

**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE  
DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS**

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators, or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

**HELM**

**KENDO™**

**I N S E C T I C I D E**

**Active Ingredient:**

Lambda-cyhalothrin

[1α(S\*), 3α (Z)]-(±)-cyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-

(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2- dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate..... 13.1%

**Other ingredients**..... 86.9%

**Total**..... 100.0%

Kendo Insecticide contains one pound of active ingredient per gallon and is an emulsifiable concentrate.

It contains petroleum distillate.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
WARNING/AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 74530-38

**Net Contents: 1 Gallon**

EPA Est. No. 62171-MS-001

**Manufactured by:**

**HELM AGRO US, Inc. 8275 Tournament Drive • Suite 340 • Memphis, Tennessee 38125**



<b>FIRST AID</b>	
<b>If swallowed</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Do not give any liquid to the person.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
<b>If on skin or clothing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>• Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice .</li> </ul>
<b>If in eyes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 mins.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
<b>If inhaled</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>
<b>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:</b> Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
<b>HOTLINE NUMBER:</b> For Chemical Emergency (spill, leak, fire, or exposure) Call CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300.	

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**WARNING**

May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Do not get in eyes or skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Wear appropriate protective clothing and eye wear as specified in the **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)** section of this label. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeling. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hours after exposure and may last 2 to 30 hours, without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category E on an EPA chemical resistant category selection chart.





**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, Category E, such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton  $\geq$  14 mils
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading
- For exposures in enclosed areas, use a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any R, P or HE prefilter.
- For exposures outdoors, use a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P, or HE filter.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirement listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

**Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

**PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS**

Combustible liquid. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE  
RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.





### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, Category E, such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton  $\geq$  14 mils
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

### GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Kendo Insecticide can be used for the control of the listed insects on Alfalfa, Alfalfa grown for seed, Beans and Peas, Broccoli, Brussel Sprouts, Canola, Cabbage, Cavalo Broccoli, Cauliflower, Cereal Grains, Chinese Broccoli (gai lon), Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Corn (Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn, Sweet Corn), Cotton, Eggplant, Garlic, Ground Cherry, Kohlrabi, Lettuce (Head and Leaf), Onions (Bulb), Peanuts, Peppers (Bell and Non-Bell), Pepinos, Pome Fruits (Apples, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pears, Quince), Rice, Sorghum (grain), Soybeans, Stone Fruits (Apricot, Plums, Nectarine, Peach, Prune, Cherries), Sugarcane, Sunflowers, Tobacco, Tomato and Tomatillo, Tree Nuts, Wheat (Wheat Hay and Triticale), and non-agricultural uses (Conifer and Deciduous Trees; see also under SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS).

Initial and residual control is contingent upon thorough crop coverage. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gal./A by air or 10 gal./A by ground, unless otherwise specified in this label. When foliage is dense or pest pressure is high (heavier insect or egg pressure, larger larval stages), use of higher application volumes and/or higher use rates may improve initial and residual control.

For cutworm control, Kendo Insecticide may be applied before, during or after planting. For soil incorporated applications, use higher rates for improved control.

### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Kendo Insecticide is a Group 3 Insecticide. Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to Resistance Management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and Resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor the best alternative method of control for your area.





### SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS, RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS:

- Do not apply by ground within 25 ft., or by air within 150 ft. of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams, marshes, pot holes, or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 ft. when ultra-low volume (ULV) application is made.
- All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.
- For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.
- Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 ft. above the crop canopy should be avoided.
- Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3-10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.
- Risk of exposure to aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.
- Do not cultivate within 10 ft. of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.
- In the State of New York, a 25 foot vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip, untraversed by drainage tiles must be maintained between a treated field and a coastal salt marsh or stream that drains into a coastal salt marsh, for both aerial or ground application. For aerial applications, the 25 foot vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip for runoff protection would be part of the larger 150 foot buffer strip (or 450 foot buffer strip for ULV application) required for spray drift.

### TANK MIX APPLICATION

Fill the spray tank at least one-third full of clean water or diluent. With the pump and agitator running continuously, add the recommended amount of each product in the tank mix to the spray tank and allow to fully disperse, adding Kendo Insecticide last. Add the remainder of water or diluent to the spray tank. Follow the precautions and limitations of the most restricted product in the tank mixture.

**Compatibility testing for tank mixing partners:** Test compatibility of the intended tank mixture by adding proportionate amounts of each ingredient to a pint or quart jar, cap, shake, and let set for 15 minutes. Formation of precipitates that do not readily redisperse indicates an incompatible mixture that should not be used.





## CHEMIGATION

### Sprinkler Irrigation Application

Apply Kendo Insecticide at rates and timing described elsewhere in this label. As local recommendations differ, consult your local State Extension Service or other local experts for recommendations on adjuvant or diluent types, rates and mixing instructions. These recommendations should be proven, through university and extension field trials, to be effective with Kendo Insecticide applied by chemigation.

