ 1% w/v

### Solubility in H<sub>2</sub>O

Lambda-Cyhalothrin :	0.004 mg/l
Thiamethoxam:	4.1 g/l @ 77°F (25°C)

### Vapor Pressure

Lambda-Cyhalothrin :	1.5 x 10 <sup>(-9)</sup> mmHg @ 68°F (20°C)
----------------------	---

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under normal use and storage conditions.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	None known.
Materials to Avoid:	None known.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Hazardous decomposition gases may develop in the headspace of containers at normal storage and handling temperatures.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute Toxicity/Irritation Studies (Finished Product)

Ingestion:	Oral (LD50 Female Rat) :	310.2 mg/kg body weight
Dermal:	Dermal (LD50 Rat) :	> 2000 mg/kg body weight
Inhalation:	Inhalation (LC50 Rat) :	> 2.15 mg/l air - 4 hours
Eye Contact:	Mildly Irritating (Rabbit)	
Skin Contact:	Moderately Irritating (Rabbit)	
Skin Sensitization:	Not a Sensitizer (Guinea Pig)	

### Reproductive/Developmental Effects

Lambda-Cyhalothrin : Not a developmental or reproductive toxicant.

Thiamethoxam: Developmental: Not teratogenic in rats or rabbits.

Reproductive: No effects on reproduction. Minor increase in a common testis effect in rats at high doses, which did not affect reproduction. When used in accordance with label directions and recommendations in this MSDS, no effects would be expected in humans.

### Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity Studies

Lambda-Cyhalothrin : Reversible paresthesia (abnormal skin sensation).

Reversible clinical signs of neurotoxicity in mammals.

Thiamethoxam: Subchronic: Liver effects occurred in rodents only at high dose levels. Not neurotoxic after high acute and subchronic exposure in rats.

### Carcinogenicity

Lambda-Cyhalothrin : No treatment-related tumors in rats or mice.

Thiamethoxam: Classified as "not likely to be carcinogenic in humans" based on lifetime studies in mice and rats.

### Other Toxicity Information

In humans, contact with exposed skin may result in temporary itching, tingling, burning or numbness, called paresthesia. The effect may result from splash, aerosol, or hot vapor contact, or transfer to the face from contaminated gloves and hands. The symptoms normally disappear within 24 hours. Face and genital areas are especially susceptible to this effect. Paresthesia involving the face is also known as "subjective facial sensation" or SFS.

### Toxicity of Other Components

#### Glycerin

Test results reported in Section 11 for the final product take into account any acute hazards related to the glycerin in the formulation.

Naphthalene (< 5%)

Test results reported in Section 11 for the final product take into account any acute hazards related to the naphthalene in the formulation.

Chronic overexposure to naphthalene can affect the liver, kidney, respiratory tract and blood.

Carcinogen Status:

NTP: Anticipated Carcinogen

IARC: Group 2B Possible Human Carcinogen

Petroleum Solvent

Inhalation of vapors at high concentrations can cause central nervous system effects (dizziness, headache), irritation to eyes or respiratory tract.

Titanium Dioxide

Titanium dioxide is listed as an IARC Group 2B (Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans).

Prolonged exposure causes respiratory irritation and may lead to pulmonary fibrosis.

Target Organs

Active Ingredients

Lambda-Cyhalothrin : Liver, nervous system

Thiamethoxam: Liver

Inert Ingredients

Glycerin: Not Applicable

Naphthalene: Liver, kidney, respiratory tract, blood

Petroleum Solvent: Respiratory tract, stomach, liver, thyroid, urinary bladder, CNS, skin

Titanium Dioxide: Lung

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects

Lambda-Cyhalothrin :

Fish (Rainbow Trout) 96-hour LC50 0.19 ppb

Bird (Mallard Duck) LD50 Oral > 3950 mg/kg

Invertebrate (Water Flea) 48-hour EC50 0.04 ppb

Thiamethoxam:

Fish (Rainbow Trout) 96-hour LC50 > 100 ppm

Bird (Mallard Duck) LD50 Oral 576 mg/kg

Invertebrate (Daphnia Magna) 48-hour EC50 > 106 ppm

Green Algae 4-day EC50 > 97 ppm

Environmental Fate

Lambda-Cyhalothrin :

The information presented here is for the active ingredient, lambda-cyhalothrin.

Not persistent in soil or water. Immobile in soil. Sinks in water (after 24 h).

Thiamethoxam:

The information presented here is for the active ingredient, thiamethoxam.

Not persistent in soil. Stable in water. Moderate mobility in soil. Floats in water (after 24 h).

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal

Do not reuse product containers. Dispose of product containers, waste containers, and residues according to local, state, and federal health and environmental regulations.

Characteristic Waste: Not Applicable

Listed Waste: Not Applicable

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### DOT Classification

Ground Transport - NAFTA

Containers < 450 liters: Not regulated.

Containers > 450 liters:

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Lambda-Cyhalothrin)

Hazard Class: Class 9

Identification Number: UN 3082

Packing Group: PG III

### Comments

Water Transport - International

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Lambda-Cyhalothrin), Marine Pollutant

Hazard Class: Class 9

Identification Number: UN 3082

Packing Group: PG III

Air Transport

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Lambda-Cyhalothrin)

Hazard Class: Class 9

Identification Number: UN 3082

Packing Group: PG III

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### EPCRA SARA Title III Classification

Section 311/312 Hazard Classes: Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: Naphthalene (< 5%) (CAS No. 91-20-3)

### California Proposition 65

Not Applicable

### CERCLA/SARA 302 Reportable Quantity (RQ)

Report product spills > 1,250 gal. (based on naphthalene [RQ = 100 lbs.] content in the formulation)

### RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261)

Not Applicable

### TSCA Status

Exempt from TSCA, subject to FIFRA

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### NFPA Hazard Ratings

Health: 2  
Flammability: 1  
Instability: 0

### HMIS Hazard Ratings

Health: 2  
Flammability: 1  
Reactivity: 0

0	Minimal
1	Slight
2	Moderate
3	Serious
4	Extreme

For non-emergency questions about this product call:

1-800-334-9481

Original Issued Date: 3/16/2007

Revision Date: 5/11/2011

Replaces: 12/9/2010

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein.

End of MSDS