Check the irrigation system to insure uniform application of water to all areas. Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control. Good agitation in the pesticide supply tank should be maintained prior to and during the entire application period.

Apply by injecting the recommended rate of Kendo Insecticide into the irrigation system using a metering device that will introduce a constant flow and by distributing the product to the target area in 0.1 -0.2 acre-inch of water. In general, use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage. It is recommended that the product be injected into the main irrigation line ahead of a right angle turn in the line to insure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Once the application is completed, flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water before stopping the system.

In addition to the above recommendations, if application is being made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, the recommended rate of Kendo Insecticide for the area covered should be injected into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for sufficient time to provide adequate coverage and product distribution.

It is not recommended that Kendo Insecticide be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

### Use Precautions: Sprinkler Irrigation Application

- A. Apply this product only through (sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side [wheel] roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move) irrigation system(s). Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- B. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- C. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- D. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place
- E. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- F. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- G. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- H. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- I. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.





- J. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- K. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- L. Any alternatives to the above required safety devices must conform to the list of EPA-approved alternative devices.
- M. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment or non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- N. Do not apply through chemigation systems connected to public water systems.

**SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS**

**AGRICULTURAL USES**

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>ALFALFA AND ALFALFA GROWN FOR SEED</b>			
	Alfalfa Caterpillar Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Green Cloverworm Leafhopper species Looper species Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm species	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
	Alfalfa Seed Chalcid (Adult) Alfalfa Weevil Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle (Adult) Blister Beetle species Clover Root Borer (Adult) Clover Root Curculio species (Adult) Clover Stem Borer (Adult) Corn Earworm Cowpea Aphid Cowpea Curculio (Adult) Cowpea Weevil (Adult) Cucumber Beetle species (Adult) Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Grape Colaspis (Adult) Grasshopper species Green June Beetle (Adult)	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84



### SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

#### AGRICULTURAL USES

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>ALFALFA AND ALFALFA GROWN FOR SEED (continued)</b>			
	Green Peach Aphid <sup>2</sup> Japanese Beetle (Adult) Meadow Spittlebug Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Aphid Pea Weevil (Adult) Plant Bug species including Lygus species <sup>3</sup> Spotted Alfalfa Aphid Stink Bug species Sweet Clover Weevil (Adult) Thrips species <sup>4</sup> Western Yellowstriped Armyworm Whitefringed Beetle species (Adult) Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Blotch Leafminer <sup>3</sup> Spider Mites <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84

#### Remarks

- Apply only to fields planted to pure stands of alfalfa.
- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gal./A by air or 10./A by ground. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high 5-10 gal./A by air or 20 gal./A by ground and higher use rates are recommended. Use higher rates for increased residual control.
- Avoid application when bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or during the evening hours. Be aware of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters during and for 2-3 days following application. Avoid direct application to bee shelters.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (0.24 pts./A) per cutting.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.) /A per season.
- **Do not** apply within 1 day of harvest for forage or within 7 days of harvest for hay.

<sup>1</sup> Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup> Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup> See **Resistance** Statement under **General Directions for Use**.

<sup>4</sup> Does not include Western Flower Thrips.





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CANOLA</b>			
	Armyworm species Cabbage Seedpod Weevil Cutworm species Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Looper species Lygus Bug	0.015-0.03	1.92-3.84
	Cabbage Aphid	0.03	3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply a minimum of 2 gals. of water/A.
- **Do not apply** within 7 days of harvest.
- **Do not apply** more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (0.72 pts.) /A per year.





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CEREAL GRAINS</b>			
Corn (at Plant): Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn Sweet Corn	Corn Rootworm Larvae: Mexican Northern Southern Western Cutworm species Lesser Cornstalk Borer Red Imported Fire Ant <sup>1</sup> Seed Corn Beetle Seed Corn Maggot White Grub species Wireworm species	0.005 lbs. a.i. per 1000 ft. of row <sup>2</sup>	0.66 fl. oz. per 1000 ft. of row <sup>2</sup>

**Remarks**

- **Banded Applications** – Apply at planting as a 5-7 inch T-band sprayed across the open seed furrow between the furrow openers and the press wheels or as a band application behind the press wheel.
- **In-Furrow Applications** – Apply into the seed furrow through spray nozzles or microtubes, behind the planter furrow openers and in front of the press wheel.
- Apply a minimum of 3 gals. finished spray/A.
- **Do not** harvest or graze livestock or cut treated crops for feed within 21 days of at plant application.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (0.72 pts.) /A per crop at plant.
- For field corn, popcorn, and seed corn **do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pts.)/A per crop from at plant and foliar applications. For sweet corn **do not** apply more than 0.48 lb. a. i (3.84 pts.)/A per crop from at plant and foliar applications.

<sup>1</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>2</sup> lbs. a.i. and fl. oz./A of Kendo Insecticide Applied at 0.66 fl. oz./1000 ft. of Row for Various Row Spacings						
Row Spacing	40"	38"	36"	34"	32"	30"
linear ft./A	13,068	13,756	14,520	15,374	16,335	17,424
Lbs. a.i./A	0.067	0.07	0.075	0.079	0.084	0.09
fl. oz./A	8.6	9.1	9.6	10.1	10.8	11.5





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CEREAL GRAINS</b>			
Corn (Foliar) Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn	Corn Earworm <sup>1</sup> Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Meadow Spittlebug Western Bean Cutworm <sup>1</sup>	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
	Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Bean Leaf Beetle Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid <sup>3</sup> Cereal Leaf Beetle Corn Leaf Aphid <sup>3</sup> Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult): Mexican Northern Southern Western English Grain Aphid <sup>3</sup> European Corn Borer <sup>1</sup> Fall Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hop Vine Borer Japanese Beetle (Adult) Lesser Cornstalk Borer Sap Beetle (Adult) Seedcorn Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer <sup>1</sup> Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup> Stink Bug species Tobacco Budworm <sup>1,4</sup> Webworm species Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Beet Armyworm <sup>4</sup> Chinch Bug Green Bug <sup>3,4</sup> Mexican Rice Borer <sup>1</sup> Southern Corn Leaf Beetle <sup>3</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>1</sup>	0.03	3.84





**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescribed corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds or other locally recommended methods.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small corn. Direct spray to the base of corn plants. Repeat applications at 3/5 days intervals if needed. Kendo Insecticide may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 0.03 lb. a.i./A (3.84 fl. oz/A).
- **Do not** apply within 21 days of harvest.
- **Do not** allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment.
- **Do not** feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days or after last treatment.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.) /A per crop from at plant and foliar application.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pt.) /A after silk initiation.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (0.24 pt.) /A after corn has reached the milk stage (yellow kernels with milky fluid).

<sup>1</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or ear.

<sup>2</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>3</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>4</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CEREAL GRAINS</b>			
Sweet Corn (Foliar)	Aphid Species <sup>2,3</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Armyworm <sup>1</sup>		
	Aster leafhopper		
	Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup>		
	Chinch Bug		
	Common Cornstalk Borer		
	Corn Earworm		
	Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult):		
	Mexican		
	Northern		
	Southern		
	Western		
	Cutworm species		
	European Corn Borer		
	Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup>		
Flea Beetle species			
Grasshopper species			
Japanese Beetle (Adult)			
Sap Beetle (Adult)			
Southern Armyworm <sup>1</sup>			
Southwestern Corn Borer			
Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup>			
Stink Bug species			
Tarnished Plant Bug			
Webworm species			
Western Bean Cutworm			
Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>			
Corn Silkfly (Adult) <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84	



**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescribed corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 4 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds or other locally recommended methods and should be targeted for control before insects enter the stalk or ear.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage and ears (if present). When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water/A.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 0.025 lb. a.i. (3.2 fl. oz./A).
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- **Do not** allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated corn forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 1 day after last treatment. **Do not** feed treated corn fodder or silage to meat or dairy animals within 21 days after last treatment.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.48 lb. a.i. (3.84 pts.) / A per crop from at plant and foliar applications.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CEREAL GRAINS</b>			
Rice	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid Cinch Bug Fall Armyworm Grasshopper species Greenbug Leathopper species Rice Stink Bug Rice Water Weevil (Adult) Sharpshooter species True Armyworm Yellow Sugarcane Aphid Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.12
	European Corn Borer <sup>1</sup> Mexican Rice borer <sup>1</sup> Rice Seed Midge <sup>1</sup> Rice Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>1</sup>	0.03 – 0.04	3.84 – 5.12





#### Remarks

- Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of application should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Determine the need for repeat applications, usually at intervals of 5-7 day, by scouting.
- Kendo Insecticide can be safely used when propanil products are being used for weed control.
- Apply by air or by ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water (or a total carrier volume)/A. but ensure sufficient volume is used to provide adequate coverage. In addition, adding an emulsifiable crop oil (e.g., 1 pt./A) when lower aerial application volumes are used is recommended to help improve coverage, reduce evaporation, and improve efficacy.
- For control of rice water weevil in dry seeded rice, make a foliar application as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually within a time-frame of 0-5 days after permanent flood establishment. Do not exceed 10 days from starting permanent flood until insecticide application unless scouting indicates weevils have not been previously present. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations.
- For control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, make the first foliar application after pinpoint flood as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars usually when rice has emerged 0.5 inch above the waterline. Under conditions of prolonged migration into the field, start field scouting for rice water weevil adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial treatment and, if needed, apply a second application within 7-10 days of the first application. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations.
- California: In addition to above directions for control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, Kendo Insecticide may be applied at the 1-3 leaf growth stage, with the majority at the 2 leaf growth stage. Adults are vulnerable on levees and in the water. Larvae are vulnerable while feeding on the leaf prior to entering the soil. Monitor for adults, based upon field history and density of population. Monitor field edges and levee areas for adults. Treat in the following manner: a) spray the inside perimeter of the field, or b) spray the entire field.
- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Kendo Insecticide may only provide suppression. If satisfactory control is not achieved with the first application of Kendo Insecticide, a resistant biotype may be present. Use alternate chemistry for control.
- For control of stem borers, scout fields, when rice growth is near panicle differentiation, for early symptoms of damaging populations exhibited as discoloration (orange-tan) around the junction of the leaf sheath and leaf blade which is cause by feeding of young larvae within the sheath. Applications must be made before larvae bore into rice stems. Make the first application at panicle differentiation to 2 inch panicle for partial control. Make the second application at boot to heading for maximum control. All rice varieties are susceptible to stem borer damage, but Cocodrie and Priscilla are particularly susceptible.
- **Do not** release flood water within 7 days of an application.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt./A) per season.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.04 lb. a.i. (0.32 pt./A) within 21 to 27 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply within 21 days of harvest.
- **Do not** use treated rice fields for the aquaculture of edible fish and crustacea.
- **Do not** apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.

<sup>1</sup> For control before the larvae bores into the plant stalk.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CEREAL GRAINS</b>			
Sorghum (Grain)	Cutworm species Sorghum Midge	0.015-0.02	0.92-2.56
	Armyworm Beat Armyworm <sup>3</sup> Corn Earworm European Corn Borer <sup>2</sup> Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Southwestern Corn Borer <sup>2</sup> Stink Bug species Webworm species Yellow-striped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Chinch Bug Mexican Rice Borer <sup>2</sup> Rice Stalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water/A.
- For sorghum midge control, begin applications when 25% of the sorghum heads have emerged and are in tip bloom. Repeat applications at 5-day intervals if needed.
- For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum. Direct spray to the base of sorghum plants. Repeat applications at 3-5 day intervals if needed. Kendo Insecticide may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.
- **Do not apply** more than 0.08 lb. a.i. (0.64 pt./A) per season.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pt./A) per season after crop emergence.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.02 lb. a.i. (0.16 pt./A) per season once crop is in soft dough stage.
- **Do not** apply within 30 days of harvest.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CEREAL GRAINS</b>			
Triticale Wheat Wheat Hay	Army Cutworm Cutworm species	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
	Armyworm Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid <sup>1</sup> Cereal Leaf Beetle English Grain Aphid <sup>1</sup> Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Hessian Fly <sup>4</sup> Orange Blossom Wheat Midge Russian Wheat Aphid <sup>1</sup> Stink Bug Species Yellow-striped Armyworm	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Grass Sawfly	0.025-0.03	3.20-3.84
	Chinch Bug Corn Leaf Aphid <sup>2</sup> Greenbug <sup>1,3</sup> Mite species <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water/A.
- For chinch bug control, repeat applications at 3-5-day intervals if needed. Kendo Insecticide may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations.
- Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. Kendo Insecticide may provide suppression only. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.
- **Do not** apply within 30 days of harvest.
- **Do not** allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated wheat forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 7 days after treatment. **Do not** feed treated straw to meat or dairy animals within 30 days after the last treatment.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pt./A) per season.

<sup>1</sup>Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves. Once crop has started to boot, Kendo Insecticide may provide suppression only. Higher rates and increased coverage will be necessary.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.

<sup>4</sup>Make applications when adults emerge.

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>COLE CROPS (HEAD AND STEM BRASSICA)</b>			
Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower Cavalo Broccoli Chinese Broccoli (gai lon) Chinese Cabbage (napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy) Kohlrabi	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Cabbage Webworm Cutworm species Imported Cabbageworm Southern Cabbageworm	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
	Aphid species <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Corn Earworm Diamondback Moth <sup>3</sup> Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leathopper species Meadow Spittlebug Plant bug species including Lygus species Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup> Stink Bug species Thrips species <sup>2</sup> Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species <sup>2,3</sup> Yellowstriped Armyworm	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 5 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.36 lb. a.i. (2.88 pts.) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions of Use**.

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
COTTON	Cutworm species Soybean Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0.015-0.02	1.92-2.56
	Cabbage Looper Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cotton Leafworm Lygus Bug species <sup>3</sup> Pink Bollworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Bandedwing Whitefly <sup>2,3</sup> Beet Armyworm Boll Weevil Brown Stink Bug Cotton Aphid <sup>2,3</sup> Cotton Bollworm European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Green Stink Bug Southern Green Stink Bug Sweetpotato Whitefly <sup>2,3</sup> Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Twospotted Spider Mite <sup>2</sup>	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.12



**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 -7 days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage.
- Applications may also be made with equipment adapted and calibrated for ULV sprays. Kendo Insecticide may be mixed with once-refined vegetable oil and applied in a minimum of at least one qt. of finished spray /A.
- Under light bollworm/budworm infestation levels, 0.02 lb. a.i./A may be applied in conjunction with intense field monitoring.
- For boll weevil control spray on a 3-5 day schedule.
- When applied according to label directions for control of cotton bollworm and tobacco budworm, Kendo Insecticide also provides ovicidal control of unhatched *Heliothine* species eggs.
- **Do not** apply within 21 days of harvest.
- **Do not** graze livestock in treated areas.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.2 lb. (1.6 pints) /A per season.
- **Do not** make more than a total of 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>FRUITING VEGETABLES</b>			
Eggplant Ground cherry Pepino	Cabbage Looper Cutworm species Hornworm species	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
Peppers (bell and nonbell) Tomatillo Tomato	Aphid species <sup>2,3</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Blister Beetle species Colorado Potato Beetle <sup>3</sup> Cucumber Beetle species (Adult) European Corn Borer <sup>4</sup> Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Leafminer species <sup>2</sup> Meadow Spittlebug Pepper Weevil (Adult) <sup>2</sup> Plant bug species Southern Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup> Stalk Borer <sup>4</sup> Stink Bug species Thrips <sup>5</sup> Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Tomato Fruitworm Tomato Pinworm Tomato Psyllid <sup>2,3</sup> Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitely species <sup>2,3</sup> Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 1 day of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (1.02 pts.) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions of Use**.

<sup>4</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or fruit.

<sup>5</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>LEGUME VEGETABLES (BEANS AND PEAS)</b>			
<b>Edible Podded (Only)</b>	Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Imported Cabbageworm Mexican Bean Beetle Saltmarsh Caterpillar Velvetleaf Caterpillar	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
<i>Canavalia ensiformis</i> -jackbean			
<i>Canavalia gladiata</i> -sword bean			
<i>Glycine max</i> -soybean (immature seed)	Alfalfa Caterpillar Aphid species <sup>4</sup> Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Bean Leaf Beetle Bean Leafskeletonizer Blister Beetle species Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Beetle species (Adult) Cucumber Beetle species (Adult) Curculio and Weevil species <sup>1</sup> (foliage and pod feeding adults and larvae) European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Flea Beetle species (Adult) Flea Hopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species <i>Leaf-tier species</i> Looper species Meadow Spittlebug Painted Lady Butterfly (Larva) Plant bug species including Lygus species <sup>4</sup> Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup> Stink Bug species Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Thrips species <sup>4,5</sup> Tobacco Budworm <sup>4</sup> <i>Webworm species</i> Western Bean Cutworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>2</sup> Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>2</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
<b>Edible Podded, Succulent Shelled or Dried Shelled</b>			
<i>Cajanus cajan</i> – Pigeon pea			
<i>Phaseolus</i> species – includes: field, kidney, lima, navy, pinto, runner, snap, tepary and wax beans			
<i>Pisum</i> species – includes: dwarf, edible- pod, English, field, garden, green, snow and sugar snap peas			
<i>Vigna</i> species – includes: adzuki, asparagus, moth, mung, rice, urd and yardlong beans, black- eye pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, and Southern pea			

(continued)



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>LEGUME VEGETABLES (BEANS AND PEAS) (continued)</b>			
(continued) <b>Succulent Shelled or Dried Shelled</b> <i>Vicia faba</i> – boradbean (favabean) <b>Dried Shelled (Only)</b> <i>Cicer arietinum</i> chickpea (garbonzo bean) <i>Cyamopsis tetragonoloba</i> – guar <i>Lablab purpureus</i> – Lablab bean (hyacinth bean) <i>Lupinus</i> species – includes: grain, sweet, white and sweet white lupines <i>Lens esculata</i> – Lentils	Corn Rootworm Larvae: Mexican Northern Southern Western Cutworm species Lesser Cornstalk Borer Red Imported Fire Ant <sup>1</sup> Seedcorn Beetle Seedcorn Maggot White Grub species Wireworm species	0.03	3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- For edible podded and succulent shelled legume vegetables, **do not** apply within 7 days of harvest.
- For dried shelled legume vegetables, **do not** apply within 21 day of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pts.) /A per season.
- For succulent and dried shelled peas and beans, **do not** graze livestock in treated areas or harvest vines for forage or hay.

<sup>1</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or pods.

<sup>2</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>3</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>4</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions of Use**.

<sup>5</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>LEGUME VEGETABLES (SOYBEANS)</b>			
Soybeans	Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult): Mexican Northern Southern Western Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Mexican Bean Beetle Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Potato Leafhopper Saltmarsh Caterpillar Soybean Aphid <sup>4</sup> Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Thrips Species <sup>5</sup> Velvetbean Caterpillar Wollybear Caterpillar	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
	Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Blister Beetle species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Plant Bug species Silverspotted Skipper Stink Bug species Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Webworm species Yellowstriped Armyworm <sup>1</sup>	0.025-0.03	3.20-3.84
	Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Soybean Looper <sup>2,3</sup> Spider Mite species	0.03	3.84





**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- **Do not** graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw or hay for livestock feed.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 0.02lb a.i. (2.56 fl. oz.) /A.
- **Do not** apply within 45 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pts.) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions of Use**.

<sup>4</sup>Use lower rates for early season applications and/or lighter populations.

<sup>5</sup>Does not include Western Flower Thrips.





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>LETTUCE (HEAD AND LEAF)</b>			
	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Imported Cabbageworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
	Aphid species <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm Beet Armyworm <sup>1,3</sup> Corn Earworm Diamondback Moth <sup>3</sup> European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Flea Beetle species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Plant bug species including Lygus species <sup>3</sup> Southern Armyworm Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup> Stink Bug species Tobacco Budworm <sup>3</sup> Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Whitefly species <sup>2,3</sup>	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Use the higher label rates as thrips population increases and avoid rescue situations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 14 day of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (1.92 pts.) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions of Use**.





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>ONION (BULB) AND GARLIC</b>			
	Cutworm species Leafminer species (Adult) Onion Maggot (Adult) Seedcorn Maggot (Adult)	0.015-0.025	1.92 – 3.20
	Aphid species <sup>2</sup> Armyworm species <sup>1</sup> Flower Thrips <sup>2,3</sup> Onion Thrips <sup>3</sup> Plant Bug species Stink Bug species Tobacco Thrips <sup>3</sup> Western Flower Thrips <sup>2,3</sup>	0.02 – 0.03	2.56 – 3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 1 day of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.3 lb. a.i. (2.4 pts.) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instar only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions of Use**





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
PEANUT	Cutworm species Green Cloverworm Potato Leafhopper Red-necked Peanut Worm Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar	0.015-0.02	1.92-3.20
	Bean Leaf Beetle Corn Earworm Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Grasshopper species Southern Corn Rootworm (Adult) Stink bug species Tobacco Thrips Vegetable Weevil Whitefringed Beetle (Adult)	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Aphid species <sup>2</sup> Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> Lesser Cornstalk Borer <sup>2</sup> Soybean Looper <sup>2,3</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 14 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pints) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>POME FRUITS</b>			
Apple Crabapple Loquat Mayhaw Oriental Pear Pear Quince	Apple Aphid Apple Maggot (Adult) Cherry Fruit Fly species (Adult) Codling Moth Green Fruitworm Japanese Beetle Leafhopper species Leafroller species Lesser Appleworm Omnivorous Leafroller Orange Tortrix Oriental Fruit Moth Pear Psylla <sup>1</sup> Pear Sawfly Periodical Cicada Plant Bug species Plum Curculio Rosy Apple Aphid San Jose Scale (fruit infestations only) Spirea Aphid <sup>1</sup> Stink Bug species Tent Caterpillar species Tentiform Leaf Miner species Tree Borer species Tufted Apple Budworm Webworm species	0.02 – 0.04	2.56 – 5.12

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds and IPM recommendations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gal. of water /per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- **Do not** apply within 21 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i.(1.6 pints) /A per season. **Do not** apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pts.) /A per year post bloom.

<sup>1</sup>Suppression only



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>STONE FRUITS</b>			
Apricot	American Plum Borer	0.02 – 0.04	2.56 – 5.12
Chickasaw Plum	Apple Maggot (Adult)		
Damson Plum	Black Cherry Aphid		
Japanese Plum	Cherry Fruit Fly species (Adult)		
Nectarine	Codling Moth		
Peach	Green Fruitworm		
Plum	June Beetle		
Plumcot	Leafhopper species		
Prune	Leafroller species		
Sweet and Tart Cherry	Oriental Fruit Moth		
	Peachtree Borer species		
	Pear Sawfly		
	Periodical Cicada		
	Plant Bug species		
	Plum Curculio		
	Rose Chafer		
	Stink Bug species		
	Tent Caterpillar species		
	Thrips species		

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds and IPM recommendations.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gal. of water /per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- **Do not** apply within 21 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i.(1.6 pints) /A per season. **Do not** apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pts.) /A per year post bloom.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>SUGARCANE</b>			
	Mexican Rice Borer <sup>1</sup> Pygmy Mole Cricket Rice Stalk Borer <sup>1</sup> Sugarcane Aphid <sup>3</sup> Sugarcane Beetle (Adult) <sup>2</sup> Sugarcane Borer <sup>1</sup> West Indian Crane fly Yellow Sugarcane Aphid <sup>3</sup>	0.02 – 0.04	2.56 – 5.12

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 21 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pints) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only of beetles active above ground.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>SUNFLOWER</b>			
	Cutworm species Sunflower Beetle	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20
	Banded Sunflower Moth Fall Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Grasshopper species Head-Clipper Weevil (Adult) Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper species Meadow Spittlebug Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Seed Weevil (Adult) Spotted Cabbage Looper Stem Weevil (Adult) Stink Bug species Sunflower Maggot (Adult) Sunflower Moth Woollybear Caterpillar	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84
	Beet Armyworm <sup>2,3</sup> Spider Mite species <sup>2</sup>	0.03	3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of sunflower heads and/or foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 45 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pints) /A per season. **Do not** apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (0.72 pt.) /A per season after bloom initiation.
- **Do not** apply as an ultra low volume (ULV) spray.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher rates for large larvae.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>TOBACCO</b>			
	Armyworm <sup>1</sup> Blister Beetle species Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetle species (Adult) Cutworm species Grasshopper species Japanese Beetle (Adult) Katydid species Plant Bug species <sup>3</sup> Potato Tuberworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Silverspotted Skipper Stinkbug species Tobacco Aphid species <sup>2,3</sup> Tobacco Budworm <sup>2</sup> Tobacco Flea Beetle (Adult) Tobacco Hornworm Tobacco Thrips species <sup>2</sup> tomato Hornworm Tree Cricket species Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Webworm species	0.015 – 0.03	1.92 – 3.84

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply within 40 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (0.72 pints) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>For control of first and second instars only.

<sup>2</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** statement under **General Directions for Use**

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>TREE NUTS</b>			
Almond Beech Nut Brazil Nut Butternut Cashew Chesnut Chinquapin Filbert (Hazelnut) Hickory Nut Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut) Walnut, Black Walnut, English (Persian)	Ants Chinch Bug Codling Moth Filbertworm Leaffooted Bug Leafroller species Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bug species Stink Bug species Walnut Aphid Walnut Husk Fly species (Adult)	0.02 -0.04	2.56 – 5.12
Pecan	Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Aphid species Pecan Casebearer species Pecan Phylloxera species Pecan Spittlebug Pecan Weevil Stink Bug species	0.02 – 0.04	2.56 – 5.12

**Remarks**

- Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 5 gal. of water /per acre, but use higher rates as appropriate for thorough coverage.
- **Do not** apply within 14 days of harvest.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pts.) /A per season.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pts.) /A per year post bloom.



Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CONIFER AND DECIDUOUS TREES</b>			
Plantations and Nurseries	Bagworm Balsam Twig Aphid Balsam wooly Aphid Birch Leafminer Black Pine Weevil Elm Leaf Beetle European Elm Bark Beetle Gypsy Moth Japanese Beetle June Beetle species Leaf Beetle species Leafroller species May Beetle species Mealybug species <sup>1</sup> Pales Weevil Pine Chafer Pine Colaspis Beetle Pine Conelet Bug Pine Leaf Chermid Pine Needle Scale Pine Sawfly species Pine Tip Moth species Pine Tortoise Scale Pine Weevil species Poplar aphid species Sawfly species Spittlebug species Spruce Budworm Tent Caterpillar species Tussock Moth species Webworm species	0.02 – 0.04	2.56 – 5.12

**Remarks**

- To control exposed foliage, flower, cone, seed and bark feeding insects, apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
- Apply with ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of target site. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.
- **Do not** apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i.(1.92 pints) /A per season.

<sup>1</sup>Suppression only





Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>CONIFER AND DECIDUOUS TREES</b>			
Seed Orchards	Coneworm species Seed Bug species Thrips species	See Remarks	See Remarks

**Remarks**

- For high volume sprayers, dilute 5.12 fl. oz. per 100 gals. of water and apply 5-10 gals. of finished spray per tree.
- For low volume sprayers, dilute 20 fl. oz. per 100 gals. of water and apply 100 gals. of finished spray/A.
- For aerial applications, apply 15 fl. oz./A in a minimum of 10 gals. finish spray/A
- **Do not** apply more than 0.5 lb. a.i. (4 pints) /A per year.

Crop	Target Pests	Rate	
		lb. a.i./A	fl. oz./A
<b>NON-CROPLAND (EXCLUDING PUBLIC LAND)</b>			
	See Crop outlets on this Kendo Insecticide label for target pest and rates.	See Crop Outlets	See Crop Outlets

**Remarks**

- Spray non-cropland adjacent to agricultural areas to control migratory insects, which may threaten crops.
- Follow **General Use Directions**, rates and spray recommendations found elsewhere in this label for the adjacent crop outlet and target pests.
- Use highest labeled rates for dense/large foliage, high insect populations and larger larval stages.
- **Do not** exceed 0.2 lb. a.i. (1.6 pints) /A per year.
- **Do not** graze livestock in treated areas.

**Rate Conversion Chart**

Lb. A.I. Per Acre	Fl. Oz. Per Acre	Pints Per Acre	Treated Acres Per Gallon
0.015	1.92	0.12	66
0.02	2.56	0.16	50
0.025	3.20	0.20	40
0.03	3.84	0.24	33
0.04	5.12	0.32	25





### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:**

**Nonrefillable Container:** Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying.

**Nonrefillable container equal to or less than 5 gallons:** Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container  $\frac{1}{4}$  full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Nonrefillable container 5 gallons to bulk:** Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container  $\frac{1}{4}$  full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!**





### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Helm Agro US, Inc. or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Helm and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Helm warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law, this warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Helm, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent permitted by applicable law, HELM MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, Helm or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF HELM AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF HELM OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Helm and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Helm.



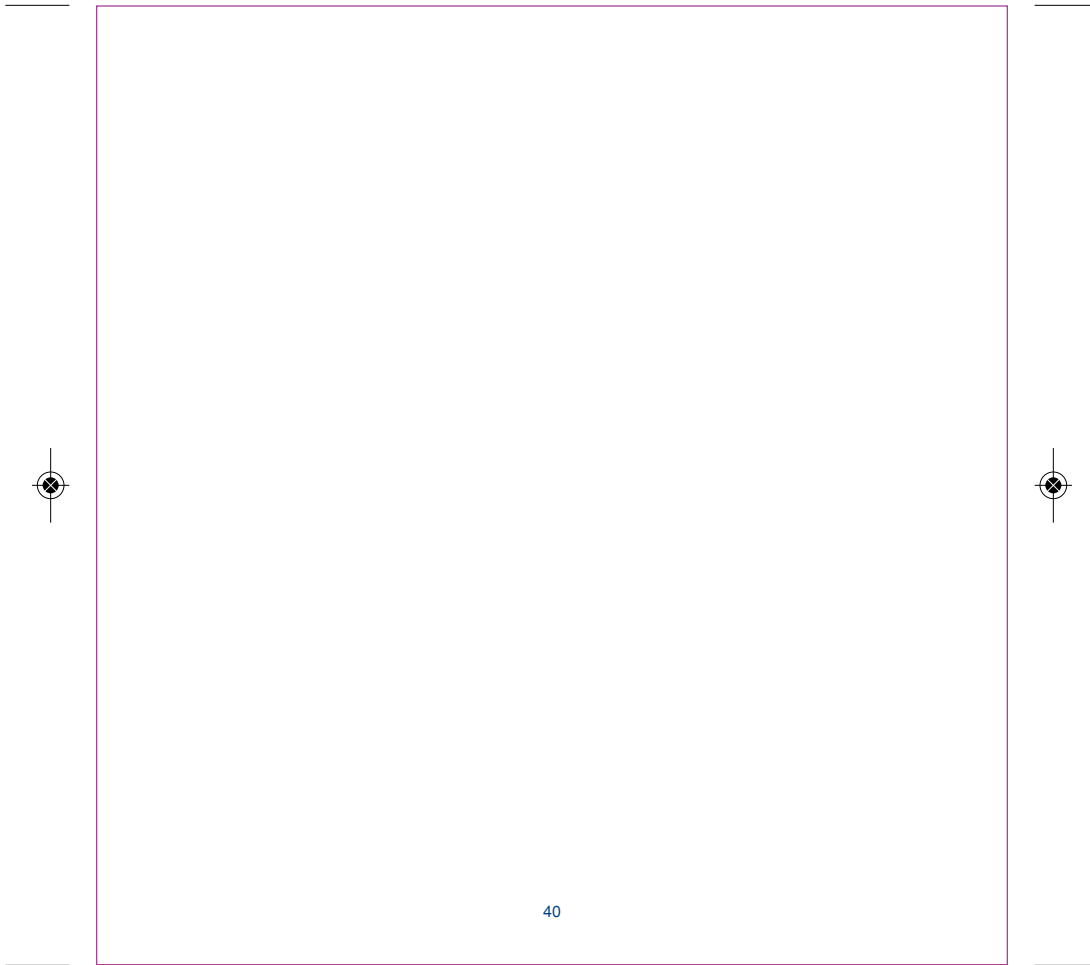
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**NOTES**







**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE  
DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS**  
For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators, or persons under their direct supervision,  
and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.



# KENDO™

## I N S E C T I C I D E

**Active Ingredient:**

Lambda-cyhalothrin

[1α(S\*), 3α (Z)]-(±)-cyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate..... 13.1%

**Other ingredients**..... 86.9%

**Total**..... 100.0%

Kendo Insecticide contains one pound of active ingredient per gallon and is an emulsifiable concentrate.  
It contains petroleum distillate.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
WARNING/AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 74530-38    **Net Contents: 1 Gallon**    EPA Est. No. 62171-MS-001  
11/24/09

**Manufactured by:**  
**HELM AGRO US, Inc. 8275 Tournament Drive • Suite 340 • Memphis, Tennessee 38125**